

micro and nanoelectronics



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Hybrid Metrology & 3D-AFM Enhancement For CD Metrology Dedicated To 28 nm Node And Below Requirements

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# 1- INTRODUCTION

- Overarching Goals and Motivations
- Reduce process variability,
- Improve R&D work and manufacturing control process quality,
- **B** Reduce excessive costs of advanced tech. nodes

➔ Improving accuracy of Physical CD measurement





# **OUTLINE**

### **1-Introduction**

### 2- New AFM3D probes breakthrough

# **3- Hybrid Metrology for High Volume Manufacturing**

## **4- Conclusion**



### 2- New AFM3D probe breakthrough



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- >50 parameters
- control of shape + material

• In-line quality check \_ CEA/LETI-MINATEC Campus







# 1- Tip Diameter, Design & Materials

# 2- Tip Wear & Tip Edge Height

**3- Overall shape** 

4- Tip Reliability



Tip Width

**Design & Materials** 





# 1- Tip Diameter, Design & Materials

2- Tip Wear & Tip Edge Height

**3- Overall shape** 

4- Tip Reliability



Tip Wear & Tip Edge Radius

- Tip Enhancement (Tip Wear & Edge Height)
- Improvement of bottom resolution and decrease of cost

Maintain resolution over tip lifetime





Tip Wear & Tip Edge Radius





# 1- Tip Diameter, Design & Materials

# 2- Tip Wear & Tip Edge Height

**3- Overall shape** 

4- Tip Reliability



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### Tip Enhancement (Overall Shape)

- Validation for production use



Unique and Relevant results for the introduction of such tip into production environment

Key parameters for advanced Roadmap Requirements

1-A constant tip edge radius will maintain the resolution of AFM3D over tip lifetime

2- For small tip model (namely sub-32nm tip)

a- **Diameter very close to 30nm** (Successful SEM and AFM matching exercise to control the process)

- b- **Diameter dispersion** = 5% of the average diameter;
- c- Small edges radius = 10-11nm;
- d- Important lateral reach capability (47% of the tip radius)

e- Tip symmetry

f- Customizable tip (apex angle)





### Tip Enhancement (Overall Shape)

- For FinFet Structures and small spaces measurements

Need for perfect symmetrical tips





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### Tip Enhancement (Overall Shape)

- For FinFet Structures and small spaces measurements





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Overall Shape





# 1- Tip Diameter, Design & Materials

# 2- Tip Wear & Tip Edge Height

# **3- Overall shape**

4- Tip Reliability





### Tip Enhancement (Tip Reliability)

- Validation for production use



#### 220 measurements per wafer





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### 2- New AFM3D probe breakthrough

# Introduction of EBD technology for Critical Dimension purpose to answer to sub-28nm nodes





# Introduction of EBD technology for Critical Dimension purpose to answer to sub-28nm nodes





# **OUTLINE**

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## 3- Hybrid Metrology for High Volume Manufacturing

### State of the art

1- Need for smart data analysis coming from different CD Metrology Techniques (i.e CD-SEM and AFM3D). ⇒ Reduce OPC cycle, reduce process variability through more accurate process window definition, reduce manufacturing process control variability

2- CD-SEM & Scatterometry algorithms need improvement to cope with new materials stack, profile variation, shrinkage phenomena, electron proximity effect, parameters correlation (...)

3- Carrying out AFM3D or TEM measurements and trying to match individually data to CD-SEM or OCD data is not very efficient (time consuming, only a basic target to target comparison)

The exercise is useful but it is not a full accomplished work

The advantages of reference metrology are not fully exploit

# NEED THROUGHPUT & SMARTER ANALYSIS



## 3- Hybrid Metrology for High Volume Manufacturing











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## 3- Hybrid Metrology for High Volume Manufacturing

### Choice 1: AFM3D & CD-SEM

#### AFM3D data for CD Middle



### CD-SEM data

149 nm < CD < 153 nm

 $Avg = 151 \text{ nm} \pm 2 \text{ nm} (3 \text{ sigma})$ 

PMG380D3 slot3 SEM avg 80th

### Hybrid Metrology Software Solution



Because of multiple geometry variation across the wafer for CDU or FEM, the final error on process windows or process control can be huge

New Threshold computation in order to make CD-SEM more accurate (without changing any hardware, no impact on throughput, take into account electron proximity effect, shrinkage phenomenon...)

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## 3- Hybrid Metrology for High Volume Manufacturing

### Choice 1: AFM3D & CD-SEM

Step 1: Define the right Threshold



### Hybrid Metrology Software Solution





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## **4- CONCLUSION**

1- Hybrid Metrology is an interesting alternative for the future of CD Metrology for HVM. **First demonstrator has been a success** and has demonstrated that something can be done to enhance CD Metrology **without major investments and must help in reducing costs and driving innovations** 

LETI is working on a Universal hybrid metrology software that should be compatible with any kind of industrial strategy solution
It should contribute to more manufacturing added value of CD Metrology

2- New AFM3D tip breakthrough is necessary to overcome silicon based tips strong limitations. EBD Carbon tips is one solution.

➡ We succeeded within a year to validate tip design and production usage down 20nm diameter (readily available). Full Carbon tips have been introduced with a better behavior than carbon nanotubes tips for CD Metrology.

Continuation to provide state of the art tips to fulfill roadmap recommendations (for example for FinFet Metrology...)



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