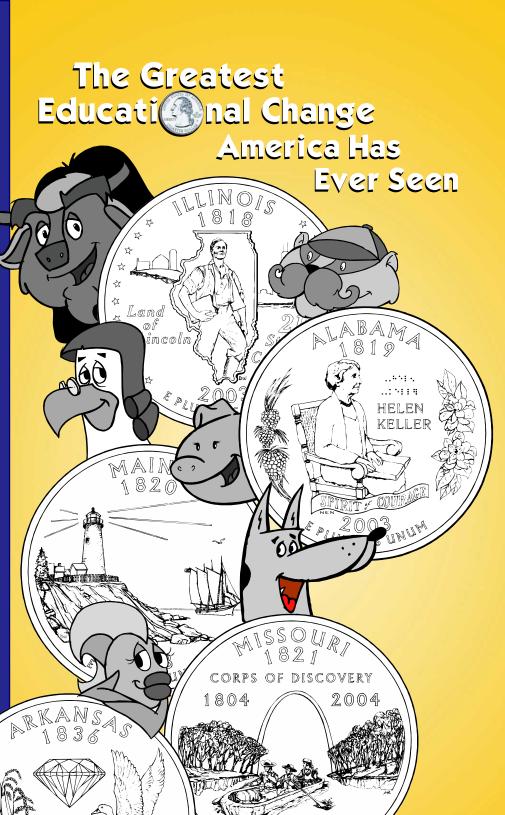
# **2003** Lesson Plans



# This teaching guide includes:

- 6 teacher-friendly lesson plans that fit easily into your curriculum
- Reproducible student worksheets that coincide with each lesson
- Fun state facts and information on the new quarter designs
- USA map template with state outlines



2003 NUM

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# The United States Mint Has Big Plans for You!

Kids and coin collecting go hand in hand! By downloading the most recent sets of 50 State Quarters<sup>®</sup> Program lesson plans, you are able to bring the excitement of America's quarter craze right into your own classroom.

Launched in 1999, the United States Mint 50 State Quarters Program is a 10-year coin initiative commemorating each of the nation's states in the order that were admitted into the Union. Approximately every ten weeks (five times a year) through 2008, a new limited-edition quarter that displays an individual state's design is released into general circulation.

As it has every year since the beginning of this program, the United States Mint is offering the public three free sets of lesson plans (for grades K–1, 2–3, and 4–6) that are designed to bring life to the history and beauty of our country. Moreover, these plans, created and reviewed by teachers to meet your curricular goals, draw upon the specific designs of the commemorative quarter reverses to help inspire students to learn about the culture, geography, and unique heritage of each state.

Each set of lesson plans blends clear instructions with kid-friendly reproducible worksheets, background information, and answer keys to help make instruction easier for you!

Within the 2003 50 State Quarters Program lesson plans, you will also notice a strong connection to the United States Mint H.I.P. Pocket Change<sup>™</sup> Web site ("HPC"). Appearing on the cover as well as within the plans themselves, the coin-loving HPC Pals will show you ways to supplement the quarter activities with all of the fun and educational resources available on the site!

The United States Mint H.I.P. Pocket Change Web site, located at www.usmint.gov/ kids, is dedicated to promoting lifelong pleasure in coins and coin collecting. Through games, informational features, and interactive animated cartoons, HPC introduces students to what's H.I.P. about coins—they're "History In your Pocket."

The United States Mint is proud to be taking such an active role in promoting knowledge about the individual states, their history and geography, and the rich diversity of the national heritage among America's youth. Take some time to explore all of the high quality educational resources available on the United States Mint H.I.P. Pocket Change Web site, including the materials related to the 50 State Quarters Program! We hope that you find these resources to be an extremely valuable addition to your classroom.







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#### The Greatest Educational Change America Has Ever Seen

Lesso	n Plans f	or Grad	les K-1	
<b>\</b> +				
Objective	Connections	Groupings	Class Time	Page
E Coin Connection Learning about coins and their values		<ul><li>Whole group</li><li>Pairs</li></ul>	Three 20- to 30- minute sessions	2
: Using Your Sense Exploring the five senses	<ul> <li><b>Alabama</b></li> <li>Language Arts</li> <li>Science</li> <li>Social Studies</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Whole group</li><li>Small groups</li></ul>	Two or three 20- to 30-minute sessions	12
: Quarters from t Comparing coastal and inland regions	<ul> <li>he Coast (Mai</li> <li>Social Studies</li> <li>Language Arts</li> </ul>	ne) • Whole group • Individual work	Two 20- to 30- minute sessions	20
<b>: Sorting by Site</b> Examining community differences	(Missouri) — • Social Studies • Art • Language Arts	<ul><li>Whole group</li><li>Individual work</li></ul>	Two 20- to 30- minute sessions	26
: The Nature of Co Identifying natural versus man-made items	<ul> <li>Science</li> <li>Social Studies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Whole group</li> <li>Individual work</li> </ul>	Two 20- to 30- minute sessions	33
	<ul><li>Art</li><li>Language Arts</li></ul>			
: Coin Motion — Identifying and counting coin values	<ul> <li>Mathematics</li> <li>Physical Education</li> <li>Music</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Whole group</li><li>Small groups</li></ul>	Two 20- to 30- minute sessions	39

State Information Pages: 50 State Quarters® Program Coins Released in 2003	
Illinois, Alabama, Maine, Missouri, and Arkansas	42
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50 State Quarters® Program Release Schedule	47

Lesson plans and other related 50 State Quarters<sup>®</sup> Program materials are provided solely for teaching purposes. They may not be commercially distributed or distributed as a premium.

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#### Illinois

The Illinois quarter is the first quarter of 2003, and the 21st in the 50 State Quarters® Program. The Illinois guarter design depicts a young Abraham Lincoln within the outline of the state. A farm scene and the Chicago skyline appear on the left and to the right of the state's outline. Twenty-one stars border the coin, signifying Illinois as the 21st state to be admitted into the Union on December 3, 1818.

"The Prairie State," also commonly known as the "Land of Lincoln," pays tribute to our nation's 16th president. The young Lincoln lived and practiced law in Springfield before becoming one of our nation's greatest leaders. President Lincoln's historic home, burial site, and new presidential library are all located in the Springfield area. The final design, "Land of Lincoln-21st State/Century," represents the history and future of Illinois.

State Capital:
State Motto: State Sovereignty,
National Union
Entered Union (rank): December 13, 1818 (21)
Nickname(s): Prairie State
Origin of Name: Algonquin for "warriors."
Comes from the word "Illini," a confederation of the Cahokia, Kaskaskia, Michigamea, Moingwena, Peoria and Tamaroa Indian tribes. State Song:

### Alabama

The Alabama quarter is the second quarter of 2003, and the 22nd in the 50 State Quarters® Program. Alabama became the 22nd state to be admitted into the Union on December 14, 1819. The Alabama quarter design features an image of Helen Keller with her name in English, and in a reduced version of braille. The Alabama quarter is the first U.S. circulating coin to feature braille. An Alabama long leaf pine branch and magnolias grace the sides of the design, and a "Spirit of Courage" banner underlines the central image.

Helen Keller was born at "Ivy Green" in Tuscumbia, Alabama, in 1880. When she was a small child, an illness deprived her

of sight and hearing, the senses by which we normally learn to speak. Despite her disabilities, Helen Keller learned to speak and read using the raised and manual alphabets, as well as Braille. Miss Keller also graduated with honors, receiving her Bachelor of Arts degree from Radcliffe. She went on to publish numerous books, articles and essays. Helen Keller lived out her life addressing social issues for disabled persons and women. Every year at "Ivy Green," a weeklong celebration is held to commemorate her lifetime of accomplishments and her "Spirit of Courage."



State Capital:
(We Dare Defend Our Rights)
Entered Union (rank): December 14, 1819 (22)
Nickname:
The Heart of Dixie, The Cotton Plantation State,
The Cotton State, The Lizard State
Origin of Name:
the Creek Indian language or
a combination of Choctaw "alba"
(vegetation, herbs, plants) and "amo"
(gatherer, picker). "Vegetation gatherers"
describes the agricultural Alabama Indians.
State Song: "Alabama"

#### Maine

The Maine quarter is the third quarter of 2003, and the 23rd in the 50 State Quarters® Program. Maine became the 23rd state to be admitted into the Union, as part of the Missouri Compromise on March 15, 1820. The Maine guarter design incorporates a rendition of the Pemaquid Point Light atop a granite coast and of a schooner at sea.

Pemaquid Point Light is located in New Harbor, and marks the entrance to Muscongus Bay and John Bay. Since the beginning of ship activity in the area, a shoal created hazardous navigation conditions, causing many shipwrecks. As maritime trade increased in the area, so did the need for a lighthouse. In 1826, Congress appropriated funds to build a lighthouse at Pemaquid Point. Although the original building was replaced in 1835, and the original 10 lamps in 1856, the light is still a



beacon for ships and remains one of Maine's most popular tourist attractions. The schooner resembles "Victory Chimes," the last three-masted schooner of the Windjammer Fleet. "Victory Chimes" has become synonymous with Maine windjamming. The Pemaquid Point Light design was chosen by votes from more than 100,000 Maine residents.

	ate Capital: Augusta tate Bird: Black-capped Chickadee tate Tree: Eastern White Pine ate Flower: White pine cone and tassel
State	Motto: Dirigo (I direct)
	<b>ank):</b> March 15, 1820 (23)
Nickname:	Pine Tree State
Origin of Name:	Probably a reference to the
State Song:	mainland, as opposed to the many surrounding islands 

#### Missouri

The Missouri quarter is the fourth quarter of 2003, and the 24th in the 50 State Quarters<sup>®</sup> Program. Missouri became the 24th state on August 10, 1821, as part of the Missouri Compromise.

The Missouri quarter depicts Lewis and Clark's historic Corps of Discovery navigating the Missouri River with the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial (Gateway Arch) in the background, inscribed "Corps of Discovery 1804-2004."

While much of the state's history is tied to the mighty rivers that flow through it, the "Show Me State" got its nickname because of the devotion of its people to simple common sense. In 1899, Rep. Willard D. Vandiver said "Frothy eloquence neither convinces nor satisfies me. I'm from Missouri. You've got to show me."

It is easy to imagine President Thomas Jefferson saying "show me" as he sent Lewis and Clark forth on their 1,500-mile trek into the uncharted Louisiana Purchase territory. Their 1,500mile journey, which some claim was the greatest U.S. military expedition ever, began in St. Charles-just 20 miles west of St. Louis-and gave rise to America's westward expansion.



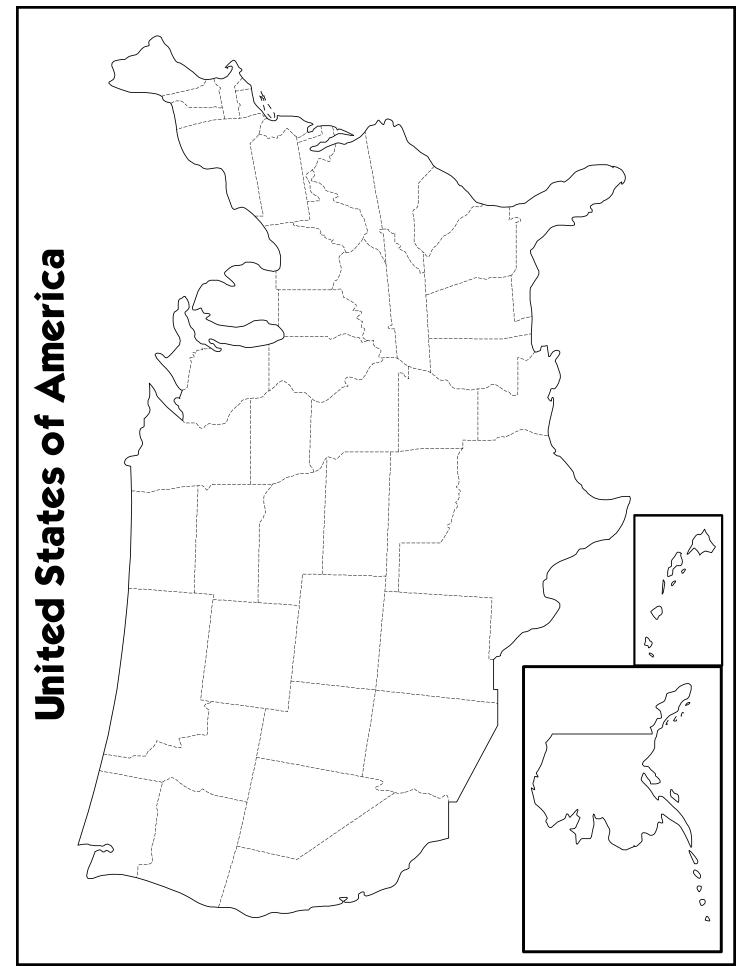
State Capital: Jefferson City State Bird: Bluebird
State Tree: Flowering Dogwood
State Flower: White Hawthorn
State Motto: Salus populi suprema
lex esto (The welfare of the
people shall be the supreme law)
<b>Intered Union (rank):</b> August 10, 1821 (24)
Nickname: Show Me State
Drigin of Name: Named after Missouri Indian tribe
whose name means "town of the large canoes"
State Song: Waltz"

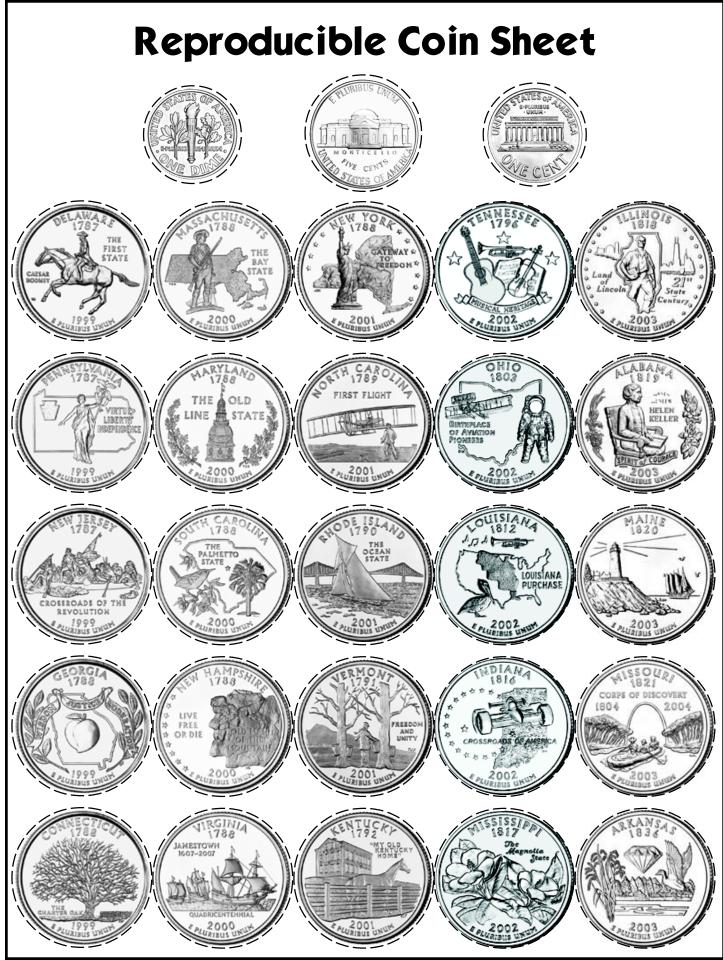
## Arkansas

The Arkansas quarter, fifth and final quarter of 2003, is the 25th in the 50 State Quarters® Program. Arkansas was acquired through the Louisiana Purchase and later became the Arkansas Territory before gaining statehood on June 15, 1836. The Arkansas quarter design bears the image of rice stalks, a diamond, and a mallard gracefully flying above a lake.

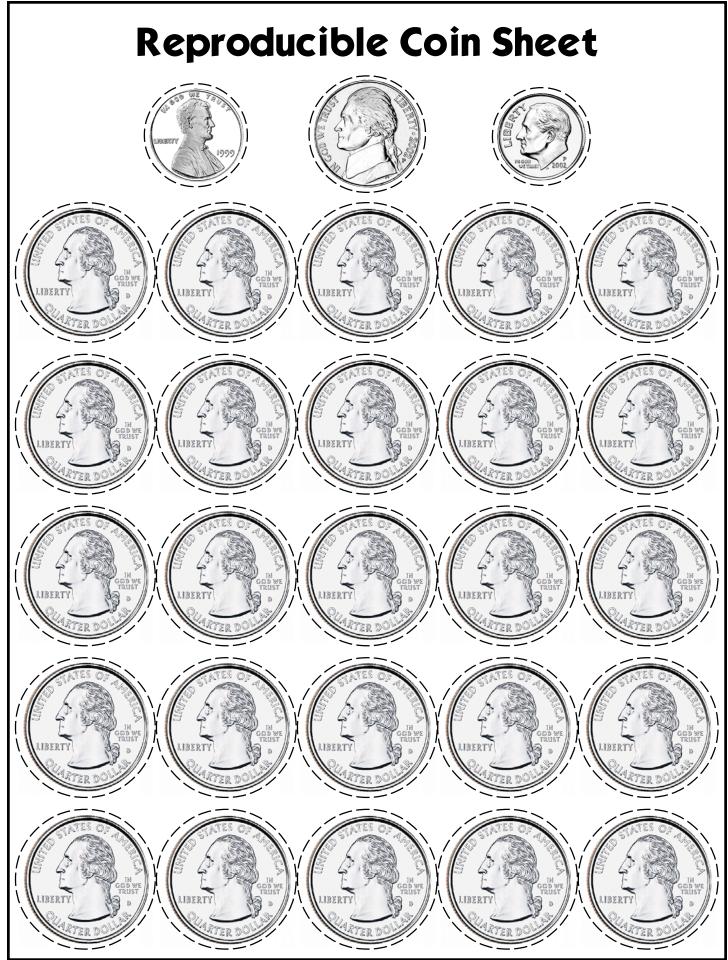
It is fitting that the "Natural State," Arkansas's official nickname, chose images of natural resources. Arkansas has an abundance of clear streams, rivers, and lakes...in fact, more than 600,000 acres of natural lakes. Arkansas is also known for its sportsmanship and attracts mallard hunters from across the nation. Visitors to Arkansas can search Crater of Diamonds State Park for precious gems including, of course, diamonds. The mine at Crater of Diamonds State Park reportedly is the oldest diamond mine in North America, and the only one in the United States open to visitors, who get to keep what they find. Visitors can also experience "Rice Fever" the way W.H. Fuller did when he grew the first commercially successful rice crop in Arkansas. Soon after, Arkansas became the leading producer of rice in the United States.

you Knows			Little Rock
	State Bire	d:	Mockingbird
	State Tre	e:	Pine
State Funt?	State Flow	wer:	. Apple Blossom
State Fun !	State Mot	to:	Regnat populus
		(	The People Rule)
<b>Entered Unior</b>	n (rank): .	Ji	une 15, 1836 (25)
Nickname: .		T	he Natural State
Origin of Nam	ne: . Frenc	ch version of	Sioux "acansa,"
meaning	g "downstr	eam place"	or "south wind."
State Song:		'Arkansas'' o	r "Oh, Arkansas"





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# The United States Mint

# 50 State Quarters Program

Release Year/State

**Statehood Date** 

\_\_\_\_\_

Delaware	December 12, 1787
New Jersey	December 18, 1787
Georgia	January 2, 1788
Connecticut	January 9, 1788

### 2000 -

Massachusetts	February 6, 1788
Maryland	April 28, 1788
South Carolina	May 23, 1788
New Hampshire	June 21, 1788
Virginia	June 25, 1788

# 2001 \_\_\_\_\_

New York	July 26, 1788
North Carolina	November 21, 1789
Rhode Island	May 29, 1790
Vermont	March 4, 1791
Kentucky	June 1, 1792

# 2002 —

Tennessee June 1, 1796
Ohio March 1, 1803
Louisiana April 30, 1812
Indiana December 11, 1816
Mississippi December 10, 1817

## 2003 \_\_\_\_\_

Illinois	December 3, 1818
Alabama	December 14, 1819
Maine	March 15, 1820
Missouri	August 10, 1821
Arkansas	June 15, 1836

#### **Release Year/State**

**Statehood Date** 

#### 2004 ——

Michigan	January 26, 1837
Florida	March 3, 1845
TexasD	ecember 29, 1845
IowaD	ecember 28, 1846
Wisconsin	May 29, 1848

#### 2005 —

California	September 9, 1850
Minnesota	May 11, 1858
Oregon	.February 14, 1859
Kansas	. January 29, 1861
West Virginia	June 20, 1863

#### 2006 ———

Nevada	. October 31, 1864
Nebraska	March 1, 1867
Colorado	August 1, 1876
North Dakota	November 2, 1889
South Dakota	November 2, 1889

#### 2007 -

Montana	. November 8, 1889
Washington	November 11, 1889
Idaho	July 3, 1890
Wyoming	July 10, 1890
Utah	January 4, 1896

#### 2008 \_\_\_\_\_

Oklahoma	November 16, 1907
New Mexico	January 6, 1912
Arizona	February 14, 1912
Alaska	January 3, 1959
Hawaii	August 21, 1959