# Performance-Based Approach to Usability Requirements

Dr. Sharon Laskowski

sharon.laskowski@nist.gov

April 21, 2005

#### General Goals

- High quality performance standards for voting
  - Objective, measurable criteria
  - Metrics directly address "bottom line" performance of equipment
  - Fair to all technologies
  - Criteria push technology improvement, but realistic
- High quality performance tests for voting
  - Repeatable, reliable, valid
  - Uncover even low-incidence errors
  - Minimize technical complexity, burden on operator

#### Approach

- Develop performance requirements and conformance tests for usability of voting systems
- Focus on capturing the indication of a voter's choice
- Based on summative usability testing
  - ANSI NCITS 354-2001 Common Industry Format for Usability Test Reports
  - "Defining a summative usability test for voting systems," UPA 2004 Workshop on Voting and Usability

# A Summative Usability Test for a Voting System

- Purpose of the test
- Voting system to be used for the test
- The context of use
- Complexity of test ballots
- Characteristics and numbers of test participants
- Tasks for test participants
- Data collected or measured during the test
- How the test data was analyzed and how a system passes or fails the test

#### Performance Measures

- Efficiency time and other resources taken to vote
- Effectiveness low voter-equipment interaction error rate
- Satisfaction of voter experience, standard surveys for measuring satisfaction

#### Roadmap

- 1. Obtain examples of currently used voting equipment
- 2. Obtain wide range of samples of recent ballots
- 3. Formulate preliminary metrics
- 4. Formulate 3 test ballots, low, med., high complexity
- 5. Formulate test script
- 6. Formulate instructions
- 7. Determine how to record voter sessions
- Design satisfaction questionnaire, PRA approval
- 9. Obtain human subjects study approval
- 10. Run initial experiments until confident in basic protocol

#### Roadmap (continued)

- 11. Formulate preliminary performance benchmarks
- 12. Design statistical approach: error level, # of subjects, confidence levels
- 13. Formulate approach for demographic selection of subject voters
- 14. Recruit sufficient # of subject voters to validate
- 15. Run full-scale usability tests
- 16. Propose "final" protocols, test ballots, and benchmarks

Benchmarks are based on the actual measurements of performance achieved by the voting systems.

#### **Questions and Discussion**

VVSG Version 2 will contain some performance benchmarks.