Thus far, In FY 2012, the agency challenged 23 transactions of which 6 fall in the Abandoned, Restructured or Fix-it-First category, and are thus non public.

Ma	tter:		Enforcemen Date:	t Industry:		
Со	nsent Orde	er Accepted for Comment				
1.	1210144	Novartis / Fougera	7/16/2012	Health Care – Prescription Drugs http://www.ftc.gov/os/caselist/1210144/index.shtm		
		proposed settlement resolving charges that Nov the market for these topical drugs. The settleme topically-applied generic drugs and return all rig the FTC's complaint, Novartis' acquisition of Fou competition in the generic drug markets for three	artis' acquisition of pharm ent order requires Novarti hts to a fourth generic dr gera would violate Sectio ee skin care drugs: 1) ger . The complaint also alleg	marketing rights to four topical skin care medications, under a naceutical firm Fougera Holdings, Inc. would harm competition in is to end a marketing agreement that allows it to sell three ug in development to its manufacturer, Tolmar, Inc. According t n 5 of the FTC Act and Section 7 of the Clayton Act by reducing neric calcipotriene topical solution, 2) generic lidocaine-prilocaine ges that the acquisition would eliminate potential competition in		
2.	1210055	Giant Food / Genuardi's	6/15/2012	Retail – Grocery/Supermarkets		
				http://ftc.gov/os/caselist/1210055/index.shtm		
		On 6/15/2012, the FTC required Koninklijke Ahold N.V., the parent company of Giant Food Stores, LLC, to sell a supermarket outsid Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, to settle charges that its proposed acquisition of the Genuardi's supermarket chain from Safeway Inc. otherwise would be anticompetitive. To preserve competition in the local grocery market, Ahold will sell the supermarket, located in Newtown, Pennsylvania, to McCaffrey's supermarkets, under an agreement with the FTC. The transaction, if completed, would elim competition between Giant and Genuardi's, allowing the combined firm to raise prices unilaterally. The transaction also would incre likelihood that Giant and Acme would be able to tacitly or expressly work together to raise prices or otherwise reduce competition i that would harm local consumers, the FTC alleged.				
3.	1110160	Johnson & Johnson / Synthes	6/11/2012	Health Care – Medical Equipment/Devices http://www.ftc.gov/opa/2012/06/jjsynthes.shtm		
		On 6/11/2012, the FTCequired Johnson & Johnson (J&J) to sell its system for surgically treating serious wrist fractures, resolving cl that J&J's proposed \$21.3 billion acquisition of Synthes, Inc. would illegally reduce competition for these systems. J&J intends to se system, known as DVR, along with the rest of its product line for treating traumatic injuries, to Biomet, Inc. According to the FTC's complaint, J&J's proposed acquisition of Synthes would harm competition in the U.S. market for volar distal radius plating systems, devices that are surgically implanted on the underside of the wrist to achieve proper alignment of the radius bone following a fract 08/07/2012, the FTC approved a final order settling charges that Johnson & Johnson's proposed acquisition of Synthes, Inc. would been anticompetitive in the market for surgical systems used to treat traumatic distal radius wrist fractures. The final FTC order rest the charges requires Johnson & Johnson to sell its system for surgically treating serious wrist fractures.				
4.	1210014	Kinder Morgan / El Paso	5/1/2012	Energy – Natural Gas		
		J		http://ftc.gov/os/caselist/1210014/index.shtm		
	On 5/1/2012, the FTC required Kinder Morgan, Inc., one of the largest U.S. transporters of natural gas and other energy product three natural gas pipelines and other related assets in the Rocky Mountain region as part of a settlement resolving charges that Morgan's \$38 billion acquisition of El Paso Corporation would be anticompetitive. According to the FTC's complaint, Kinder Morg proposed acquisition of El Paso would harm competition in the markets for pipeline transportation and processing of natural gas Rocky Mountain gas production areas in and around Wyoming, Colorado, Nebraska, and Utah, in violation of Section 5 of the FT Section 7 of the Clayton Act. On 6/14/2012, the FTC approved a final order settling charges that Kinder Morgan Inc.'s proposed of El Paso Corporation would have been anticompetitive in several natural gas pipeline transportation and gas processing market					
5.	1110172	CoStar / Loopnet	4/26/2012	Information and Technology – Software/Database		
		-		http://www.ftc.gov/os/caselist/1110172/index.shtm		
		On 4/26/2012, the FTC required CoStar Group, the largest provider of commercial real estate information services in the United sell LoopNet's ownership interest in Xceligent, under a proposed order settling charges that CoStar's \$860 million acquisition of I would be anticompetitive. The FTC's complaint alleges the proposed acquisition would violate the FTC and Clayton Acts by reduc competition in the markets for real estate listings databases and information services.				

Matter:		Enforcemen Date:	t Industry:
6.	1110122 - Western Digital / Hitachi	3/5/2012	Information and Technology – Hardware
	J		http://www.ftc.gov/os/caselist/1110122/index.shtm
	Corporation as part of a proposed settlement that re Storage Technologies Ltd. would likely have harmed	esolves charges that N I competition in the m al as originally propos	used to manufacture and sell desktop hard disk drives to Toshiba Nestern Digital's proposed acquisition of rival Hitachi Global harket for desktop hard disk drives used in personal computers. sed would have left only two companies, Western Digital and esktop hard disk drives.
7.	1110207 - Carpenter / HHEP-Latrobe	2/29/2012	Manufacturing – Industrial Goods http://ftc.gov/os/caselist/1110207/index.shtm
	metal alloys used in the aerospace industry, under a acquisition of Latrobe Specialty Metals, Inc. would h Carpenter and Latrobe are the only companies that would be anticompetitive in the U.S. markets for bol consumers of the two alloys, in violation of the FTC	a proposed settlement narm competition in the make these highly sp th alloys. The deal – a Act and Section 7 of	r Technology Corporation to sell assets involved in producing two t resolving charges that Carpenter's proposed \$410 million ne U.S. markets for these alloys. The FTC's complaint alleges that ecialized alloys, and that the combination of the two companies a merger to monopoly – likely would lead to higher prices for the Clayton Act, according to the complaint. On 4/13/2012, the manufacturing the two alloys – MP159 and Aerospace MP35N – to
8.	1110170 - Fresenius / Liberty	2/28/2012	Health Care – Hospitals/Clinics
			http://ftc.gov/os/caselist/1110170/index.shtm
	proposed settlement resolving charges that its acqui numerous local markets for outpatient dialysis servic competition in each of the local markets, and protec care. According to the FTC, Fresenius's acquisition o markets at issue, leading to higher prices and reduc monopolies for outpatient dialysis services in 17 of t number of dialysis providers to drop from three to the	isition of rival dialysis ces around the countr cts renal care patients of Liberty would elimir red quality for dialysis he 43 local markets. wo. Competition woul	to sell 60 outpatient dialysis clinics in 43 local markets under a provider Liberty Dialysis Holdings, Inc. would harm competition in ry. By requiring the sales, the FTC settlement preserves from anticompetitive price increases or reductions in quality of hate head-to-head competition between the firms in the 43 consumers. The proposed acquisition allegedly would to lead to In 24 other markets, the proposed acquisition would cause the ld be significantly reduced in the remaining two markets. On cerning Fresenius Medical Care AG & Co. KGaA's acquisition of
9.	1210022 - Amerigas / ETP	1/11/2012	Energy – Other
			http://www.ftc.gov/os/caselist/1210022/index.shtm
	distributors, to amend AmeriGas's proposed acquisit settlement resolves FTC charges that the deal, as or propane exchange cylinders that consumers use to f with ETP to acquire ETP's Heritage Propane business requiring AmeriGas to exclude ETP's cylinder exchar	ion of ETP's Heritage riginally proposed, wo fuel barbeque grills a s in October 2011 for nge business, Heritage	sfer Partners L.P. (ETP), two of the nation's largest propane Propane business as part of a settlement with the FTC. The buld have reduced competition and raised prices in the market for nd patio heaters. AmeriGas originally entered into an agreement \$2.9 billion. The FTC's settlement protects consumers by e Propane Express, from the sale. On February 28, 2012, The FTC de ETP's cylinder exchange business, Heritage Propane Express,
10.	1110216 - Valeant / J & J	12/12/2011	Health Care – Prescription Drugs
			http://www.ftc.gov/os/caselist/1110216/index.shtm
	skin ailments, as conditions of acquiring Ortho Derm Under the settlements, Valeant will sell the manufac pre-cancerous skin lesion, to Mylan Pharmaceuticals Spear Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Both settlements preser	hatologics, Inc. from J sturing and marketing Inc. Valeant also will rve competition and p PTC approved final c	cals International, Inc. to divest three drugs used to treat different lohnson & Johnson, and Dermik Laboratories, Inc. from Sanofi. rights to drug products that treat acne and actinic keratosis, a sell the marketing rights to a drug that treats fine line wrinkles to prevent higher prices that likely would have resulted from the orders settling charges that Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, ne from Sanofi and one from Johnson & Johnson.
11.	1110215 - Valeant / Sanofi-Aventis	12/12/2011	Health Care – Prescription Drugs
			http://www.ftc.gov/os/caselist/1110215/index.shtm
	skin ailments, as conditions of acquiring Ortho Derm Under the settlements, Valeant will sell the manufac pre-cancerous skin lesion, to Mylan Pharmaceuticals Spear Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Both settlements preser	hatologics, Inc. from J sturing and marketing Inc. Valeant also will rve competition and p PTC approved final c	cals International, Inc. to divest three drugs used to treat different Johnson & Johnson, and Dermik Laboratories, Inc. from Sanofi. rights to drug products that treat acne and actinic keratosis, a I sell the marketing rights to a drug that treats fine line wrinkles to prevent higher prices that likely would have resulted from the prders settling charges that Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, ne from Sanofi and one from Johnson & Johnson.
			Page 2 of 4

Matter:		Enforcement Date:	t Industry:
12. 111015	5 - LabCorp / Orchid Cellmark	12/8/2011	Health Care – Professional Services
	Cellmark Inc. (Orchid) to divest a portion of Orcl million acquisition of Orchid would have an antic agencies. The FTC's complaint alleges that LabC paternity testing services provided to governmen testing business that is focused on sales to gove	hid's paternity testing bus competitive impact in the corp's acquisition of Orchio nt agencies. Under the pro- ernment agencies, and rel C approved a final order s	boratory Corporation of America Holdings (LabCorp) and Orchid iness, to resolve the FTC complaint alleging that LabCorp's \$85.4 market for paternity testing services used by government d would illegally reduce competition in the U.S. market for oposed settlement order, the portion of Orchid's U.S. paternity ated assets, will be sold to another testing company, DNA ettling charges concerning Laboratory Corporation of America
13. 1110097	7 - IMS Health / SDI Health	10/28/2011	Health Care – Other http://www.ftc.gov/os/caselist/1110097/index.shtm
	IMS Health Inc., according to which IMS has agr proceed with its acquisition of SDI. The propose businesses to an FTC-approved buyer to resolve anticompetitive and likely would increase prices	reed to sell two product d settlement order requin the agency's charges that for market research prod	y Holdings, Inc., the parent company of market research firm nes of rival SDI Health LLC, as a condition of allowing it to es the sale of SDI's promotional audit and medical audit at IMS's acquisition of SDI, as originally proposed, is ucts in the health care industry. On1/10/2012, the FTC approved Holdings, Inc.'s proposed acquisition of SDI Health LLC.
14. 1110166	5 - Cephalon / Teva	10/7/2011	Health Care – Prescription Drugs http://www.ftc.gov/os/caselist/1110166/index.shtm
	On 10/7/2011, the FTC required Teva Pharmace	eutical Industries Ltd. to s	ell the rights and assets related to a generic cancer pain drug and

On 10/7/2011, the FTC required Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd. to sell the rights and assets related to a generic cancer pain drug and a generic muscle relaxant, as a condition of its proposed \$6.8 billion acquisition of rival drug firm Cephalon, Inc. In addition, the proposed settlement requires Teva to enter into a supply agreement that will allow a competing firm to sell a generic version of Cephalon's wakefulness drug Provigil in 2012. On 7/3/2012, the FTC issued its final order. The final amended FTC order resolving the charges requires Teva to sell the rights and assets related to a generic cancer pain drug and a generic muscle relaxant to Par Pharmaceuticals, Inc. It also requires Teva to enter into a supply agreement that will allow Par to sell a generic version of Cephalon's wakefulness drug Provigil in 2012.

Part III Administrative Complaint

1. 1110239 - Omnicare / Pharmerica

1/27/2012

Health Care – Retail/Pharmacies

http://www.ftc.gov/os/adjpro/d9352/index.shtm

On 1/27/2012, the Commission issued a complaint to block Omnicare, Inc.'s hostile acquisition of rival long-term care pharmacy provider PharMerica Corporation, alleging that the combination of the two largest U.S. long-term care pharmacies would harm competition and enable Omnicare to raise the price of drugs for Medicare Part D consumers and others. In its complaint, the FTC charges that a deal combining Omnicare and PharMerica would significantly increase Omnicare's already substantial bargaining leverage by dramatically increasing the number of skilled nursing facilities, known as SNFs, that receive long-term care pharmacy services from the company. Due to its substantial market share, the FTC alleges that the combined firm likely would be a "must have" for Medicare Part D prescription drug plans, which are responsible for providing subsidized prescription drug benefit coverage for most SNF residents and other Medicare beneficiaries. On 2/23/2012, the FTC dismissed the complaint it issued in January, in light of Omnicare's decision to abandon the proposed transaction.

Ма	tter:	Enforcement Date:	t Industry:
	eliminary Injunction		
1.	1110169 - Graco / Illinois Tool Works	12/15/2011	Manufacturing – Industrial Goods
	alleging that it would harm competition in the manufactured goods, such as cars, wood cabin hold separate the worldwide liquid finishing ec to complete its proposed \$650 million acquisiti challenge to the deal. On 5/31/2012, the FTC to sell the worldwide liquid finishing business of	market for equipment used nets, and major appliances. Juipment businesses of Illin on of all of ITW's finishing required Graco Inc., a lead of Illinois Tool Works Inc. a ion acquisition of several IT	cquisition of ITW Finishing LLC from Illinois Tool Works Inc., I to apply paints and other liquid finishes to a variety of I n March 2012, the FTC issued an order requiring Graco Inc. to ois Tool Works Inc. and ITW Finishing LLC, while allowing Graco equipment businesses. The Commission also withdrew its court er in the worldwide market for key industrial finishing equipment, nd ITW Finishing LLC under a proposed order, as part of a TW businesses would have been anticompetitive and led to higher
2.	1110102 - Rockford Memorial / St. Anthony Medical Center	1 1/18/2011	Health Care – Hospitals/Clinics
			http://www.ftc.gov/os/adjpro/d9349/index.shtm
	Systemagainst, charging that the acquisition w Rockford, Illinois, and significantly harm local seeking an order to halt the transaction tempo proceeding and any subsequent appeals. On 4 pending a full administrative trial on the merit: On 4/13/2012, the FTC dismissed the complai	rould substantially reduce c businesses and patients. The parily to preserve competiti /5/2012, the U.S. District C s, in the case of OSF Health nt it issued last November s	F Healthcare System's proposed acquisition of Rockford Health ompetition among hospitals and primary care physicians in the FTC's staff filed a separate complaint in federal district court ion for Rockford area residents pending the FTC's administrative court ruled granting the FTC's request for a preliminary injunction, ncare System's proposed acquisition of Rockford Health System. seeking to block OSF Healthcare System's acquisition of rival decision to abandon the proposed transaction.
Re	structured, Abandoned, or Fix-it-First		
1.	Non Public	xx/xx/xxxx	[]
2.	Non Public	xx/xx/xxxx	[]
3.	Non Public	xx/xx/xxxx	[]
4.	Non Public	xx/xx/xxxx	[]
5.	Non Public		[]
6.	Non Public	xx/xx/xxxx	[]
	The parties abandoned the transaction due to	antitrust concerns and que	stions about postmerger physician loyalty.