Table 31. Standard errors for long-term disability plans: Fixed percent of annual earnings, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2011

	Fixed percent of annual earnings					Mean fixed	Median
Characteristics	Less than 60 percent	60 percent	61 to 66 percent	67 percent	Greater than 67 percent	percent of annual earnings	fixed percent of annual earnings
All workers	1.1	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.0
Worker characteristics							
Management, professional, and related	1.3	1.6	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.2	0.0
Management, business, and financial	1.3	1.8	8.0	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.0
Professional and related	1.5	1.9	1.0	0.9	1.1	0.3	0.0
Teachers	1.7	3.1	2.3	2.1	2.5	0.6	0.0
Primary, secondary, and special education							
school teachers	2.3	3.8	3.0	2.7	1.9	0.7	2.1
Registered nurses	4.8	4.3	2.4	_	_	0.6	0.0
Service	5.1	4.0	1.3	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.0
Protective service	3.9	4.7	3.0	_	_	0.6	0.0
Sales and office	0.9	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.0
Sales and related	2.0	2.3	1.2	1.3	1.0	0.5	0.0
Office and administrative support	1.1	1.4	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.0
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	2.1	2.7	1.7	1.7	1.0	0.4	0.0
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and							
forestry	2.8	3.9	2.9	_	_	0.6	0.0
Installation, maintenance, and repair	2.9	3.1	1.9	1.8	0.9	0.5	0.0
Production, transportation, and material moving	1.6	1.9	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.0
Production	1.7	2.3	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.3	0.0
Transportation and material moving	2.4	2.7	0.8	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.0
Full time	1.1	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.0
Union	2.5	2.5	1.2	1.6	2.0	0.5	0.0
Nonunion	1.1	1.2	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.0
		1.2	0.7	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.0
Average wage within the following categories:2							
Lowest 25 percent	5.5	4.7	1.2	1.5	1.0	0.8	0.0
Second 25 percent	1.7	1.6	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.0
Third 25 percent	1.1	1.5	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.2	0.0
Highest 25 percent	1.2	1.4	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.2	0.0
Highest 10 percent	1.5	1.9	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.2	0.0
Establishment characteristics							
Goods-producing industries	1.7	2.1	1.0	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.0
Service-providing industries	1.2	1.4	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.2	0.0
Education and health services	2.1	2.3	1.2	-	-	0.4	0.0
Educational services	1.6	2.8	2.0	1.6	2.9	0.5	0.0
Elementary and secondary schools	2.3	3.1	2.9	2.3	1.6	0.6	2.6
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	1.6	5.1	1.6		-	0.7	0.0
Health care and social assistance	3.4	3.3	-	1.6	_	0.4	0.0
Hospitals	4.1	3.9	0.7		_	0.5	0.0
Public administration	2.8	3.5	3.4	2.6	1.1	0.5	0.0
		3.0	J. 1	0		0.0	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 31. Standard errors for long-term disability plans: Fixed percent of annual earnings, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2011—Continued

	Fixed percent of annual earnings					Mean fixed	Median
Characteristics	Less than 60 percent	60 percent	61 to 66 percent	67 percent	Greater than 67 percent	percent of annual earnings	fixed percent of annual earnings
1 to 99 workers	2.1 1.4	1.8 2.5 2.8 1.4 1.7 1.9	0.8 1.1 1.0 0.7 1.0 0.9	1.2 1.6 2.4 0.6 0.8	0.4 0.4 0.9 0.9 0.4 -	0.2 0.3 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central Mountain Pacific	2.0 3.2 2.7 1.4 – 2.5	4.0 1.9 2.5 5.7 2.5 8.3 2.8 4.4 2.5	1.8 0.7 0.9 2.8 2.0 1.6 0.8 2.5	2.7 2.1 0.9 - 0.6 1.6 2.6 3.3 1.5	0.3 0.7 0.8 - 0.4 - 0.7 0.3 0.4	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.9 0.3 1.1 0.5 0.5	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

¹ Includes workers in the private nonfarm economy except those in private households, and workers in the public sector, except the federal government. See Technical Note for further explanation.

2010." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.

See Technical Note for further explanation.

² The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States,