

The Long-Term Budget Outlook June 30, 2010

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Percentage of Gross Domestic Product

| | Today | 2035 |
|---|-------|------|
| Federal Spending on Major Mandatory Health Care Programs | 5 | 10 |
| Spending on Social Security | 5 | 6 |
| Total | 10 | 16 |



- The extended-baseline scenario adheres closely to current law.
- The alternative fiscal scenario incorporates several changes to current law that are widely expected to occur or that would modify some provisions of law that might be difficult to sustain for a long period.

Projected Spending and Revenues Under CBO's Extended-Baseline Scenario

Percentage of Gross Domestic Product

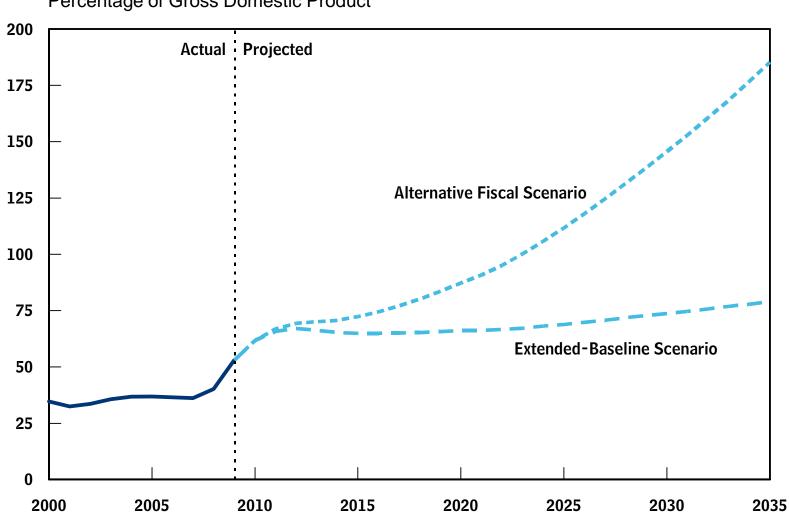
| | 2010 | 2020 | 2035 |
|----------------------------|------|------|------|
| Primary Spending | 23 | 20 | 24 |
| Interest | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Revenues | 15 | 21 | 23 |
| Deficit | -9 | -3 | -4 |
| Debt Held by the Public | 62 | 66 | 79 |

Projected Spending and Revenues Under CBO's Alternative Fiscal Scenario

Percentage of Gross Domestic Product

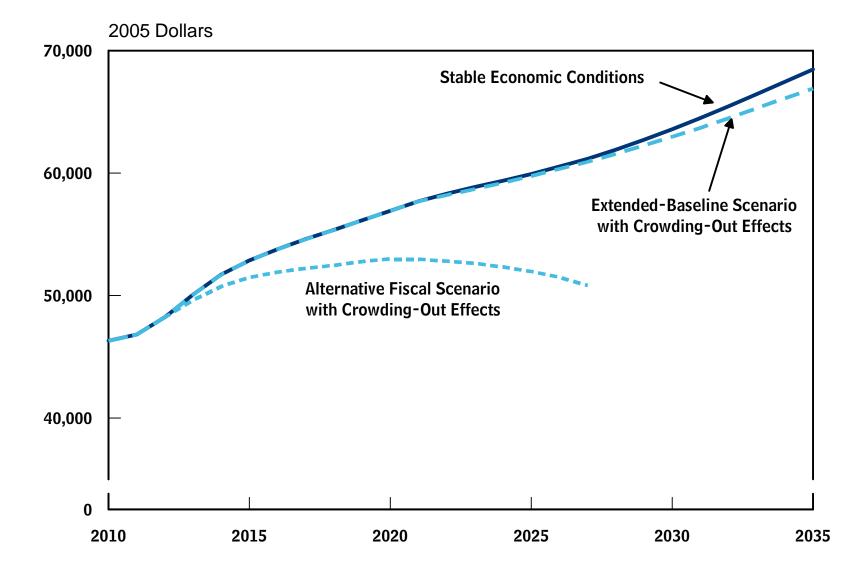
| | 2010 | 2020 | 2035 |
|----------------------------|------|------|------|
| Primary Spending | 23 | 22 | 26 |
| Interest | 1 | 4 | 9 |
| Revenues | 15 | 19 | 19 |
| Deficit | -9 | -7 | -16 |
| Debt Held by the Public | 62 | 87 | 185 |

Federal Debt Held by the Public Under CBO's Long-Term Budget Scenarios



Percentage of Gross Domestic Product





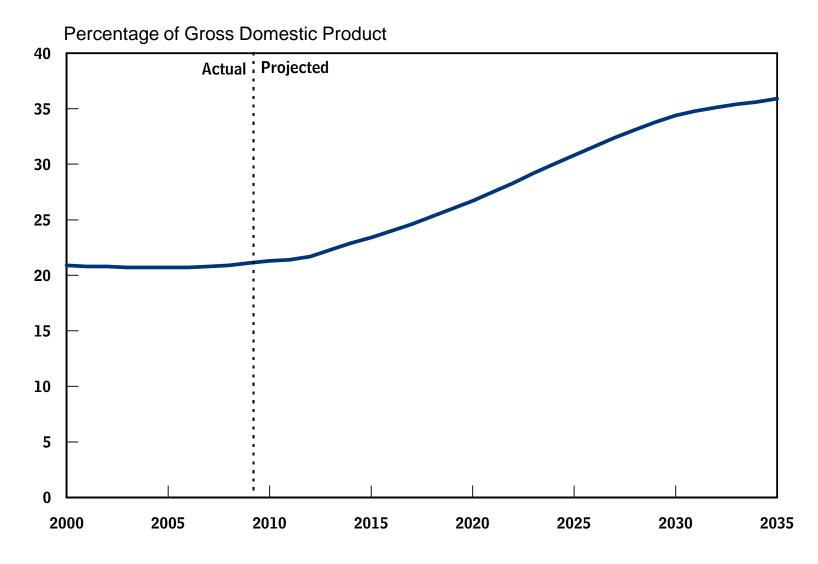


- There is no intrinsic contradiction between providing additional fiscal stimulus today, while the unemployment rate is high and many factories and offices are underused, and imposing fiscal restraint several years from now, when output and employment will probably be close to their potential.
- The long-run fiscal imbalance under the alternative fiscal scenario is large, and eliminating that imbalance would require significant changes in tax or spending policy, or both.
- Growth in spending on health care programs remains the central fiscal challenge. In CBO's judgment, the health care legislation enacted earlier this year made a dent in the problem but did not substantially diminish that challenge.

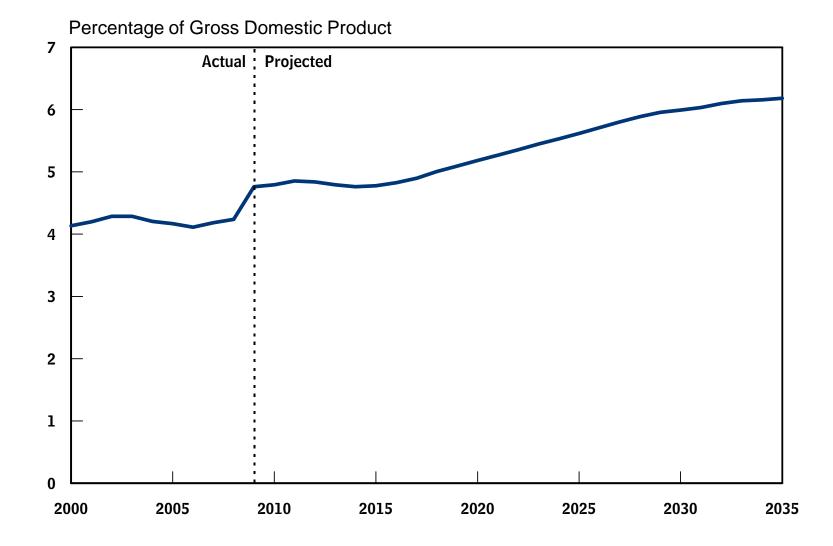


Keeping deficits and debt from growing to unsustainable levels would require raising revenues as a percentage of GDP significantly above past levels, reducing future outlays sharply relative to CBO's projections, or some combination of those approaches.

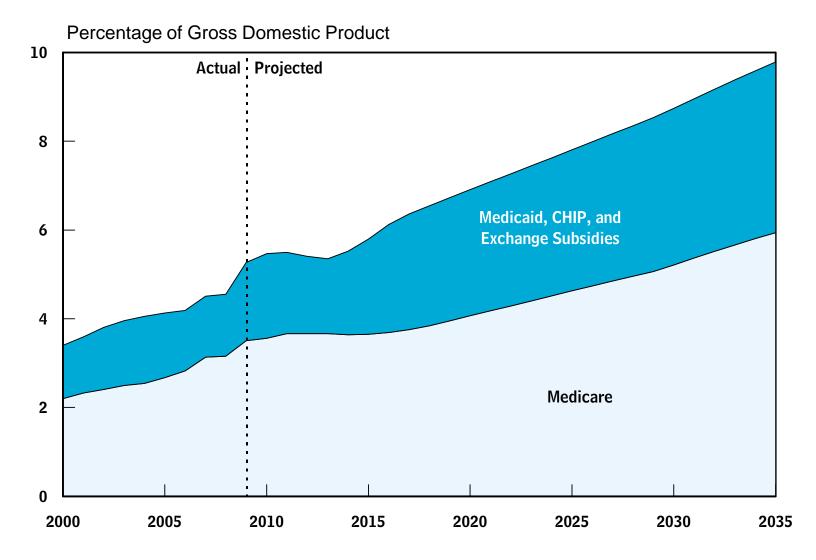




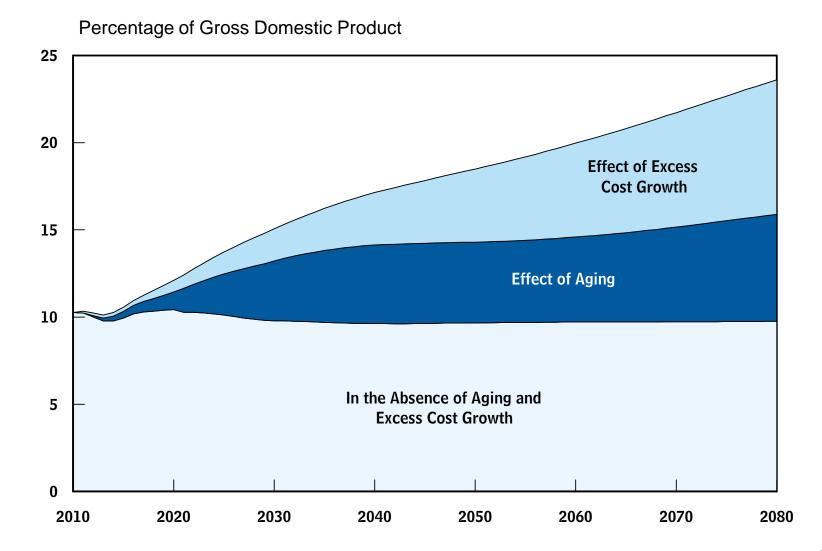
Spending for Social Security Under CBO's Long-Term Budget Scenarios



Mandatory Federal Spending on Health Care, by Category, Under CBO's Extended-Baseline Scenario









Comparison of CBO's 2009 and 2010 Projections of Mandatory Federal Spending on Health Care Under the Extended-Baseline Scenario

