Table 22. Life insurance plans: Flat-dollar amount benefit formulas,¹ civilian workers,² National Compensation Survey, March 2011

(Includes workers participating in life insurance plans with flat-dollar amount formulas)

	Flat dollar amounts ³					
Characteristics	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	
All workers	\$6,000	\$10,000	\$20,000	\$28,000	\$50,000	
Worker characteristics						
Management, professional, and related	5,000 10,000 5,000	10,000 10,000 10,000	20,000 20,000 20,000 25,000	50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000	50,000 50,000 50,000	
Registered nurses Service Sales and office Sales and related Office and administrative support	5,000 5,000 6,000 5,000 9,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	15,000 15,000 20,000 15,000 20,000	25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000	50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material moving Production Transportation and material moving	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	20,000 20,000 15,000 15,000 18,000 15,000	25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000	50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000	
Full time Part time	10,000 5,000	10,000 5,000	20,000 10,000	30,000 20,000	50,000 50,000	
Union	5,000 10,000	10,000 10,000	20,000 15,000	40,000 25,000	50,000 50,000	
Average wage within the following categories:4 Lowest 25 percent Lowest 10 percent Second 25 percent Highest 25 percent Highest 10 percent	5,000 5,000 10,000 6,000 6,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 15,000	15,000 10,000 15,000 25,000 30,000	20,000 20,000 25,000 50,000 50,000	30,000 25,000 50,000 50,000 50,000	
Establishment characteristics						
Goods-producing industries	10,000	10,000	20,000	25,000	50,000	
Service-providing industries	5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	20,000 20,000 20,000 15,000 15,000 20,000	30,000 35,000 45,000 25,000 25,000 30,000	50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 22. Life insurance plans: Flat-dollar amount benefit formulas,¹ civilian workers,² National Compensation Survey, March 2011—Continued

(Includes workers participating in life insurance plans with flat-dollar amount formulas)

	Flat dollar amounts ³					
Characteristics	10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	
1 to 99 workers	\$10,000 10,000	\$10,000 10,000	\$15,000 15,000	\$25,000 25,000	\$50,000 50,000	
50 to 99 workers 100 workers or more 100 to 499 workers	10,000 5,000 7,000	10,000 10,000 10,000	15,000 20,000 20,000	25,000 31,217 25,000	50,000 50,000	
500 workers or more	5,000	10,000	20,000	40,000	· '	
• .						
Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central Mountain Pacific	5,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 5,000 10,000 5,000	10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	20,000 20,000 20,000 15,000 15,000 20,000 15,000	50,000 30,000 30,000 25,000 25,000 20,000 25,000 30,000	50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 40,000	

¹ Includes participants in plans providing a fixed benefit amount. Dollar amounts can be a flat amount or can vary by the employee's earnings or length of service.

than the amount shown. The remaining percentiles follow the same logic.

⁴ The categories are based on the average wage for each

NOTE: For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.

employee's earnings or length of service.

² Includes workers in the private nonfarm economy except those in private households, and workers in the public sector, except the federal government. See Technical Note for further explanation

explanation.

3 The 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position within each published series. For example, at the 50th percentile or median, half of participating workers receive the same as or more than the amount shown, and half receive the same as or less than the amount shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of participating workers receive the same or less

⁴ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.