Table 15. Medical care benefits, family coverage: Employee participation by type of contribution, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2011

(All workers with contributory coverage = 100 percent)

	Family coverage							
Characteristics	Total with contributory coverage	Flat dollar amount	Composite rate ¹	Varies ²	Flexible benefits ³	Percent of earnings	Exists, but unknown	Other
All workers	100	77	(4)	10	(4)	(4)	11	(4)
Worker characteristics								
Management, professional, and related Management, business, and financial Professional and related	100 100 100	77 79 76		10 9 11	1	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$	11 10 12	
Service Protective service	100 100	77 65	- - (4)	8 8	$\binom{4}{-}$	() 	14 25	_
Sales and office Sales and related Office and administrative support	100 100 100	72 67 75	(') (⁴)	15 20 13	(*) 1	(*) (4)	11 12 11	(4)
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	100	81 80	-	5	-	-	13 12	1
Installation, maintenance, and repair Production, transportation, and material moving Production Transportation and material moving	100 100 100 100	81 83 82 86	- 1 -	6 6 7 4	(4) (4)		13 9 10 9	
Full time Part time	100 100 100	77 75	$({}^{4})$ $({}^{4})$	10 16	(4) (4)	(4)	12 8	(4)
Union Nonunion	100 100	80 77	1 (⁴)	5 11	_ 1	(4)	13 11	1 (⁴)
Average wage within the following categories: ⁵ Lowest 25 percent Lowest 10 percent Second 25 percent Third 25 percent Highest 25 percent Highest 10 percent	100 100 100 100 100 100	77 85 74 80 77 77	- (4) (4) - -	11 5 13 8 9 9	- (⁴) 1 1 1	(4) (4) 	12 10 12 10 12 12 12	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$
Establishment characteristics								
Goods-producing industries Construction Manufacturing	100 100 100	81 83 81	- - -	6 5 7	(⁴) (⁴)		11 10 11	- - -
Service-providing industries Trade, transportation, and utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade Transportation and warehousing Utilities	100 100 100 100 100 100	76 72 83 61 79 82	(4) (4) - - - -	11 15 8 24 4 -	1 - - - -	(⁴) 	11 13 7 14 15 –	(⁴) - - -

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 15. Medical care benefits, family coverage: Employee participation by type of contribution, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2011-Continued

(All workers with contributory coverage = 100 percent)

	Family coverage								
Characteristics	Total with contributory coverage	Flat dollar amount	Composite rate ¹	Varies ²	Flexible benefits ³	Percent of earnings	Exists, but unknown	Other	
Information	100	83		6		_	12		
Financial activities		74	_	16	1	1	8	_	
Finance and insurance		74	_	18	1	1	7	-	
Credit intermediation and related activities	100	75	_	20	1	I	1	-	
		75	-	-	-		4	-	
Insurance carriers and related activities	100	-	-	15	1		12	-	
Real estate and rental and leasing		84	-	-	_			-	
Professional and business services		82	-	7	1		10	_	
Professional and technical services		83	-	7	-	-	10	-	
Administrative and waste services		82	-	-	-		8	-	
Education and health services		76	-	11	1	(4)	11	-	
Educational services	100	80	-	8	2	-	9	-	
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	100	78	-	12	2		7	-	
Health care and social assistance	100	76	-	12	(4)	-	11	-	
Leisure and hospitality	100	73	_	6	· · ·	-	19	-	
Accommodation and food services	100	76	_	7	-	-	15	-	
Other services	100	80	-	5	-		14	-	
1 to 99 workers	100	80	_	7	_	_	12	(4)	
1 to 49 workers	100	79	_	7	-		13	(4)	
50 to 99 workers	100	82	_	7	-	-	10	_	
100 workers or more	100	75	1	12	1	(4)	11	(4)	
100 to 499 workers	100	77	1	12	(4)		10	· · ·	
500 workers or more		73	-	13	1	(4)	12	-	
Geographic areas									
New England	100	79	_	8	-	-	11	_	
Middle Atlantic		80	_	8	1	1	10	_	
East North Central	100	73	(4)	14	(⁴)		11	-	
West North Central		77) <u> </u>	11	· · ·	-	11	-	
South Atlantic		79	_	9	_		11	_	
East South Central		82	_	9	_			_	
West South Central		76	_	13	1	_	10	_	
Mountain	100	70	_	11	-	_	17	_	
Pacific	100	77	_	9	1	_	13	_	
	100		_	5				_	

¹ A composite rate is a set contribution covering more than one benefit area, for example, health care and life insurance. Cost data for individual plans cannot be determined.

² Based on worker attributes. For example, employee contributions may vary based on earnings, length of service, or age. ³ Amount varies by options selected under a "cafeteria plan" or

employer-sponsored reimbursement account.

Less than 0.5 percent.

 5 The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed,

which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.