Table 17. Standard errors for insurance benefits: Access, participation, and take-up rates,¹ State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2011

Characteristics	Life insurance			Short-term disability			Long-term disability		
	Access	Participation	Take-up rate	Access	Participation	Take-up rate	Access	Participation	Take-up rate
All workers	1.1	1.1	0.4	1.0	1.0	0.3	1.7	1.7	0.7
Worker characteristics									
Management, professional, and related Professional and related Teachers Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	1.1 1.1 1.3	1.1 1.1 1.3	0.4 0.5 0.4	1.2 1.1 1.4	1.2 1.1 1.4 1.7	0.3 0.4 0.5	1.7 1.8 2.2	1.7 1.7 2.1 2.4	0.7 0.8 0.9
Service	1.7 1.6 2.1 2.1 2.3 4.4	1.6 1.7 2.1 2.0 2.3 4.3	0.5 0.4 0.6 0.7 0.3 0.5	1.4 2.6 2.0 1.9 2.8 1.9	1.4 2.4 2.0 1.9 2.8 1.9	0.7 1.3 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.4	1.6 2.2 2.6 2.6 3.9 3.5	1.6 2.1 2.6 2.6 4.0 3.4	1.2 1.5 0.6 0.7 0.7
Full time	1.0 1.2	1.0 1.1	0.4 1.9	1.2 1.3	1.2 1.2	0.3 0.4	1.9 1.0	1.9 0.9	0.7 1.8
Union Nonunion	1.3 1.4	1.3 1.4	0.4 0.7	1.3 1.4	1.2 1.4	0.3 0.5	1.7 2.1	1.7 2.1	0.8 0.8
Average wage within the following categories:2 Lowest 25 percent Lowest 10 percent Second 25 percent Third 25 percent Highest 25 percent Highest 10 percent	1.9 2.6 1.3 1.4 1.1	1.8 2.5 1.3 1.4 1.1	0.7 1.3 0.6 0.4 0.4 0.7	1.5 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.0	1.5 1.6 1.6 1.5 1.0	0.6 0.3 0.3 0.5 0.2 0.2	2.3 2.6 2.4 2.0 1.8 2.2	2.2 2.6 2.4 2.0 1.7 2.2	1.1 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.9 0.7
Establishment characteristics									
Service-providing industries Education and health services Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Junior colleges, colleges, and universities Health care and social assistance Hospitals Public administration	1.1 1.0 1.1 1.4 1.9 2.3 1.6	1.1 1.0 1.1 1.4 2.1 2.4 2.0	0.4 0.5 0.6 0.3 2.1 0.7 1.0 0.5	1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6 2.4 2.7 3.7 1.8	1.0 1.2 1.3 1.6 2.4 2.7 3.7	0.3 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.9 0.8 1.0	1.7 2.1 2.1 2.0 4.9 4.2 5.5	1.7 2.0 2.0 2.0 4.7 4.2 5.4 1.6	0.7 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.8 0.7 0.7
1 to 99 workers	3.0 4.3 4.4 1.0 1.9 0.9	3.1 4.5 4.2 1.0 2.0 1.0	0.9 1.3 0.8 0.4 0.4	2.6 3.4 4.0 1.0 1.8 1.3	2.6 3.4 4.0 1.0 1.7 1.2	0.3 0.5 0.0 0.3 0.8 0.3	3.3 4.2 4.1 1.7 2.7 1.9	3.3 4.2 4.0 1.7 2.6 1.9	0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.5 1.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 17. Standard errors for insurance benefits: Access, participation, and take-up rates,¹ State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2011—Continued

Characteristics	Life insurance			Short-term disability			Long-term disability		
	Access	Participation	Take-up rate	Access	Participation	Take-up rate	Access	Participation	Take-up rate
State government	2.3	2.2	1.2	2.5	2.4	0.8	3.4	3.3	1.3
Local government	1.1	1.1	0.2	1.0	1.0	0.2	1.6	1.6	0.7
Geographic areas									
New England	2.6	2.3	1.4	2.3	2.3	0.0	5.2	5.0	2.2
Middle Atlantic	1.9	2.0	0.2	2.5	2.5	0.2	1.8	1.7	0.6
East North Central	1.9	2.2	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.6	2.8	2.7	1.3
West North Central	3.5	3.7	0.5	2.9	2.9	0.0	8.7	9.1	1.8
South Atlantic	3.0	2.9	0.9	3.7	3.5	1.2	4.8	4.6	1.8
East South Central	5.6	5.1	3.4	_	_	_	5.8	5.6	3.2
West South Central	3.1	3.1	0.5	1.8	1.8	0.0	2.4	2.4	1.7
Mountain	2.0	2.7	1.5	3.8	3.8	0.0	9.0	9.6	3.1
Pacific	2.8	2.8	0.3	2.0	2.0	0.2	1.6	1.6	0.5

¹ The take-up rate is an estimate of the percentage of workers with access to a plan who participate in the plan, rounded for presentation. See Technical Note for more details.

² The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.