

# EMS Helicopter Safety: Viewpoint from U.S. NTSB

Robert L. Sumwalt NTSB Board Member September 29, 2009



#### **However:**

 Current HEMS accident record is alarming and it is unacceptable





 Improvements must be made



### Last 6 years - 85 accidents; 77 fatalities

- 2003 19 accidents; 7 fatalities
- 2004 13 accidents; 18 fatalities
- 2005 15 accidents; 11 fatalities
- 2006 13 accidents; 5 fatalities
- 2007 12 accidents; 7 fatalities
- 2008 13 accidents; 29 fatalities

49 weeks without a fatal HEMS accident





# September 25, 2009 3 Fatalities





### Recent HEMS accidents

 Have gotten the attention of U.S. Congress, GAO, FAA, industry, media, public and

NTSB

GAO
Report to the Chairman, Subcommittee on Aviation, Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, House of Representatives

AVIATION SAFETY

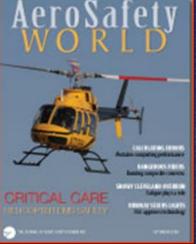
Improved Data

Improved Data Collection Needed for Effective Oversight of Air Ambulance Industry





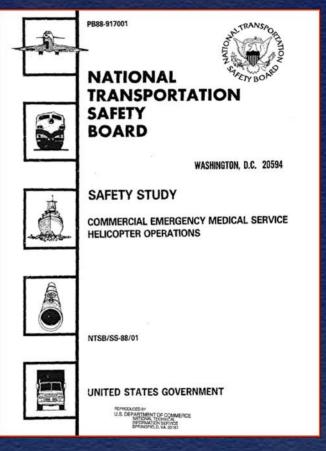






# NTSB has longstanding concern of HEMS Safety

- 1988 Safety Study
  - Evaluated 59 HEMS accidents
  - Issued 19 safety
     recommendations to
     FAA, 2 associations
     and NASA





# 2006 Special Investigation Report

- Analyzed 55 EMS Accidents
  - 14 Airplane
  - 41 Helicopter
- Determined that 29 of the 55 accidents could have been prevented
  - if corrective actions in the report had been implemented

Special Investigation Report on Emergency Medical Services Operations



Aviation Special Investigation Report

NTSB/SIR-06/0

PB2006-917001 Notation 4402E





#### • <u>To FAA:</u>

- Require operations under Part 135 for all legs of EMS missions.
- Require flight risk evaluation for all EMS missions.
- Require EMS operators to utilize flight dispatch procedures.
- Require that EMS operators use TAWS.





2009

Critical changes needed to reduce transportation accidents and save lives.



#### 3 of 4 Recommendations

# NTSB MOST WANTED LIST



- Conduct all flights with medical personnel on board in according with medical personnel on board in according with property of the personnel on board in according with medical personnel on the personnel on board in according with medical personnel on the personnel on th
- e uire it a a seaton and fight-following procedures including up-to-date weather
- · Install terrain awareness and warning systems on aircraft.



# NTSB Public Hearing on HEMS



Feb 3-6, 2009

- 41 witnesses representing
  - HEMS operators
  - industry associations
  - manufacturers
  - hospitals



# Comprehensive look at HEMS industry

- Looked at HEMS business models
- Examined flight operations procedures including:
  - flight planning, weather minimums, preflight risk assessment
- Discussed safety enhancing technology such as TAWS and NVIS
- Discussed training, including use of flight simulators
- Probed corporate and government oversight of HEMS operations



- Recommendations to the FAA:
  - Develop and require scenario-based simulator training
  - Require SMS
  - Require flight data recorder devices; establish flight data monitoring programs
  - Require HEMS operators to report flight hours flown
  - Improves use of weather data sources
  - Evaluate development of low altitude airspace in infrastructure, and implement, if feasible
  - Require use of Night Vision Imaging Systems (NVIS) equipment and training
  - Require autopilots if second pilot not available



- Recommendations to public operators:
  - Require scenario-based simulator training
  - Require SMS
  - Install flight data recorder devices; establish flight data monitoring programs
  - Install and require NVIS equipment and training
  - Require autopilots if second pilot not available



- Recommendations to Federal Interagency Committee on EMS (FICEMS)
  - Develop national guidelines for the use and availability of HEMS by regional, state, and local authorities during emergency medical response system planning.
  - Develop national guidelines for selection of the most appropriate emergency transportation mode for urgent care.



- Recommendations to the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid:
  - Evaluate the HEMS reimbursement rate structure to determine if reimbursement rate should differ according to level of HEMS transport safety provided,
    - Establish new rate structure, if warranted
  - Develop minimum safety accreditation standards
  - Provide Medicare reimbursement only for HEMS transportation that meets accreditation standards





NTSB

