U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

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MARINE FISHERIES ADVISORY COMMITTEE

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Thursday,

February 25, 2010

The Marine Fisheries Advisory Committee met in the Honolulu Room in the Sheraton Waikiki, 2255 Kalakaua Avenue, Honolulu, Hawaii at 8:30 a.m. Hawaii-Aleutian Standard Time, Tom Billy, Committee Liaison, presiding.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

TOM BILLY, Committee Liaison JAMES BALSIGER, Vice Chairman TERRY ALEXANDER RANDY CATES ANTHONY CHATWIN PAUL CLAMPITT JOHN P. CONNELLY PAMELLA J. DANA BILL DEWEY PATRICIA DOERR EDWIN A. EBISUI MARTIN FISHER KEN FRANKE CATHERINE L. FOY STEVE JONER HEATHER D. McCARTY GEORGE C. NARDI TOM RAFTICAN

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MEMBERS PRESENT:(Cont'd)

KEITH RIZZARDI DAVID WALLACE

CONSULTANT TO MAFAC:

LARRY SIMPSON

STAFF PRESENT:

MARK HOLLIDAY, Designated Federal Official HEIDI LOVETT
KARI MacLAUCHLIN
ALAN RISENHOOVER
SAM RAUCH

ALSO PRESENT:

ASUKA ISHIZAKI

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1 P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S 2 (8:47 a.m.) MR. BILLY: Morning, everyone. 3 end is in sight. 4 This is day 3. We're going to have 5 6 an update from Alan here in a minute. But then 7 most importantly hear the reports of Subcommittees. 8 Depending the actions 9 on 10 recommended bу the Subcommittees, Committee as a whole then will take whatever 11 action is appropriate. And my hope is, and 12 13 expectation is that we're going to finish a little early. I've been eyeing that infinity 14 15 pool for several days and I have a 16 incentive, and I think the rest of you might as well. 17 Okay. Anyone want to comment about 18 19 the fish auction? It's always very interesting, I know that. 20 Yes, go ahead. 21

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MR. FISHER: I just want to extend

1	thanks to Mark and staff for taking there.
2	Absolutely excellent.
3	MR. BILLY: Yes, good.
4	MR. FISHER: A real eye-opener.
5	MR. BILLY: Yes, Bill?
6	MR. DEWEY: I think it might be
7	nice for the Committee to send a thank you to
8	our host for the tour and the breakfast this
9	morning as well.
10	MR. BILLY: Yes.
11	MR. DEWEY: Yes.
12	MR. JONER: Was there fish? I'll
13	never be able to eat swordfish in San Diego
14	again. Well, it might be fresh there, but not
15	where I get it.
16	MR. BILLY: All right. Thanks.
17	Okay. At the last several meetings
18	we've had very good updates on the work to
19	implement the new provisions in the Magnuson
20	Act, as well as other related matters to the
21	whole sustainable fisheries and protected
22	resources area of the National Marine

Fisheries Service. So at this time I'd like to call on Alan to provide us a further update and look forward to hearing the additional progress that's been made.

Alan?

MR. RISENHOOVER: Thanks, Tom.

And I'll try to speak up. And throw something if you can hear me. And I'll drift off in the bad parts so you can't hear me.

So my goal today, I guess, is to go through some of the upcoming actions that we see coming up in the next year or so. So, in a way, this is going to be a little bit of bad news story: This is all the things people aren't going to want to hear about, the controversial actions, which means we probably start putting in some of the good actions. But if you think about it all of these should be good actions because of the goals behind them. So if we're going to reach out for sustainable fisheries and healthy populations

marine mammals of and endangered species, these are the actions we need to take. And so that's kind of the of this purpose presentation. Talking with the new NOAA leadership they were concerned over the next year what was going to come up, what are the things that we need to start talking to people about and explaining to them now so that it doesn't hit folks on the Hill or stakeholder groups, or NGO groups, or whoever cold. that was the goal was to try and get a sense what's our portfolio or what are actions that are coming up this year and start doing a little work beforehand, especially with the Hill, to lay some groundwork for why we are doing that.

So we've been working on a series of presentations from different angles. This just happens to be the latest, and that's why we had a little moment this morning to switch presentations. Because Alan can't remember which one is which anymore. Because we're

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trying to design ones for different constituencies.

So if I'm going up to talk to the Hill staffers or Members, you know it needs to be a different type of presentation than, say, I would give to the MAFAC member versus what I might give to a council; the level of detail.

So what we've tried to do with this is one is have a good level of detail. And so to run it by MAFAC and get a little bit of feedback. I ran it by our Leadership Council last week and got some comments from them.

So the purpose is, or the audience here is primarily Hill, but other constituent groups as well. The time frame we're going to look at is the next year, plus or minus, since some of these are going to be some multi-year ones. We're also looking at what are the key dates for the actions coming up so people aren't surprised.

And then the goals, I want to be fairly specific on what the goals of this

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presentation are. It's to educate the folks on the Hill at different levels about different things. So what's going to happen, that's the education, but again why. What's the drivers for these?

Did you know there the was Fisheries rally in Washington, D.C. yesterday. Part of what we have tried to do is why are we doing this? Why are we taking these actions? So it's to educate on what statutes are, what the requirements of those statutes and what we're doing there. explain a little bit more about each of those And while this is kind of a very actions. broad topical presentation, we do have backup materials for our leadership at the NOAA level to use on the Hill to talk about these. So it's also, you know, educate and explain what the various actions are, what the effects may inform when it comes up, and that also we've tried to link it to budget. I've taken some of the budget slides out of this since we

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talked about budget earlier this week. 1 2 right now with our budget just being sent to the Hill, there's a lot of briefings going on. 3 Mary testified in front of Appropriations or 4 was it an Authorization Committee yesterday. 5 So again, how do we inform and 6 7 educate those people and link it to budget? 8 So that's the goals. And so I'm 9 10 going to run through. If you have questions, stop me. If you have answers, definitely stop 11 12 me. 13 So a little bit up front. Again. this is for a higher level presentation for 14 15 folks that may not be as familiar with our 16 programs. So just to start out we are talking 17 to them what are we trying to do. We're going 18 19 to be undertaking a number of important actions, they're going to fall in four or five 20 broad categories. 21

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We have to implement annual catch

limits; that's going to have some effects that their constituents are going to talk about.

We need to rebuild overfished stocks. That was one of the main discussions they were having yesterday at the rally.

Protecting endangered species, protecting marine mammals; we've tried to work those in there as well because some of those actions will have some effects.

We've also been talking to our habitat folks. Maybe we need to include some habitat programs in there as well.

And then kind of the bottom line here is that some of these are going to be controversial and so this is the heads up, the no surprises, here's what's coming and what we're going to do about it.

So a little bit of why we're doing this? What's the purpose? We're not doing this just because we like regulating people, there's a broader goal at stake here. And we've done some economic work to say if we

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rebuilt all the stocks around country to their full potential and while there's some problems with that and we may never reach that goal in all stocks all the time, but what would be the maximum? What are we talking about? Why are we asking Congress to invest the kind of money, a billion dollars in National Marine Fisheries? What do we get out of it?

Well, if you look at just the exvessel value if we had this kind of utopian rebuilding, right now we could increase the ex-vessel value by 2.2 billion. And we may never get there, but again you're investing a billion dollars in an agency for a variety of We can increase the economic output things. of the commercial industry by about \$2.2 billion at the dock. That has some jobs associated with it. It also increased the overall value of the seafood industry.

Talking to folks on the Hill also internally at the Department of Commerce you've got to convince them that fishing is a

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big business. If you mention a 133 billion, suddenly you may get their attention.

The Obama Administration is very interested in job. You mention 2 million jobs, they get very interested.

So this is why we're trying to do this, again to educate different users or different constituents, the Department of Commerce being one of our constituents at different levels.

I've also tried to put in here some of the recreational. There were comments the last couple of days about you focus only on the commercial value. And part of that is because we do have some ways to measure it.

Under recreational, I've asked our economics folks and our regional folks to give me some examples. If we rebuilt fisheries, what does it mean to the recreational anglers? So it may be higher bank limits, higher trip limits. One thing that I think is really important is it might extend the season.

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1	So, you know, you can catch a
2	million fish in a month or you can catch a
3	million fish over the year. Which is better
4	for the industry? So if we rebuilt these
5	stocks, there are these things associated with
6	it. I just don't have any good evaluations
7	right now. So if you have ideas on that, let
8	me know. And I'll be working with Arty and
9	economists to try and get some better numbers
10	there.
11	MS. McCARTY: Are you going to take
12	questions during this or
13	MR. RISENHOOVER: Sure.
14	MS. McCARTY: You have the support
15	2 million jobs as the total. What's the
16	difference between current number of jobs and
17	2 million jobs?
18	MR. RISENHOOVER: I think it's
19	about 1 million, 1.5 now, something like that.
20	MS. McCARTY: So we'll almost
21	double it?
22	MR. RISENHOOVER: About a third

1	increase. And we've had a job number. One we
2	put a job number in there, and I think it was
3	increased by about 500,000 jobs, people wanted
4	to know where those jobs, whose districts are
5	they in, which fisheries. And my
6	understanding, and again Mark has helped me
7	with this a lot, the economists used a model
8	that doesn't do it by fishery. What's the
9	word I'm looking for? It has certain caveats.
10	DR. HOLLIDAY: Assumptions.
11	MR. RISENHOOVER: Assumptions is
12	the better word. That don't allow them to go
13	into that. So it's a very broad based thing.
14	So there's some danger in using
15	this high level economic information.
16	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Isn't there a
17	document that has those numbers in it?
18	MR. RISENHOOVER: Yes.
19	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: I mean these
20	are big numbers and so people will not
21	necessarily want to take them off the slides.
22	It would be nice if we have a document we

published, but I don't know --

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MR. RISENHOOVER: Right. It's a study the S&T folks did that we have. Ιt hasn't been peer reviewed, as I understand it. But we've been using this in some of Department, briefings with the especially relating to the budget to say yes, we need an increase in the agency and here's why. And we do have a background document for it, but it hasn't been too public. So we need to work on that.

MR. BILLY: Yes, Terry?

MR. ALEXANDER: I don't understand where the new jobs are going to come from. And I understand there's going to be more fish, but you're going to lose half your jobs in the fishing industry, the catch shares. I mean, I've already laid off four of my people, I have eight. I've already laid off four of my people because of catch shares.

So, I mean, you're going to lose a lot of people that way and where are the new

jobs going to be created?

MR. RISENHOOVER: Right. They'll be outside the harvesting sector, processing, restaurant associated things. Plus, we would see some of those jobs in the harvesting section going from part-time to full-time. In this kind of presentation is very hard to talk about those sort of things. People latch immediately onto the numbers and to boil it down to a slide that you can move through, you've got to cut out all the caveats, the assumptions and everything.

So yes. It's going to be the industry or the fishery, the jobs are going to shift from harvesting to other sectors. And the harvesting jobs, hopefully, will go to more full-time.

And then on the recreational, also trying to get an idea of where those things associated with recreational fishing that we don't think of directly, and that's the hotel, the gear, the food and the beer and the

everything.

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Patty?

DOERR: Question. It kind of MS. goes back to what the NOAA economists use in terms of expenditures. We've been having a long running difference of opinion on whether or not anywhere expenditures -- what spend on buying equipment, whether or not that should of be economic used part as evaluations. We believe it should be, you guys believe it should not be.

Could you give me some background?

This may be too technical of a question for you, but some background as to why you guys don't believe what anglers spend on equipment, their rods, their reels and all that should not be included in economic evaluations?

MR. RISENHOOVER: Obviously I can't since I list it here.

So, Mark?

DR. HOLLIDAY: I don't think we are prepared to talk about it at the MAFAC meeting

1	this morning. I don't think we're prepared to
2	talk to you in detail about it, but if MAFAC
3	in whole is interested in it, we could set up
4	a session to go into great detail. But, you
5	know, certainly after a line we can talk in
6	similar detail about it.
7	MS. DOERR: Well, if you just had
8	that in the back of your mind.
9	DR. HOLLIDAY: Right.
10	MR. RISENHOOVER: And what I'm
11	asking for is help me characterize the value
12	of recreational fishing.
13	MS. DOERR: We would say put their
14	expenditures in there. Because for our
15	manufacturers to not see their product as part
16	of the evaluation is our biggest concern.
17	MR. RISENHOOVER: Is that something
18	the working group could weigh in on?
19	DR. HOLLIDAY: So just I think the
20	dilemma is there are different methodologies
21	to measure different economic parameters?
22	MS. DOERR: Yes.

DR. HOLLIDAY: And so it's the economic value of a fishery, it's the economic fishery through different impact of а methodologies that require different data in different terms. We want to make sure when we make statements about what's the worth of something, what it is that we're actually measuring and then comparable use methodologies to arrive at the appropriate commercial measure, the appropriate recreational measure. And that's the so dilemma in front of us. And so we discuss sometimes not using comparable data methodologies comparable to compare the different values versus the different impacts.

And so I'm not prepared to defend that particular study or the question that you're asking about. There's no NMFS policy. I think there's differences in what data people have and what they're assuming go into these different models. And I think we can explore that.

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MS. DOERR: Yes, and we can have off-line discussions of this.

MR. JONER: But from Alan's standpoint for the purpose of the slide, I think part of the message of all of us is knowing the business of rebuilding fisheries to sustainable levels, there are contributions that could be improved, you know that were under performed by not having sustainable fisheries. Those contributions are biological in nature.

MS. DOERR: Yes.

DR. HOLLIDAY: Food supply in nature, recreation in nature. And so we're making investments by asking Congress for appropriated funds. And we think that the target value of making those improvements is higher than the cost that it's going to take to get there. I mean, that's the simple attempt here. We're saying there is a value return on the investment from recreational use, food supply use, commerce use, employment

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1	use and all these different sectors by working
2	to sustainable fisheries.
3	MS. DOERR: And I'm not disputing
4	that. It's a methodology thing. Because it
5	would be higher if you included the gear.
6	MR. RISENHOOVER: Right. And I
7	think a Mark said, the takeaway message is
8	there's an impact to what we do.
9	MS. DOERR: Yes.
10	MR. RISENHOOVER: That may not be
11	the right economic word. But economy
12	economics word. But we've got some help after
13	that.
14	MR. BILLY: Hold on for one.
15	Larry?
16	MR. SIMPSON: Just two quick
17	points, and I'm sure that some of the data
18	sources that you've gone and looked at or that
19	number about gear and so forth are
20	expenditures, which basically are excise tax
21	and just about everything.
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And the other point out is it calls

out the need for in broad-scale basic more robust economic data collection both commercial and recreational.

And then also be aware, Patty, that some of the economists, hotels and food and so forth, you know, how can you fly to Hawaii and go fishing for one day and then spend the rest of your time doing stuff and then account for the whole thing, for the hotel and the food and so forth for that fishing? I mean, you know, you play golf and buy souvenirs and other things.

So, I mean, the economists have to do their thing also, and it's not a direct one-to-one.

MR. JONER: But we bought fishing related T-shirts, basically.

MR. RISENHOOVER: So one thing we haven't been good on in the past that we're trying to get some information out there is examples of progress. Where has it worked? Where have the benefits been seen?

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So since 2000, and that's when we
really started measuring over fish,
overfishing. Before that we did, but we had
some different standards, some different
criteria. In about 2000 we standardized that.
So there's been a total of 76 fish stocks
that has been designated as over fished since
2000. If you look back at those, 30 of those
stocks or about 40 percent are no longer
overfished. And 15 of those 30 are now
refilled. So 20 percent of the stocks that
have been listed as overfished are not
rebuilt. And there's reasons for that:
Perhaps better signs, the stock assessment
change but management does work. And so we're
trying to look at those individual stocks and
start adding up what was their value before
they were rebuilt, what's their value now that
they're rebuilt to show that value over time
going up. And that's already showing about a
\$2 billion thing, but I haven't put that up
there because that's a very loose number now.

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1	MR. BILLY: Heather?
2	MS. McCARTY: Yes. Thank you.
3	How many of those fisheries that
4	are now listed as no longer overfished or
5	fully rebuilt are managed with catch share
6	programs?
7	MR. BILLY: Martin?
8	MR. FISHER: I haven't done that,
9	but my guess is I'm just thinking of the
10	catch share programs, there may be one or two.
11	So that may be a good ad to put in there just
12	as an aside.
13	MR. BILLY: Anyone else? Okay.
14	MR. RISENHOOVER: And then the
15	example we've been using is Atlantic sea
16	scallops one time severely overfished, now
17	it's the most valuable fishery in the nation.
18	So there you've had a big turnaround to those
19	folks.
20	Swordfish, for example, which was
21	very valuable at one time, we're listing as
22	totally rebuilt this year. So there are

stocks coming back. So we do have examples of progress, we do have ways of showing that it's worked. We now need to start linking that and start putting some of these things from the previous slide.

So this is kind of our goal. Here's our progress, what has it meant for that other goal.

DR. DANA: Can I ask a question.

When you list on there the recreational and having an opportunity for if itself, then fish stock rebuilds opportunity is to have either high bag limits or longer seasons. Well in the case of the red snapper which is considered now not over fished, yet in the Gulf we're facing an even So two months now to a one shorter season. month.

MR. RISENHOOVER: Right. Right.

And that's because of the effort. You still have enough recreational effort to catch, even though the quota is increased by about a

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third, you still have enough effort to catch all that fish in actually a shorter period of time than before. Now red snapper is rebuilt.

DR. DANA: No. I'm not convinced it's the effort as much as it is that the fish are bigger and heavier, so they're meeting the total weight.

MR. RISENHOOVER: It's probably a combination.

MR. SIMPSON: It is a combination.

MR. RISENHOOVER: But again, red snapper overfishing hasn't occurred and isn't occurring. You've controlled the mortality. But it's not rebuilt. So that stock is going to get bigger. The fish will get bigger, too. But again, that's just an opportunity for that, it's not a -- and there's several other places around the country which the same thing has happened. The stock's nearly rebuilt in some of the east coast fisheries black sea bass but still the season has to be short because fishing is so good they can still

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1 harvest in the third larger quota in the same 2 period of time. DR. DANA: I quess I'm just trying 3 to if you're trying to build trust 4 in the recreational fishery and you're saying that 5 there will be more opportunities if through 6 7 fishing management we rebuilt the stock, we can have more fishing opportunities, but then 8 the fishermen see less opportunity after they 9 10 worked to rebuild the stock. MR. RISENHOOVER: Right. 11 But fishing may be better during that same period 12 The size of fish may be 13 of time. larger during that same period of time. 14 MR. CATES: Alan? 15 MR. RISENHOOVER: Yes. 16 have a suggestion 17 MR. CATES: I here presenting that to the folks on the Hill. 18 19 Another thing that you should probably add in there that while we're rebuilding the stocks, 20 the demand continues to increase. And where 21

we've gone from I think in a ten year period

of 55 percent imports, now at 82 percent imports.

So just because we're rebuilding the fisheries is not lessening the demand on seafood and we still need to get back how we're going to increase production and create American jobs, which is what I think we could do.

MR. RISENHOOVER: And that's a good point. And that remind me Ι had opportunity to brief the Deputy Secretary of Commerce on his second day, I think. We went and talked to him about our budget. And that's exactly the question he asked me was: Well, if you're going to rebuilt all these stocks and there's going to be more fish, well there's not the demand for it. And I pointed out the seafood deficit. And he says oh, that makes sense to him. And so that now kind of qot him as a from a business -- he came background and that made sense. Because he had been hearing at the Department level that,

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1	well, you know there's not a need for that
2	much seafood. The demand isn't that high. And
3	so we have statistics there at the time
4	showing yes it was.
5	MR. CATES: You're right. And I
6	think one of the things I mean, this issue
7	is probably the most important that I've heard
8	sitting on MAFAC. Because we all have our
9	individual issues, but the demand for product
10	is so high, we're importing so much. I mean,
11	oil we're only importing 60 percent of our
12	oil. We're importing 82 percent of our
13	seafood. And we have the ability to produce
14	more domestic product, but we really don't
15	address that.
16	MR. RISENHOOVER: And it's not only
17	a demand for seafood, it's also a demand for
18	recreational opportunities, correct?
19	MR. CATES: Correct.
20	MR. RISENHOOVER: That may not be
21	exactly seafood, but there's a demand for it.
22	So, yes, that's a good point. I'll

try and add some of that in, Randy. So that's the kind of feedback that helps.

Protected Resources. Not my specialty, but again why do we want to protect them? You know, a lot of this I originally put in a bullet you know it's the law. But they know that. So, you know what role do endangered species and marine mammals play? You know, it's the ecosystem thing. We're trying to do ecosystem management. Maybe we broaden that.

There's benefits. And I've tried to list them there: tourism image. You know there is an aesthetic value, and existence value that some folks have for knowing it's out there even though they may never see it or touch it.

So then trying to switch into what are the main things you're going to be hearing from your constituents? What are the key things the next year that are the drivers.

And this is the new requirement for the

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Magnuson Act.

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We were briefing a senator from a state I won't mention that, you know, said "What is that?" And we pointed out that he was on the Committee that voted for it. know, the full Senate level you could understand them missing that. But when you're on the Commerce Committee and the Subcommittee that had this legislation go through -- well, I don't remember if he was on the Subcommittee, but he was on the Committee.

doing this? So why are we Reminding folks of the language in the Act says we will have catch limits that shall overfishing, and we'll have prevent accountability to that. That's not an agency thing. Reminding them that their Science Committee set the acceptable biological catch levels, and they'd have to be below that. did offer some guidance in 2009 to help with that.

And then the other major thing is

then is once you've ended overfishing is rebuilding, a little bit on that.

That they have two years to prepare the measures. End overfishing immediately. The ten year issue is a big one, we explain that a little bit that if the stock can be rebuilt in ten years, that's the goal. of stocks are pushed up towards that years. If the stock can't be, it's the one new generation time beyond that. But taking into account these other things and also that it needs to be as short as possible, and Secretary of Commerce then approves and implements the measures the Councils come up with on those rebuilding programs.

Endangered species requirements.

Again, make sure that we don't do anything that jeopardizes the continued existence, consultations to show that.

We consult on all our fishery activities internally with different parts of the agencies. And some of the effects of that

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are reductions on fishing effort or gear modifications, closures with the reasonable improving alternatives. I don't want to spell that out.

Marine Mammal Protection Act.

Again, we've got the stock assessments, the zero rate mortality goal. And that we have a potential biological removal that we have stay under as well. Again, not my strong point.

Sam's going to help if I get stuck on those, right?

So, that's kind of the background. Why are we doing, what's a little bit of the history and then I've got a series of slides that we're planning on tailoring depending on who we would be briefing that would be of interest to them. So if we're thinking of something that's East Coast, here are the list of actions that we see coming up for the East Coast. I'm not going to go into detail on these. You're familiar with the area, so you've heard all of this.

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ESA consultations for a number of 1 2 species in the northeast and mid-Atlantic. We'll be starting in the spring of 2010. 3 Determinations on whether the two 4 species of sturgeons need to be lifted by this 5 fall. 6 potential requirement 7 Α for expanding turtle excluder devices on the Mid-8 Atlantic, New England. These are coast-wide 9 10 effects. Large whale take reduction plan. Critical habitat for right whales. And if the 11 process starts now, it probably won't be done 12 until 2011. 13 specific England 14 Name New 15 groundfish. Particular, ending overfishing of 16 13 stocks, continue and rebuild 13 other stocks. I'm overlapped there. 17 limits Hang catch and 18 up 19 accountability measures. The sector programs are getting close. And modify what we're 20 going to do with the common-pool. 21

So that's what people can expect

when you're using groundfish.

A few other things New England Mid-Atlantic. I don't know that I need to go through these, you'd be familiar with them.

Some butterfish rebuilding. Scallop specifics have been an issue. Atlantic mackerel limited access. We've tried to sprinkle catch share programs as well.

Harbor porpoise take reduction.

Determination on cusk, and then the Omnibus ACL Amendment in the Mid-Atlantic. And lining highly migratory species. We're coming up on making a decision whether we're going to support a proposal to list bluefin tuna under CITES. The Administration should decide on that in the next couple of weeks.

Blacknose shark rebuilding. Smooth dogfish management. Bluefin tuna, we're not taking our full quota until we raise kind of the trick limit for bluefin tuna to try and increase the quota we're taking. How does that compare with the first one here? If

you're thinking of a CITIES listing, shouldn't
we be doing the bottom one? I'll know in a
week or two.

South Atlantic, some big issues
there, mainly around red snapper and the
effect on snapper/grouper complex. We had the

inner rule in place, Council's looking at permanent measures that should be in place by the end of 2010. What are their annual catch limit and accountability measures going to be?

Gulf of Mexico. We still have some sea turtle interactions with the grouper fishery. That was a big issue last year;

Red snapper total catch, actually have been raised. But that's one of the more good news stories, but it's still an issue because more fish, less time.

Amberjack, gag Caribbean. Big issue there is how do we set annual catch limits. They've got some data problems. They've got some coral -- proposed.

West Coast. Annual catch limits

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for Pacific whiting, petrale sole overfishing and rebuilding.

The trawl rationalization program which will be approved, hopefully, at the end of the year, operational next year. That's one where we have a big budget link there. And when that's implemented we have a request in place to fund it.

The salmon season. I think many of you have heard the outlook isn't good again.

There's a new biologic opinion being done. A couple of harvest plans for areas.

North Pacific. Bycatch in the pollock fishery. Critical habitat for beluga whale. Bearded seal determinations. The bearded seal one probably won't have a fisheries impact, but it may be controversial so we put it on here.

Western Pacific. Killer whales are a big issue out here. Critical habitat for monk seals. What if Waikiki becomes critical habitat? What does that mean?

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1	Western bigeye catch limits.
2	That's what Jim Cook talked to us a minute
3	about yesterday. Under the international
4	agreement many feel that the only ones that
5	could end up with a quota is the U.S.
6	So that's kind of a run through.
7	I've got a couple of background slides in here
8	that just show I believe that's the status
9	of the stocks right now subject to
10	overfishing. I believe that's 38. And then
11	those that are overfished, there's 46. So
12	we'll track those.
13	Randy?
14	MR. CATES: Can you tell me what a
15	bumphead parrotfish is?
16	MR. RISENHOOVER: A parrotfish with
17	a bumped head. No.
18	MR. CATES: Is that here in Hawaii?
19	No.
20	MR. RISENHOOVER: It's a Western
21	Pacific one. It's a reef fish. I don't think
22	we've been petitioned.

1	Sam, do you know if we were
2	petitioned by the bumphead?
3	MR. RAUCH: I think we recently
4	were. It's something we got in the last month
5	or so.
6	MR. RISENHOOVER: It's a big one
7	down in Micronesia.
8	MR. EBISUI: Yes. They are similar
9	to the napoleon wrasse.
10	MR. RAUCH: By the Mexican okay.
11	MR. EBISUI: Like oodles at a time.
12	No, the bump. These fish are like
13	60/70 pounds, 80 pounds.
14	MR. FISHER: Are they food quality?
15	MR. EBISUI: Pardon me?
16	MR. FISHER: Food quality?
17	MR. EBISUI: I think they yes.
18	MR. RISENHOOVER: So I know just
19	running through this you may not have
20	comments, but take a look at it. You may
21	have idea. Again, the goal here is not bad
22	news. The goal here is here's what's coming

up and here's why we're doing it.

MR. BILLY: Okay. Questions?

Comments?

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Randy?

MR. CATES: The comment I have, I know you were focusing in on rebuilding stock and economic value, but you've got to here briefly that mentions jobs. The key component is aquaculture. Yes, we are losing job in commercial fishing but we can, if we had an aquaculture in the United States, not only supply more fish but create more jobs. And that's not mentioned.

MR. RISENHOOVER: Yes. And that something I did think about. And I was thought, you know, maybe do I want to work in the catch share policy on this, do I want to work in aquaculture on this, do I want to work in our improvements on MRIP, do I want to work in cooperative research? And so it's where do you draw the line when you've got somebody that you may have, you know, 15 minutes of

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focused with them. But, yes.

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MR. CATES: I'll just share a quick example.

In my company I have a handful of people that were with me when I was commercial fishing. And we'd be doing ten years. I can tell you that if we weren't doing aquaculture, none of us would be in commercial fishing today. raised over 10 million And we've pounds. If I were to take that from that from reef fish, I would decimated our reef just on this island. And after ten years, you know ten years ago I would have thought we would have be much further ahead in aquaculture in this country than we are now, and we're just not. And that's a shame.

MR. NARDI: I would only add for example 90 percent of my employees that were from the aquaculture project are former commercial fishermen.

MR. CATES: It is an issue.

MR. BILLY: Paul?

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MR. CLAMPITT: Yes. Maybe you'r	ve
heard this before, and I'm just going to }	be
brief. But as far as these ACLs, which	I
think are a good idea, but the problem is,	is
in the funding. And, you know, you set an AG	CL
and then it's attached because of uncertainty	у.
And when we see the priorities unde	er
uncertainty and the stock is automatically	Υ,
but I think depending on what category it	'ន
dropped from, as much as 20 percent down to !	50
percent on how much you can harvest from it	t.
And so from what I hear from the people	in
Washington and Alaska is that the uncertaint	tу
is really a problem of research. You know	w ,
there's not enough money put into the stoo	ck
assessment.	

And so, you know, we're all happy about, you know we want to stop overfishing. But we're being accused of overfishing when it's not done and that's because there's not enough stock assessment.

So when you go to the Hill or

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wherever you can get that money from, you know it's great to have these regulations. But they have to be funded, and they're not.

MR. RISENHOOVER: Yes. And that's the comments I made I think on Tuesday where on our budget we're trying to move forward on all fronts. You know, past years we've had increases for ACL implementation. Since the MSA reauthorization passed, we're up about a million in the agency for MSA-related 100 And a big chunk of that is stock things. assessments. You know, to expand assessment line.

We've also gotten some increases for social and economic data as well. So we have made some pretty big increases there.

And so I'm thinking under the 2020 summary you all talked about that, that might be a place I can trace back and talk about that. You know, since Magnuson passed, here's how much money or what our increases have been for Magnuson and what the large breakout of

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1 that is. MR. CLAMPITT: That would be good. 2 MR. BILLY: Ed? 3 MR. EBISUI: Thank you. 4 RISENHOOVER: Ιf that's 5 MR. the sort of thing I think you want to do. 6 7 MR. EBISUI: I think Paul just made the point that I was trying to make on day one 8 about stock assessments being the foundations 9 10 for ACLs tax everything else. Our particular situation here is 11 that we're struggling with the main Hawaiian 12 13 Island bottomfish fishery and stock our done almost 30 14 assessment was years That's what we're working with. 15 And I think 16 the managers desperately need better, current information in order to do a good job 17 of managing of the fishery. 18 19 The second point I wanted to make was that you know on your benefit slide, Alan, 20

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fisheries is a reduction in imports.

I think one of the benefits of good healthy

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And I

didn't see that being discussed on any part of your slide. But like for example, again coming back to our particular situation over here would be shutdown of the Northwestern Hawaiian Island Fishery because of the monument of imports; they trimmed it upwards over the years, gradually, well steadily. And I think it's really going to spike now.

In speaking with one of our former representatives in Congress, he didn't see any problem, you know with lack of local availability. He said why can't you just import? That's the sort of mindset that we have to deal with.

MR. RISENHOOVER: Okay. I'll look and see if we could have any trace through that. I'll see if we have any way to show that-

MR. EBISUI: Yes.

MR. RISENHOOVER: You know, that might be a good background slide that if somebody's interested we could switch to.

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On the ACLs, you're absolutely right. We need good signs going into setting the ACLs. We then need good monitoring and signs to prove we achieved what we got.

So, you know, having all these ACLs in place to end overfishing in 2010 because of our stock assessment schedule, it may be two - - three -- in some cases five years until we have a full stock assessment to see if that ACL worked. And so that's one thing, you know we've been arguing. We don't only need the money to set the ACL, we need the money to prove that it worked.

MR. EBISUI: You know, sometimes the analysis gets kind of absurd because of the uncertainties the Council was doing risk assessments of the uncertainties.

And then they took it to the next level, not the Council but the Fishery Service, and did a risk assessment on the risk assessment I mean, it started to get really out there.

1	MR. RISENHOOVER: Sounds risky.
2	MR. EBISUI: Yes.
3	MR. RISENHOOVER: Yes.
4	MR. EBISUI: And you're still
5	shooting in the dark, it's just that you've
6	got more ammunition to shoot in the dark.
7	MR. BILLY: Yes. Alan, there is
8	good information and language in the 2020
9	document that relates the imports sort of
10	paints a broad picture. First internationally
11	and then national.
12	MR. RISENHOOVER: Right. I know we
13	have that. It's can you link imports
14	increasing with reductions in fisheries.
15	MR. BILLY: Larry?
16	MR. SIMPSON: Yes. I just want to
17	remind us, and I know we all know it, when we
18	say we need good stock assessments and more
19	timely stock assessments, and that's
20	absolutely true. But to get there we've got
21	to get the data to put in those stock
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So

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assessments, I know we're talking about the whole suite and that's the data behind it.

But just being able to do the mathematical calculations is one aspect of it in a timely fashion. But the data behind it.

Three of the most important things that we need to keep in our minds that we need, at least in our area, for the stock assessments is we need some more studies on:

Natural mortality; we need some increased fishery independent, that is not associated with commercial/recreational fishermen but scientific data points; fishery independent, and bycatch.

So you need those things. And when we speak stock assessments, we need to also talk about our data collection programs. Just keep that in mind.

MR. BILLY: Keith?

MR. RIZZARDI: I'm noticing the timing of the TRT for false killer whales and the potential listing decision. And it seems

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like they might be inverted because if you do your listing in the fall but don't have any knowledge of what your take reduction measures are, you're going to find yourself very quickly in litigation over whether or not a species is in jeopardy from a given action and not being able to do an RPA to deal with it, or reasonable and prudent measures.

So it seems like you have a timing issue where you need to somehow accelerate the TRT or put off the listing decision. Because the reality is there are groups out there that will use the false killer whale as a proxy for regulating the tuna industry, as you know. And having been the guy who defended that a few years ago more than once, I know what you're in for. So, good luck.

MR. RISENHOOVER: Right. And the timing on these are, like anything, it's a little squishy by the time the time that the deal will give you ranges. And so I've tried to pick the front part of those ranges.

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1	MR. RIZZARDI: Right. Right. The
2	front of the listings fall and the TRT isn't
3	until December, get ready for the preliminary
4	injunction in October.
5	MR. BILLY: Tom?
6	MR. RAFTICAN: Yes. Alan, thanks
7	for the work on the presentation on
8	recreational fishing. You notice if you look
9	at the things that we had on it in our agenda
10	online, fishery management opportunities
11	MR. RISENHOOVER: It's not in
12	there.
13	MR. RAFTICAN: it's not in
14	there. But I just want to say thanks for
15	updating it and we're getting there.
16	You know, it's easy to catch people
17	not doing stuff. But when you start coming
18	around and looking at this, we really
19	appreciate it. I just want to say thank you.
20	MR. RISENHOOVER: And that was
21	something the Leadership Council pointed out
22	to me. Like I said, I've got about six of

1	these presentations strung out. And when I
2	had them update this for the MAFAC one, that
3	bullet on rec went away. And so I guess for
4	the Leadership Council when I presented to
5	the Leadership Council, I forget who it was,
6	raised it. Said well what about rec? And I'm
7	like well that's on here somewhere, and it
8	wasn't.
9	So, yes. The agency thinks of
10	that, you know, pretty much in lock step with
11	the commercial. That was just an error on my
12	part of dropping it off slow.
13	MR. RAFTICAN: I like I said, I
14	saw the change. And the change was
15	appreciated. Another broader vision. Thanks.
16	MR. JONER: Mr. Chairman?
17	MR. BILLY: Yes.
18	MR. JONER: I have a question. You
19	kind of rushed through the MMPA slide. But
20	when you do these presentations is there any
21	description of various populations that are
22	managed and whether maybe there's too many of

some species? Is that a wrong subject?

I guess to me as a conscientious fish biologist as we look toward ecosystem management, it's hard to manage the ecosystem if part of its not being managed. And so I don't know if there's a message there or if maybe some -- whether there even is much known about the populations as far as whether that's a sustainable population?

MR. RISENHOOVER: What I would say is what this list is derived from is working with our field folks saying okay, what are you working on now that's going to be somewhat controversial? You know, there's thousands of actions out there, these are the one's floating. My guess is we're not working on an action relative to what you're talking about.

MR. RAUCH: Well, I would say that that's not likely to negative consequences in the next year even if we are working on those kinds of things. If we were to say there's too many of one species, nobody's going to

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out and say okay, well fishermen 1 2 going to be out of business because of that. So this is designed for more the managing the 3 crises focus of that. 4 So we do in our program constantly 5 try to look at the stock assessments. We do 6 7 these periodically, probably not as often as we should, the population assessments and try 8 to get the figures of what they should be. 9 10 But that's not what the purpose of this list is. 11 Right. But I'm 12 MR. JONER: 13 wondering overall, you know, we're always having one salmon problem or another. 14 And, 15 you know one of the usual suspects is the sea 16 lions. So --MR. RAUCH: And we did authorize in 17 the past two years the easy removal of a 18 19 number of them in the Columbia River. MR. RISENHOOVER: Yes. But that's 20 a little bit different than Steve's idea there 21

might be too many of them and those were

1	individual nuisance animals. And so I think
2	our laws point out that there is never too
3	many marine mammals.
4	MR. RAUCH: And the law maybe needs
5	to be updated.
6	MR. JONER: I know. I didn't know
7	where else to bring it up.
8	MR. BILLY: Kathy?
9	MS. FOY: When we say "removal," is
10	this a lot of money being spent to capture and
11	move the animals or is this an Alaskan-style
12	removal?
13	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Well, Sam
14	would know this. But I think we authorized
15	the states to remove them. And so there
16	wasn't federal appropriation for that purpose,
17	to my knowledge.
18	MR. RAUCH: Yes. There is a
19	process you have to go through individually
20	identifying the animals, putting them on a
21	wanted list. They show up again, they can get
22	removed. You have to go try to place them

1	live somewhere in some sort of facility.
2	MS. FOY: Oh, okay.
3	MR. RAUCH: Only if you can't do
4	that, can then you shoot them. Individually
5	they get two strikes. Two strikes. They're
6	usually identified. And it's quite a
7	cumbersome process to remove nuisance animals.
8	MS. FOY: So are you relying on
9	natural markings since we're having a whole
10	lot of permit problems.
11	MR. RAUCH: Well they say that at
12	least in this area they can identify these
13	individual animals. And so I'm not sure how
14	they do it, but they do it. Scars and
15	MR. BILLY: Randy?
16	MR. CATES: Jim, you caught my
17	attention. You make a statement that under
18	the law there's no excess marine mammals?
19	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: That's right.
20	MR. CATES: Is that unique to
21	fisheries? I mean, on land other animals we
22	often cull, correct?

1	MR. RAUCH: That's unique to marine
2	mammals. Also to gold and bald eagles, same
3	thing.
4	MR. CATES: Well, that just makes
5	no sense. I mean, in nature you can have too
6	many of one you do with every other animal.
7	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: It's
8	Endangered Animal Protection Act.
9	MR. BILLY: Any other questions,
10	comments? Alan, anything else?
11	MR. RISENHOOVER: No. Just if you
12	do have other ideas, I'll try to address them
13	MR. BILLY: Okay. All right. Let's
14	take a 15 minute break.
15	(Whereupon, the above-entitled
16	matter went off the record at 9:22 a.m. and
17	resumed at 9:50 a.m.)
18	MR. BILLY: Okay. We'll get
19	started again.
20	I've talked to the three
21	Subcommittee chairs. And I'm getting a sense,
22	this is an informal sense, but a sense that we

1	might be able to work right through and finish
2	up around 1:00, 1:30, something like that. It
3	remains to be seen. You know, if we get into
4	some long discussions, then that'll change.
5	But I'm just trying to keep you up to date.
6	I'm just trying to see how things may play
7	out.
8	The first report out is from
9	Heather's committee, the Strategic Planning,
10	Budget and Program Management Subcommittee.
11	And I'm going to give the floor to Heather.
12	MS. McCARTY: Thank you, Mr.
13	Chairman.
14	You all have both the budget report
15	and the other report on catch shares on your
16	computers sent out by Mark a while ago.
17	DR. HOLLIDAY: Has everybody been
18	able to bring it up as far
19	MR. ALEXANDER: I'm downloading
20	software to do it with right now.
21	MS. McCARTY: And if you don't have
22	it, it's right there.

As you know, it was kind of a spur of the moment assignment to the Committee, and here's what I distilled from our discussion.

The Planning, Budget and Program Management Subcommittee discussed the implementation of the MAFAC group's intent to track and measure performance and progress in major priority areas identified in the 2020 document focusing on budgetary allocations to these priorities. We started talking about the budget. We sort of segued into something slightly different.

This was our recommendation. The Subcommittee recommends the establishment of a template for a tracking system going back several -- and we didn't agree on the number of years, maybe five years as well as moving forward. The intent would be to track the total level of budgetary elements falling into these priority areas which are listed below.

One member suggested that it would be appropriate to establish and use a system

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of measuring performance in addition to sort of just a record of the budgetary allocations to these areas to somehow measure the performance in these areas as well.

The Subcommittee did not attempt to tackle the metric system at this meeting, but recommends that MAFAC have a brief discussion with direction to the Subcommittee and staff for future meetings.

As you know what Mark and others said when we were discussing this as a group, is that the staff could come up with a template for this kind of tracking. And I think both Anne and Alan were confident that they could as well.

The Subcommittee recommends focusing on the following priority subject areas: Data collection research and surveys, aquaculture development, demand quality and supply of U.S. seafood. In other words, increasing safe supply to meet the needs of the United States. Bycatch reduction,

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protected resources, and catch shares.

And then there was a suggestion while Alan was making the presentation to look at progress of funding for implementation.

Now, obviously, the Subcommittee hasn't got back together since I wrote this and so if any members of the Subcommittee wish to disagree with any of this, that would be fine with me. Because we haven't had a chance to discuss it. So I just sort of tried to capture the discussion more than anything else. As it turns out, most of the MAFAC group was actually present for that whole discussion anyway.

MR. BILLY: Okay. It looks good to me as far as opened and others.

Yes.

DR. CHATWIN: It looks great to me.

The only comment I would have is that when talking in the metrics in the end of the first paragraph, second paragraph recommends that MAFAC have a brief discussion to give

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direction. I think we could delete 1 the 2 "brief" and I'm going to see what happens. MS. McCARTY: Okay. 3 Because performance 4 DR. CHATWIN: metrics is never a brief discussion. 5 MS. McCARTY: Okay. 6 7 DR. CHATWIN: That's all. That sentence, was it MR. BILLY: 8 intent intent to have that 9 your or our 10 discussion at this moment or --MS. McCARTY: Well, Mr. Chairman, 11 that was a little bit unclear as to when we 12 would have that discussion. I think as we 13 went into this whole subject area we were 14 15 thinking mostly about tracking budget items in 16 these areas. And this was a new concept. And Tony that brought 17 it was it up, and he suggested this, that we have performance 18 19 measures of some kind in addition to -- I'm assuming you meant that. 20 Tony, you should probably speak to 21 it. 22

1	DR. CHATWIN: No. That's good.
2	MS. McCARTY: Performance measures
3	of some kind to give us an idea of the
4	performance level in these priority areas
5	rather than just depending on the budget
6	numbers to indicate the resources that were
7	put toward these things.
8	MR. BILLY: Well, let me a pose a
9	question then to Jim and Mark and the other
10	agency people here. Given what you see, do
11	you think you have enough to work with to take
12	a shot at producing a strawman for
13	consideration by the Committee at our next
14	meeting? The answer was yes here.
15	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Well, I think
16	so. And of course we may miss the mark a
17	little bit on some of this stuff, but that'll
18	be a step towards finding out exactly what you
19	want and what's most useful to you.
20	MR. BILLY: Makes an attempt.
21	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Yes. Yes
22	Deliberately so.

1	MR. RISENHOOVER: And we should
2	have formal performance measures for all of
3	these, you know at some level or another, or
4	milestones individual programs track. And so
5	we can try to weave those in there.
6	It may not be the high level of
7	outcome measures. They may be more outputs,
8	you know.
9	MS. McCARTY: Right.
10	MR. RISENHOOVER: Number of things
11	rather what did those number of things solve.
12	But
13	MS. McCARTY: Right. Mr. Chairman,
14	we didn't anticipate that we would have a
15	detailed discussion at this meeting about what
16	those metrics might be. But rather just sort
17	of a general direction as to where we might
18	want to go in subsequent meetings.
19	MR. BILLY: So with respect to that
20	particular sentence and the rest of the
21	language there, can we just turn that into a
22	recommendation that the agency follow-up on

1	and targeting our next meeting?
2	MS. McCARTY: I would suggest that
3	we turn this into a motion if people agree
4	with it and agree with the listing of
5	priorities. I think that's the important
6	part
7	MR. BILLY: Yes.
8	MS. McCARTY: is the priorities.
9	And, frankly, that's pretty much everything
10	that's in our 2020. That is not all bad,
11	necessarily.
12	MR. BILLY: Right.
13	MS. McCARTY: But I think if I had
14	to look at it and say what I was most
15	interested in, I would probably pick out two
16	or three and we might want to do that. But
17	MR. BILLY: I think I heard a yes,
18	so
19	MS. McCARTY: Do it all?
20	MR. BILLY: Let's give it a shot
21	and see.
22	MS. McCARTY: Okay.

1	MR. BILLY: Yes. Randy?
2	MR. CATES: I have a question. I
3	agree with everything here, but I want to make
4	sure I'm right on. NOAA has accepted the 2020
5	document. Has the new Administration accepted
6	the 2020 document?
7	I mean we're asking them to do
8	performance measures on it and have they
9	accepted it and said yes we'll implement these
10	recommendations?
11	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Well, I think
12	they've received them and so they're taking it
13	under advisement. But I don't know that
14	they've adopted I think it would be
15	inaccurate to say they've adopted it as a plan
16	that they're going to try to implement
17	everything.
18	MR. CATES: Well I think that needs
19	to be asked before we say well, how are you
20	performing on this document if they haven't
21	said that they're going to do this.

MR. BILLY: Yes. And I'm going to

disagree with you in this sense: I think this accomplishes what you're after. As we move down this track we're going to be -- I'll say this the right way -- confronting the new leadership with what we're going to do with this in a positive way that I think will accomplish that purpose. That's what I think.

McCARTY: MS. I agree. I think is a signal that these are the things that we really are interested in. think there's any way you can say that this new Administration has accepted our priorities as their priorities. Because, for example, if you just take aquaculture just as an example. They are in the process of putting together an application of policies. We don't know whether it's going to look anything like what would like to see in the field aquaculture. My guess is it probably won't, but I don't know that for sure.

And so the things that we want to see we're going to have to push for, and it

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1	starts now I think.
2	MR. BILLY: Paul and then Bill.
3	MR. CLAMPITT: A quick question.
4	Is this a ranking?
5	MS. McCARTY: No.
6	MR. BILLY: No.
7	MR. CLAMPITT: I hope it was.
8	MR. BILLY: You could actually take
9	the numbers out.
10	MR. CLAMPITT: Okay.
11	MR. BILLY: Bill?
12	MR. DEWEY: If I was just trying to
13	capture your thinking, I think it aligns with
14	others on the Committee as to what we intend
15	to do with this information perhaps in this
16	report. I was going to suggest that maybe we
17	add a sentence to the first paragraph along
18	the lines of: "The purpose of this request is
19	intended to provide MAFAC with the information
20	to advise future agency budget priorities."
21	MR. BILLY: Yes. That's good.
22	MR. RIZZARDI: Just minor editorial

1	to prevent any concern as to whether or not
2	that is a ranking, I would say just put it in
3	bullets and alphabetize it.
4	MS. McCARTY: That's fine.
5	MR. RIZZARDI: Do it with bullets
6	and alphabetical order.
7	MS. McCARTY: Yes, it's usually
8	easier with a number of things when you're
9	having a discussion.
10	MR. BILLY: Yes.
11	MR. RIZZARDI: Just when it finally
12	comes out as a final product.
13	MR. SIMPSON: Just make sure you
14	use data collection in your search and surveys
15	on the top of it.
16	MR. BILLY: All right. Other
17	comments?
18	MS. McCARTY: Did somebody capture
19	that sentence that Bill was suggesting?
20	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: I have it. I
21	can transfer it down somehow.
22	MR. BILLY: Can you repeat it,

1	Bill, just so we know?
2	MR. DEWEY: So it would be at the
3	end of the first paragraph. It would be a new
4	sentence saying: "The purpose of this request
5	is intended to provide MAFAC with the
6	information to advise future agency budget
7	priorities."
8	"The purpose of this request is
9	intended to provide MAFAC with information to
10	advise future agency budget priorities."
11	MR. BILLY: To advise on? Okay.
12	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, I would
13	move this report as a recommendation from
14	MAFAC as part of our recommendations.
15	MR. DEWEY: Second.
16	MR. BILLY: Okay. Any further
17	discussion?
18	All those in favor?
19	(Chorus of ayes.)
20	MR. BILLY: Opposed? All done.
21	MS. McCARTY: There's another one
22	which will come up now.

1	MR. SIMPSON: What did you put me
2	down there for?
3	MS. McCARTY: Didn't you say
4	MR. SIMPSON: No, I said put it on
5	the top. Hit the reverse button.
6	MR. BILLY: Ignore him. Ignore
7	him. Go ahead. Keep going.
8	MS. McCARTY: Okay. This is the
9	catch share draft comments. This was make
10	it as big as you can, please. That's good for
11	me. Is it good for you guys?
12	MR. BILLY: That's good.
13	MS. McCARTY: You also should have
14	this.
15	Now this was difficult and we
16	talked around the horn a little bit and came
17	up with different methods of arriving at the
18	same place. And I synthesized all three or
19	four methods into this. So, again, if other
20	members of the Subcommittee have any problem
21	with any of it, I don't have any pride of

ownership.

MAFAC's Planning, Budget and Program Management Subcommittee forwards the following suggested comments to the full MAFAC group for discussion and possible adoption.

We recommend that the MAFAC's final comments be adopted in the form of a motion listing the suggested revisions and additions and where possible and appropriate their suggested location in the policy document. The Subcommittee did not attempt a redline revision of the policy document. That was just not reasonable.

So these are at the high priority recommendations. And this is sort of my judgment on what people were most interested in, again not having an opportunity to go back to everybody and say is this right. I just did this one.

The Subcommittee believes that there's an urgent need nationwide to resolve the outstanding questions on the application of the MSA LAP guidelines to the design of

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catch share programs, and that should have "s" on it if you can. Particularly in the areas of community provisions, cost recovery and the process or allocation of share. And referring to page 18 Table 1, number 1.2 was really what that is.

The lack of these guidelines is hampering the development of catch share programs both currently underway and soon to be undertaken.

I don't think that's too strong a statement. That's just the way I'd decide to put it.

Subcommittee Number The two: recommends that policy document include a comprehensive listing of catch share design elements with the recommendation that they be considered by Regional Fishery Management Councils in the development of catch share help achieve programs to management objectives.

The Subcommittee discussed several

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1 ways to incorporate such a listing into the 2 document. these options 3 Now are and alternatives if you look at it like a NEPA-4 document. These suggestions 5 type for 6 incorporation include: The modification of 1.1 7 A: 18 include 8 Table on page to considerations; 9 10 в: Their inclusion in the catch share design handbook proposed in number 1.5 11 in Table 1, and; 12 13 C:And this was suggested by Chairman Billy, a short background section to 14 15 be added to the document discussing lessons 16 learned with programs already in effect, particularly the potential for unintended 17 consequences and the need to be flexible. 18 19 I took that to mean flexible in changing elements of the programs that may need to be 20 changed as you go. 21

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So those are our options if you

look at them as a council action.

This is a proposed list and it is not in order of priority. And I think I pretty much captured everything, but maybe not. So people might want to add to this.

Identification and inclusion of all stakeholders in the design process and the program, any program that's projected; B: conservation considerations including bycatch reduction, ecosystem management and adequate biological data collection;

C: Accountability enforcement including observer programs and financing for those observer programs;

D: Community sustainability including potential effects of management changes through capture programs.

Transferability issues, and that's a really broad category but it includes the whole concept of owner on board or not and leasing and who can have what when and how much. So consolidation issues is really how

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1	much. Consolidation issues are really the
2	discussion of ownership caps, use caps,
3	processing caps to limit or not to limit the
4	extent of consolidation;
5	U.S. ownership/sovereignty.
6	Martin's addition;
7	H: Consideration of the
8	recreational sector;
9	I: Sideboards to protect other
10	fisheries. And that's pretty complicated, but
11	we heard quite a bit about that from Earl,
12	actually. He gave a real good explanation of
13	that.
14	Go ahead.
15	MR. CLAMPITT: Yes. I would suggest
16	maybe adding a short little line in this owner
17	on board whether we're going to allow
18	individual ownership or corporate ownership. I
19	don't know if it's necessary or not, but I
20	would see it
21	MS. McCARTY: Yes, that's a good
22	addition. That would be included in there.

1	Yes, that's good. Individual or corporate
2	ownership.
3	Yes, Tony?
4	DR. CHATWIN: I just want to know
5	how you want to approach this. I was just
6	letting from my perspective, just letting you
7	go through the whole document and maybe we
8	would have a discussion about it, right?
9	MS. McCARTY: Okay.
10	MR. BILLY: Well, we're going to go
11	back through it.
12	MS. McCARTY: We do that. We can
13	go the list now and go back to it.
14	MR. BILLY: Go back through it.
15	Because I have comments too.
16	MS. McCARTY: The next one, entry
17	level opportunities including how new entrants
18	enter a fishery and including financing
19	programs for that and eligibility
20	requirements.
21	K: Prevention of "fishing for
22	quota" including control dates. That was
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1 brought up and that's not very well stated 2 there, but it's the idea of -- which Ι actually think might be very difficult. 3 Ι didn't know how to capture that statement so I 4 just put that in the way it came out in the 5 6 comment period. Describe what you're 7 MR. SIMPSON: talking about. 8 MS. McCARTY: What it means is what 9 10 people were concerned about is the idea that when the catch share program is suggested, 11 first suggested or on the horizon, that people 12 13 enter the fishery very quickly and over capitalize, and do whatever they have to do to 14 15 get quota. 16 MR. SIMPSON: I understand then. MS. McCARTY: And I've said in that 17 discussion that people do that to get bycatch 18 19 quota so that they can get bycatch when bycatch was allocated if bycatch was allocated 20

MR. SIMPSON: Okay.

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in the program.

MS. McCARTY: Adequate economic data collection. I put this in a separate category because I think it's different than the biological data collection and I think it's just as important. And again, these kind of overlap with each other.

Obviously, community sustainability is dependent on economic factors. And when

is dependent on economic factors. And when you do the economic data collection you're looking at the health of the communities, for example. So obviously, there's some overlap of these.

All sectors, including recreational fishery, that was a particular place where people thought recreational fisheries ought to be looked at. I think that was Patty's comment.

Royalties. I just put it there as a heading. I didn't attempt to discuss any further.

And critical influence of the initial allocation process.

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Program evaluation, which I think is extremely important. I think maybe that should also say program review and evaluation, we can add that.

And then finally, one of the trigger questions was sort of headed for -you know of the list of things in Table 1,
what do we think is most important? And a
couple of people opined on that, I was one of
them. I like 1.1 and 1.2 and 1.5. Tony said
2.5 and 2.6, 2.7, 3.3, 4.2 and 4.5.

So I just put those up there as things that people said. And I don't think anybody else really added any additional ones.

So I think they're all important, but you are asked to sort of apply that.

Okay. Now the next section is attempting to capture the discussion that we had about the recreational aspects of fisheries. The Subcommittee discussed at length the inclusion of additional material on recreational fisheries and we only agreed on a

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couple of things.

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We agreed that Table 1 needs to reflect the recreational aspects the best in That there needs to the text and; 2: acknowledgment consideration of and the recreational fisheries during the catch share design process at the regional councils. Those we could agree on. However, there was no general agreement among the recreational participants in the Subcommittee discussion on include how or whether to specific more in the policy for recreational quidelines fisheries. And the Subcommittee recommends full that the MAFAC further group have discussion. Well, I don't even know whether they recommended that, but it seemed inevitable.

Comstock provided Earl the following comments for consideration by MAFAC group since he wasn't а member Subcommittee member. I put it in smaller print to indicate that he was providing them,

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that the Subcommittee did not have a discussion on these specific comments, but he did sort of talk about these things while he was sitting at the table with us as an expert.

And I think you can kind of look at those yourself and discover -- obviously, you have to have the document in hand in order to do that. And I don't think I need to walk through that. We can all walk through that separately.

He, in number 3, says some of the same things that we have sort of agreed on about NMFS will work with councils, stakeholders, fishing communities and fishermen to research and develop appropriate catch share options to address the specifics of different fisheries, in particular fisheries for which there's little experience in which catch share programs for similar fisheries do not currently exist as part of the process for researching options. NMFS will establish a process provide to

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preliminary responses on legal questions regarding specific program elements as catch proposals being developed share are by interested parties for specific fisheries which I think we've kind of covered a little bit part of that in our other comments. And then 4: We've already covered, revise the summaries at Table 1 to better

revise the summaries at Table 1 to better reflect a retail treatment in the document.

And I think that was covered in one of the things we could all agree on.

And then given Mark's concerns about spurring resistance to the document by mentioning recreational fisheries and catch shares too explicitly, and this is Earl's words right here not mine, "I think the above changes would help without getting people too riled up." I just put his whole comment in.

And then there was another discussion that we really didn't agree on.

Is there a question?

DR. HOLLIDAY: Are you taking

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1 questions and comments throughout or are you 2 waiting until the end? MS. McCARTY: Whatever you want to 3 do is fine with me. 4 My suggestion is that 5 MR. BILLY: you're almost finished and that we'll go back 6 7 MS. McCARTY: Okay. Okay. 8 BILLY: through 9 MR. the 10 document. MS. McCARTY: All right. This was 11 a discussion we had on pilot programs. 12 13 felt that pilot programs made much sense considering the complexity 14 of captures. 15 Others made the point the pilot programs may 16 inhibit investment and reduce the potential for adding economic value to a fishery and 17 instead, encouraged the inclusion of robust 18 19 program review requirements to assess provide opportunities 20 performance and That was pretty much changes to programs. 21

word-for-word what Lee Anderson recommended.

Even though he isn't a Subcommittee member, I think we kind of agreed on that. But we didn't really state that position.

Catch shares as a management tool.

There was a number of people that brought this up and it's difficult to capture.

The Subcommittee agreed that the policy language gives the impression that catch shares are the most important tool to deal with management issues. In reality, there are a number of tools that are part of fishery management traditional and should remain important considerations. Continued science-based management including adherence is just as crucial as catch share to TAC development. The Subcommittee suggested that introduction language be added to reflect this.

And then finally, there were a couple of editing issues.

One was brought up by Mr. Billy, and he might want to speak more to that.

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Clarify and differentiate the various ways the word "program" is used in the document.

And then finally, clarify the meaning of the word "allocation" as it is used in the document and the difference between allocation and distribution. Allocation and distribution between sectors of different than allocation on the commercial side of TAC than catch share. That's wordfor-word what went up on the screen when the comment was made, and it was made by Martin. And I believe that if people have questions about that, they can address it to him.

MR. BILLY: Okay. Let's go back to the beginning.

MS. McCARTY: Those aren't my words. I really didn't get the distinction because we didn't go through the document. But Martin's point was that several places in the document where it's used and we have to go through the document and kind of look at those places and determine what was really meant, is

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1	kind of my impression.
2	MR. FISHER: It's more that the
3	recreational community that's attempting to
4	change allocation structure in the different
5	regional councils is using that word and using
6	that concept because it's offered in a way
7	which it doesn't apply to that. That's what
8	it's about.
9	MS. McCARTY: Okay. So I think
10	that problem is going to need further
11	attention.
12	So, Mr. Chairman, as a whole, this
13	is not going to transpose into a motion as
14	such because there's elements in it that
15	haven't been agreed on and that needs further
16	attention.
17	MR. BILLY: Okay. And that gets me
18	to my first question that ties into what's
19	there in that first paragraph. As the Chair,
20	what is your preference in how we move forward
21	given now that we've seen our product to date?
22	MS. McCARTY: Well, I think

1	generally speaking if we agreed with the high
2	priority recommendations, we ought to take
3	those first and move them individually,
4	perhaps, as potential additions/revisions,
5	whatever. I think those are very important
6	considerations and not to say that the others
7	aren't, but I think perhaps it might be easier
8	to do it in sections rather than try to
9	construct the whole thing. Because obviously
10	the first paragraph there would not be part of
11	a motion, for example. But if you wanted to
12	move recommendation one, recommendation two,
13	recommendation three in a motion, you can do
14	that.
15	MR. BILLY: And how about the rest
16	of it?
17	MS. McCARTY: Well, I think they
18	need discussion. You know, there was
19	MR. BILLY: And how? Discussion
20	now?
21	MS. McCARTY: Yes.
22	MR. BILLY: Okay.

1 MS. McCARTY: That's what 2 here for. MR. BILLY: Okay. 3 4 MS. McCARTY: And there may be additional things that people want to bring 5 6 up. I mean, as I said, many of the people around this table were at the discussion at 7 one point or another, but they may or may not 8 have totally agreed with all of it. And they 9 10 may not have been able to put their thoughts on the table as much as they wanted to. So I 11 fully expect that there may be additional 12 13 things. Okay. Why don't you 14 MR. BILLY: lead us through it? 15 16 MS. McCARTY: Well, the first recommendation, I think it's implicit in the 17 policy I believe that the 1.2 discussion in 18 19 the policy shows intent to provide this sort of quidance. And I'm assuming that, and Mark 20 might want to speak to each of these as we go 21

through if he feels he needs to do that. But

1	that's my assumption in reading the policy.
2	But I think we elevated this because we felt
3	that it was particularly important. It was in
4	a couple of the presentations from the
5	experts. It was in a couple of the internal
6	presentations. And the people's personal
7	experiences indicate that this is a pressing
8	need.
9	So I guess the motion will be to
10	elevate this to sort of top priority ASAP.
11	MR. BILLY: So it could be in the
12	form of, the Committee believes there's an
13	urgent need and so forth?
14	MS. McCARTY: Correct. Yes. All
15	you'd have to do in order to make a motion
16	would be to replace the word subcommittee with
17	MAFAC. Just like when you're at a council
18	process you replace the word AP with council,
19	or whatever.
20	DR. CHATWIN: Question to clarify.
21	I'm sorry.

MR. BILLY: Go ahead.

1	MR. RISENHOOVER: Okay. What I was
2	interpreting, and I don't know, Mark is more
3	involved with policy, is that 1.2, yes, we
4	plan on issuing guidance. The specific
5	elements of that guidance, we had some
6	internal discussions and ideas, but hadn't
7	landed on, what do we need specific guidance
8	on. This recommendation would seem to give us
9	an indication that guidance is important and
10	the two or three things you list here are
11	particularly important to include in that
12	guidance. That is how I
13	MS. McCARTY: I think that would be
14	a good interpretation. That would be correct.
15	MR. BILLY: Okay. Tony?
16	DR. CHATWIN: I had a question for
17	clarification what "community provisions"
18	means.
19	MS. McCARTY: To me?
20	DR. CHATWIN: Yes. I mean I would
21	like to understand or if I'm voting, I know
22	what I'm voting on.

1	MS. McCARTY: The community
2	provisions are the ability, or the supposed
3	ability in the MSA to form community fishing
4	associations. I don't have all the language
5	in front of me, I don't have the MSA in front
6	of me. But Mark might be able to clarify
7	this.
8	There's a couple of different sort
9	of community-style associations that inform
10	the whole Act.
11	DR. CHATWIN: So if that's the case
12	and you're referencing somewhere in the Act,
13	you should be specific and reference that.
14	MS. McCARTY: Okay.
15	DR. CHATWIN: Because without that,
16	it's open to interpretation.
17	MS. McCARTY: Okay. It's on page
18	81 of this version that I'm looking at.
19	DR. CHATWIN: Eighty-one.
20	DR. HOLLIDAY: It's a copy of the
21	Magnuson Act, that's all. So you're asking a
22	reference of the Magnuson Act, which is

1	providing a copy of that section.
2	DR. CHATWIN: And are they the
3	community provisions, or is there
4	MS. McCARTY: Pardon? Do you want
5	me to read them?
6	DR. CHATWIN: No. I was asking Mark
7	if "community provisions" is what that section
8	is referred to as?
9	DR. HOLLIDAY: It talks about
10	fishing, the title is "Fishing Communities",
11	that subparagraph is talking about the
12	creation of fishing communities and regional
13	fisheries associations. So it's the two
14	elements, I think, that are in the generic
15	term of community provisions referenced in
16	this paragraph.
17	DR. CHATWIN: Right. So I guess
18	the question would be, do you mean anything
19	outside of what is a 303(a)3 (c)3.
20	MS. McCARTY: Yes. We can just add
21	that.
22	MR. BILLY: I think the answer is

1 no. 2 Okay. Entertain a motion with that clarification added. 3 MS. McCARTY: There's also sections 4 that deal with cost recovery and processor 5 6 allocation and all that, processor issues. And those references as well. 7 DR. HOLLIDAY: Is 8 there any reference to processor allocation? There is a 9 10 section on cost recovery in the Act. MS. McCARTY: There is reference to 11 processor issues. We can put those references 12 13 in. MR. BILLY: Bill? 14 15 MR. DEWEY: So the draft guidelines 16 under 1.2 are essentially saying, this guidance is going to be developed. So I think 17 Alan's point was a good one that MAFAC's 18 19 recommendation is specifically that

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particular areas. So I don't know if we need

include,

to reword this to reflect that or not.

quidance

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minimum,

The other question I had is when you go to where 1.2 is elaborated on the bottom of page 9 the second paragraph says that many issues will be addressed by the issuance of informal guidance in the conduct of regional or national workshops, however there may remain other issues requiring formal notice or public comment, rulemaking.

So are we using guidance here generically as we doing it? Are we intending to specify whether we think this needs to be formal policy or informal policy?

MS. McCARTY: Good question. Mr. Chairman, should I just respond to these?

I believe that there needs to be as formal a guidance process as possible. I think informal guidance is fine, but I don't think it is ultimately very helpful if you don't have it in writing and in the form of maybe rulemaking. I'm not sure. Well, that's not up to me. But I think that it's important to be as specific and as clear as possible

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1	with these guidelines.
2	MR. BILLY: Dave?
3	MR. WALLACE: Well, I guess I
4	couldn't disagree more. You know, you can
5	make suggestions to councils but I think in
6	this situation, providing rules that the
7	Councils must follow is just going to make the
8	system work less effective than would be if
9	you give the Councils the freedom it takes to
10	develop catch share programs that they may
11	feel are appropriate for a given fishery.
12	MR. BILLY: Okay. Other
13	discussion.
14	MS. McCARTY: If anybody wants a
15	copy of the policy, they can have them. Could
16	you pass that down?
17	MR. BILLY: Go ahead.
18	MR. RISENHOOVER: I think there
19	should be some resolutions. Is the
20	recommendation for formal policy, i.e. the
21	regulatory guidance we have, like the national
22	standards on guidance we have, or for an

informal policy which would be reflected in the catch share? So the recommendation from the Committee is the recommendation from the Committee. We would then look at it internally, decide, well yes, do we need it, do we not, legally can, legally can't.

MR. BILLY: Okay. Mark?

HOLLIDAY: Yes. DR. Just background to why the section was written up the way it is. It's not we in the task force got input from councils, from stakeholders and formal notice of cases some rulemaking might be the most appropriate means to solidify a point that is prescriptive, that we don't want any flexibility, we don't want any other interpretation and we want to lock that into a regulation. However, there are many other reasons or opportunities to provide guidance to people about a preferred way of doing it or a best practice that doesn't have locked in, but it's providing to be information, providing instruction, some

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providing some direction that is as useful in a policy device that's not in a formal notice of comment regulation that winds up in the Code of Federal Regulations. And once you do something that locks it into a CFR, it's much more difficult in the future to change it and it's more cumbersome. And many of the issues that we're dealing with are evolutionary in And so we have a certain amount of nature. We're providing our best advice on knowledge. the circumstances today, but a catch share program may come up tomorrow that challenges that recommendation or that ideal and we'd have to go back and change a rule.

The short version is, I think we wanted to consider both types of guidance to be available to solve the problems that were being identified by councils or stakeholder groups, or regional offices rather than one or the other. But if the Committee feels strongly that in these three areas it's the type of advice that you want to provide to

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people should be locked into law, then, that's your intent you should state it. Ιf you think that it should be left to whichever it makes the most sense given what the stakeholders and councils and regions are saying, that's fine.

I think Alan's point was if you have a preference, you ought to state it. If you don't, that's fine too. But I wanted to give you that background.

We felt there were options to have both types of guidance to clarify questions as they come up into the Council's consideration or catch.

MR. RISENHOOVER: Right. And hearing from the Committee gives us a sense of what people are thinking. And me personally, I think the cost recoveries should be a little more required policy-wise so it's treated around the county the same. Now saying that's agency policy. I'm saying that's me sitting here.

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1	The others, I don't know. And
2	that's why we want to take it back to council.
3	MS. McCARTY: Okay. You know,
4	again I think if somebody wants to make a
5	motion, then we might want to take a look at
6	the language after the motion is on the table
7	if people want to take a look at it and if
8	it's perceived that way.
9	If somebody put a motion on the
10	table moving, MAFAC believes or MAFAC
11	recommends, or whatever, and then we could go
12	from there with the motion on the table with
13	amendments if people wish to do that. That
14	would be the neatest way to do it.
15	MR. RIZZARDI: So moved.
16	I guess what we're asking is for
17	staff to consider and incorporate our comments
18	in a revised version of the draft document.
19	MR. BILLY: Yes.
20	MR. RIZZARDI: I mean that's the
21	bottom line.
22	So I move that MAFAC formally

1 recommend that staff modify the draft document
to reflect our comments and recommendations.
MR. FISHER: Second.
4 MS. McCARTY: All of them? Just
5 number one?
MR. RIZZARDI: Well, one and two.
7 MS. McCARTY: One and two.
8 MR. RIZZARDI: Correct.
9 MS. McCARTY: Okay.
0 MR. BILLY: Okay. Discussion? Go
ahead, Patty?
2 MS. DOERR: Just point of
clarification. That draft document?
4 MR. RIZZARDI: This draft document.
MS. DOERR: Okay.
6 MR. RIZZARDI: I think ultimately
7 that's where it has to go and we're not going
8 to sit here and rewrite the catch share
policy. Ultimately we're turning to Mark and
Alan to make their changes accordingly.
We've looked at the document. We
2 have reached all these observations and

1	insights and we're trying to give them some
2	guidance to modify the document accordingly.
3	MS. McCARTY: That would be the
4	motion.
5	MR. BILLY: We have a motion that's
6	made and seconded.
7	MS. McCARTY: And, Mr. Chairman, if
8	I could speak to it. In number two there's a
9	couple of different places where these
10	additions of this particular listing that's
11	talked about in two could go.
12	I don't know whether the Committee
13	here wants to give any direction on that. I
14	have my preference myself. But I think any
15	place that it is is fine, as long as it's
16	there. So I don't really care. I think we
17	could send forward all three alternatives and
18	leave that up to the modifiers as well.
19	MR. BILLY: Okay. Dave?
20	MR. WALLACE: Well, you know, it's
21	interesting to see the difference in
22	perception of how catch shares could be used

from different regions and how they are used in different regions. And, you know, what is standard procedure on the West Coast or in Alaska may not be standard procedure in the southeast or the northeast.

And so I keep coming back to the flexibility. Don't lock things in because -you know, Kitty was sitting here yesterday and she was walking past and she said "You know,
I've sat here all day and I don't know what you're all doing. Because, you know, rewrite the plans and NMFS can make suggestions to us, but we don't want to be locked into what we can do and what we can't do on catch shares.
We want the flexibility to address the issues that we have to deal with this in this region."

So I just remind you again that making this more rigid just means that it won't happen. If you want to have catch shares, you have to let each region do it and each council do it on their own. And if you

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put a very severe regiment then, all you do is say this. And if you want to kill it, that's a good way to do it.

MR. BILLY: Dave, I assume in my reading of this and what we discussed, and in the first sentence there of number two where it says "With the recommendation that they be considered by the Regional Fishery Management councils," I don't hear a locking in. the identification of a series of elements the that encouraging Councils we're And, hopefully, if the consider. agrees, through the regional directors however, they're going to be encouraging that that happen as these catch share programs are developed. So it still holds the regional management councils. That's my reading of what we have here. I don't see a locking in.

But Bill, you had --

MR. DEWEY: Well, I was just a little confused on the motion here and just for clarification, Keith, you were saying -- I

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1	guess I'll have you repeat the motion.
2	MR. RIZZARDI: I'm trying to refer
3	this document to NOAA staff so that they can
4	make modifications to the document.
5	MR. DEWEY: Based on?
6	MR. RIZZARDI: These are our
7	recommendations.
8	MR. DEWEY: What's here in one and
9	two?
10	MR. RIZZARDI: Yes.
11	MS. McCARTY: Yes.
12	MR. RIZZARDI: One and two.
13	MR. DEWEY: And what I was talking
14	about earlier is that I think we should amend
15	one and perhaps your motion captures that, in
16	that we're trusting staff to capture this
17	conversation.
18	MR. RIZZARDI: Right.
19	MR. DEWEY: But, you know my
20	suggestion was to amend number one to reflect
21	that these guidelines should include, at a
22	minimum, clarification on the community

1	provisions, cost recovery and processor.
2	MR. RIZZARDI: So the stuff that's
3	on the screen.
4	MR. DEWEY: Yes.
5	MR. RIZZARDI: Yes, I mean that was
6	my assumption was that the version as we just
7	edited, is what we're going to be sending off
8	to NOAA.
9	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, if I
10	may? I think that now that we have the motion
11	on the floor, then people could suggest
12	amendments to the motion, and
13	MR. RIZZARDI: Right. Right.
14	MS. McCARTY: that's the way you
15	should proceed.
16	MR. BILLY: Okay. Tony?
17	DR. CHATWIN: Thank you, Mr.
18	Chairman.
19	I have a few issues with the motion
20	as it currently is. The first one is that I
21	think we should make the recommendations clear
22	and not defer to staff to interpret the

recommendation.

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So, in the spirit of clarity, although I thought that referring to Table 1.2 -- Table 1 and the provisions therein, that table is a summary table. And all our comments here are directed to the summary, which in itself is an interpretation of what actually in the document. And so that can be open to interpretation again.

And so as I read this and knowing what's in the document, I feel that we're not really in some cases providing useful advice.

And in some cases, and I'll elaborate. So it's not a wholesale criticism of this. It's just in some cases.

So, for example, I would suggest -- and I'm not formally making amendments or motions to amend. It's just discussion.

So I would suggest that we take out the reference to page 18 and Table 1 number 1.2 because number 1.2 is actually on a different page where it's fully elaborated.

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And if we read that language and these things are not highlighted, then it's, in my opinion, a useful recommendation. Saying look, in this section in the policy you've missed this, you include this.

So, following that line of reasoning, under number 2 I think this does reflect the discussion we had yesterday. And I think you did a great job. So that's not what I'm saying. But I think we should just remove the different options of where it could go in the document unless we're going to be very specific in redlining, saying that this is the suggested language for the document.

And then, in terms of the proposed list of elements, and this again is an example, when we talk -- the last one, which I think is a particularly important -- they're all important, but program evaluation. Now evaluation is mentioned throughout the document. So I'm seeing how not us recommending that program evaluation should be

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in the policy is actually recommending something new or highlighting something particularly important.

So this is why I'm struggling with the motion as it currently stands. I would recommend we take a minute and think about what it is we want to really be recommending.

We don't do any statements as to whether we think it's done a pretty good job but these things are missing or we need to emphasize. I mean, we start to do that in number one, but in number two there's a big list there of things that are in the policy and you're not really saying -- anyway, so that's what I'm struggling with. And I hope we could address this.

MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, I think that the Subcommittee didn't really get into that kind of detail that you're talking about, Tony. I completely understand what you're saying and I think the best way to address it would be for a MAFAC member to address it in

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1	the form of a proposed amendment. I can't
2	think of any other way to get it on paper.
3	You know the Subcommittee had a
4	limited amount of time, was trying to kind of
5	capture all the recommendations from all the
6	experts and all of the stuff that people think
7	that we need to learn from those experiences.
8	So that's what I have to say about it.
9	MR. BILLY: Okay. Go ahead, Tony.
10	DR. CHATWIN: Sorry. If we all
11	agree that that's the way to proceed, I will
12	make a motion to amend. Shall we do it that
13	way?
14	MR. BILLY: Absolutely. I
15	understand.
16	Go ahead, Paul?
17	MR. CLAMPITT: I'd like to hear the
18	motion.
19	MR. RIZZARDI: In order to start
20	the discussion I think we've said I move that
21	we make the high priority recommendations to
22	NOAA so that they can modify their document

1 accordingly. So that's basically all I 2 trying to do, is tee off the discussion. MR. CLAMPITT: And then the 3 amendment is? 4 MR. RIZZARDI: Tony is making the 5 point that what's there is not appropriately 6 7 clear. And he'd rather be even more specific. And I will point out that one way that we 8 could do that is we could eliminate paragraph 9 10 one, we could trim paragraph two and we could be very explicit and say "We believe that NOAA 11 needs to make sure that the document reflects 12 13 the list of elements" and then go to that list of A through O. We could work our way through 14 15 A through O, be more specific as a group, and 16 then that would be our recommendation. And we could make it a little tighter and a little 17 bit more clear. 18 19 The other option is to actually go into the document and try to offer up changes 20 within the document itself. That's what I 21

think is too much for us to take on.

I think at some point we have to defer to NOAA staff and give our direction to NOAA staff and help them along the way. the heart and soul of this is -- who managing the screen?

MS. McCARTY: Not me.

MR. BILLY: Kari.

MR. RIZZARDI: Kari. Could you scroll down to the lists? A through O. So maybe if you did a hard return at A so we could see it all on one page.

What's on the screen now is what the Committee labored for, what the Subcommittee labored for, this is at its heart the recommendation that was made; is that no needs to consider these factors and one incorporate them into the catch share policy. And to give further direction to the regional councils, the regional councils consider all of these factors when developing a catch share program.

If we should supplement these, if

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1	we should modify these, if we should edit
2	these I think that would be a great direction
3	for our Committee to go today with the
4	remaining time that we have.
5	MR. BILLY: Paul, does that answer
6	your question?
7	MR. CLAMPITT: Yes, and I agree
8	with him.
9	MR. BILLY: Okay. And I have
10	Martin and Dave and then Steve.
11	MR. FISHER: Well, that was
12	actually one of my questions. I wanted to know
13	as a point of order if we did vote on the
14	amendments that were on the motion the way it
15	was, would we be able to modify these or add
16	or subtract, or whatever. So is that the
17	stage that we're at right now?
18	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, the
19	motion is on the floor to make these
20	recommendations as they are written currently.
21	MR. FISHER: Okay.

MS. McCARTY: And if you want to

1	amend that motion, you need to amend it before
2	we have a vote on it.
3	MR. FISHER: Okay. Then I'd like
4	to make a friendly amendment to one of the
5	item numbers. Which one is it? Item K.
6	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, I might
7	point out that we made some friendly
8	amendments before we even made the motion
9	which are reflected on the screen.
10	MR. FISHER: Yes, it would be
11	helpful, Kari, if you could make changes so as
12	we're editing.
13	Okay. So what I wanted to add to
14	that was, and avoid consolidation of
15	Atlantic's history after the establishment of
16	the control date for any particular catch
17	share program.
18	MS. McCARTY: Say that again.
19	MR. FISHER: And avoid
20	consolidation of Atlantic's history after the
21	establishment of the control date for any
22	particular catch share program for the purpose

1	of increasing the maximum cap in any program.
2	In other words, what happened in
3	the Gulf, we had a control date on '04, the
4	program didn't get implemented until '09. In
5	the timeframe in between, people were buying
6	and selling permits with catch share history
7	and it changed the actual cap that existed,
8	the ownership cap that existed at the time of
9	the control date, which, in a sense, is
10	fishing for quota.
11	MR. SIMPSON: Wait a minute. How
12	did they change it?
13	MR. FISHER: Pardon me?
14	MR. SIMPSON: How did they change
15	it?
16	MR. FISHER: In '04 when the
17	control date was established for no more
18	Atlantics after to be considered. At that
19	point of time, let's just say for
20	hypothetical, the largest shareholder had one
21	percent of the quotas.
22	MR. SIMPSON: Six percent was the

1	biggest.
2	MR. FISHER: Okay. And now it's
3	six, but that's because of all the trading in
4	between. At the time it was only one.
5	So what's happened is there's been
6	a derby of trading and it's the same thing as
7	fishing for quota.
8	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman,
9	respectfully, I don't think you can include
10	that kind of detail in these guidelines.
11	MR. FISHER: Okay.
12	MS. McCARTY: I think that each
13	council, in reference to Dave Wallace's
14	comment. I think each council has to grapple
15	with those issues themselves. I don't think
16	you can use your own experiences in that kind
17	of detail to set even guidelines for people.
18	I don't think you can.
19	I mean, control dates, for example,
20	do not have the force of law. You can change
21	a control date anytime you want. You can say

this is a control date in one council meeting

1	and the next council meeting can change that
2	control date. And it happens all the time.
3	So I mean, all we're saying is
4	these are styled points that we know might be
5	big issues when you start looking at catch
6	share programs. And if you just have to look
7	at some of these experiences and make
8	judgments in the region, I think. I don't
9	think you can get into that kind of detail.
10	If we were going to do that, we'd be here all
11	day.
12	MR. BILLY: So you're withdrawing
13	your friendly amendment?
14	MR. FISHER: Yes, I guess I am.
15	MS. McCARTY: Well, I'm just
16	signaling that I would vote against such an
17	amendment.
18	MR. FISHER: But we never had a
19	second for my friendly amendment. I can
20	withdraw.
21	MR. BILLY: Fair enough. Okay.
22	Paul, or Dave and Steve and then Paul.

MR. WALLACE: I guess I don't want to sound like a broken record, but I'm going to repeat myself from yesterday.

Yesterday, my first remark was that should not play with the catch share document as written. Don't forget who wrote this document now. There were 18 people people from the involved, ten Federal eight people, Government and each one representing the National Fisheries Lee Anderson was one of the Management. members on this from the Councils.

I've read it carefully. I believe as much as I would love to fiddle with it, I don't know how to fiddle with it and make it better. Because it's a generic document that says, really, these actually are all the policies that NMFS has had for a long time. And the only real difference is, now they really are asking the Councils to consider using these things, where in the past they said, if you want to use it that's fine, but

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we're not taking a position.

And it's pretty simple why they want to do it, I think. And they're going to have to do more with less coming up very shortly because they're going to have severe budget constraints. And I can tell you about the catch share or the ITQ fishery that I'm involved in and was involved in from the very beginning. And that is, that it doesn't take any or much effort on NOAA's part to manage the fishery. The good news is the fishery — the members of the fishery manage the fishery, except for setting a quota.

So I oppose this motion unless it's very clearly said, you know, if and when NOAA puts out a list of recommendations that they re-include some of these things if they so desire. And that's not the motion itself. Right at the moment I'm opposed to it.

We've spent a long time and many conference calls to put together this catch share, and it was a whole series of

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1 compromises. And, yes, it's very generic, 2 that's what it was designed to be. Thank you. 3 Mr. Chairman? 4 MS. McCARTY: Ι wanted to put on the record that Mr. Wallace 5 6 made these comments during the Subcommittee 7 discussion. They did not seem to have a lot of agreement, but I maybe should have included 8 a minority report in the Subcommittee. 9 10 apologize for not doing that. I mean it was very clear in the 11 Subcommittee discussion that Dave did 12 13 agree with this. MR. BILLY: Steve? 14 15 MR. JONER: Mine's kind of outdated 16 now because I was going to speak before Martin did. But the point's been made, I guess, at 17 Martin's expense now is that we do want it to 18

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be generic and we can't get in -- we all have

experience out there. And I'd, rather than

add, I'd rather maybe delete some of these if

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1	necessary. But I guess I'd be most satisfied
2	if we went through and we were all satisfied
3	that these are generic. I don't have any
4	trouble adding to what's been done, as long as
5	they're generic because the regions are so
6	different. And we all know, for example, what
7	works in Alaska doesn't work in the United
8	States. So we have to
9	MS. McCARTY: He doesn't even want
10	the Alaska experience.
11	MR. JONER: But I can just see that
12	there's such great cultural differences here,
13	especially in the culture of the regions that
14	so there's a very small list of similar issues
15	that are generic.
16	So that's my two cents worth. That
17	we just need to be careful there.
18	MR. BILLY: Okay. Paul?
19	MR. CLAMPITT: I just wanted to
20	kind of back up Martin a little bit. Because
21	what went on there is going on right at this
22	moment on the Pacific Coast on the trawl catch

1	shares. I mean, people are buying up that
2	quota left and right. You know, totally on
3	speculation. But if we're going to get into
4	the minutiae of this document, I'd like to
5	have a discussion on processor shares. So, I
6	mean that's how far it would go.
7	I think Dave's probably right.
8	We'd better stick generic here, otherwise
9	we're going to be here for a couple of weeks.
10	MR. WALLACE: A couple of years.
11	MS. McCARTY: Yes. Ten.
12	DR. DANA: And I'm not going to
13	speak to going into the minutiae. But on
14	Martin's point, just looking at mackerel
15	that's starting to happen a lot. People racing
16	to get, just to get permits with history on
17	them. And it's not even to that point.
18	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, you
19	know, I told you when I first spoke these
20	words that I felt that it was well-nigh
21	impossible to prevent. And I can't think of

any mechanism, really, to prevent that kind of

calculation. I just can't. I mean happened in every instance I think that I know about that people got the signal that there are going to be a rationalization program, or there was one and they knew there was going to be another one and people moved from one, because they didn't get quota or whatever, and they wanted to buy into the next one. And it became kind of a rolling thing. You know, it's kind of inevitable in a sense just by the very nature. Unless somebody has an idea, actually any mechanism that could that. Maybe there isn't out there. know.

MR. BILLY: Larry?

MR. SIMPSON: There are mechanisms that we utilized in the Gulf and it was the base years that you used, throwing out one year before the control date.

All those considerations were made so you can levelize it, but you can't prevent it.

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1	MS. McCARTY: Yes. Exactly. The
2	five years, best of five, you know whatever.
3	MR. SIMPSON: You can do percent of
4	income, total pounds; you can do all kinds of
5	things. We did it all.
6	MS. McCARTY: I don't think you can
7	legislate it.
8	MR. SIMPSON: Would you like me to
9	comment on this, Mr. Chairman?
LO	MR. BILLY: Go ahead.
L1	MR. SIMPSON: I think that catch
L2	shares policy is, you know, well done. It was
L3	a lot of work, and it's over with. And I
L4	think it's useful.
L5	There obviously are some specifics
L6	that people in the areas would like to
L7	emphasize. And one of the crude ways that
L8	you've done this in the community is to put
L9	out our concerns. And I can see, you know,
20	saying please consider a process or community
21	shares and so forth. I mean, that's in
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guidance. I don't know if that translates to

anything that they would change in the policy, but it's an important thing.

Remember M, for example, royalties.

It's in there. Now what kind of advice would that give them? I mean, it's in there.

You know consideration of the recreational sector. I understand why it's there. But I mean, you can consider that, and the Councils do, and you may have a decision, it's done. So it's an emphasis that you should kind of consider it. So what you've done is, you're just sharpening the focus of the policy to make sure that you look at these things.

So, again, it's recommendations to be considered by a high level. And I don't think it's appropriate to go into a policy like this and to make that, to try to redline and modify the thing. I think the policy should be a little bit higher-level. We think that you should consider, you know process or community shares. And we think you should

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1	consider different aspects of it a little bit
2	more. And we think you should have a model-
3	type program that you may or may not utilize.
4	And I think that's where we should go.
5	And if we look at it like that
6	without getting hung up on the specifics, I
7	think we'd be better off, all better served.
8	That's my piece, Mr. Chairman.
9	MR. BILLY: Okay. Thank you.
10	We have a motion. It's been
11	seconded.
12	MR. RIZZARDI: Mr. Chair, if I may?
13	MR. BILLY: Yes.
14	MR. RIZZARDI: I tried to revise
15	paragraph 2 and eliminate the piece that was
16	previously in there that had a direction to
17	incorporate these items into certain parts of
18	the document. I took that out based on some
19	of the conversation that took place. I'm
20	suggesting we leave that to NOAA's discretion.
21	I've tried to rewrite it so it
22	looks like a MAFAC recommendation as opposed

1	to a Subcommittee recommendation.
2	This is effectively what you've
3	previously seen as item number 2 of the high
4	priority recommendation.
5	I guess the other question we need
6	to decide is whether or not high priority
7	recommendation number 1 stays in place. I was
8	getting a sense that some people like it, some
9	people don't. But I'm looking for discussion
LO	on that before we were to take a vote.
L1	MS. McCARTY: Are you amending your
L2	motion?
L3	MR. RIZZARDI: I'm amending my
L4	motion to reflect paragraph 2 as is on the
L5	screen. And I'm looking for some discussion
L6	on what to do with high priority
L7	recommendation number 1.
L8	MS. McCARTY: Okay. Mr. Chairman,
L9	I would speak to high priority recommendation
20	number 1.
21	A lot of that language that was
22	taken word-for-word out of Dorothy Lowman's

presentation. And her presentation was a
distillation of the actual problems that
they've encountered in that region with the
lack of those specific interpretations of the
MSA provisions. And we've been running up
against that in the North Pacific. Now it may
be a cultural thing and maybe we're just not
smart enough on the West Coast to figure those
things out. But, you know we'd rather know
now in some of the regions what the
interpretation is than to wait until we're
almost at the end of the process and then be
told by NOAA GC that that's not what the MSA
means.

So that's the meaning of the intent of number one. It may be exclusive to the West Coast. I don't think so. So I would speak to keeping that in the motion, as was the original intention.

MR. RIZZARDI: Kari, the strikethrough should only be on the cross-reference to page 18 and Table 1, number 1.2.

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1	That's the only piece that should be
2	stricken.
3	MR. BILLY: Okay. Are you
4	satisfied now with the way it's reading for
5	number 1?
6	MR. RIZZARDI: I've made the motion
7	to generate the discussion.
8	MR. BILLY: Yes. Fair enough.
9	Okay.
10	Someone has their hand oh, Tony?
11	DR. CHATWIN: Yes. Was this an
12	amendment that was accepted by the second, and
13	is that what we're discussing now?
14	MR. RIZZARDI: This was what was in
15	the original motion, was, moving
16	recommendations 1 and 2. I have modified
17	recommendation 2 just to simply change it so
18	it's not a Subcommittee recommendation, it's a
19	MAFAC recommendation. So not much has
20	changed.
21	DR. CHATWIN: So 2 is part of this?
22	MR. RIZZARDI: Two is part of this.

1	And if you want me to bifurcate, I can take
2	that as friendly.
3	MS. McCARTY: And, Mr. Chairman,
4	you need to modify number 1 to make it a MAFAC
5	recommendation.
6	MR. BILLY: Yes.
7	DR. CHATWIN: Can I I still have
8	the floor, right?
9	MR. BILLY: I can't keep up with
10	it.
11	DR. CHATWIN: So we're saying that
12	MAFAC recommends that the Council consider the
13	following elements, right? I mean, I skipped
14	a piece in the middle.
15	In the policy it says, in the
16	Executive Summary, it says "Catch share
17	program features. The MSA sets forth a number
18	of criteria for consideration in the design of
19	catch share programs. NOAA recommends the
20	Council follow this guidance and pay
21	particular attention to the following features
22	in designing the catch share programs.

1 1: Specific management goal; 2: Transferability." 2 So we're saying we want the policy 3 4 to say what it says. There's a review process and then there is a distinction among sectors, 5 fishing community sustainability, royalties. 6 So the issue I have is that we are 7 saying we recommend that the policy says, 8 amongst the things that we're recommending, 9 10 things that the policy already says. just -- I don't see value in that. 11 And so I think we should -- and the 12 13 way we set this up, this discussion up now is that at every comment someone has, we'll have 14 15 to make a motion to amend. We'll have to get 16 a second. And we'll then have to vote on that amendment. And then we'll have to go back to 17 whatever it is, which is very cumbersome. 18 19 We started off this discussion with, here are what we discussed yesterday. 20 And then that, the minutes of the discussion 21

became the recommendation. And I think this

1	is very cumbersome.
2	Maybe one way that we can do this
3	is to vote to table the motion, to take a ten
4	minute break for us to get together and,
5	without all this formality, come up with a
6	motion that we can then discuss. Because I
7	just don't see this working.
8	So I move that we table this
9	motion. Do I have a second?
10	MR. WALLACE: I second.
11	MR. BILLY: Discussion? All those
12	in favor?
13	(Chorus of ayes.)
14	MR. BILLY: Opposed?
15	MS. McCARTY: Aye.
16	MR. BILLY: Okay. Motion carries
17	to take a break.
18	DR. CHATWIN: Can we have a break
19	so we can focus and try to organize our
20	thoughts?
21	MR. BILLY: Sure. In lieu of a
22	break right now, another option would be to

take another Committee report. Let those interested sit at lunch and do exactly what you said, and then come back after lunch.

DR. CHATWIN: That would be fine with me.

MR. BILLY: Is that all right?

MS. FOY: I'm willing to -- I don't expect much lengthy discussion. I don't want to take the time away from Heather.

Oh no, we have an DR. HOLLIDAY: hour set aside on today's agenda for your We have a half an hour before discussion. I don't think we're going to And noon. resolve the catch share issue necessarily within that 30 minutes. So Tom's suggestion or another option to consider Committee was Report, take a ten break, which leaves us 20 minutes before lunch and just take another Committee report. And then during that lunch break decide on the best strategy for moving our way forward for the resolution of the catch share report. As an option.

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1	Is that right?
2	MR. BILLY: Madam Chair?
3	MS. McCARTY: Well, you know I see
4	that Tony has issues. I don't think we're
5	that far away, frankly. But if people want to
6	do this over lunch, that's fine with me.
7	I don't know. I don't see that
8	we're that far away. I mean, I don't think
9	there's huge disagreement or anything. Maybe
LO	I'm wrong.
11	MR. BILLY: I have a sense from the
L2	Chair. I think, while I generally agree with
L3	your observation, I think that with a little
L4	bit of time this can be polished up quickly by
L5	a small number of people and we can finish it
L6	after lunch.
L7	MS. McCARTY: That's fine, Mr.
L8	Chairman.
L9	MR. BILLY: Yes. Okay.
20	MR. NARDI: Let me just ask Mark
21	are they getting what they need out of this?
22	We're supposed to be advising the Commerce

Secretary that all stuff rolls downhill.

Mark, are you getting what you need out of this, or others?

DR. HOLLIDAY: Well, to give you some perspective, I mean we have a public comment period open now. And the majority of the comments -- well, the comments fall into two general categories. I'm just comparing what I'm hearing from MAFAC as advice and counsel versus what we're hearing from others.

One sort of advice is sort of on philosophical grounds. It has nothing to do with the policy, but people are virulently against the catch shares or virulently for them. So in terms of helping move forward and advance final policy, they're not really very helpful suggestions.

The other sort of comments talk about, well, these are the parts of the policy that we agree with or we think that these are the important elements that should be emphasized, or you've missed something that we

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think should be in there, or you need to deemphasize this or this is not appropriate.
But it's not at the level of trying to -- all
these lists as an example. And I think Tony's
point was, you know, a number of these things
are already in the policy.

So the comment could be that, other things that are in the policy, I mean we agree that these are the things that worry us most or are most, highest concern and we want to see them stay as they are or even more prominent in the policy rather than just a recapitulation of things that we've already tried to address. And if we didn't address them well enough, or it's unclear or vague, or ambiguous, that would be helpful too.

So the nature of the comment would be, you know I wouldn't know what to do with some of the comments -- some of the things on the list right now. And I think you had the one suggestion about royalties. Is there something about what we said in the policy

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about royalties that you don't like, or you
disagree with, or you think is inappropriate,
or do you have a contrary view? That's
something I could do something with, or the
task force can do something with. But as an
emphasis area you can say, well, we endorse
these things and are these an important
question, and just leave it at that. But, you
know, that's sort of a measure of preference,
but not so much a change in the documents.
MS. McCARTY: Right, exactly.

Mr. Chairman, I could address that.

John, you weren't at the last meeting, right? At the last meeting was a burning desire on the part of MAFAC members to do kind of a collective comment on this policy. And we haven't seen it yet. And so we couldn't do it at that meeting.

And so I guess we've planned this meeting so that people could kind of collectively share their thoughts about catch share in general and their own experiences.

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And then have experts from outside sort of add to it.

And the way I see this is sort of a compilation of what people think are really important, whether it be danger points points of emphasis or totally necessary. The fact that there's a number of these things that are already in the policy is not lost on people I don't think. You know, I mean we've read it and we know that they're in there. But I think it's kind of a restatement of what members believe MAFAC particularly are important and particularly necessary in the design of catch share programs.

It doesn't mean that we think it's not in the policy. It's just there are certain things that clearly are.

MR. NARDI: Heather, I'm not questioning the value of the meeting. But each of us, if we wish, will make comments on the policy it is. Institutions, as individuals. organizations or And Ι was

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wondering, this discussion that flows into MAFAC, as Keith said, the recommendations are ultimately brought into Silver Spring. Is it something that they will get value from as the ultimate user of our recommendations?

MR. BILLY: Larry?

MR. SIMPSON: I would say it would be useful if I was sitting in Mark's seat to be aware that we're really concerned about fishing for quota. Be aware that we think that economic data collection and so forth is adequate. Вe aware that we've concerns about U.S. ownership and sovereignty. Be aware that there's some community things that we want to -- and that's probably useful to them. And in that regard, I kind of think it would be useful to him to have those kind of general comments.

And it's not really -- MAFAC recommends that NOAA staff provides, but MAFAC recommends that NOAA consider the comments of MAFAC blah, blah, blah.

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1 MR. BILLY: Okay. Dave? If it were cast in WALLACE: 2 MR. that light, I would not vote no. 3 4 MR. BILLY: Okay. Thank you. 5 MR. WALLACE: Because I guess we really need to recognize that this is just a 6 7 recommendation to NMFS in the first place, to know in the first place. But, you know, to 8 keep taking the position that we're the know 9 10 all and we can replace their will, and that's not true, you know. 11 So let's state it in -- to qualify 12 13 it in the way that it actually should be couched so that people read it in a positive 14 way instead of a negative way. 15 MR. BILLY: Okay. I'm going to use 16 the prerogative as Chair to do two things. 17 We've tabled the motion. So I'm going to ask 18 19 that Heather lead a small group over lunch to taking the conversations that have just been 20 had and revamp as appropriate our comments. 21

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And then we'll reconsider them after lunch.

1	And then I'd like to move on to the
2	Protected Resources Subcommittee and have
3	MS. McCARTY: I have a quick
4	question, Mr. Chairman.
5	MR. BILLY: Yes. Sure.
6	MS. McCARTY: Could I just get a
7	show of hands? We might need a big table.
8	MR. BILLY: All right. A show of
9	hands who would like to participate?
LO	MS. McCARTY: How many people want
L1	to talk about this over lunch? One, two,
L2	three.
L3	MR. BILLY: Three. One went out the
L4	door.
L5	MS. McCARTY: Four. Just four?
L6	MR. BILLY: Yes. Okay. All right.
L7	You all set?
L8	MS. McCARTY: Got it. Thank you.
L9	MR. BILLY: Did you get Mark on
20	that list? Mark, five. He was number of five.
21	MR. BILLY: Okay. I think I'll
22	call on Cathy now to report out on the

1	discussions of the Protected Resources
2	Subcommittee.
3	MS. FOY: Just a moment, Mr. Chair.
4	MR. BILLY: Okay. Okay. The floor
5	is yours.
6	MS. FOY: So I'll just start
7	talking.
8	The entire purpose of our
9	Subcommittee meeting this time for Protected
10	Resources was to further clarify for staff the
11	agenda items that we suggested and that we
12	recommended the last time and were approved
13	the full Committee.
14	As we went through them I tried to
15	mentally prioritize what I thought needed to
16	be done with the full Committee and what
17	needed to be done by the Subcommittee.
18	In particular, we asked that Jim
19	Lecky who is head of the Protected Resources
20	Division or an appropriate staff member speak
21	to the Committee. We feel like these issues
22	are particularly relevant because of needing

to correlate these.

Number one on this list was prioritization of the resources allocation, how is the money, the research and the staff time currently allocated? And the forming the listing, designation of critical habitat, the coverage, planning and status reviews. And is there a need for NMFS to have a master plan for document.

We'd also like to know what the current workload of this office is, how that's apportioned between their different staff and how they anticipate dealing with these 82 incoming species.

The next big issue that we have is climate change and for you mentally block off why I think you need to look to this issue. What we're hoping to do is find out what the next strategy is for avoiding the misdirection of resources due to litigation.

The way the Fish and Wildlife Service does this is what's called the 4(d)

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regulation that limits the response of the Fish and Wildlife Service to only dealing with localized impacts to the species. At current we don't have that kind of regulation with NMFS. And as a result NMFS may be reviewing power plants in Iowa to determine whether or not they are impacting corals. And we would like the entire Committee to weigh in on this and to be educated on it.

The third big issue that I believe is of importance to the entire Committee is the delisting and downlisting of recovered species, in particular Subcommittee members mentioned the fin and sperm whales in the North Pacific and the Hawaiian stock of humpback whales and green sea turtles, all of which are ready for downlisting.

We'd also like NMFS to tell us what their immediate plan is to celebrate this victory that we've achieved. And to kind of outline for us what the process and the timeline is for this delisting evaluation once

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the ESA standards have been met. Frequently resources are stopped, you know redirected into a new species that's being listed. And the species that recovered, the process was stalled. I believe that's 2007 -- was that Keith, you're shaking your head?

MR. RIZZARDI: No.

MS FOY: In 2007 the stock achieved a status that would allow the downlisting for the fin whales and the humpbacks. But it hasn't moved forward because there hasn't been appropriate staff time. So we would like to know and question staff on how the general public or interested facilities can facilitate the process or expedite it.

The fourth big issue that we are interested in is use of observer data. With increased use of catch share programs we are expecting there will be increased observer coverage. And since the fishermen are probably going to be paid for it, we want to make sure the data is used to the fullest

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extent possible. That said, as a biologist I have some reservations whenever I see observer data on marine mammals or, I suppose, green sea turtles. Because I doubt, given the very limited training that I feel observers get, I feel like they are not -- that the data is not as reliable as it is from a specialized researcher.

So given that, how can we achieve improving the data and how can we make that data more useful to the Protected Resources Division of NMFS?

Those are the topics that we felt would have merit to the full Committee.

And then to the Subcommittee we're requesting separate staff time during the Subcommittee meeting to discuss streamlining the scientific research permitting process to give a level B harassment. We would get Jim Lecky pulled over to the side, hound him about that. That'll be me doing the hounding.

In addition, we were requesting

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specific information on green sea turtles. We know an NRC report is coming out, and we'd like an update on that. And something that may need to be followed up on by the full Committee following. But just for the first part we would like to get it through the Subcommittee.

another thing that we're interested in is how or if technology sharing is being accomplished between the regions and The National the science centers. Marine marine Lab does lot of Mammal mammal а tracking. I'd like to know if the standards of technology that are available to them are also being used by the sea turtle researchers. And we were wondering if the military can assist in any way.

So with that, I'd like to let you know that an ongoing dialogue is anticipated between Protected Resources members and any interested MAFAC members are welcome to participate as we get ready for the next

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agenda. Please email me and I will run it through to Mark, or it can go the other way around.

Thank you for your attention.

Any questions?

Mark?

DR. HOLLIDAY: More an observation.

I think on NOAA's point we are trying to establish a more relationship between not just the fisheries management arm of what we do, but with our Protected Resources and our habitat. So we have a broader perspective on all of these components of this integrated approach to the ecosystem management of our resources.

And so we've been working on the staff level to try to get maybe even a liaison person from the Office of Protected Resources to help be the principal point of contact for MAFAC, and similarly with the Habitat office to help improve this exchange of information.

MR. BILLY: Good.

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1 DR. HOLLIDAY: And so rather than 2 just having everything be conduit so the MAFAC staff support function to --3 4 MR. BILLY: That would be great. 5 DR. HOLLIDAY: -- open up some lines of communication directly. As I think 6 7 you alluded to, the Director of Protected and his staff Resources are very 8 interested in this next agenda to be active 9 10 participants in that. I think that's a very positive sign. 11 Thank you, Mark. MR. BILLY: 12 13 MS. FOY: Thank you. MR. BILLY: Bill? 14 15 DEWEY: Cathy, I just joined MR. your group right at the very end, and mention 16 I'd email you with some follow-up. But 17 just alert the rest of MAFAC what 18 to 19 interest is there is with our aquaculture particularly 20 permitting, in the northwest where we have listed species, we're having to 21

go through consultation process with the Corps

1	both on our programmatic permitting and then
2	any new farms that require individual permits.
3	And Mike Rubino I know through the
4	aquaculture shop has been trying to facilitate
5	an effort with Habitat and Protected Resources
6	to make that an easier process in the future.
7	And so I'd be interested in hearing Jim's
8	perspective on that as to how they see
9	participating in that.
10	MS. FOY: I agree. Would you be
11	happy with that in a Subcommittee meeting,
12	Bill, or would you like to have that with the
13	full Committee?
14	MR. DEWEY: I think, you know
15	however you're having them deal with these
16	other issues. If it's in the Subcommittee,
17	that's fine. I'm not fussy. I'd just be
18	interested in having that conversation with
19	Jim and hearing his perspective on it.
20	MS. FOY: Heidi, did you get that?
21	MR. RIZZARDI: And one minor
22	comment on the Subcommittee topic, the third

1	to last line says "accomplishments in regions
2	and science centers." Pardon. "The technology
3	sharing being accomplished within regions and
4	science centers." I think it should also say
5	federal agencies.
6	I think that there are
7	opportunities for NOAA to be sharing
8	technologies with, for example, the U.S. Navy.
9	MS. FOY: Well, yes, I did put
10	MR. RIZZARDI: Yes, there's been
11	discussion in context of the yes, so
12	regions, science centers and federal entities.
13	MS. FOY: Okay. Accepted.
14	MR. BILLY: Ed?
15	MR. EBISUI: Thank you.
16	You know with respect to upcoming
17	topics in the Protected Resource area I have a
18	distinct impression that the humpback whale
19	strikes here were the majority committed by
20	ecotourism and whale watching boats. In MAFAC
21	we tend to focus only on fishing. But I think

we're missing a lot of --

1	MS. FOY: Yes.
2	MR. EBISUI: the collateral or
3	other agencies' jurisdictional effects. And I
4	was wondering if we could receive some kind of
5	information or briefing from like OLE about
6	the whale strikes and what's going on with
7	that.
8	MS. FOY: I would agree. It might
9	be that the research community is held to a
10	higher standard than the general community
11	when it comes to opposing
12	MR. EBISUI: And recently we had an
13	entanglement case. And on several stations
14	they reported it as fishing gear.
15	MS. FOY: Yes.
16	MR. EBISUI: And when you saw the
17	video it's like one inch molly bolts. It's
18	not fishing gear.
19	MS. FOY: Yes.
20	MR. EBISUI: It's rope or mooring,
21	or something else. But the reporters kept
22	harping on fishing gear, fishing gear.

1	MS. FOY: All that could be
2	MR. EBISUI: It's not from here.
3	Not from here.
4	MR. CATES: It's the fishing gear,
5	but it's not from here.
6	MS. FOY: Yes.
7	MR. BILLY: Any other discussion?
8	Okay.
9	I'm sorry. Randy?
LO	MR. CATES: Kind of on that line
11	I'm thinking there seems to be an inherent
L2	conflict of interest in my opinion when it
L3	comes to protected species within NOAA.
L4	Protected species is a revenue stream for NOAA
L5	in addition. And so there's a perception that
L6	there's a resistance to take them off of the
L7	listing because they'll lose funding, for
18	example.
L9	Hawaii, it's very clear that
20	there's a resistance to take sea turtles off
21	or to even do the science to take them off the

listing. And humpback whales. So then they

1	potentially will lose research funding that's
2	coming in. And so I wonder how would MAFAC or
3	look at that issue of is there a conflict of
4	interest with NOAA?
5	MR. BILLY: Maybe that could be
6	raised at the next meeting with the head of
7	the office.
8	MS. FOY: I would suggest that that
9	subtopic go under the prioritization of
10	resource allocation. Number one.
11	MR. BILLY: Bill?
12	MR. DEWEY: So, Cathy, in hindsight
13	here the request I had would be not for future
14	discussion by the Subcommittee but actually to
15	hear from Jim Lecky when you have him at the
16	next meeting as to how they have been
17	interacting with the aquaculture program on
18	this issue.
19	MS. FOY: Okay. What I was asking
20	is if that needed to be addressed on the
21	agenda at the full Committee meeting or

whether you could have him doing that at a

1	Subcommittee meeting with Jim Lecky present?
2	MR. DEWEY: That's fine.
3	MS. FOY: Okay.
4	MR. DEWEY: I wasn't clear on that
5	last paragraph on your report. It didn't lead
6	me to believe that that was necessarily going
7	to be a conversation with Jim Lecky.
8	MR. BILLY: Okay. And we're going
9	to move to accept the report.
10	MS. LOVETT: I would like you all
11	direct the language that you're requesting on
12	that point.
13	MR. RIZZARDI: I think if we have a
14	person who is coming to speak with us, we'll
15	have the opportunity to have the discussion.
16	So I don't know that we have to put it in the
17	minutes right now how much Randy feels
18	strongly about it. Randy?
19	MR. CATES: I care, yes.
20	MR. RIZZARDI: I mean, I think the
21	question needs to be asked, but I don't know
22	that I'd necessarily agree with your premise.

1	But I understand why you want to ask it and
2	why you want to have the discussion. So I
3	think it's really helpful to have the people
4	here so you can ask them point blank.
5	MR. CATES: Well, I mean in Hawaii
6	we've been trying to get the turtle research
7	work done for over ten years. And it's always
8	well we're not ready to do it yet.
9	MR. RIZZARDI: I understand, which
10	goes directly to the priority discussion.
11	On number 3 there's a reference in
12	number 3. It says, the bottom piece, "The
13	stalled process of fin and sperm whales." I
14	think that should say the stalled progress on
15	fin and sperm whale draft recovery plans. So
16	it should be just stalled progress. Fin and
17	sperm whales draft recovery plan.
18	MR. BILLY: Okay. Any other
19	comments?
20	Chair would like to entertain a
21	motion to adopt the report. So moved.
22	MS. McCARTY: Second.

1	MR. BILLY: Any further discussion?
2	All those in favor?
3	(Chorus of ayes.)
4	MR. BILLY: Opposed? Okay.
5	Thank you, Cathy.
6	Okay. This sounds like an
7	appropriate time to break for lunch and other
8	work. Let's see, so can we be back about
9	1:15? At 1:15.
10	Okay. Thank you.
11	(Whereupon, the above-entitled
12	matter went off the record at 11:45 a.m. and
13	resumed at 1:15 p.m.)
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A-F-T-E-R-N-O-O-N S-E-S-S-I-O-N

1:15 p.m.

MR. BILLY: Okay. Before we get back on the agenda we wanted to take a little bit of time here to express our appreciation to Jim for his support of MAFAC.

Many of us are aware of the complexities and difficulties of the job you've been acting in for the last couple of years. And we appreciate the effort that you made, we appreciate your sage advice, your support and most importantly, your friendship.

So a number of us -- most of us talked this over and decided that we would provide you with a gift. And it's my pleasure right now to ask Randy to introduce the person that created this gift and to share it with you.

Randy?

MR. CATES: Naoki, I used to call him an artist -- he's got a lot of prints in Hawaii, and I'll let him explain what he does

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and how he does it.

MR. HAYASHI: Yes, my name is Naoki.

I've been very happy, I'm touched by being invited here to tell the story of what I do.

I've been fishing in Hawaii, Big Island, actually, since I was eight or ten. And it's been my life long passion. I was taught in a way -- whatever you catch, you're going to eat it. So I've been really -- my mind is focused on what you bring home for dinner. And I'm very selective. And if I see a school of fish, I catch what I need to bring home and then to let the rest of them stay fresh as for next time I get to go out for my dinner hunting. So that's my background as far as my fishing.

I have a lot of respect for the nature. I have a lot of respect for the delicacies we get from the ocean. My diet is based on everything from the sea from seaweed, crustaceans, lobsters, obviously fish. Anything within the ocean I feel very grateful

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that we have that here on our planet, in our world to enjoy, to thrive on.

So in my extra time I have between work -- well, first of all, I'm a full time -- I still hesitate to call myself artist because what I do is traditional form of telling a story using a two dimensional image which I create.

I was asked to present this piece so I made from -- actually, one of my best friends from Hawaii Kai went out to the location for the Penguin Banks, it's between Oahu and Molokai, and it's known for good fishing ground for onaga. And as I've been fishing, again we're very careful about not to deplete the fishing rich area, so we try to move and to be kind to the nature. But this onaga is one of the delicacies, have a lot of meaning.

Onaga, first of all -- color red in Asian culture, as we all understand here, is good fortune. And the name onaga came from

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1 this long tail, which in Japanese culture 2 signifies longevity and good life, long life and long good fortune. 3 And number three, three fish in 4 Asian culture again is a good luck number. 5 So in New Year's or any kind of 6 7 occasion we get to celebrate, onaga presented as a symbol of good fortune and good 8 luck. 9 10 So, again, this fish was all eaten. Actually, yes, it's important for us to not 11 to wait for the catch. So I use nontoxic 12 acrylic paint and I work really fast before 13 fish gets warm, it's already been scaled and 14 prepared for meal. 15 16 So this three fish probably fed a maybe 20 people, my friends and total of 17 extended friends and so forth. 18 19 So, again going back to it, it's not that I find a subject just to make a 20 friend and look at it, you look at the fish 21

and say, oh that's a pretty fish image.

a meaning behind, which I care a lot about what we have in the ocean here and what we get to enjoy.

So in my free time I kind of got into it a little bit earlier, I tried to donate time, volunteer, go through my different schools starting from kindergarten age all the way up to the 12th grade. And I put in my time to try to share what I believe and how to preserve the nature and also how we should look at the fisheries in either a small way or big way. Hopefully one of those kids' mind I touch. I hope they grow up one day to have some kind of influence into making the fishery better for us and then to make it last for future generations.

So I feel very fortunate that I get to place myself in that position to in my humble way I get to share my thoughts.

Again, these fish are eaten and these fish are caught, and the ultimate goal is to eat. So that is why I hesitate -- I

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still hesitate to call myself an artist. I'm just a storyteller, and story and meaning behind the image -- each image I create is what I try to show.

So unless I have this opportunity to verbally explain what I do, most of the people walking through galleries and hotels and restaurants, even if you have affinity we're always in Waikiki. All my pieces are there. I have different galleries in town, you can see some stuff. But unless you know the story behind, it's easy to just walk past and say "Oh, that's a nice red fish." But now all of you here are kind of understanding a bit more in depth about my approach and what I do.

So I'm very honored to be here and very touched by being requested to present something I made from my heart. So I hope you know a little bit more about me and you understand how grateful I feel that I'm being here right now.

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1	And thank you very much.
2	(Applause.)
3	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Thank you.
4	That's a fabulous story and beautiful painting
5	picture. I'm completely flabbergasted. I
6	didn't think I was getting any presents.
7	That's very nice of you. You're all good
8	friends of mine
9	MS. FOY: Jim, this isn't plural;
10	it's one present.
11	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Well, thank
12	you. Thank you very much.
13	(Applause.)
14	MR. HAYASHI: And also just for my
15	appreciation for being here, I have calendars
16	for 2010. I know we already into to 2010, but
17	it's my custom designed calendar with moon
18	chart and everything. So I'll sign them, each
19	of them, and I would like you to have a copy
20	for the space you can find in your home or
21	office.

MR.

CATES: Heather, you got to

1	give the address because he's going to mail
2	it.
3	And, Jim, rest assured that that
4	fish comes from a fishery that's only closed
5	six months of the year.
6	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Well, we just
7	had a very difficult hour and a half
8	conference call with the Juneau Regional
9	Office. I'm actually not sure they're going to
10	let me back now. So I hope that doesn't mean
11	I don't get to have the picture.
12	But thank you. Thank you very
13	much. Like I said, I'm completely
14	flabbergasted. I had thank you very much.
15	MR. CATES: You're welcome.
16	MR. EBISUI: Congratulations on
17	your parole.
18	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Yes.
19	MR. BILLY: Okay. Next we're going
20	to hear the report out of the Rec Fish
21	Subcommittee. Ken, the floor is yours.
22	MR. FRANKE: Mark, you should have

1	it by now.
2	DR. HOLLIDAY: The copy is being
3	emailed to everybody at the table. And does
4	Heidi have it also?
5	MR. FRANKE: We can put it up.
6	MS. LOVETT: Yes, I just
7	MR. FRANKE: A little bit of
8	history. The MAFAC presented a Terms of
9	Reference for a new Marine Fisheries Advisory
10	Committee, the Recreational Fisheries Working
11	Group to be comprised of newly identified
12	external advisors to MAFAC, each of whom has
13	some expertise or experience related to
14	recreational fisheries.
15	Specifically, the final
16	recommendation at the meeting was approved by
17	MAFAC as follows:
18	MAFAC recommends to constitute the
19	current Recreational Fisheries Subcommittee as
20	a permanent subcommittee of MAFAC, which was
21	done.

MAFAC

22

appoints a Recreational

Fisheries Working Group of up to 25 people for extended the year to be discretion of MAFAC be charged to with assisting the planning and organization along with the Recreational Fisheries Subcommittee of NOAA 2010 Recreational Fishing Summit.

Further, building upon the recommendations and priorities articulated by the MAFAC Recreational Fisheries Subcommittee, the advisory group will advise MAFAC on issues of importance recreational fishing to community including but not limited to: Ocean Policy Task Force Report; review and possible revision of the NOAA Recreational Fisheries Strategic Plan; marine spatial planning; and catch share policy.

This list may be modified over time by MAFAC.

The RFWG shall be composed of people with a specific interest in NOAA's recreational related activities appointed by MAFAC in consultation with NOAA.

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Members will be selected to represent the diversity of national, regional perspectives, having or sector sound in the science, management expertise business of recreational fishing. informed background in recreational fisheries issues and an operational knowledge of federal agencies and interactions with the Fishery Management councils and/or regional or state partners.

Federal Register notice was sent out. And we ended up with 56 eligible applicants that we were given backgrounds on, as well as they had a series of letters of support that we received.

Action taken by the Recreational Fishery Subcommittee yesterday.

The Subcommittee deliberated over the names submitted and our number one goal was to bring forward a smaller list than the 25 that were authorized. We ultimately ended up with a list of 17, the balance of which

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NOAA will take a look at and try to fill in some gaps. And I'll explain those a little bit more in a second.

The Subcommittee deliberated over the names submitted and arrived at a list of 17 persons. This was a diverse group of experienced recreational anglers representing venues from throughout the United angling Effort was made to seek persons with unique informed perspectives. So emphasis was placed on taking a look at the backgrounds and making sure that we didn't have two people from the same harbor, from the same background with the same perspectives. So we tried to really get a good sampling nationwide of the different types of fisheries that were available.

List of recommended person is as follows:

From the Pacific Islands, we've got Ed Watamura from Honolulu, Hawaii and he's from the Wailua Boat Club Recreational Angler;

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Craig Severance from Hilo, Hawaii, 1 2 University of Hawaii. Recreational Angler. For the balance of these, it would 3 suffice 4 to say they're all recreational anglers. 5 One of the things that we 6 put 7 emphasis on when we looked at the backgrounds is, you know is this going to be a good fit 8 for somebody that's going to be looking for 9 10 the public's best necessary not necessarily a unique agenda to their area. 11 So Alaska. William S. Brown from 12 Juneau, Alaska. Alaska Board of Fisheries is 13 his primary background. 14 15 And most of these people have very 16 broad histories of a lot of things that they have done, not just charter boat, not just 17 recreational angler. Every one of 18 19 people have just -- it was an excellent group of people to pick from. 20 Bryan Bondioli. And I apologize 21 for the hacking of last names. From Homer, 22

1	Alaska. Charter boat owner.
2	Northwest region. H.Lee Blankship,
3	Olympia, Washington. Retired research
4	scientist, hatchery expert.
5	Southwest region. Bob Fletcher. I
6	think everybody here knows Bob. Donna Kalez.
7	Her background she manages/owns one of the
8	tackle shops in a landing. She owns a fleet
9	of boats and has a very interesting
LO	perspective. A big piece of her world is she
11	does a lot of children's outreach, getting
L2	kids out fishing.
L3	Northeast region. Bruce Freeman
L4	from New Jersey, former MAFAC. Jersey Coast
L5	Anglers Association. Anthony DiLernia,
L6	Brooklyn, New York, former MAFAC. Charter
L7	boat owner and educator. Dave Pecci from
L8	Bath, Maine. Maine Association of Charter Boat
L9	Captains President.
20	Working into the southeast region,
21	and this is kind of a misnomer because it's

southeast, including the whole coast plus up

1	on the inside of Florida. So we've got
2	Richard Brame from Wilmington, North Carolina.
3	Coastal Conservation Association. Jason
4	Schratwieser, Dania Beach, Florida.
5	International Game Commission. Bob Zales.
6	Panama City, but noteworthy, National
7	Association of Charter Boat Owners President.
8	Rodney Smith, Satellite Beach, Florida.
9	Recreational fish author. Founder of Coastal
10	Guides. Unique to that is the guides, we're
11	getting the inshore perspective from their as
12	well as a media piece as far as him being
13	author. Terry Lacross from Amelia Island.
14	Amelia Island Charter Boat Association
15	President.
16	The Gulf region. Patrick
17	Fitzmorris, Madisonville, Louisiana. Angler,
18	Recreational Fisheries Research Institute.
19	Conrad Trascher, Baton Rouge, Louisiana. CCA
20	Director of Development.
21	At the end of this, after we got

done deliberating through everything, we had a

few summary comments that we'd like to share with you all. The following represents a list of comments to be considered as the process moves forward.

While great consideration was given to developing a diverse group from the list of eligibles it was commented that there was still gaps in certain regions. The Texas area, we'll call it Northern California up to the bottom of Oregon into the bottom of Washington and then also the Gulf area et al. And so as we submit this list to NOAA there still is going to be an opportunity as well as on an association level looking for who is missing here, who can we add to round out this group of information gathering folks.

Well, let's see, consideration should potentially be given to move any national organization leaders to the final eight persons to be selected by NOAA. The backfill vacancies on the list with the local selectees.

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So one of the thoughts that we had was like if you've IGFA or an entity that oversees the entire nation, maybe move those into the final eight and then backfill then with some local anglers that aren't necessarily representing a large group of people.

The list of eligibles was heavy with people from the charter activity backgrounds. The Subcommittee focused on persons that had other attributes to add to their expert suite.

As this process moves forward to complete the list, additional consideration should be given to targeting grassroots anglers -- getting a perspective of the people that actually get on the boat with their family and take their kids fishing.

That said, the final recommendation from our group, and then we can open it up for discussion. Pending approval by the MAFAC, it is recommended that a motion be made to submit

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the RFWG list to NOAA for continued group 1 2 development by the NOAA staff. So at this point, Mr. Chairman, if 3 we could open it up for discussion. 4 MR. BILLY: 5 Okay. And MS. DOERR: just to add to 6 7 that, I wanted to say thank you to my fellow working group members. This morning, I kind 8 of wrench into things because 9 threw а 10 recalled the tail end of the meeting differently then others. And so I just wanted 11 thank them for their flexibility this 12 13 morning and kind of adjusting this little bit to address my concerns and my apparent lack of 14 15 memory. So thank you. MR. BILLY: Thanks. 16 Other comments? Dave? 17 Well, I'd make a MR. WALLACE: 18 19 motion that the MAFAC accept this document as on behalf of the Subcommittee to forward it on 20 to the authorities within NOAA. 21

MR. BILLY: Do I have a second?

1	MR. RAFIICAN. Second.
2	MR. BILLY: Okay. Further
3	discussion? Seeing none.
4	MR. FRANKE: That would conclude
5	our report, sir.
6	MR. BILLY: Okay. All those in
7	favor?
8	(Chorus of ayes.)
9	MR. BILLY: Opposed? Okay. Report
10	is accepted. Thank you.
11	Thanks. Good job.
12	MR. SIMPSON: They worked hard on
13	this, Mr. Chairman. I can attest.
14	MR. BILLY: I believe it.
15	MR. SIMPSON: They worked hard.
16	MR. BILLY: Okay. All right. I'd
17	like to circle back and call on Heather to
18	share with us the work that was done over
19	lunch in terms of a way forward.
20	MS. McCARTY: Thank you, Mr.
21	Chairman.
22	We had a group of six people. And

1	I think we arrived at a motion that would
2	capture some of the concerns that were
3	expressed earlier. Basically, trying to
4	acknowledge those items that were on the list
5	of concerns that were already dealt with and
6	sort of keying in on those, and then adding
7	some of those concerns that were perhaps not
8	adequately addressed in the policy.
9	And I think that Tony has a motion.
10	Am I right, Tony?
11	DR. CHATWIN: Yes. I have
12	alternative language. I mean, what I've done
13	is redlined your motion so we know
14	MS. McCARTY: His motion.
15	DR. CHATWIN: Or his motion. And
16	we need a motion to bring that back to a
17	motion.
18	MR. BILLY: He's withdrawn. So
19	let's make it a new motion.
20	DR. CHATWIN: Oh, really? Okay.
21	So just one second.
22	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, I

should also say that the fact that this is going on a table as a motion that we think is going to work. We anticipate further discussion on some of the elements of the motion. It is not a done deal for everybody, it's just sort of how we thought we might construct it.

MR. BILLY: Very good. Sounds like a good way forward.

Okay. Tony?

DR. CHATWIN: Okay. So I think if we could, given there's no motion, what we discussed at lunch was that it might be better to take -- and correct me if I'm wrong -- but to take the number one and number two that we were discussing altogether and deal with them separately. Is that right?

I have not touched number one. So I don't know -- we might want to start with number one and then number two. I can describe to everybody what we did in number two just so you know.

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Number two -- the number has been lost -- no it's up.

And so all we did was instead of saying -- we went a little bit more specific There's a section in the policy that now. talks about the catch share program features that describes the things that the Council should consider when considering a catch share And what we've done is program. say addition to the ones that are there now, we have these additional ones that we would want the policy to include up front. Because a number of the issues that we had listed are mentioned in the policy in other places, but not necessarily a feature for the Council to consider. So we felt it was important to say that that's where we want the readers of the policy to first see this issue. And given that the features that are already there have some description, we would assume that NOAA would then describe them fully. We did not get into describing them fully.

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1 So what we have here, I think the 2 ones that are already included, I deleted. In mine it had the redlines, the 3 strike throughs. 4 MR. NARDI: You have to go up to 5 tools and change your options. 6 7 DR. CHATWIN: I haven't changed any of the content -- well, I have a little bit, 8 but not off these boards. That's the whole 9 10 point of this, yes. So what we are suggesting is that 11 our recommendation is that the final policy 12 13 document, we're commenting on the draft, so we want the final policy document to include the 14 15 catch share program features on pages 16 through 7 as currently written. Because that's where it has all those features that we 17 had identified in that big list of things that 18 19 we thought were important to be considered. So they're there already. We want the final 20 to preserve that. 21

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And then include a comprehensive

1	listing of catch share design elements. Thus,
2	the MAFAC recommends the addition of the
3	following features to that section.
4	And then I deleted all the other
5	stuff. So that's what I did delete. And then
6	go straight to the list. Because the three
7	bullets there were different options of where
8	to put it, and so now we're saying we want the
9	Council to consider it, and there's a specific
10	section.
11	MS. McCARTY: And, Tony, can I just
12	jump in a second? Where we said from the
13	Subcommittee that we recommended that they be
14	considered by the Councils, in the section
15	that Tony's motion recommends they do insert
16	it, that's what that does. That's what that
17	does.
18	DR. CHATWIN: Okay. And I can go
19	quickly through.
20	So A, identification and inclusion
21	of all stakeholders in the design process.

Although this is recognized in several places

1	in the document, it's not one of the features
2	we thought it needed to be highlighted that
3	the Council should consider that up front.
4	MR. FISHER: Tony, could you just
5	explain that a little bit for the full
6	Committee why it is? That'd really help.
7	MS. McCARTY: Explain what? We
8	didn't hear any of that.
9	MR. FISHER: I'm sorry. Just how it
10	was we arrived and why we're doing this.
11	DR. CHATWIN: Okay. So I'll make
12	an explanation and you tell me if I'm
13	answering your
14	MR. FISHER: I'm sure.
15	DR. CHATWIN: The reason why we
16	went through all this is that we wanted to
17	make sure that our recommendations were adding
18	value and that they were very clear. And
19	rather than just providing a list of things
20	that we think are important, we felt we would
21	identify the place in the document that we

think they fit best. If there was something

1	on that list that already was in the document,
2	then it fell on us to describe.
3	Our comments were to change what
4	was there, whether we liked what was there
5	rather than to say it should be there.
6	So is that
7	MR. BILLY: Good
8	DR. CHATWIN: So same thing for B,
9	C.
10	Community sustainability. There's
11	an extensive piece of community sustainability
12	within that section already on page 6. That's
13	why it's deleted because it's in there.
14	Transferability. Same thing, page
15	4.
16	Consolidation issues.
17	Consolidation issues, I think caps, user
18	caps are mentioned somewhere in the document,
19	but not here and it's a big issue. So that's
20	a feature that needs to be considered.
21	There was the issue of U.S.

1	in the document at all.
2	MR. BILLY: The word "silent."
3	DR. CHATWIN: No, that's mine.
4	MR. BILLY: Okay.
5	DR. CHATWIN: The policy silent on
6	it. So we should delete "silent."
7	MR. BILLY: We can delete this.
8	DR. CHATWIN: I thought I had.
9	So then if we keep going down.
10	Consideration of the recreational sector.
11	It's been mentioned many times, what is a
12	specific consideration? I didn't know what we
13	do there. It is mentioned throughout the
14	policy. It may be will of MAFAC that it get
15	considered in this section. I understood
16	maybe the Recreational Subcommittee has been
17	talking about whether or not they want to be
18	highlighted in the recommendations. So that's
19	why I didn't make a decision here, but it's
20	really not up to me.
21	Entry level opportunities,
22	including new entrants. We all felt that this

was pretty critical and needs to be a program feature considered up front.

Prevention of fishing for quota including control dates. This was identified as an important issue. I think we need to develop it a little further. I don't know.

And so the adequate economic data collection all sectors including recreational fisheries. There is a number of places in the document where data collection identified. is There is one place where socioeconomic information is mentioned. But it's interesting that nowhere in the document is the collection of economic data emphasized. And it's a key piece and so we felt that that needed to be highlighted.

Let me see what else.

Royalties is to be deleted because it's already in there. It's on page 6, so that's to be deleted.

And then the allocation process.

Committee members expressed interest in having

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emphasis on the fact that the allocation process is super important. On page 5 of the document there is language that says to that effect. So the Committee needs to decide whether or not that's in there. And it's under the distinction among sectors, so it's not highlighted as allocation is a big issue. So maybe we --

MR. FISHER: It's in distinction between sectors?

That's right. DR. CHATWIN: It's in the catch share program features. It's the feature is distinction among sectors. there it states: "The allocation of quota among competing segments in the fishery has been one of the most difficult decisions for the Councils in the past." So if we keep it here, we're saying that statement needs to be highlighted. Although the policy already it. just whether addresses It's it's emphasized enough.

And then I'll just finish the

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1	program evaluation. And that is mentioned
2	throughout the document, but it should be in
3	this list of key features, key program
4	features.
5	So that's it. That's the piece
6	that
7	MS. LOVETT: So this should be
8	number 3?
9	DR. CHATWIN: That should be number
LO	3.
L1	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman?
L2	MR. BILLY: Okay. So the floor is
L3	yours.
L4	MS. McCARTY: I think that this
L5	captures that concern that we had to address.
L6	We're not entirely sure whether we captured
L7	all of the concerns of all the people. But
L8	now would be the opportunity, we believe, for
L9	those folks to address their particular
20	concerns if they feel the need to do so.
21	MR. BILLY: Okay. My suggestion to
22	you would be to go back to the beginning. And

1	there's several items where we need to in
2	particular make a decision to delete or
3	amplify in some way what's there. And then
4	once we've cleaned the language up, then we
5	can entertain a motion and move forward.
6	MS. McCARTY: And then also we were
7	anticipating getting some sort of an addition
8	from the recreational sector that addresses
9	what they want to do. Because the
10	Subcommittee purposely didn't make a
11	recommendation in that regard.
12	MR. BILLY: Okay.
13	DR. DANA: We didn't have an
14	opportunity even to discuss that in our
15	meetings.
16	DR. CHATWIN: So one option is to
17	take it out.
18	MS. DOERR: The things I kind of
19	brought forth to the table on Tuesday kind of
20	falls more in the realm of J. If when you say
21	initial allocation process, you mean this
22	is kind of where the whole allocation versus

distribution. If that means allocation between sectors prior to catch share being implemented, it could be addressed in J. If that means allocation of the catch share within the commercial sector, then what I brought forth on Tuesday is not reflected in J.

So I don't know what that means right there for J.

MR. BILLY: Perhaps maybe what we should just in fact reflect do is what The fact that the Recreational happened. Fisheries Subcommittee didn't. have an opportunity to address it, and that's sort of it.

Tom?

MR. RAFTICAN: And again, we didn't have the chance to address it. We had other things on the plate. But I was kind of fooling around with something like that. Put something forward almost as a place holder that the interaction of recreational interests

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within a catch share program is poorly understood but important to the overall success and will require specific study before incorporation. But at least put something out there that at least gets us on the board and somewhat of a placeholder there.

MR. BILLY: Okay.

DR. DANA: Thank you.

I think when you speak about -- I read that sentence, Tom. And I think when you talk about it's important the overall to what does that mean? The overall success, recreational success of catch shares for fisheries? Because, well if that's what it means, then I have an issue with that.

I don't believe for recreational fisheries or this sector that we can even consider catch shares if we don't understand what the true number of fish are out there. And until we have an accurate more agreed upon data fish count through science, I don't think — at least I know the industry and we're not

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prepared to deliberate on the catch share program.

And so that way that that sentence reads to me is that it would already being applying success of catch share for the recreational sector.

MR. BILLY: Okay. Mark.

HOLLIDAY: It's helpful. The distinction that Martin just fill in. asked to be made with respect to allocation and distribution, Bob Gill's comment on that subject in the Gulf, I mean this is something that we've already had discussions with and feedback stakeholder sessions with the recreational sector and others on the policy so far. So I think it's NOAA's position that there is a distinction between taking a total allowable catch for the year that's available to the fishery and making an initial allocation of that among competing tribes, commercial, recreational, subsistence, whatever. That's the allocation that we talk

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about when we're talking about allocation. 1 And then the distribution of that 2 allocation to a sector among its participants 3 eligible to receive a harvesting 4 who are privilege is the distribution of that. 5 so And Ι think NOAA's already 6 7 considered that comment and planned to reflect that in the revised version of the policy. 8 So if that helps or hinders where 9 10 you're trying to go with your suggestion, I just wanted let you know that it's 11 to something we've already heard and we want to 12 make that clarification and that distinction. 13 Because I think there are two phases to that, 14 15 and it does get confusing to people if we're 16 not clear on what the terms mean. MR. BILLY: Martin? 17 MR. FISHER: I've already 18 policy, the 19 identified here in the 20 policy. Is there anyway you can put page 5 of the draft policy in? 21

MS. LOVETT: Of the draft?

1	MR. FISHER: Yes.
2	And I just wanted to also reflect
3	that Tony's done an amazing job of distilling
4	all of the flak that was in the wind and is
5	giving us some kernels of corn that we can use
6	to plant.
7	While she's getting it up, I'll
8	just read it. Because here's all the
9	confusion right here, and exactly what you're
10	talking. Is this the draft that you're going
11	to revise, Mark?
12	DR. HOLLIDAY: I'm not prepared to
13	tell you what chapter and verse. I don't have
14	
15	MR. FISHER: Okay. Well, it says
16	here "Allocations of quota to recreational,
17	commercial, tribal, aboriginal and subsistent
18	sectors among gear types will be the sectors,
19	and reserving quota for reasons of research,
20	conservation, scientific are all decisions

The sentence before that is: "The

primarily made by councils."

21

allocation of quota among competing segments in the fishery has been one of the most difficult policy decisions." And therein lies the confusion. Because there's competing segments within a fishery just in gear types in the commercial sector and then you've got all the different sectors competing for the fish. And it's all being addressed under the title of allocation.

So this might be a paragraph that deserves our attention if you've not already looked.

MR. BILLY: Okay. Mark?

DR. HOLLIDAY: Again, Martin, I'm not trying to avoid your question about where and how we're going to deal with it. It's going to be something that relates in that section is my presumption, but I'm not prepared to tell you how we would rewrite it at this point.

The point I think we were trying to make in this is that without any catch share

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programs, councils for the last 30 years have been making allocation decisions who gets the pot. And those decisions are difficult and contentious and inherent in any fishery that resource acts as constraint, right? And so catch shares, those problems that resulted in a 60/40 split or a 50/50 split started many years ago and will continue into the future and they involve biological, social, economic, political judgments that a council makes.

Catch shares takes the result of that allocation and says okay, we've decided this is how the pie is going to get divvied up. And we're going to distribute that among the people in that sector who are eligible according to the Council standards to receive a direct privilege to harvest a specific quantity and be held accountable for it. That's what our definition is.

And so our intent would be to make sure there's a clear distinction in the allocation process that continues from the

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1	outset and will continue into the future. The
2	council controls how often that allocation
3	decision gets made, under what conditions,
4	under what criteria. They can design programs
5	that never look it, they can build into it.
6	But you know, those are all council
7	prerogatives that are independent of whether
8	they choose a catch share or not. So that's
9	the distinction we're trying to make between
10	an allocation and a distribution of a catch
11	share.
12	MR. FISHER: Okay. And in no way
13	do I have any quarrel with that or any
14	misunderstanding there. I totally understand
15	the process. It's just that allocation is
16	again used in the catch share program.
17	MR. SIMPSON: So his assurance is
18	you're going to address it.
19	DR. HOLLIDAY: That was my first
20	statement is that we were trying to inform you
21	that this had come up and we agreed that there

needed to be clarity in the use of those

1	terms.
2	MR. SIMPSON: Right.
3	DR. HOLLIDAY: And I was just
4	trying to provide a context for that.
5	MR. SIMPSON: That's your main
6	point that you made?
7	DR. HOLLIDAY: Yes.
8	MS. McCARTY: So that deals with
9	that.
10	There's another issue that we need
11	to address on the list as to whether we still
12	want to exclude that concern in Tony's motion.
13	MR. BILLY: Yes.
14	MS. McCARTY: So now we need to go
15	back to that to determine if we still want to
16	include that.
17	DR. CHATWIN: And maybe we want to
18	use a different word.
19	MS. McCARTY: Correct. So we need
20	to go bake to the work and see if that makes a
21	statement for importance of initial allocation
22	process. And I for one do not know what the

1	intent of the maker of that concern was.
2	Whether they meant allocation or distribution,
3	or whether they meant catch share allocations
4	to individuals or what. I just don't
5	remember. I don't remember the context it was
6	made in.
7	MR. BILLY: Okay. Martin
8	MR. FISHER: I believe I was part
9	of that, and we don't have to call it
10	allocation but that it is the distribution of
11	a percentage of a TAC for individuals to hold
12	for the duration of the program. The
13	ownership of that percentage for the duration
14	of the program is what is referred to
15	allocation in the catch share distribution
16	that we now have in place, regardless of
17	sectors.
18	MS. McCARTY: That's what I thought
19	it meant.
20	MR. BILLY: Tony?
21	DR. CHATWIN: Did you say
22	allocation and distribution is a key program

1	feature that if we just call this
2	allocation and distribution and considering
3	that we're making recommendations for this to
4	be a key feature that the Councils have to
5	consider, that would not be
6	MR. FISHER: I think we have to
7	link it directly to the implementation of the
8	catch share program for the participants of
9	the catch share program.
10	MS. DOERR: Just a question of
11	clarification. So does that mean that the J
12	that's up there refers to the distribution of
13	the catch shares among participants?
14	MR. FISHER: That's what I thought.
15	MS. DOERR: Okay.
16	DR. CHATWIN: Did you want to say
17	that distribution of the catch share among
18	participants?
19	MS. McCARTY: It'd be clearer.
20	MR. BILLY: Okay.
21	DR. CHATWIN: Let's just do that.
22	Is that good with you?

1	MS. DOERR: That's totally fine
2	with me. I'm just trying to gauge
3	MR. BILLY: Let's make that change.
4	Let's move forward.
5	DR. CHATWIN: No, no, take
6	unless you want to keep the critical
7	importance.
8	MR. FISHER: Well, it is a critical
9	importance.
10	DR. CHATWIN: Okay. I mean, that's
11	fine with me. Sorry. Distribution of quota
12	to participants.
13	MR. BILLY: Take out reference page
14	5?
15	MS. McCARTY: Yes. Yes.
16	MR. BILLY: Okay. And it's quota.
17	Okay. Heather?
18	MS. McCARTY: That's all.
19	MR. BILLY: How about the others?
20	MS. McCARTY: I'm fine with
21	whatever you know, I think this reflects
22	what people put on the able. And also

1	reflects what was already in the policy. I'm
2	fine with that list.
3	MR. BILLY: Okay. Can we scroll
4	back up to A?
5	MS. McCARTY: I, for one, think
6	this is a good place for this to be in the
7	text of the policy. I also imagine that it's
8	going to be in someway represented in the
9	catch share design, which is another good
LO	place it could be.
L1	So I don't know if we need to say
L2	that. Because if there's a catch share guide
L3	of any kind certainly it would address these
L4	things.
L5	MR. BILLY: Okay. Tony?
L6	DR. CHATWIN: You there you see F.
L7	We haven't dealt with F yet and we should.
L8	And the reason we didn't deal with it is
L9	because we felt we didn't have the right
20	people there to deal with it. So we have
21	various options. We can tweak it, take it

out, whatever is the pleasure of the

1	recreational fishing folks.
2	MS. McCARTY: Chairman, what that
3	really meant was that in the design of the
4	catch share programs whether they be for
5	commercial catch share programs that the
6	effects on the recreational sector be
7	conserved. I believe that that was the
8	original intent of that concern. And I
9	personally think that's still a valid issue.
10	Again, if the recreational sector doesn't have
11	anything else that they want to put in there,
12	I still think that that's a valid concern that
13	was expressed.
14	MR. BILLY: Do any of those nine
15	references to rec fishing make that point in
16	the document already?
17	MS. McCARTY: I haven't looked at
18	them.
19	MR. BILLY: Yes?
20	MS. DOERR: I do have one suggested
21	position to go back to what I put on the table
22	on Tuesday now that I know what the intent of

1	J was. And it's separate from what Heather
2	just said, but it would mirror what J says
3	there and have an L or something that says
4	"the critical importance of an initial sector
5	allocation that reflects the economic value of
6	the fishery prior to the development of a
7	commercial catch share policy." Because I
8	feel as if it's mentioned on page 5 that it is
9	important that sector allocation tends to be
10	difficult among the Councils, but I believe it
11	could be stronger to say that councils should
12	look at sector allocation prior to going to
13	catch share.
14	MS. LOVETT: Could you read that
15	one more time?
16	MS. DOERR: "Critical importance of
17	an initial sector allocation that reflects the
18	economic value of a fisher prior to the
19	development of a commercial catch share policy
20	or catch share program."
21	And that addresses my main thing.
	1

And then regards to F, I'm not

1	quite
2	MR. BILLY: Did you want to share
3	that with everyone?
4	MS. McCARTY: Okay. The Chairmar
5	asked me to determine whether going back to
6	consideration of the recreational sector,
7	whether the effects of a rationalization
8	program of the commercial sector might be met
9	with a positive on the recreational. It is
10	mentioned at the top of page 5 or close to the
11	top of page 5. It is conceivable that the
12	initial plan for catch shares for example
13	catch shares for the commercial sector but not
14	the recreation sector could have effects or
15	early segmented fisheries. So it is dealt
16	with there. So we can take that out. But
17	that's okay.
18	MR. BILLY: Take out?
19	MS. McCARTY: F.
20	MR. BILLY: F. Because it's
21	already addressed.
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MS. McCARTY: It is. Everybody's

1	fine with that.
2	MR. BILLY: Okay.
3	MR. ALEXANDER: Can I bring
4	something else up?
5	MR. BILLY: Okay. Hold on.
6	Everyone is okay with taking out F?
7	MS. McCARTY: And are we done with
8	recreational elements on this list?
9	MR. BILLY: Well, I think we need
10	to get back to do L. I didn't hear any
11	reaction to L. K, oh sorry, K.
12	So any comments? Yes, Martin?
13	MR. FISHER: Thank you, Mr.
14	Chairman.
15	I'm so sorry, Patty. I have to
16	disagree. I don't think it belongs in this
17	section. I think that, again, just because
18	there's a catch share doesn't mean that the
19	allocation between sectors cannot be adjusted
20	or changed. It happens all the time with the
21	TACs. I feel like this is almost asking or

pointing the Council in the direction of a

1 change. And a change may or may 2 that's up to politics necessary. And everything else. 3 But for me personally I would like 4 to see that stricken from this section. 5 MR. BILLY: Jim, what if is said 6

MR. BILLY: Jim, what if is said considers the economic value instead of saying reflects it? Then at least it wouldn't be directing you to have a proportion if that's where --

MR. FISHER: That would help it.

MR. BILLY: Okay.

MS. DOERR: Let me add something. I understand that nothing prohibits right now a council from going through an allocation process and it could it have done it at any point in time. But we heard through a number of the presentations, well a couple of the outside presentations yesterday that the start of a catch share program is a snapshot in time. And I believe regardless of which sector anything would shift to or if there

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would be any shift at all, that that snapshot in time be as accurate as possible and reflects the economic value of the entire fishery.

before the Councils And SO through this whole long process, and from what I understand it takes years to get through this whole catch share process, that foundation start from the of the accurate, up to date economic information -and biological information, the whole thing from the very beginning.

And so that's why it's important to us. It's an issue of fairness that this whole process in mixed use fisheries starts out with an accurate snapshot. So that's the whole concern. And for that reason I like the word reflect.

MR. BILLY: Jim made a suggestion to change this. You want to repeat it so that we can catch --

VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Well, I was

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going to change the word reflects to considers 1 2 I proposed. But I think Patty just said that she likes the word reflects. So I'm not 3 adding that. I was trying to arbitrate. 4 MR. BILLY: Okay. 5 Tony? DR. CHATWIN: I would like us to be 6 7 in a position where we could all embrace this. However, do we have information? 8 I mean, just agreed 9 that we need correct, 10 adequate economic data for all sectors including the recreational fisheries. 11 understanding is that we don't have adequate 12 13 economic data including recreational fisheries. And so I just don't understand how 14 15 we could have an adequate estimate on economic 16 value at this point in time. MR. BILLY: So it would undermine 17 the catch share policy by not having any 18 19 further catch share programs until there's adequate data, that's right? 20 I'm sort of where MR. RIZZARDI:

Tony is. And I think that the new language in

21

2 we're using in all the other concepts. I would suggest that the concept in 3 4 K overlaps somewhat with the concept in L. And I would reword L to be the "collection and 5 consideration of adequate economic data for 6 recreational 7 all sectors, including fisheries." 8 Leave the concept much broader. 9 10 Address the basic principle that are embedded in K without getting into that level 11 detail. 12 13 MR. BILLY: Which one--RIZZARDI: 14 MR. and Patty, Ι 15 understand. You know, you have your issue. 16 But my suggestion is L which goes to economic data collection -- I'm sorry I. Be reworded 17 "collection and consideration say 18 to 19 adequate economic data from all sectors including recreational fisheries." And then I 20 would strike K. 21

K is much more detailed than the language that

In addition, I have a problem with

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	the phrase "critical importance." It's value
2	laden and there's only two of these that have
3	been given that phrase and I think all of us
4	in this room would differ as to which things
5	are of critical importance. So assuming we're
6	okay with getting rid of that last one, then
7	the only one that remains is H that has the
8	phrase "critical importance." Or, no, I. And
9	I would just strike it. And it would say, you
10	know: "Initial distribution of quota to
11	participants."
12	MS. McCARTY: I think that's good.
13	MS. LOVETT: Don't worry about the
14	lettering, it's screwy for whatever reason.
15	MR. RIZZARDI: Okay. So on I could
16	you also strike the "critical importance"?
17	MS. LOVETT: Just "critical
18	importance"?
19	MR. RIZZARDI: "Critical
20	importance," correct.
21	MS. LOVETT: And then K?
22	MR. RIZZARDI: And then K is

1	stricken.
2	MS. LOVETT: Which I can undo.
3	MR. RIZZARDI: Assuming Patty
4	MS. LOVETT: I can undo it
5	MS. DOERR: I mean it sounds like a
6	but the point is I mean I understand that
7	we don't necessarily have all the economic
8	data for sector allocation, but to me it's all
9	part of the process. I mean, I think there's
10	a lot data that doesn't exist when it comes to
11	putting together a catch share program. And
12	that doesn't necessarily stop the collection
13	happening and the catch share programs going
14	forward.
15	And so before you went and made the
16	amendment to I H, whatever, you know I
17	would have said well they need to collect it
18	and then they need to use it, which is
19	reflected there and we appreciate that.
20	MR. RIZZARDI: Right, which is what
21	I'm trying to accomplish.
22	MS. DOERR: But it's that initial

sector allocation in making sure it's an accurate sector. And so I understand where you and Tony are coming from in terms of the economic data may not be there. But there's a lot of data that isn't necessarily there at the start of the catch share program and you have to force them to gather it and to use it.

Not force them, but --

MR. BILLY: Heather?

MS. McCARTY: I think one of the things that you're proposal does is it's very prescriptive and that it sort of indicates that the initial allocation between the sectors is based solely on this economic data which may or may not exist. But even if it did, that's necessarily how not everyone thinks that sector allocation should be done.

And so, when you have the words that you have in K you're prescribing that. And that's what people are objecting to. Not that the economic importance of the recreational sector isn't of huge import to

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1	you or everybody, but that what you're saying
2	in K goes beyond the suggestion.
3	MR. BILLY: Okay.
4	MS. DOERR: For the sake of moving
5	along, I can accept that.
6	MR. BILLY: Okay. That was
7	absolutely correct. All right.
8	So are you all set now?
9	Tony?
10	DR. CHATWIN: It's a different
11	issue. It's a different bullet that I was
12	going to ask about so is that okay?
13	MR. BILLY: Yes. I think we're
14	finished, right?
15	MS. McCARTY: I think way down at
16	the end I think Terry had an addition.
17	MR. ALEXANDER: I was just going to
18	make suggestion that because we're not going
19	to get all of us to agree to every bullet
20	there. So could we have a vote on each
21	bullet? I mean, would that signify?
22	MR. BILLY: No, it wouldn't.

1	MR. ALEXANDER: I mean each one
2	coming down. But there are a few thing in
3	there that I'm not comfortable with, like all
4	the I'm really not comfortable with the
5	consolidation issues, including ownership
6	caps, use caps, processing caps. I just think
7	that that I mean, a lot of us have a lot of
8	money invested in the different catch share
9	programs. And I just I mean, I could see
10	some caps, but I mean when you send that
11	message to the Councils, which they're going
12	to talk about anyway, it kind of makes them
13	think that you want them cut. It would make
14	me feel like you wanted me to cut the pie up
15	even smaller.
16	MR. RIZZARDI: But isn't the point
17	our request that they consider it? I mean, I
18	understand
19	MR. ALEXANDER: You mean they do.
20	But I mean they do automatically. I mean, we
21	just have gone through. Everything on that

list is considered, you know years of it.

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MR. BILLY: Mark?

DR. HOLLIDAY: Yes, I'm hesitating. So a lot of these things may not be covered adequately in the policy, but they're already covered in the statute. And so we purposely didn't try to include everything in section 303(a) verbatim in the policy. But there is a statutory requirement for the Councils to set a cap on excessive shares. That's the law. And so we do talk about consolidation in the policy, but we refer back to all catch share programs have to follow what's in the law. And we think that requirement for the Councils is pretty straight and forward, and clear that they have to set a cap on consolidation.

So a number of these things are indeed you know referenced in the statute. And so they may not be explicitly spelled out to duplicate what's in the law in the policy itself. But the policy itself states at the very outset, it's reflecting what's

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permissible under 303(a) and here's how NOAA feels we can help in the consideration of the catch shares as an option.

MR. BILLY: Okay. Dave?

Well, I guess WALLACE: MR. I'm going to agree with Terry that I've not been a big advocate of this concept because I thought that it was going to ultimately be considered by every council for every single catch share debate that they have. These debates only go on, typically, for ten years. It's not like it happens in one day or one week, or month, or one year. And there are all the issues that if the Council or NMFS doesn't bring them up, industry brings them up. And surely the recreational fishermen will bring up their portions on any fishery that is a shared recreational and commercial. that's the reason that I've been quiet about this because I think that you're going into areas which, as Mark just pointed out, between policy and the law are really already spelled

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1	out.
2	And so if you want to try to
3	reinvent the wheel and just get it rejected,
4	that's fine, you know. But there are things
5	up here that I you know, I think that
6	there's a better use of our time.
7	MR. BILLY: Okay.
8	MS. McCARTY: I recommend that we
9	vote on this portion of the motion.
LO	MR. BILLY: Okay.
L1	MS. McCARTY: And see where comes
L2	out. And then if we see that we have serious
L3	disagreement, we do more detail voting. But I
L4	think that if we put this to a vote, we'll see
L5	what people's views are.
L6	MR. BILLY: Okay.
L7	MS. McCARTY: Just the section that
L8	Tony presented as a motion.
L9	MR. BILLY: So number two in its
20	entirety?
21	MS. McCARTY: Just number two, yes.
22	MR BILLY: Okay Bill?

1	MR. DEWEY: I think Tony had
2	another comment, another topic on the list and
3	
4	MS. McCARTY: Oh this list? Oh,
5	I'm sorry, I didn't realize
6	MR. BILLY: Okay. Tony?
7	DR. CHATWIN: Well, I'm just
8	sensitive to the fact that F impact on other
9	fisheries are my words because I wasn't
LO	familiar with the side boards. I left the
L1	side boards in there. I don't know if this is
L2	adequately reflecting the members'
L3	MR. BILLY: I think that's fine.
L4	DR. CHATWIN: intent. I just
L5	wanted to make sure. I realized that I made
L6	some edits there. I just wanted to make sure
L7	that that was
L8	MR. BILLY: Okay. Bill?
L9	MR. DEWEY: I just wanted to
20	revisit transferability since we've proposed
21	to strike it. And it was Bruce Turris that
2	raised in his comment that that in his opinion

the policy needed to be expanded with guidance on how you allow transferability.

There's certainly a section on transferability on page 4, but it doesn't speak to how -- the last sentence of it sort of does. And it says that NOAA is committed to providing technical advice and support to Council and affected stakeholders evaluating the transferability option. But again, I mean in the italics above it says: "Fully consider transferability," but how to do it is not -- you know, the policy is silent on the how to. And that was his suggestion is that there needs to be more guidance here.

So I just wanted to raise it and that that's not something we have addressed. I don't know that we need to, I just wanted to bring it up since Bruce felt fairly strongly about it.

DR. HOLLIDAY: Right. So the policy, again to defer back to the statute, it says: "Establishing a limited access

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privilege program a council shall establish a policy and criteria for the transferability of limited access privileges through sale or lease that is consistent with the policies adopted by the Council for the fishery under the earlier paragraphs."

And so we felt we'd be hard-pressed to say your transferability program should look like this because it's going to be dependent on the specific goals and objectives of the FMP. So if there are social, economic or biological goals that a council can use transferability to help do that.

For example, how fast to allow consolidation to run its course, to limit it to geographic areas, to limit it by gear type, to limit it by vessel type. Those are all choices that depending on what the goal of the Council is on what the future fishery should look like would condition the criteria they use for transferability.

So we decided to say you set out

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1	clear goals. You're required by law to set
2	out a policy on transferability. And if you
3	want to run scenarios, you need help in
4	figuring out the right configuration of a
5	transferability rule, NOAA's there to help
6	you, but we're not going to dictate to you how
7	to do so.
8	MR. DEWEY: All right. Without
9	additional explanation, Mark, I'm certainly
10	comfortable with leaving it the way it is.
11	MR. BILLY: Okay.
12	MS. McCARTY: I am too. I think
13	that that's adequately addressed.
14	MR. BILLY: So you want to make a
15	motion?
16	MS. McCARTY: I move that we I
17	thought Tony already had, but you didn't
18	actually make a motion?
19	DR. CHATWIN: I didn't make a
20	motion.
21	MS. McCARTY: Okay.
22	MR. BILLY: No.

1	MS. McCARTY: You did not?
2	DR. CHATWIN: Nope.
3	MS. McCARTY: So I move that we
4	adopt this MAFAC recommendation as a MAFAC
5	recommendation for comment in the catch share
6	process, the section labeled as two, the
7	listing A through J, or whatever it ends up
8	being.
9	MR. BILLY: Okay.
LO	MR. DEWEY: Second.
11	MR. BILLY: Second. Any further
L2	discussion? Yes, Paul?
L3	MR. CLAMPITT: I'd like to have a
L4	further what does that mean exactly? I
L5	mean are side boards protected?
L6	DR. CHATWIN: That's why I said
L7	impacts on other fisheries, because I don't
L8	really know.
L9	MR. CLAMPITT: What is that?
20	MR. BILLY: I thought we were going
21	to scratch what's in the parenthetical.
22	DR. CHATWIN: Oh, that's be good.

1	MR. RIZZARDI: Is there still a
2	question?
3	MR. BILLY: Does that solve the
4	problem?
5	MR. CLAMPITT: Yes. Cool.
6	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, just
7	for peoples' information, side board is a term
8	that's been developed in some councils to
9	refer to limitations on what participants in a
LO	rationalized fishery can do in other fisheries
L1	to protect those other fisheries from
L2	deleterious effects from people who may have
L3	an advantage.
L4	MR. BILLY: Okay. Paul?
L5	MR. CLAMPITT: Well with that I
L6	would, you know argue against it because what
L7	happens in these things is, you know once you
L8	rationalize a fishery, you're stuck in it.
L9	And sometimes it doesn't always work out. The
20	next thing you know, you know your fisheries
21	collapse and now where are you going to go? I

mean, you're limited to going somewhere?

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I

1	think you should be able to buy into something
2	else.
3	MS. McCARTY: No, no, no.
4	MR. BILLY: No, no, no.
5	MS. McCARTY: That's not it. That's
6	not it.
7	MR. CLAMPITT: Well, that was what
8	I was
9	MS. McCARTY: No, no. That's not
10	what it refers to. You can buy into anything
11	that you want, you just are limited as to sort
12	of temporal and spatial participation in
13	fisheries that are not rationalized by members
14	of a fishery that is rationalized.
15	MR. CLAMPITT: Well we're striking
16	it, correct?
17	DR. CHATWIN: Well now it just says
18	"impacts on other fisheries."
19	MS. McCARTY: Impacts on other
20	fisheries deals with that.
21	MR. CLAMPITT: Okay. That's good.
22	MR. BILLY: Okay.

1	MR. DEWEY: Well I want to know how
2	you can try to legislate business behavior.
3	You know, in saying you can't this doesn't
4	mean that they're not going to do it. They're
5	just going to find another way to do it. And
6	so
7	MR. BILLY: This doesn't say that.
8	MR. DEWEY: Well, according to
9	MR. BILLY: And there's an explanation.
10	MR. DEWEY: Yes, I know.
11	MR. BILLY: I'd like to get back to
12	the motion. Motion has been seconded. Any
13	further discussion?
14	MR. CONNELLY: I think we need some
15	clarity about what F means for people.
16	MR. BILLY: Okay.
	rik. Billi. Okay.
17	_
17 18	MR. CONNELLY: Because people are
	MR. CONNELLY: Because people are
18	MR. CONNELLY: Because people are asked to vote on something and there's a lack
18	MR. CONNELLY: Because people are asked to vote on something and there's a lack of clarity about it.

1 economic impacts, et cetera? If you could 2 just talk what side board means it might be helpful. 3 Okay. And I'm sorry 4 MS. McCARTY: if I wasn't clear. And anybody that wants to 5 can jump into this because I'm not the 6 7 resident expert. All I know about side boards in the 8 fishery programs that I'm familiar with is 9 10 that they are put in place as part of 11 rationalization process to limit the participation in other non-rationalized 12 fisheries of the participants in the fishery 13 that was rationalized. 14 I know it's complicated. I don't 15 16 know whether I'm making it clear. It's not biological impacts. 17 It's impacts on participants in the other 18 19 rationalized fisheries. And it's being used to -- I hate to use this term, but sweeten the 20

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pot, if you will, for people who are afraid of

the results on their fisheries of another

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1	fishery becoming rationalized.
2	MR. FISHER: Could I offer just a
3	change of words? Effort shifting is what
4	we're talking about. And if we just say
5	impacts of effort shifting.
6	MR. SIMPSON: Seasons.
7	MS. McCARTY: Larry, can you add
8	any clarity to what I've just said?
9	MR. SIMPSON: I would say back at
10	seasons effects rather than limitation. I
11	would say effects rather than limitation of
12	the participants.
13	If you set a certain season, for
14	example, red snapper, vermillion and you set
15	it in such a way that you allow some catch to
16	continue, then that would be beneficial you
17	know rather than have them at the same time,
18	things like that.
19	MS. McCARTY: Yes. Jim, can you
20	help me with this?
21	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Well, I was
22	going to say we have an example. You know in

the Bering Sea the pollock fishery rationalized and there were already -- the law only allowed I think 19 vessels to fish pollock anymore, and they could co-op. And it turned out they only needed 13 vessels to catch all the pollock, so there were six vessels that used to fish pollock that could go and fish anyplace they liked, or they could go in the Gulf of Alaska and fish Pacific cod. fair. Well, that wasn't They got advantage of the co-oping in the Bering Sea and because they did that, they released -those boats didn't have to be there. could catch whiting off of Oregon.

In the old days in the competition they didn't have the wherewithal to get down to Oregon. Now they did because they let the other big boat catch their fish and so they could expand their little empire.

And so those are the side boards.

They said in order to participate in this coop, we realize you have to go out there and

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1	spend the money. You don't have to buy a crew
2	because the other boat can fish full time and
3	catch it. But you can't, in the absence of
4	going out there, you can't go catch somebody
5	else's fish. So those were the side boards
6	that were put on.
7	And virtually everything has
8	started in the north Pacific with the American
9	Fisheries Act and named the boats that got to
10	fish pollock.
11	MS. McCARTY: Yes, that's a good
12	example. That's not the only example, but
13	that's the concept.
14	MR. SIMPSON: We don't get that
15	sophisticated in the Gulf. I understand what
16	you said.
17	MR. BILLY: Martin?
18	MR. FISHER: Well we call it effort
19	shifting, that's what it is.
20	MR. CLAMPITT: That kind of makes
21	sense to me.
22	MS. McCARTY: That's what it is.

1	That's what it is.
2	MR. RIZZARDI: Could we just change
3	that to "Impacts on other fisheries due to
4	effort shifting"?
5	MS. McCARTY: Sure. And again, we
6	have to re-emphasize every time that this is
7	not a rule. It's not a law. It's just a
8	suggested consideration of the Councils
9	MR. SIMPSON: Make sure you think
10	about it.
11	MS. McCARTY: Make sure you think
12	about it, that's all it is.
13	Does that help?
14	MR. RIZZARDI: Paul, are you good
15	to go?
16	MR. CLAMPITT: No, that's fine. I
17	wouldn't solve the problem the way they did in
18	the North Pacific, but
19	MR. BILLY: Okay. Any other
20	discussion?
21	MR. FISHER: I'd like to call the
22	question.

1	MR. BILLY: Me too.
2	All those in favor of item two as
3	modified say aye.
4	(Chorus of ayes.)
5	MR. BILLY: Opposed?
6	MR. CLAMPITT: Opposed.
7	MR. ALEXANDER: Opposed.
8	MR. WALLACE: Opposed.
9	MR. BILLY: Okay. Opposed.
10	MS. McCARTY: How many opposed.
11	MS. LOVETT: Three.
12	MR. BILLY: Three. All right.
13	Okay. I declare a pass.
14	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, I have
15	another motion.
16	MR. BILLY: Yes?
17	MS. McCARTY: The motion reads as
18	the following. And refer to number one on the
19	screen, please. It's not exactly like number
20	one, but I'm going to take it from number one.
21	MAFAC recommends that NOAA NMFS
22	MR. BILLY: Hold on. Hold on.

1	MS. LOVETT: If you want to, you
2	can write it down.
3	MS. McCARTY: I can just say it.
4	MR. BILLY: Okay.
5	MS. McCARTY: MAFAC recommends that
6	NOAA/NMFS, however you want to put it,
7	undertake a resolution of and then the rest of
8	number one, the outstanding questions on the
9	application of the MSA LAP guidelines to the
10	design of catch share programs particularly in
11	the areas of community provisions, catch
12	recovery and process or allocation of the
13	shares. MS. LOVETT: I'm sorry
14	MS. McCARTY: Leave it as number 1.
15	MAFAC recommends so you can take out the
16	old. And then the rest of that sentence and
17	then there's a period. And the rest of it
18	goes away.
19	That's my motion.
20	MR. BILLY: Okay. Is there a
21	second?
22	MS. McCARTY: Apparently not.

1	MR. CLAMPITT: Can we have a
2	discussion on that?
3	DR. CHATWIN: Yes, I'll second.
4	I'll second.
5	MR. BILLY: Okay. Motion's been
6	made and seconded. Discussion.
7	MS. McCARTY: And I'd like to speak
8	to it first.
9	MR. BILLY: Okay.
10	MS. McCARTY: This was something
11	that we heard from several of the experts that
12	made presentations to us and several of the
13	people internally who made presentations.
14	I've personally seen the effects of
15	not having these guidelines and these legal
16	opinions, or whatever it takes. Maybe there
17	are sort of underlying legal opinions that
18	apply here but that have not yet been made
19	abundantly clear to all of the regional
20	councils. And I, for one, believe that the
21	lack of these is hindering the development of

the catch share programs. So I would think it

	would be all important step in the facilitation
2	of councils achieving catch share program
3	goals.
4	And so I would make a motion and
5	hope that people could support that. I don't
6	find that it's very controversial, but maybe
7	MR. BILLY: Okay. Terry?
8	MR. ALEXANDER: The only really
9	real major problem that I have with that would
10	be the processor allocation. I mean, I don't
11	mind a processor on a quota if he goes out and
12	buys a license like we had to do with some
13	catch history on it. But I mean if you put
14	that in there like that, that makes me uneasy
15	the processor allocation part of it.
16	MS. McCARTY: Okay.
17	MR. ALEXANDER: If they went out
18	and did it the same way I had to do, then that
19	would be thing. But if they just get an
20	allocation off the dock because they're a
21	processor, I'd have an issue with it.
22	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, if I

1	could address that?
2	I wasn't suggesting that they do
3	any of the above.
4	MR. ALEXANDER: Yes, I understand
5	that.
6	MS. McCARTY: I'm saying that there
7	is uncertainty as to the application of those
8	LAP provisions and that they need to be clear
9	about them. That's all I'm saying. Because I
10	certainly couldn't tell you whether the LAP
11	provisions allow that or whether they don't
12	allow it.
13	MR. ALEXANDER: Yes.
14	MR. BILLY: Could we just have a
15	full stop after guidelines if that's what
16	we're saying?
17	MS. McCARTY: Well, we could have a
18	full stop after the catch share program.
19	MR. BILLY: Okay. Well, that's it.
20	MR. ALEXANDER: Yes, I would like
21	that. Yes, I would like that.
22	MS. McCARTY: Though, of course,

1	that's where the problems lie, so one can only
2	assume that if they undertake it, they would
3	clarify those things.
4	Thank you.
5	MS. LOVETT: You want that?
6	MS. McCARTY: It's a friendly
7	amendment.
8	MR. RIZZARDI: I hope it's
9	friendly. The phrase under "take a
LO	resolution" looked like it was something
11	normal that we were I was just going to
L2	suggest that we change that "provide answers
L3	to."
L4	MS. McCARTY: That sounds good. I
L5	was trying to stick to the real language.
L6	MR. RIZZARDI: Answers to the
L7	outstanding questions, right.
L8	MS. McCARTY: That's great.
L9	MR. CLAMPITT: Well, that solved my
20	problem. We never really had a discussion
21	about processor shares or the concept of it.
22	And I'm fundamentally opposed to them, just

1	like Terry is. So I'm glad to see it
2	stricken.
3	MR. BILLY: Good.
4	Other discussion? Okay.
5	All those in favor of the motion?
6	(Chorus of ayes.)
7	MR. BILLY: Opposed? Pass.
8	Okay. Is there one more?
9	MS. McCARTY: Number three.
10	I don't know what you want to do
11	with three, Mr. Chairman. We were asked to
12	sort of prioritize this. It was one of the
13	trigger questions, I think, so some of us gave
14	our opinion.
15	MR. BILLY: It's the time of day
16	when you don't want to ask me a question about
17	what I want to do.
18	MR. SIMPSON: Is it 1:00 yet, Mr.
19	Chairman?
20	MR. BILLY: I'm open to a
21	suggestion. Yes, Tony?
22	DR. CHATWIN: I have a question.

If we don't put this forward as a specific recommendation, NOAA still gets this input from us from the discussion in this meeting, right? Or do we have to formalize it in a recommendation?

DR. HOLLIDAY: The entire transcript of the meeting as recorded is made available to NOAA and any other member of the public as well. What you felt was relevant to discuss.

DR. CHATWIN: Right.

DR. HOLLIDAY: We also take from that transcript and summarize a report of the discussions and include in the report any actionable items or any specific motions are automatically included in the report. And our staff attempts to synthesize the overall flow of the discussion and what was covered without editorializing the content of these thousands of pages of transcripts into something that's going to be readable.

MR. BILLY: But this would be an

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1	example of something that would likely be
2	included in the report?
3	DR. HOLLIDAY: If you left that in
4	as part of your report, we'd say that there
5	was agreement of the issues identified in the
6	catch share policy, the MAFAC Committee
7	indicated these have relatively higher
8	importance than others, something to that
9	effect.
10	MS. McCARTY: Right now it's just a
11	Subcommittee.
12	MR. BILLY: Okay.
13	MS. McCARTY: So I move that number
14	three be accepted by MAFAC as their
15	recommendation to the agency.
16	MR. BILLY: Okay. So that's a
17	recommendation. Well, we're just expressing
18	the importance.
19	MS. McCARTY: Expressing the
20	importance.
21	MR. BILLY: Okay. So we don't have
22	

1	DR. CHATWIN: That's a motion?
2	MR. BILLY: Yes.
3	DR. CHATWIN: I'll second it.
4	MR. BILLY: Okay. Any further
5	discussion? Okay. All those in favor?
6	(Chorus of ayes.)
7	MR. BILLY: Opposed?
8	Okay. It's approved.
9	MS. McCARTY: And, Mr. Chairman, if
10	I could just run through this really quickly
11	because I know what you want to do.
12	I think we've dealt with the
13	editing issue of the word allocation. I don't
14	know whether we've dealt with your editing
15	issue, which was the use of the word program,
16	but I think that can be done without a motion.
17	MR. BILLY: Yes.
18	MS. McCARTY: And then that only
19	leaves in my mind this statement "catch shares
20	is a management tool." And I would just I
21	don't know quite how to deal with it. I think
22	it's important and I think we should probably

1	just say that MAFAC suggests to the agency
2	that the language added to the introduction or
3	introductory remarks, or something, that
4	indicates that there are a number of tools
5	that are part of the fishery management and
6	remain for considerations. Continued science-
7	based management to include an adherence TACs
8	is crucial, something like that.
9	MR. BILLY: Okay.
10	MS. LOVETT: Could you reread that?
11	MS. McCARTY: I was reading it, but
12	I was modifying as I was reading.
13	So MAFAC recommends that the agency
14	add language in the introduction of the catch
15	share policy indicating that there are a
16	number of tools that are part of traditional
17	fishery management
18	MR. BILLY: Hold on.
19	MS. McCARTY: Well, some of that is
20	already there, of course.
21	MS. LOVETT: Everything else is
22	struck, so I don't know where you're talking

1	about.
2	DR. CHATWIN: Okay. I struck all
3	that. So if you want to highlight it all and
4	say reject change, you would have it all.
5	MS. McCARTY: The motion would be
6	MAFAC recommends that the agency add
7	introductory language to the catch share
8	policy. And then strike the next line
9	starting with the going all the way to there
LO	are a number of tools. So strike all the way
11	through in reality. Strike in reality. And
L2	then from there on leave that in. And going
L3	down, continued science-based management
L4	including adherence to TACs remains crucial.
L5	And then strike the rest of the paragraph.
L6	And, Mr. Chairman, I got a second
L7	_
L8	MR. BILLY: I already did.
L9	MS. McCARTY: I guess we heard from
20	a number of people, particularly the experts
21	that we brought in that this is something

should be stressed in the language somewhere.

1	And so I think that might be a good place to
2	do it. And leave it up where it needs to
3	be.
4	MR. BILLY: Okay. Further
5	discussion? Okay. All those in favor of the
6	motion say aye.
7	(Chorus of ayes.)
8	MR. BILLY: Opposed? Motion's
9	approved.
LO	What else do we have?
l1	MS. McCARTY: That's all that we
L2	had in the Subcommittee.
L3	MR. BILLY: Okay. That's good.
L4	MS. McCARTY: It doesn't mean
L5	that's everything.
L6	MR. BILLY: So are we finished?
L7	MS. McCARTY: Martin?
L8	MR. FISHER: Yes.
L9	MS. McCARTY: Did you want to add
20	stuff to the draft language?
21	MR. FISHER: Yes, I did. I haven't
22	crafted it, but I'll take a stab at it.

1	So the motion would read MAFAC
2	would like to offer condolences no.
3	MAFAC would like to congratulate
4	the Catch Share Policy Task Force and Dr.
5	Holliday in the creation of a draft document
6	help me out Heather.
7	MS. McCARTY: Commend
8	MR. FISHER: commend. There you
9	go. Commend. Thank you.
10	MS. McCARTY: For their work.
11	MR. FISHER: For their work for
12	their dedication and work in spite of I'll
13	stop. Full stop.
14	Heather, thank you very much.
15	MS. McCARTY: I knew you wanted to
16	do that.
17	MR. FISHER: I did. And appreciate
18	it.
19	MR. BILLY: So is this a motion?
20	MR. FISHER: Yes, it is.
21	MR. BILLY: Seconded?
22	MS. McCARTY: Second.

1	MR. BILLY: Any further discussion?
2	All those in favor say aye.
3	(Chorus of ayes.)
4	MR. BILLY: Opposed. None? Okay.
5	Passed, approved and finished.
6	Okay. Good. Anything else from
7	your Subcommittee?
8	MS. McCARTY: No, Mr. Chairman.
9	MR. BILLY: Okay. All right.
10	We've got a couple of more items on the
11	agenda.
12	And new business and a review of
13	the action items from past meetings, and the
14	next meetings.
15	So, Mark, the floor is yours.
16	DR. HOLLIDAY: So you know the 3:00
17	sail is ten minutes away. I'd like to be on
18	it, but I think I'll have to wait until -
19	MR. BILLY: Speak quickly.
	The Billia Speak quickly.
20	DR. HOLLIDAY: I think I'll have to
20	

the Committee remember several years ago. We had a Charter Subcommittee that worked on revision to the MAFAC's charter, which comes up for renewal every two years. And principal requests for change had to do with Chairmanship of the Committee.

I'm pleased to report after many months of approval and vetting that the new charter as you requested, was approved in total by NOAA and the Department of Commerce earlier in January.

piece that leaves а of business for us to formalize, which is those who weren't here the current status of the configuration of the Committee has NOAA Administrator the Chair of the as Committee and the NMFS Assistant Administrator And Tom's position has as the Vice Chair. officially been known as the Committee Liaison position.

So the charter change or it was requested was that the Committee nominate and

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vote by majority appointing its own Committee Chair and Vice Chair by vote of the eligible voting members for a term of two years for both positions and a term that would be eligible for a one year extension by a majority vote of the Committee.

So we currently have Tom sitting as the Committee Liaison and Heather has been serving as the unofficial -- there's no official name for it, but the Vice Chair or the Vice Committee Liaison.

So I think it would be appropriate under the new charter before we leave to formalize through a vote the Committee's preference for a Chair and a Vice Chair to come into compliance with the charter that went into effect at the end of January.

That's the item of new business that I wanted to put in front of the Committee.

MR. RAFTICAN: I'd make a motion that we nominate or elect Tom and Heather as

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1	Chair and Vice Chair.
2	MR. WALLACE: Second.
3	MR. BILLY: Any discussion? All
4	those in favor?
5	(Chorus of ayes.)
6	MR. BILLY: Opposed. Thank you
7	very much.
8	MR. BILLY: Okay. That was
9	complicated.
10	DR. HOLLIDAY: The next item, I
11	guess it was before lunch, I circulated a
12	spreadsheet of action items that we've been
13	asked to track. These are a list of prior
14	recommendations or findings in the Committee.
15	I think we went back two or three meetings
16	with respect to asking either staff or NOAA to
17	do certain things. And this was a means for
18	us to keep track of that over time.
19	I will say that since we've had a
20	fairly short amount of time between the close
21	of the November meeting and this meeting that
22	I have not personally been able to give a lot

of time to following up the recommendations, in particular the one to meet with Secretary Lock with members of the Committee. I've had a hard time getting senior NOAA leadership to come to the MAFAC meeting at this point. Ι think we'll have some greater success in the future. But request that you've asked for would be for a meeting with the Secretary is still pending. But I don't have any real progress to report on that at this point. And that was the major emphasis.

Other issues that we addressed in November creating the working group. We've completed that activity at this meeting making the nominations and the recommendations. That was one of the other major issues.

Some of the more important omissions that are still out there: Seafood inspections, strategic plan. We still don't have that from the NOAA office responsible for completing it. That's long overdue. But when

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1	it is prepared and finalized, they are
2	prepared to come back and brief the Committee
3	on the contents of that.
4	So I don't if you've had a chance
5	to look at the action plan, but we intend to
6	try to use that as best we can as a tool to
7	keep us on task and on target with the
8	requests and recommendations and findings that
9	the Committee makes so that we can do the best
10	possible job to make the time that you spend
11	with us valued and productive.
12	So I submit that as our sort of
13	status report since the November MAFAC.
14	MR. BILLY: Go ahead, Martin.
15	MR. FISHER: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
16	Would it be possible to post it in
17	the members only area?
18	DR. HOLLIDAY: It certainly should
19	be there, but we have not been able to get it
20	up there.
21	MR. FISHER: Okay. I'd just like
22	to see it.

1	DR. HOLLIDAY: Some people don't
2	have computer with them. But I did circulate
3	it by email to everybody earlier today. And it
4	should be posted routinely.
5	MR. FISHER: And like I said last
6	meeting, thanks again for taking the time to
7	do that.
8	DR. HOLLIDAY: Thanks.
9	MR. BILLY: Any other comments on
10	the update? Keith?
11	MR. RIZZARDI: I have two
12	procedural points on this one. The first one
13	is, seeing what we did today and kind of
14	culminating it in a motion, I think it would
15	be appropriate if we came up with some sort of
16	procedure for MAFAC to have a resolution that
17	codifies this. I understand you have minutes.
18	I understand you have a report that comes
19	out. But it seems like there are times when
20	what we do leads up to a culminating event and
21	it would be helpful if that would be captured.

Like what we had today could be a single

document, a single page resolution which could be then posted and the official statement of MAFAC on a matter of significance.

So I would just like the staff to think about whether or not it would be appropriate for us to come up with some sort of template for that type of action to be taken by this Committee in the future.

And the second thing is the catch share material that went out in the web was extremely helpful, and it was provided way in advance. And I, for one, really appreciated that because it gave me the opportunity to ramp up. There was a dedicated webpage; there was lots of material there. You keep filling it up with more and more stuff, and I was on it.

I was frustrated, however, that many of the materials in the annotated agenda didn't appear until Friday after 6:00, the day that I'm already traveling here to Hawaii. I had no opportunity to print the materials.

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And I really feel like NOAA lost some of the value of my volunteer time and the taxpayer lost some of that value because I didn't have a chance to ramp up on that material.

I would really encourage staff to provide an ongoing running page. And as you get this material, you just put it up there when you get it. So rather than have that flurry of activity at the end right before the MAFAC meeting if you did it a month up there, you slap it up there, I'll be reading it.

And I would also request please that you post the stuff at least two weeks in advance of our meeting. Because I like to print some of the stuff out. I like to be able to read it. And if it doesn't get there until the Friday before the meeting, I just can't use it.

DR. HOLLIDAY: Those are all great points. Our objective -- and we try our best to get things posted a month in advance of the meeting. It's been our experience that's

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1 rarely held up. We post them as soon as we 2 get them. Many times our speakers, we're at the mercy of our speakers. 3 4 The point, you know when the materials are available, we should get 5 out in a more timely manner. 6 7 MR. BILLY: Okay. Randy? Mark, thanks for your MR. CATES: 8 explanation on the request for the meeting 9 10 with the Secretary. I would recommend that maybe we should do that in writing from MAFAC. 11 Have a paperwork trail on that. 12 13 My fear is that years will go by like they have and the Secretary could turn 14 15 around and say, well, you haven't advised me. 16 Because we've been talking about it I think about three years now, of the need to advise 17 the Secretary. So I would just suggest that we 18 19 do it in writing from MAFAC and let him say 20 yes or no. Yes. I think that DR. HOLLIDAY: 21

Tom's point is something that's signed by Tom

1	as opposed to try to work it through the NOAA
2	system. Even though you are a NOAA it's an
3	awkward circumstance. But I'm certainly
4	willing to try and pursue that.
5	MR. BILLY: Let's see where that
6	gets us.
7	DR. HOLLIDAY: Well, I mean, you
8	know the worst they can say is don't do that
9	again.
10	DR. CHATWIN: That's an official
11	position.
12	MR. BILLY: That's right.
13	DR. HOLLIDAY: They can take it
14	away from us.
15	MR. BILLY: I think I need a
16	letterhead, and a stamp.
17	DR. HOLLIDAY: Well, see, you can't
18	do that. It's stated on the back of the
19	requirements. You cannot actually send
20	letters. But we don't want to go there.
21	MR. BILLY: Okay. We'll figure it
22	out. All right.

Any other -- Tony, sorry.

DR. CHATWIN: So this is Yes. other business, right? I was looking through the materials for the last meeting. unfortunately, I missed a couple of days there where there was a lot of discussion about marine spatial planning and Ι found documents really helpful.

I just wondered if there was any decision on follow-up within the MAFAC on marine spatial planning or anything like that?

If there were any next steps as far as MAFAC goes in relation to marine spatial planning?

Well, I think it's a MR. BILLY: subject area that the Committee needs to get back to. tried to focus this meeting We subject primarily on one area. But it certainly is fair game for the next meeting and get a report and see where thing stand in And talk about what else we might want to do as a Committee.

DR. CHATWIN: That sounds great.

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MR. BILLY: Yes. And make it an
important agenda item.
Okay. Bill?
MR. DEWEY: I appreciate Tony
bringing that up. I wanted to raise it as well
as an agenda item for our next meeting.
The Interagency Task Force, I
presume there's recommendations I think are
going to be out in March in a final form. So
it'd be nice to have an update on what those
final recommendations are and a discussion
about it.
MR. BILLY: Okay. That'll be
noted.
Martin?
MR. FISHER: Is part of other
business where we decide to go for the next
meeting?
MR. BILLY: You're a little too
anxious.
MR. FISHER: Because I just wanted
to let everybody know I wasn't going to still

1	work.
2	MR. BILLY: My mother used to have
3	a saying about statements like that. I'm not
4	going to repeat it.
5	All right, yes?
6	MR. CATES: I have a suggestion you
7	take a group photo and send it to Eric, this
8	is a photo of what we did yesterday.
9	MR. BILLY: Wish you were here.
10	Maybe we'd put on our swim trunks or our suits
11	out at the swimming pool.
12	All right. Do you have anything
13	else on updates? Then, move to the next
14	meeting?
15	DR. HOLLIDAY: So you've asked to
16	have three meetings this year. And we went
17	through a gruesome process to try to identify
18	times. And the best we could come up for the
19	next two meetings are July 29 through July 1
20	and October 19th through the 21st.
21	So, this was a fairly expensive
22	meeting. In terms of budget I'd just keep in

mind, you know as you push the limits on exotic places -- or expensive destinations, I shouldn't say exotic. But expensive destinations, we need to be mindful of keeping that third meeting in mind. Because we've normally budgeted for two and we're going to stretch that to try to get a third one in this year.

DR. HOLLIDAY: What's the second date?

DR. HOLLIDAY: October 19th through the 21st. I sent this out earlier. And again, not everybody can make every meeting, I realize that. And what I try to do is look where the majority of people can find the time or make changes in their calendar to meet ours. But I'm trying to push it out. And at the time, I think we should plan not just for the next meeting, but the one after that so that we can lock those in and get a venue, get the best price, et cetera.

MR. BILLY: Just a question. Is

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1	our meetings in Washington the least expensive
2	because of the staff and
3	DR. HOLLIDAY: Well, it's a high
4	cost city to have a meeting in terms of per
5	diem.
6	MR. BILLY: Okay.
7	DR. HOLLIDAY: I think the cheapest
8	meetings are places that are around that helps
9	because air fare tends to be sometimes the
10	larger expense. Here it's air fare and the
11	per diem is fairly high.
12	MR. JONER: So we can't do Randy's
13	house again. Randy's house is out for next
14	meeting?
15	MR. BILLY: All right. Well, floor
16	is open for suggestions.
17	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, I think
18	one of the things that we need to consider is
19	what's going to be on the agenda too. That
20	we're where we want to be. Because there are
21	big chunks of people that have to come from
22	somewhere to be at the meeting to make

1	presentations.
2	So we're going to have the
3	Protected Resources stuff on the agenda and
4	we're apparently going to have catch shares on
5	the agenda. And what else?
6	MR. BILLY: Spatial planning.
7	MS. McCARTY: I need marine spatial
8	planning and then what?
9	MR. SIMPSON: Along the
10	informational lines, and a convenient time in
11	the next couple or three meetings, I would
12	think the Committee would benefit from a
13	presentation by Dr. Pat Burchfield on the
14	Kemps Ridley Recovery Program. And it's not
15	necessarily a an issue, but it's a
16	presentation I think the Committee would enjoy
17	seeing.
18	MS. McCARTY: Larry, could you say
19	that again?
20	MR. SIMPSON: Dr. Pat Burchfield on
21	the Kemps Ridley Recovery Program. It's a
22	U.S. Mexican thing. It's just an informational

1	presentation.
2	MR. BILLY: Tom?
3	MR. RAFTICAN: Yes. A recreational
4	report regarding the summit for the progress
5	there.
6	MS. McCARTY: Yes.
7	MR. BILLY: Okay. Good.
8	Bill?
9	MR. DEWEY: So NOAA is working on
LO	an updated aquaculture policy and I believe
11	their goal is to have it done sometime this
L2	summer. I would be great if it was before our
L3	next MAFAC meeting. And if it is, regardless
L4	of whether it's done or not, it would be nice
L5	to have an update on that.
L6	MR. BILLY: I have a question about
L7	that, which is, is there any reason why this
L8	Committee can't have some input into such a
L9	draft policy?
20	MR. RAUCH: You mean before it's
21	done rather than comment on it after it's

done?

1 MR. BILLY: Yes. Yes. So there's 2 MR. RAUCH: not document that right now is available. 3 are listening sessions before the document is 4 done, much the whole issue policy task force. 5 The Committee could participate in 6 7 one of those listening session or show up there. Or the Committee could provide separate 8 input directly into that in the next few 9 10 months. But it would have to be within the next few months something for the Committee to 11 feed into that, as to what the elements of the 12 13 policy should be. But that would be the opportunity. 14 15 So if there something was

So if there was something the Committee could have coherently before then, you could have it out. Otherwise, it'll be after the policy, which is going to be in the next couple months after the listening session.

MR. DEWEY: So just to be clear, the listening session are without a document.

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1	MR. RAUCH: There will be some
2	trigger questions, but there will not be a
3	document.
4	MR. DEWEY: And then there will be
5	a document that will go out in the Federal
6	Register for public comment?
7	MR. RAUCH: I don't know that it
8	will be the Federal Register. It will go out
9	for public comment. It may not be a Federal
LO	Register thing, but it will be something.
11	MR. DEWEY: And is the goal still
L2	to have all of that complete and a policy in
L3	place by mid-summer?
L4	MR. RAUCH: That's the goal. I
L5	don't know whether we can do that or not.
L6	MR. BILLY: So I think the
L7	suggestion is that we ought to as a minimum
L8	have it on our agenda.
L9	MR. DEWEY: As a minimum on the
20	agenda, and I'm sure the subset of us that
21	would like the opportunity for MAFAC to
22	comment formally before it's finalized,

1	whether it be in the listening session or
2	while it's in a draft form. It would be nice
3	to have MAFAC comments specific to it.
4	MR. BILLY: Okay. Good.
5	MR. DEWEY: I mean if timing
6	doesn't allow for that to happen before the
7	next MAFAC meeting, I'd suggest those
8	interested participate in a conference call or
9	some way we formulate some MAFAC comments on
10	it if that has to happen before our next
11	meeting.
12	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: It seems
13	unlikely it's going to be in final form before
14	the next MAFAC meeting. But we don't exactly
15	know how we'll call for comments under that.
16	MR. RAUCH: I think it is likely
17	the next meeting is in June. I think it is
18	likely that the draft will be out by then. So
19	if you wanted to provide input before the
20	draft, you have to somehow come together on
21	recommendations before that.

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meeting will

1	likely be in the comment period on the
2	document. I don't think it'll be done by
3	then. So I think there will be an opportunity
4	to comment, but that may be after we've
5	developed the draft.
6	MR. BILLY: Maybe we can if you
7	could keep us posted on the MAFAC website on
8	the schedule and then we can kind of play it
9	by ear. I don't know, this is pretty I
10	don't know how to fix it. We don't know when
11	it's actually going to be out.
12	Are the listening sessions
13	scheduled?
14	MR. RAUCH: I believe they
15	scheduled, I believe they have been announced.
16	If they have not been announced formally,
17	that's imminent.
18	MR. DEWEY: I haven't seen it.
19	MR. BILLY: Okay.
20	MR. RAUCH: But maybe I was wrong.
21	MR. DEWEY: I was emailing with
22	Kate Naughton yesterday and as of yesterday

1	there was no dates.
2	MR. RAUCH: Okay. Well, then it's
3	imminent. So I think in the next week or so
4	you'll likely see them announced.
5	MR. BILLY: Bill, how would you
6	like to leave it?
7	MR. DEWEY: I guess fluid at this
8	point. You know, just acknowledging that we
9	want to have input. You know, I guess in my
LO	own mind between 2020 and the ten year plan,
L1	MAFAC has already had a lot of input in what
L2	we would like to see aquaculture policy be
L3	within NOAA. So I don't know, you know, as an
L4	organization how critical it is that we
L5	participate in those listening sessions.
L6	Because I think our voices are already in
L7	those documents. But I think once a draft is
L8	out, reviewing and commenting on that would be
L9	maybe most critical.
20	MR. BILLY: Okay. Randy?
21	MR. CATES: Well, I have a couple
22	of items.

One would be, Mark, it would be useful to us if you had a list of what is economical regions or areas to meet. I mean, like you said, maybe D.C. might not be the most economical place to be.

I would like to -- go ahead.

DR. HOLLIDAY: I'm happy to try to do that. And the travel agent people can help with that as well.

But the one factor I didn't mention is, you know we still want to continue to invite senior NOAA leadership to come to these meetings. One of the other criteria is we should look at venues where they may be out in the field if their schedule looks like that, or someplace where it might be more convenient for them to get to than some other places. So it's another fact to consider.

MR. CATES: Yes. The other item that I would like to hear is how do we create jobs. And I don't know if that's something in NOAA or if it's in the Commerce or Department

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1	or Labor, or what it is. Similar to an
2	economic summit. But how can we draw in new
3	ideas or new monies or something to create
4	domestic production and, i.e., domestic jobs?
5	Because our industry is just second only to
6	oil and we all know there's a problem. And we
7	all know there's opportunity. But are we able
8	to do anything about it? I mean the question,
9	though, can we get expertise from another
10	department?
11	DR. HOLLIDAY: I don't know. We
12	being the MAFAC?
13	MR. CATES: We being maybe would
14	Department of Commerce or Department of Labor
15	do the ag industry or other sectors of
16	government bring in expertise on how to create
17	job creation?
18	DR. DANA: That would be Economic
19	Development Administration, which is under
20	Commerce. The Assistant Secretary John
21	Fernandez.

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DR. HOLLIDAY: For example, we have

developed а program with EDA to help communities in catch share programs apple for grants to help sustain and build jobs in the fishing community associations. So it's a part of not just the fisheries development but it's а community development program, program that looks at a long term health and prosperity of ports, the working water front concept that we talked about in the past. it's part of the longer term, broader than fishing proposition.

So the answer to your question, yes, there are other federal resources. There are other models in other departments as well as in terms of providing support to the industry to promote job growth. So we could put together a program for MAFAC's information about what some of these opportunities are, if it would help stimulate some brainstorming about where you might want to go on a policy advice thing.

MS. FOY: While I do understand,

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1	Mark, that there is an economic consideration
2	to where we go, I, and I know Heather, would
3	enjoy hosting MAFAC because we really have a
4	chance to have all of you there and there's a
5	lot we can show you.
6	So I just want to submit that for
7	consideration.
8	MR. BILLY: Well what of the two
9	meetings you'd like to see it held in Alaska?
10	MS. FOY: Well, I don't think it
11	should be October.
12	MR. BILLY: But we were getting
13	used to snow. Some of us.
14	MR. FISHER: I would be pleased. I
15	would be pleased.
16	MS. McCARTY: Juneau would be
17	great, or other places would also be great.
18	Juneau is probably one of the easiest places
19	to get to from Seattle. It's a straight
20	direct flight from Seattle.
	II
21	MR. FISHER: Homer is also a

1	is to get from Anchorage to Homer. There is a
2	NOAA Kasitsna Bay laboratory right across the
3	bay that's fairly easily accessible.
4	There is of course the charter
5	catch share recreational fisheries issues
6	right there, and catch share allocation. Any
7	other big issues that are right there at
8	Homer? Juneau as well. I mean Juneau has the
9	catch shares.
10	MS. McCARTY: There's also a brand
11	new science facility. We have a science
12	facility right on the water.
13	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Well, in
14	Juneau there's likely to be federal office
15	space available, which I'm not sure that
16	conference rooms contributes a whole lot to
17	the cost of a meeting. But to the end extent
18	that it does, you might be able defer that
19	cost.
20	MR. BILLY: Okay. Any other
21	suggestions on meeting locations or any other

comments in that regard?

1	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, if you
2	think we might want to be in Alaska in June,
3	which is what I would recommend rather than
4	October, is that we probably need to do it
5	pretty quick. Because there is a lot of
6	tourism in Alaska. It would be advisable to
7	pick your destination.
8	MR. JONER: What would be other
9	logical sites other than Juneau?
10	MS. McCARTY: Well, it depends on
11	what you're looking for. You know, if you're
12	looking for there's so many places, but
13	they're all pretty you can get to Juneau.
14	Juneau is a very central location for all
15	southeast, and Glacier Bay and all of those
16	kinds of things, fishing, kayaking, hiking.
17	Anchorage, frankly, is kind of blah
18	compared to the others. I would not recommend
19	Anchorage.
20	And, plus, Juneau is the regional
21	headquarters and there's lots and lots of
22	people there who work on Protected Resources

1	issues around the clock and there's lot of
2	Protected Resource issues in Alaska. And so
3	there's a lot of expertise there.
4	There's also a big chunk of the
5	Alaska Fishery Science Center is located at
6	the new science center.
7	Kodiak would also be great. They
8	have a great facility in Kodiak. Kodiak is
9	one of my personal favorites, but it's harder
10	to get to.
11	MR. JONER: Well, I was just
12	thinking in terms of availability. You know,
13	we can find the things that works in Juneau,
14	then where would be the second choice?
15	MS. McCARTY: Anything but
16	Anchorage.
17	MS. FOY: My suggestion would be
18	Homer.
19	MS. McCARTY: Homer would be nice.
20	Kodiak would also be fabulous.
21	MR. BILLY: All right. Okay.
22	MS. DOERR: I was going to make

1	another suggestion for the fall.
2	MR. BILLY: Okay.
3	MS. DOERR: We have a lot of
4	fishery management issues are going on in the
5	southeast in the Gulf of Mexico. Maybe out of
6	that regional office, St. Pete? St. Pete or
7	Fort Lauderdale. Well, just Florida.
8	MR. BILLY: Okay. Any other
9	suggestions? Okay. You all set?
10	DR. HOLLIDAY: Sure.
11	MR. BILLY: All right. Where's
12	that mallet?
13	MS. McCARTY: Mr. Chairman, I'd
14	like to say something. Not on any of this.
15	MR. BILLY: Okay.
16	MS. McCARTY: I'd like to thank the
17	people from Hawaii who were so fabulous while
18	we were here.
19	MS. McCARTY: Thank them for the
20	wonderful meals and the wonderful island and
21	also the staff for all their time.
22	MR. BILLY: Yes. Any other

1	VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: Let me just
2	say thanks again. I was overwhelmed by the
3	present. I didn't quite cry, but I was so
4	surprised. I'm not all that emotional
5	usually, but thank you very much.
6	I count every one of you as a
7	friend and so I look forward to seeing you
8	sometime soon. Thanks.
9	MR. BILLY: Thank you, Jim.
10	Any other? Okay.
11	MR. EBISUI: I hate to do this, but
12	Mark, I'm relatively new to the SATO travel
13	process. And there's no way to book travel
14	other than through SATO, is that correct?
15	DR. HOLLIDAY: That's correct.
16	MR. EBISUI: You know, in terms of
17	cost that it just blows me away the difference
18	in what you got to pay through SATO versus
19	what you get commercially. It doesn't make
20	sense, unless it's a subsidy of some sort.
21	DR. HOLLIDAY: Well, I've explained
22	this in the travel briefings in the past and a

lot of your particular airfare may be excessive or may be higher than you might be able to get on Expedia or some other internet site, the Government looks at it from the overall benefit to the nation of having access to all these different fares or all the different cities without penalties, without change, without restrictions. And so there's a trade-

off that the then Government cost of doing it this way through a government contract travel agent is in the public's interests rather than allowing people to make their own travel.

And beyond it, that's the federal travel regulation requirements. So we don't have the option. So we may not like it or it may seem apparent that it's cost effective, but it's the law or the regulation.

And in fact, you know in the long run the ability to change a ticket without penalty, the ability to do these various classes of travel and make last minute changes

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and last minute reservations without the cost or the time of advance purchases is one of the reasons that the government contract carrier program is in effect.

MR. EBISUI: But the reality is that if you got to rebook or whatever, you know you're looking at maybe a \$100, \$150 one way charge. But then on the initial ticket purchase the booking through SATO is like two to three times more than what you could get from the airlines themselves. I mean not even going through people like Orbits or any outfit like that. I'm talking about just going online and going to the major carriers and looking at the public fares and comparing them. It's not close.

VICE CHAIR BALSIGER: So I think Mark's being a really good government person trying to explain the rationalization of it. But bottom line is it's a regulation.

MR. EBISUI: Just from the private sector it's really difficult to understand.

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1	MR. BILLY: Fair enough.
2	DR. CHATWIN: But just to that
3	point, there are routes where the government
4	rate is considerably late than a commercial
5	rate. And when that happens it the same sort
6	of wow factor, just the other way.
7	So I'm not defending anything. I'm
8	just saying my experience is that
9	MR. BILLY: All right. I think I
10	hear something calling. Meeting's adjourned.
11	(Whereupon, at 3:25 the meeting was
12	adjourned.)