## Montana

The first commemorative quarter-dollar coin released in 2007 honors Montana and is the 41st coin in the United States Mint’s 50 State Quarters ${ }^{\circledR}$ Program. Montana, nicknamed "Big Sky Country," was admitted into the Union on November 8, 1889, becoming our Nation's 41st state. The reverse of Montana's quarter features a bison skull depicted above the diverse Montana landscape with the inscription "Big Sky Country." The coin also bears the inscriptions "Montana" and "1889."

The bison skull is a powerful symbol, sacred to many of Montana's American Indian tribes. This symbol can be seen across the state on schools, businesses, and license plates, and reflects the rich native tradition of Montana, which was once home to large tribes such as the Crow and the Northern Cheyenne.

After a visit from Lewis and Clark, Montana became a destination first for fur trappers and later for gold prospectors following the discovery of gold in the 1860s. Cattle ranchers also made their way west to Montana. This rapid growth in population led to boomtowns. The nickname "Big Sky Country" reminds residents of Montana's open lands and pioneering way.


State Capital: . . . . . . . . . . Carson City State Capital: Helena State Bird: . . . . Westem Meadowlark State Tree: . . . . . . . . . .Ponderosa Pine State Rower: . . . . . . . . . . . . . Bittemoot State Motto: . "Oro y Plata," Spanish for "gold and silver" Entered Union (rank): . . . . . . November8, 1889 (41) Nickname(s): . . . . . . Trea sure State, Big Sky Country Origin of Name: Spanish meaning "mounta inous" State Song: . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . "Montana"

## Washington

The second commemorative quarter-dollar coin released in 2007 honors Washington, and is the 42nd coin in the United States Mint’s 50 State Quarters ${ }^{\circledR}$ Program. Washington,
nicknamed the "Evergreen State," was admitted into the Union on November 11, 1889, becoming our Nation's 42nd state. The reverse of Washington's quarter features a king salmon breaching the water in front of majestic Mount Rainier. The coin bears the inscriptions "The Evergreen State," "Washington," and "1889."

Mount Rainier is an active volcano encased in more than 35 square miles of snow and glacial ice. It is the symbolic bridge between the eastern and western parts of the State. The salmon is another important symbol of Washington. It is a traditional image of Pacific Northwest culture, and this fish has provided nourishment for the native peoples of the Pacific Northwest. Newsman and real estate pioneer C.T. Conover nicknamed Washington the "Evergreen State" because of its many lush evergreen forests.


State Capital: ............... Olympia State Bird: ........ Willow Goldfinch State Tree: . . . . . . . Westem Hemlock State Rower: . Coast Rhododendron Entered Union (rank): (42) November

11, 1889
Nic kname(s): . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Evergreen State Origin of Name: For President George Wa shington State Song: . . . . . . . . . . . . . "Wa shington, My Home"

## Idaho

The third commemorative quarter-dollar coin released in 2007 honors Idaho, and is the 43rd coin in the United States Mint's 50 State Quarters ${ }^{\circledR}$ Program. Idaho, nicknamed the "Gem State," was admitted into the Union on July 3, 1890, becoming our Nation's 43rd state. The reverse of Idaho's quarter features the peregrine falcon imposing its presence above an outline of the state of Idaho. The coin bears the inscriptions "Esto Perpetua" (the state motto, which means "May it be Forever"), "Idaho," and "1890."

The Peregrine Falcon is one of the fastest birds in the world. Once on the endangered species list, it can now be found throughout Idaho and the United States because of conservation efforts.


State Capital: . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Boise
State Bird: . . . . . . Mounta in Bluebird
State Tree: . . . . . Westem White Pine
State Rower: . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Syringa
State Motto: . . . . . . . . "Esto Perpetua" meaning "It is perpetual."
Entered Union (rank): . . . . . . . . . . . . . J uly 3, 1890 (43)
Nickname(s): . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Gem State Origin of Name: . .............. An invented word
State Song: "Here We Have Idaho"

## Wyoming

The fourth commemorative quarter-dollar coin released in 2007 honors Wyoming, and is the 44th coin in the United States Mint’s 50 State Quarters ${ }^{\circledR}$ Program. Wyoming, nicknamed the "Equality State," was admitted into the Union on July 10, 1890, becoming our Nation’s 44th state. The reverse of Wyoming’s quarter features a bucking horse and rider with the inscriptions "The Equality State," "Wyoming," and "1890."

The bucking horse and rider symbolize Wyoming's Wild West heritage. "Buffalo Bill" Cody personified this in his traveling Wild West show. First settled by fur trappers, Fort Laramie, Wyoming, later became a popular destination for pioneers traveling the Oregon Trail.

Wyoming was nicknamed the "Equality State" because of its historical role in establishing equal voting rights for women. Wyoming was the first territory to grant "female suffrage" and became the first state in the nation to allow women to vote, serve on juries, and hold public office. In 1924, Nellie Tayloe Ross became the first woman elected Governor of Wyoming. In 1933, Ross became the first woman appointed as the Director of the United States Mint.


State Capital: ............ Cheyenne State Bird: . . . . . . . . . . . Meadowlark State Tree: . . . . . . Pla ins Cottonwood State Fower: . . . . . Ind ia n Pa intb rush State Motto: . . . . . . . . . . Equal Rights Entered Union (rank): . J uly 10, 1890 (44) Nickname(s):

Origin of Name: .... From Algonquin Indian words meaning "large plains"

State Song:<br>"Wyoming"

## Utah

The fifth and final commemorative quarter-dollar coin released in 2007 honors Utah, and is the 45th coin in the United States Mint’s 50 State Quarters ${ }^{\circledR}$ Program. Utah was admitted into the Union on January 4, 1896, becoming our nation's 45th state. The reverse of Utah's quarter features two locomotives moving toward the golden spike that joined the Central Pacific and Union Pacific railroads, linking East to West and transforming both the Utah Territory and the nation, with the inscription "Crossroads of the West." The coin also bears the inscriptions "Utah" and "1896."

On May 10, 1869, two steam locomotives met at Promontory, Utah, for the "Joining of the Rails Ceremony," at which the Union Pacific and Central Pacific railroads completed the transcontinental route. The event was crucial to the development of the American West because it made cross-country travel more convenient and economical. The construction of the railroad and the subsequent mining boom brought diverse ethnic and religious populations to Utah. The railroad also symbolized changing technology, and moved Utah from an agrarian economy to a more industrialized one.

Even before the time of steam locomotives, Utah experienced a steady flow of explorers and pioneers. The Spaniards first came to explore Utah in the $18^{\text {th }}$ century and were followed by mountain men, Mormons, and prospectors in search of precious metals found in the 1860s. Because of its central location, Utah became known as the "Crossroads of the West."


Nic kname(s): The Beehive State
Origin of Name: . . . . . . . . . . . . .After the Ute Indians State Song: . . . . . . . . . . . . . . "Utah, This Is the Place"


## 50 State Quarters Program Designs Reverse (1)




## 50 State Quarters Program Designs Obverse



## Reproducible Coin Sheet Obverse



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## 10 MAKE DOUBLE-SIDED COINS

1. Print this page and the following page (reverses).
2. Put the two pages back-to-back and hold them up to a strong light to line up the dotted lines on all the coins.
3. Clip the pages together to keep them in position with two clips at the top.
4. Apply gue or glue stick to the backs, especially in the areas where the coins are printed. After pressing the pages together, check the alignment by holding them up to the light again, adjusting the alignment if possible.
5. When the glue dries, cut out the "coins."

## Reproducible Coin Sheet Reverse



## The United States Mint

Release Year/State $\quad$ Statehood Date
$\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ -
Delaware . . . . . . . . . . . December 7, 1787
Pennsylvania . . . . . . . . December 12, 1787
New Jersey . . . . . . . . . . . January 2, 1788
Georgia . . . . . . . . . . . . . . January 9, 1788

2000
Massachusetts $\qquad$ February 6, 1788
Maryland
April 28, 1788
South Carolina . . . . . . . . . . . May 23, 1788
New Hampshire . . . . . . . . . June 21, 1788
Virginia
June 25, 1788

## 2001

New York
July 26, 1788
North Carolina . . . . . . November 21, 1789
Rhode Island . . . . . . . . . . . . . May 29, 1790
Vermont . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . March 4, 1791
Kentucky . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . June 1, 1792

## 2002

Tennessee
. June 1, 1796
Ohio . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . March 1, 1803
Louisiana . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . April 30, 1812
Indiana . . . . . . . . . . . . December 11, 1816
Mississippi . . . . . . . . . . December 10, 1817

## 2003

Illinois
Alabama . . . . . . . . . . . December 14, 1819
Maine
Missouri
Arkansas . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . June 15, 1836
Release Year/State
2004
Michigan $\qquad$
Florida
37
Texas
March 3, 1845
Texas ...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Iowa . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . December 28, 1846
Wisconsin
May 29, 1848

## 2005

California . . . . . . . . . . . . September 9, 1850
Minnesota . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . May 11, 1858
Oregon . . . . . . . . . . . . . . February 14, 1859
Kansas . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . January 29, 1861
West Virginia . . . . . . . . . . . . June 20, 1863

## 2006

Nevada . . . . . . . . . . . . . . October 31, 1864
Nebraska . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . March 1, 1867
Colorado . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . August 1, 1876
North Dakota . . . . . . . . November 2, 1889
South Dakota . . . . . . . . November 2, 1889

## 2007

Montana . . . . . . . . . . . . November 8, 1889
Washington . . . . . . . . . . November 11, 1889
Idaho
July 3, 1890
Wyoming . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . July 10, 1890
Utah . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . January 4, 1896

## 2008

Oklahoma . . . . . . . . . . . November 16, 1907
New Mexico . . . . . . . . . . . . January 6, 1912
Arizona . . . . . . . . . . . . . . February 14, 1912
Alaska . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . January 3, 1959
Hawaii . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . August 21, 1959

