

Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) Grain Inventory Management System (GIMS)

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Farm Service Agency

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Grain Inventory Management System (GIMS)

Document Information

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		Document Revision and History	
Revision	Date	Author	Comments
1.01	July 6, 2009	Scott Tanos	Initial version
1.02	July 8, 2009	Scott Tanos	Populated sections 3, 4 and 5 from previous PIA
1.03	July 23	T. Ostrander	Populated sections 24, 25, 26, 26.1
1.04	August 4, 2009	D.Brizendine	Document review; template updates





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1 Purpose of Document

USDA DM 3515-002 states: "Agencies are responsible for initiating the PIA in the early stages of the development of a system and to ensure that the PIA is completed as part of the required System Life Cycle (SLC) reviews. Systems include data from applications housed on mainframes, personal computers, and applications developed for the Web and agency databases. Privacy must be considered when requirements are being analyzed and decisions are being made about data usage and system design. This applies to all of the development methodologies and system life cycles used in USDA.

Both the system owners and system developers must work together to complete the PIA. System owners must address what data is used, how the data is used, and who will use the data. System owners also need to address the privacy implications that result from the use of new technologies (e.g., caller identification). The system developers must address whether the implementation of the owner's requirements presents any threats to privacy."

The Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) document contains information on how the **Grain Inventory Management System (GIMS)** affects the privacy of its users and the information stored within. This assessment is in accordance with NIST SP 800-37 *Guide for the Security Certification and Accreditation of Federal Information Systems.*





2 System Information

System Information		
Agency:	Farm Service Agency (FSA)	
System Name:	Grain Inventory Management System	
System Type:	 Major Application General Support System Non-major Application 	
System Categorization (per FIPS 199):	 ☐ High ⊠ Moderate ☐ Low 	
Description of System:	Grain Inventory Management System (GIMS) supports the enactment of the USDA policies to acquire, market, and dispense of inventory to support the stabilization of prices in the United States grain trade through an integrated online and batch database which controls, accounts for, and reports on the acquisition, storage, and disposition of all Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) owned grain inventories.	
Who owns this system? (Name, agency, contact information)	James Klemp Kansas City Commodity Office (KCCO), Business Operations Support Division (BOSD) Farm Service Agency Kansas City, MO 64133 (816)823-4247 James.Klemp@one.usda.gov	
Who is the security contact for this system? (Name, agency, contact information)	Brian Davies Information System Security Program Manager (ISSPM) U.S. Department of Agriculture Farm Service Agency 1400 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, D.C. 20250 (202) 720-2419 brian.davies@wdc.usda.gov	
Who completed this document? (Name, agency, contact information)	Khristy Baughman (816) 926-1200 <u>khristy.baughman@kcc.usda.gov</u>	





3 Data Information

3.1 Data Collection

No.	Question	Response
1	Generally describe the data to be used in the system.	Customers (Warehousemen, Vendors, Exporters, and Shippers): Taxpayer Identification Numbers, bank account codes, names, addresses, and phone numbers. Employees: Contract Officer's names.
2	Does the system collect Social Security Numbers (SSNs) or Taxpayer Identification Numbers (TINs)?	$\bigvee Yes$ $\square No - If NO, go to question 3.$
2.1	State the law or regulation that requires the collection of this information.	Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, Public Law 104-134
3	Is the use of the data both relevant and necessary to the purpose for which the system is being designed? In other words, the data is absolutely needed and has significant and demonstrable bearing on the system's purpose as required by statute or by Executive order of the President.	⊠ Yes □ No
4.2.5	Sources of the data in the system.	Uniform Grain Storage Agreement between CCC and business partners. FSA – GIMS (Grain Inventory Management System, also FSA Automated Price Support System (APSS) file of loan forfeitures.
4.1	What data is being collected from the customer?	Customers (Warehousemen, Vendors, Exporters, and Shippers): Taxpayer Identification Numbers, bank account codes, names, addresses, and phone numbers. Employees: Contract Officer's names.
4.2	What USDA agencies are providing data for use in the system?	FSA State and County USDA Service Centers
4.3	What state and local agencies are providing data for use in the system?	N/A
4.4	From what other third party sources is data being collected?	N/A





No.	Question	Response
5	Will data be collected from sources outside your agency? For example, customers, USDA sources (i.e., NFC, RD, etc.) or Non-USDA sources.	 ☐ Yes ☑ No – If NO, go to question 6.
5.1	How will the data collected from customers be verified for accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness?	
5.2	How will the data collected from USDA sources be verified for accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness?	
5.3	How will the data collected from non-USDA sources be verified for accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness?	

3.2 Data Use

No.	Question	Response
6	Individuals must be informed in writing of the principal purpose of the information being collected from them. What is the principal purpose of the data being collected?	The disposition of all Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) owned grain inventories and execution of the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, Public Law 104 - 134.
7	Will the data be used for any other purpose?	YesNo – If NO, go to question 8.
7.1	What are the other purposes?	GIMS must comply with FFATA (the "Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006"). Compliance requirements include: GIMS must provide OMB data on payments and obligations made in FY07 and beyond for inclusion on a publicly-accessible web site.
8	Is the use of the data both relevant and necessary to the purpose for which the system is being designed? In other words, the data is absolutely needed and has significant and demonstrable bearing on the system's purpose as required by statute or by Executive order of the President	∑ Yes □ No





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No.	Question	Response
9	Will the system derive new data or create previously unavailable data about an individual through aggregation from the information collected (i.e., aggregating farm loans by zip codes in which only one farm exists.)?	☐ Yes ⊠ No – If NO, go to question 10.
9.1	Will the new data be placed in the individual's record (customer or employee)?	□ Yes □ No
9.2	Can the system make determinations about customers or employees that would not be possible without the new data?	☐ Yes ☐ No
9.3	How will the new data be verified for relevance and accuracy?	
10	Individuals must be informed in writing of the routine uses of the information being collected from them. What are the intended routine uses of the data being collected?	To account for the acquisition, storage, and disposition of inventory.
11	Will the data be used for any other uses (routine or otherwise)?	☐ Yes ⊠ No – If NO, go to question 12.
11.1	What are the other uses?	
12	Automation of systems can lead to the consolidation of data – bringing data from multiple sources into one central location/system – and consolidation of administrative controls. When administrative controls are consolidated, they should be evaluated so that all necessary privacy controls remain in place to the degree necessary to continue to control access to and use of the data. Is data being consolidated?	Yes No – If NO, go to question 13.
12.1	What controls are in place to protect the data and prevent unauthorized access?	
13	Are processes being consolidated?	 ☐ Yes ☑ No – If NO, go to question 14.
13.1	What controls are in place to protect the data and prevent unauthorized access?	





3.3 Data Retention

No.	Question	Response
14	Is the data periodically purged from the system?	 Yes No – If NO, go to question 15. Data is retained indefinitely
14.1	How long is the data retained whether it is on paper, electronic, in the system or in a backup?	
14.2	What are the procedures for purging the data at the end of the retention period?	
14.3	Where are these procedures documented?	
15	While the data is retained in the system, what are the requirements for determining if the data is still sufficiently accurate, relevant, timely, and complete to ensure fairness in making determinations?	Programmatic, system, and hardware retention and backup procedures insure the data is accurate and complete.
16	Is the data retained in the system the minimum necessary for the proper performance of a documented agency function?	⊠ Yes □ No

3.4 Data Sharing

No.	Question	Response
17	Will other agencies share data or have access to data in this system (i.e., international, federal, state, local, other, etc.)?	\square Yes \boxtimes No – If NO, go to question 18.
17.1	How will the data be used by the other agency?	
17.2	Who is responsible for assuring the other agency properly uses the data?	
18	Is the data transmitted to another agency or an independent site?	☑ Yes☑ No – If NO, go to question 19.
18.1	Is there appropriate agreement in place to document the interconnection and ensure the PII and/or Privacy Act data is appropriately protected?	⊠ Yes □ No





No.	Question	Response
19	Is the system operated in more than one site?	$\Box Yes$ $\boxtimes No - If NO, go to question 20.$
19.1	How will consistent use of the system and data be maintained in all sites?	

3.5 Data Access

No.	Question	Response
20	Who will have access to the data in the system (i.e., users, managers, system administrators, developers, etc.)?	Users
21	How will user access to the data be determined?	Program Managers grant access to users on a need to know basis which is password protected.
21.1	Are criteria, procedures, controls, and responsibilities regarding user access documented?	⊠ Yes □ No
22	How will user access to the data be restricted?	Criteria, procedures, controls, and responsibilities regarding access are documented in the GIMS Security Plan.
22.1	Are procedures in place to detect or deter browsing or unauthorized user access?	Yes No
23	Does the system employ security controls to make information unusable to unauthorized individuals (i.e., encryption, strong authentication procedures, etc.)?	⊠ Yes □ No

3.6 Customer Protection

No.	Question	Response
24	Who will be responsible for protecting the privacy rights of the customers and employees affected by the interface (i.e., office, person, departmental position, etc.)?	USDA Privacy Office
25	How can customers and employees contact the office or person responsible for protecting their privacy rights?	By contacting John Underwood, Privacy Officer, at john.underwood@kcc.usda.gov & 816.926.6992





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No.	Question	Response
26	A "breach" refers to a situation where data and/or information assets are unduly exposed. Is a breach notification policy in place for this system?	 Yes – If YES, go to question 27. Common FSA incident reporting process. No
26.1	If NO, please enter the Plan of Action and Milestones (POA&M) number with the estimated completion date.	
27	Consider the following: Consolidation and linkage of files and systems Derivation of data Accelerated information processing and decision making Use of new technologies Is there a potential to deprive a customer of due process rights (fundamental rules of fairness)?	 ☐ Yes ⊠ No – If NO, go to question 28.
27.1	Explain how this will be mitigated?	
28	How will the system and its use ensure equitable treatment of customers?	Users of the system are bound by the laws and regulations regarding EEO and civil rights
29	Is there any possibility of treating customers or employees differently based upon their individual or group characteristics?	Yes No – If NO, go to question 30^{-11}
29.1	Explain	

4 System of Record

No.	Question	Response
30	Can the data be retrieved by a personal identifier? In other words, does the system actually retrieve data by the name of an individual or by some other unique number, symbol, or identifying attribute of the individual?	Yes No – If NO, go to question 31





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No.	Question	Response
30.1	How will the data be retrieved? In other words, what is the identifying attribute (i.e., employee number, social security number, etc.)?	Online screen access by warehouse name, warehouse identifier code, vendor name, vendor code
30.2	Under which Systems of Record (SOR) notice does the system operate? Provide number, name and publication date. (SORs can be viewed at <u>www.access.GPO.gov</u> .)	USDA/FSA-2 USDA/FSA-14
30.3	If the system is being modified, will the SOR require amendment or revision?	☐ Yes ⊠ No

5 Technology

No.	Question	Response
31	Is the system using technologies in ways not previously employed by the agency (e.g., Caller-ID)?	\Box Yes \boxtimes No – If NO, the questionnaire is complete.
31.1	How does the use of this technology affect customer privacy?	

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6 Completion Instructions

Upon completion of this Privacy Impact Assessment for this system, the answer to OMB A-11, Planning, Budgeting, Acquisition and Management of Capital Assets, Part 7, Section E, Question 8c is:

1. Yes.

PLEASE SUBMIT A COPY TO THE OFFICE OF THE ASSOCIATE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICE FOR CYBER SECURITY.

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