Security In Numbers SSNs and ID theft

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## **Trusted Credentials**

- How do you build trust across domains
  - (e.g. between different organizations):
    - Open procedures for issuance and use
    - Oversight
    - Technically secure
    - Linked to Government confirmation of identity

## SSN use is here to stay

- SSN is the de facto national identifier
  - It links financial activities to taxation
  - No viable near-term alternatives
  - SSN is a proxy for a real credential
- SSN problems reflect uneven US privacy regulation.
  - Anxiety over a national ID
  - Business models for the credit industry

## Advantages of the SSN

- Unique identifier
- Government issued (greater degree of disinterest and oversight)
- Can't be changed.
- Won't be replaced until there is something that has all three of these attributes

## **SSN: A New Government Services**

- Incentives to reduce SSN use
- Expand regulation
  - Notice and disclosure of SSN use
  - Consent / Opt in for SSN use or transfer
    - Offer alternative identifiers
  - Breach notification
  - Assignment of liability (like credit cards)