

Track One-Addressing Community & Housing Needs		
Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Develop comprehensive community plans that	Cultural activities: preservation of nature,	Community Study and Input
solve the housing and other community needs of Tribes.	medicines and sacred burial areas, hunting and gathering	Community meetings which include food and gifts.
Establish informed community input to make planning meaningful and positive.	Understanding existing resources.	Offsite meetings.
Have the capacity to create and implement comprehensive community plans on a long term basis.	Understanding available resources.	Convenient meeting times for Tribal members.
Assemble and maintain accurate Tribal data that can be used to support goals to address prioritized needs.	Having the technical expertise to conduct studies and understanding of Culture, Land and Demographics.	Element of traditions and culture in action plan and make sure that consultants are made aware
Establish a listing of planning resources to fund and/or assist with comprehensive planning.	Intergovernmental cooperation.	Dialogue with Tribe on land use
	Understanding the likely consequences to alternatives, rather than learning on the job.	Update community on activities/goals/actions.
	Making projections based on enrollment data.	Feedback survey after community meeting.



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	Informed community input.	Follow-up/publish results
	Implementing the plan.	Orient new staff/leaders on plan.
	Uncovering all the issues that must be addressed.	Disclosure on why gathering information.
	Honest discussion of community concerns.	Intent of non-disclosure- not for enforcement purposes.
	Community trust in process.	Encourage interdepartmental communication.
	Community trust in plan implementation.	Data Analysis
		Special queries, software, to make good projections.
	Budget to do studies, analysis of data, and to create strategic (action) plans	Existing community events as an opportunity to give feedback.
	Keeping the community involved.	Use variety of resources.
	Communicating with the community on plan process outcomes and action planning results on an on-going basis.	Use local resources- universities, municipalities, grants, share cost with other departments.
	Allowing community to participate in drawing	Sign in sheets as part of process for validity.



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	conclusions based on data/study.	
	Staff turnover: continually educating staff on the process and its outcomes, and having their involvement.	Technical assistance –consistent request of information.
	Procedure for data collection must be well- defined and professionally done, with clearly stated purpose for collecting the data.	Networking with other tribes to complete data study and study results.
	Understanding the cultural makeup of the tribe.	Strategic Planning No land base- get housing authority started.
	Community Study: Getting information from the community. Getting information from tribal departments. Accessing information from tribal members. Obtaining off-reservation information. Accuracy of information. Resources to cover the studies. Protecting confidentiality/doing anonymous	Lobby U.S. Government- Local service agreements.



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	studies. Accuracy of census or other government data Type and condition of existing housing Reviewing and verifying the accuracy of data Availability and type of land (how much do we have, what is it like, and how much do we need) Environmental assessment.	
	Data Analysis: Look at patterns between groups of members and trends among age groups Bring community into the process from the beginning to look at data and the process. Compare data to other communities to implement communities in similar situations as your community. Ensure cases developed for goals are supported by data.	Strategic Plan Implementation Creating relationships. Write grant to get grant writer. Meetings to keep community involved. Newsletter of activities. Go to where the people are. Timeline of tasks. Communicate progress to community. Staff/leadership update meetings. Review timeline with staff.



Track One-Addressing Community & Housing Needs

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	Inaccuracy of federal data, which influences	Additional capitol.
	level of resources for a tribe and potentially its	Economic development to enhance housing
	planning assumptions.	issues.
	Lack of staff capacity	Organization chart with tasks.
	Community/Tribal Council's lack of trust of the	Cross train staff.
	staff or process.	Task reports.



Track Two-Supportive Housing Options		
Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Definition: Providing affordable housing with tools necessary to take care of their business what ever that might beover coming barriers to challenges to successful lives	Internal barriers	



Track Two-Supportive Housing Options		
Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Address specific issues Paying Rent – financial management training Keep family together Social Service caseworker to assist family Tax issues tax preparation services Grant writer to increase services	Need to get Tribal Council to buy in, get them to make a priority	Tribal Council Buy In/Support/Priority Provide solid data to Tribal Council Identify non-tribal sources to do what want to do, financial benefits to Tribe, Point our leveraging potential Garner peer support and community support, mid & upper management Build trust within department and Tribal Council Identify Potential allies, do on one meeting with Tribal Council members Identify an advocate with in Council to support work Use real life stories/human face Ensure its merged into Tribes' strategic plan Use real situations as they come up to educate Tribal Council. Be prepared to pitch
/8/2008		7

5/8/2008



Track Two-Supportive Housing Options		
Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Basic needs: Needs Assessment identifying what to tackle (needs) Tribal Council & Board of Commissioners education and then subsequent support Outreach to community Empower community to help address needs	Remove the politics	Do orientation with new Tribal Government Have Council approve political separation of powers for Housing/ect. Be cognizant that they have a lot going on/pulled in many directions - Must be able to present issues must be able to present issues in a way that makes sense to them.
Definition: Providing affordable housing with tools necessary to take care of their business what ever that might beover coming barriers to challenges to successful lives	Government lacking communication, capacity and relationships between programs to work together, establishing trust	All partner/agencies have to be well-educated on each others strengths. Focus on one common issue. Plan should be developed before approaching Tribal Council/Board.



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Basic needs: Needs Assessment identifying what to tackle (needs) Tribal Council & Board of Commissioners education and then subsequent support Outreach to community Empower community to help address needs Definition: Providing affordable housing with tools necessary to take care of their business what ever that might beover coming barriers to challenges to successful lives	External Barriers Concrete documentation of what the need for housing is within a particular community, quantifiable and presentable	Develop Model needs assessment process for supportive housing Think it through: don't be afraid to hire experts, no leading questions, listen, consider who should ask, think about time, e.g. after election Look at existing sources Survey Focus groups Interviews



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Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Address specific issues	Funding complexities	
Paying Rent – financial management training	Capital needed to construct	
Keep family together Social Service	Nuances of operations subsidies	Create tribal perspective among outside
caseworker to assist family	Services funding	funders
Tax issues tax preparation services	No cookie cutter approach each community is	
Grant writer to increase services	different no one size fits all	
Basic needs:	Finding funders, where are the resources	
Needs Assessment identifying what to tackle		
(needs)		Improve conspirity, accessing professional who
Tribal Council & Board of Commissioners		Improve capacity, assessing professional who have the experience
education and then subsequent support		nave the experience
Outreach to community		
Empower community to help address needs		



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	Cultural competency of new funders, investors, States, Counties, etc.	Provide orientation/getting across to outside agencies where we're going Start early in project planning Get realistic budgets: capital/operation/service Create checklist for needs required to develop projects Clearinghouse for supportive housing funders What each state is doing
	Urban/rural divide, supporting both, taking care of people where they live	
	Cost of things	



Track Three-Leveraging and Financing for Infrastructure, Housing Community Facilities & Businesses



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Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Long range planning	Political interference (Tribal Politics)	 Information Numbers - validate Data - validate Establish Policies & Procedures Enforce grievance procedure Goal/expect political discussion Establish inter-departmental relationships to solve problems Execute Tribal resolution early in project Utilize 3rd party experts Just do it – stick to it Develop Options Proper planning: delegation & duties Personal Commitment Government Involvement Community Involvement Timing



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Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Responding to needs 5/8/2008	Strategic Planning	 Holistic Approach: Seven Generation Planning, 7 generations into the future/into the past Government structure Housing Economic development & Job creation Health care Physical infrastructure Education Resources Leaders with vision Open Communication, brainstorm – all ideas ok Needs assessment/research/\$\$\$/Prioritize by Tribe/manpower Bench Elders/Youth, include them Council Membership Tools Facilitator-inclusive Infrastructure/health/housing/business Tribal planner-planning committee Short/interim/long term goals/planning Mission statement of community



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Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Communication and consultation -Consultation with leadership/community 5/8/2008	Economic instability (Jobs, opportunity)	Organization/Structure:-educate tribal members (return to community)-physical infrastructure (to support family)-requirements of strategic planning-Networking/economy/diversification-leverage Sovereignty-Keep dollars rotating in community-Incentive for higher education-Keep people and resources in community-Buy NativeResource ChallengesLocation/people (build market case)Build Sound Support for BusinessTax, legal, government, financeResources-Traditional ceremonies and gatherings-Community development corporations-Entrepreneurs-Government Resources:IHS, HUD, USDA, BIA, Home Corps, statehousing groups



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Creativity 5/8/2008	Risk (Fear of the unknown)	Resources-Internal:- All staff/housing authority- Tribal staff- Community (at large)- Resources-External- State and Federal Agencies- Consultants- Internet- Universities- Other Tribal Organizations- Who Assist us- Tribal Government- Community- Other Departments- Tools- Qualified Staff- Community Meetings- Partners



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Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Solutions -How -Who	Need for unity/networking -	 Hard to get information Need vehicle for shared information: newsletter Clearinghouse, best practice list, resource list, internet site Organizations to gather & share information – national/regional Wealthy Tribes to build foundation or pay for information gathering Can't solve all problems with money
Creating a replicable model		
Utilization of programs		
Networking, Partnerships & Teamwork -Investors, banks, State & Federal Agencies		



Track Three-Leveraging and Financing for Infrastructure, Housing Community Facilities & Businesses		
Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Continuity of staff & capacity building within		
your organization		
- stick to the task		
- courage		



Track Four-Sustainability in Design, Development, Construction and Operations		
Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Vertical integration with energy efficient housing being key in community planning & development	Design education (lack of) appropriate affordable technology, Low community knowledge base of sustainable benefits. Current designs of homes needs to be rethought (moisture control/mold; other design problems)	Strategies that entail supporting infrastructure physical/institutional: land use plans; support for green infrastructure.
Increase use of Green building products	Development appropriate land for development and site designs site designs cost concerns: weigh front end costs against long term costs technical issues: retrofit opportunities for existing units	Evaluate wants & needs Roads Buildings (existent and future) Land use (potential/existing) demographic - Adaptive re-use (existing properties)



Track Four-Sustainability in Design, Development, Construction and Operations		
Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
	demographic costs: forecast future needs	
General education—families and tribal	Construction	Communicate/ Obtain Buy-in
leadership in energy efficiency	specification of codes for energy efficiency	Chain of command (Tribal) –upgrade
	knowledge of construction- detail processes	codes/communicate to green
	cost cutting materials-offsets/savings	Various agencies (Elders/Vets/Youth
	lack of infrastructure	Services/Medical)
		Overall Tribal membership
		Tribal Governments
Project revitalization/weatherization projects	<u>Management</u>	
	resident education –ongoing for green	Money = Education = Knowledge
	applications-scalability	Cost savings
	size of project	Energy efficiency
	review system & adjust	What Green means to the Tribal environment
	tribal and community relationships	Green vs. conventional building /cost
	maintenance of installed systems	
Landscaping and Landscape management that	Need to rethink siting & landscape to promote	Strategies that utilize models, prototypes,
support green building	energy efficiencies	technologies & their applications



Track Four-Sustainability in Design, Development, Construction and Operations		
Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Up to date building codes focusing on energy	Need model codes, design, prototypes, product	Alternative Building Materials
efficiency	information, tax-benefits (states)	First cost vs. long term cost
- Setting tribal standards		Cost benefit analysis
		Comfort
		Material Options
		Flexcrete
		Straw bale
		Heating & cooling
Effective use of green wise		Regional Center: GLIHA & HUD
- what is green (education)		- Provide use of above
- how to use in a better way		- California Building Green in Indian Country
		Publication
		- Costing guidelines
		- Accessible for individuals
		Strategies That Impact Cost Consideration
		Funding
		-Grants



Track Four-Sustainability in Design, Development, Construction and Operations		
Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
		- Tax credits
		- Collective purchasing
		- Vocational training
		- Special incentive program
		Education
		- Learning curves
		- Ongoing residential training
		- Wind solar energy
		- Implementation of hands on
		Strategies Based on Education, Information,
		Training & Professional Development
		1. Start with how we perceive ourselves.
		Market ourselves through education,
		communication, Council, boards and groups
		2. Have trainings and forums on the different
		aspects and how it affects us and others.
		3. Make planning & maintaining housing units



Track Four-Sustainability in Design, Development, Construction and Operations		
Creating the Vision & Sharing Success Identifying Barriers & Impediments Strategies and Action Plans		
		more than a job. Its part of us and its
		importance as a whole to everyone.
		4. Show the benefits of "greening the rez" to our
		tribal community and to everyone else.
		5. Identify through meetings, handouts, radio,
		TV, schools and other groups, i.e.: construction,
		etc.



Track Five-Communications and Self-Determination in Housing: Examining the Nature of Changing Relationships between Tribes and the Public & Private Sector		
Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
Overcome our fear and build relationships with outside resources. Improvement of communication with all partners, internal/external.	Linking internal & external partners. Delivery capacity of tribal leaders, BOC, staff and external resources.	Join Regional, National organizations Share resources (don't reinvent the wheel) Identify strengths/weaknesses Mentor with experts Develop and implement training Establish positive working relationship with partners, phone calls, meetings, dinners, retreats, emails, cultural events, recognition (i.e. send them our Tribal/Housing newsletter) Establish relationships with outside community leaders, i.e. mayors/legislators, provide ongoing updated information Housing Authority Day – informal gathering for housing members/Tribal leaders: Dunk tank, games, food, i.e. resources,



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		Amerind Lenders Form boys & girls clubs
		Tutoring/afterschool programs
		Involve local police officers
		Meet with Tribal Council
		Involve Tribal Committees: child welfare,
		protective services, law enforcement
		Disseminate written notices
		Short term actions:
		Make phone calls to lenders/financial institutions;
		Call regional housing association members;
		Set up meeting with Tribal Council, BOC and
		staff
Developing housing products that meet all our	Unrealistic expectations/financial literacy	Assessment
communities' needs while strengthening our		Develop an assessment instrument



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Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
communities		 Preparing tax returns for tribal members Using an outreach worker to go to homes to get information Cross reference other resources, i.e. fuel assistance Hold community meetings Newsletters Outside agencies Waiting list Establish goal for housing tenants Short term actions: 1. Assess current products/Tribal programs; i.e. commodities, boys/ & girls club, court system, energy assistance/fuel program 2. Develop a strategic plan, a housing newsletter



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Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
		3. Communicate with community members to let them know who you are and what you do Long term actions: Develop a time line Develop and strengthen your products Hire a grant writer Seek ways to break up the super NOFA
Explore land base options/explore new uses and or expanding	Availability of land	Purchase land Meet with Land Management Office or develop Utilize outside resources: Urban League, NAHASDA, CDBG, Tribal, RHED Review different housing plans Get on a mailing list hat have foreclosed homes: State, HUD, FHA, USDA, Fannie Mae, Large financial institutions Develop one stop shop for housing needs, land



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Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
		and infrastructure Developing sub-divisions: site assessment survey and site plan Hold community meetings Post alterations/improvements; tribal newspaper Private/Tribal enterprises Tribal/State Historical Preservation Officer Different type of Housing/price ranges needed: housing co-op, duplex, condos, town houses, multi-family, single family, home repairs/improvements/Elderly/supportive housing Develop policies to serve tribal members need Setting standards: a. New construction, b. rehabilitation



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Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
		 Evaluating and updating information plan: both group & 1 to 1 with Council & Financial Develop & implement financial, housing, credit & mortgage finance. Short term actions: Evaluate tribal assets in terms of land Get a copy of Title Status Report for all Tribal Land Long term action: 1. Update TSR for reservation area.
Learn how to access information on qualified census track when developing tax credit projects. Pay off is 30% increase in allocation amount		Meeting with Tribal Leaders Communicate in person, phone, meetings, letters & by internet with HUD, other Housing Authorities, NAIHC, Census Bureau, Fannie Mae Coordinate meetings with those agencies to aid



Creating the Vision & Sharing Success	Identifying Barriers & Impediments	Strategies and Action Plans
		and educate the Tribes establishing a qualified
		census track