

Leading Causes of Death by Age Group, Black Males-United States, 2007*

Age in Groups

Rank	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	65-74	75-84	85+	All Ages
1	Unintentional injuries 30.4%	Unintentional injuries 40.5%	Unintentional injuries 29.9%	Homicide 52.3%	Homicide 49.7%	Homicide 34.3%	Heart disease 19.3%	Heart disease 24.7%	Cancer 29.1%	Heart disease 28.2%	Cancer 31.6%	Heart disease 27.9%	Heart disease 29.9%	Heart disease 24.1%
2	Homicide 14.3%	Cancer 9.4%	Homicide 15.5%	Unintentional injuries 23.9%	Unintentional injuries 22.0%	Unintentional injuries 20.6%	Unintentional injuries 15.5%	Cancer 20.3%	Heart disease 27.6%	Cancer 27.4%	Heart disease 27.4%	Cancer 27.0%	Cancer 20.3%	Cancer 22.3%
3	Birth defects 9.3%	Homicide 6.3%	Cancer 8.5%	Suicide 5.3%	Suicide 6.7%	Heart disease 9.5%	HIV disease 12.1%	Unintentional injuries 9.1%	Stroke 5.3%	Stroke 6.6%	Stroke 6.2%	Stroke 6.9%	Stroke 6.7%	Unintentional injuries 6.2%
4	Cancer 5.3%	Birth defects 6.0%	Suicide 5.8%	Heart disease 3.5%	Heart disease 4.5%	Suicide 6.2%	Homicide 10.9%	HIV disease 7.3%	Diabetes 4.6%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 4.2%	Diabetes 4.8%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 4.8%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 4.0%	Homicide 5.1%
5	Heart disease 4.5%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 5.1%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 4.9%	Cancer 2.4%	Cancer 2.6%	HIV disease 5.7%	Cancer 9.0%	Stroke 4.7%	Unintentional injuries 4.1%	Diabetes 4.2%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 3.8%	Diabetes 4.4%	Alzheimer's disease 3.9%	Stroke 5.1%
6	Influenza & pneumonia 2.6%	Heart disease 4.8%	Heart disease 3.9%	Birth defects 1.2%	HIV disease 1.3%	Cancer 4.0%	Stroke 3.3%	Diabetes 3.7%	HIV disease 2.6%	Kidney disease 3.3%	Kidney disease 3.2%	Kidney disease 3.2%	Kidney disease 3.8%	Diabetes 3.7%
7	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 2.1%	Benign neoplasms 1.8%	Birth defects 3.5%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 0.7%	Legal intervention 1.1%	Diabetes 1.7%	Suicide 3.3%	Homicide 2.9%	Kidney disease 2.6%	Septicemia (7) 2.4% ***	Septicemia 2.4%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.4%	Influenza & pneumonia 3.7%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 2.8%
8	Perinatal conditions 1.9%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.2%	Benign neoplasms (8) 1.9% ***	Anemias 0.5%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 0.8%	Stroke 1.1%	Diabetes 3.1%	Chronic liver disease 2.6%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 2.4%	Influenza & pneumonia (7) 2.4%	Unintentional injuries 2.2%	Septicemia 2.3%	Diabetes 3.0%	HIV disease 2.8%
9	Septicemia 1.8%	Meningococcal infection (9) 0.6% **	Influenza & pneumonia (8) 1.9%	HIV disease (9) 0.5% ***	Birth defects 0.8%	Kidney disease 0.9%	Kidney disease 1.8%	Kidney disease 2.0%	Chronic liver disease 2.2%	Alzheimer's disease 1.8%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.6%	Alzheimer's disease 2.0%	Septicemia 2.6%	Kidney disease 2.5%
10	Anemias (10) 0.6% *** Stroke (10) 0.6% *** Kidney disease (10) 0.6%	Septicemia (9) 0.6% ** Anemias (9) 0.6% ** Meningitis (9) 0.6% ** Stroke (9) 0.6% ** Kidney disease (9) 0.6% ** Suicide (9) 0.6%	Anemias 1.2%	Stroke (9) 0.5%	Anemias 0.7%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 0.9%	Septicemia 1.3%	Septicemia 1.8%	Septicemia 1.9%	Unintentional injuries 1.8%	Hypertension 1.5%	Hypertension 1.6%	Hypertension 1.9%	Perinatal conditions 1.9%

*Percentages represent total deaths in the age group due to the cause indicated. Numbers in parentheses indicate tied rankings. The white, black, American Indian/Alaska Native, and Asian/Pacific Islander race groups include persons of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin may be of any race. Some terms have been shortened from those used in the National Vital Statistics Report. See the next page for a listing of the shortened terms in the table and their full unabridged equivalents used in the report. To learn more, visit *Mortality Tables* at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/mortality_tables.htm (HHS, CDC, NCHS).

Short and Full Terms for Leading Causes of Death

Some terms in the leading causes of death table have been shortened from those used in the National Vital Statistics Report. Below is a listing of the shortened terms used in the table and their full, unabridged equivalents used in the report.

SHORT TERMS

Aortic aneurism

Benign neoplasms

Birth defects

Bronchitis

Cancer

C. difficile infection

Chronic liver disease

Diabetes

Gallbladder disorders

Heart disease

HIV disease

Homicide

Hypertension

Kidney disease

Kidney infection

Legal Intervention*

Medical & surgical care complications

Perinatal conditions

Pneumonitis

Pregnancy complications

Stroke

Suicide

Unintentional injuries

FULL TERMS

Aortic aneurism and dissection

In situ neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behavior

Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities

Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis

Malignant neoplasms

Enterocolitis due to clostridium

Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis

Diabetes mellitus

Cholethiasis and other disorders of gallbladder

Diseases of the heart

Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease

Assault (homicide)

Essential (primary) hypertension and hypertensive renal disease

Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis

Infections of kidney

Physical or other force used by police or other law-enforcing agents, including military on duty, in the course of arresting or attempting to arrest lawbreakers, suppressing disturbances, maintaining order, and other legal action. Includes legal execution and excludes citizen arrest.

Complications of medical and surgical care

Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period

Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids

Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium

Cerebrovascular diseases

Intentional self-harm

Accidents (unintentional injuries)

*World Health Organization. International statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision (ICD-10). Geneva: World Health Organization, 1992. Available at <http://www.who.int/classifications/icd/en/>. Accessed April 15, 2010.