Leading Causes of Death by Age Group, American Indian or Alaska Native Males-United States, 2007*

Age in Groups

Rank	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	65-74	75-84	85+	All Ages
1	Unintentional injuries 42.1%	Unintentional injuries 40.0%	Unintentional injuries 55.6%	Unintentional injuries 50.0%	Unintentional injuries 51.4%	Unintentional injuries 41.6%	Unintentional injuries 28.1%	Heart disease 19.6%	Cancer 25.5%	Heart disease 25.5%	Cancer 26.5%	Heart disease 26.9%	Heart disease 24.9%	Heart disease 19.3%
2	Heart disease (2) 8.8%	Cancer 16.0%	Suicide 16.7%	Suicide 21.4%	Suicide 23.2%	Suicide 15.8%	Heart disease (2) 11.7%	Unintentional injuries 14.8%	Heart disease 22.7%	Cancer 23.3%	Heart disease 24.5%	Cancer 23.5%	Cancer 16.6%	Cancer 17.1%
3	Birth defects (2) 8.8%	Heart disease (3) 4.0%	Homicide 8.3%	Homicide 8.8%	Homicide 11.2%	Homicide 10.1%	Chronic liver disease (2) 11.7%	Cancer 13.7%	Unintentional injuries 6.9%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 6.6%	Diabetes 7.7%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 7.1%	Stroke 6.3%	Unintentional injuries 14.3%
4	Homicide 5.3%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases (3) 4.0%	Birth defects 5.6%	Cancer 3.8%	Cancer 3.5%	Heart disease 8.4%	Suicide 7.7%	Chronic liver disease 12.8%	Chronic liver disease 6.8%	Diabetes 6.1%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 6.8%	Stroke 6.3%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 5.5%	Chronic liver disease 5.3%
5	Influenza & pneumonia 3.5%	Kidney disease (3) 4.0%	Septicemia 2.8%	Heart disease (5) 1.6%	Heart disease (5) 0.8%	Chronic liver disease 4.3%	Cancer 4.8%	Diabetes 5.0%	Diabetes 6.7%	Stroke 5.3%	Unintentional injuries 4.6%	Diabetes 4.9%	Diabetes (5) 5.1%	Diabetes 4.8%
6	Chronic lower respiratory	Birth defects (3) 4.0%		Birth defects (5) 1.6%	Chronic liver diseases (5) 0.8%	Cancer 3.5%	Homicide 4.2%	Suicide 3.1%	Stroke (6) 3.6%	Unintentional injuries 3.9%	Stroke 3.9%	Unintentional injuries 4.1%	Alzheimer's disease (5) 5.1%	Suicide 3.9%
7	diseases (6) 1.8% **** Kidney disease (6) 1.8%			Septicemia (7) 0.5% *** Anemia	Stroke	Septicemia (7) 0.8%	Diabetes 3.8%	Stroke 2.4%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases (6) 3.6%	Kidney disease 2.5%	Chronic liver disease 2.8%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.6%	Influenza & pneumonia 3.4%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 3.8%
8	Perinatal conditions (6) 1.8%			(7) 0.5% *** Aortic anuerism (7) 0.5% ***	(7) 0.4% *** Aortic anuerism (7) 0.4% ***	HIV disease (7) 0.8%	HIV disease 2.7%	Septicemia (8) 2.0%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.0%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.4%	Kidney disease 2.6%	Alzheimer's disease 2.1%	Kidney disease 3.3%	Stroke 3.4%
9	C. difficile infection (6) 1.8%			Influenza & pneumonia (7) 0.5% Chronic lower respiratory diseases (7) 0.5%	Birth defects (7) 0.4%	Diabetes (9) 0.6%	Stroke 1.8%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases (8) 2.0%	Kidney disease 1.9%	Alzheimer's disease 2.0%	Septicemia (9) 1.6%	Kidney disease 1.9%	Pneumonitis 2.2%	Homicide 2.1%
10				Pneumonitis (7) 0.5% Legal intervention (7) 0.5%		Influenza & pneumonia (9) 0.6%	Viral hepatitis (10) 1.6% Influenza & pneumonia (10) 1.6%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.9%	Viral hepatitis 1.7%	Chronic liver disease 1.7%	Influenza & pneumonia (9) 1.6%	Septicemia 1.3%	Unintentional injuries 2.1%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.9%

^{*}Percentages represent total deaths in the age group due to the cause indicated. Numbers in parentheses indicate tied rankings. The white, black, American Indian/Alaska Native, and Asian/Pacific Islander race groups include persons of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin may be of any race. Some terms have been shortened from those used in the National Vital Statistics Report. See the next page for a listing of the shortened terms in the table and their full unabridged equivalents used in the report. To learn more, visit *Mortality Tables* at *http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/mortality_tables.htm* (HHS, CDC, NCHS).

Short and Full Terms for Leading Causes of Death

Some terms in the leading causes of death table have been shortened from those used in the National Vital Statistics Report. Below is a listing of the shortened terms used in the table and their full, unabridged equivalents used in the report.

SHORT TERMS FULL TERMS

Aortic aneurism Aortic aneurism and dissection

Benign neoplasms In situ neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behavior

Birth defects Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities

Bronchitis Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis

Cancer Malignant neoplasms

C. difficile infectionChronic liver diseaseEntercolitis due to clostridiumChronic liver disease and cirrhosis

Diabetes Diabetes mellitus

Gallbladder disorders Cholethiasis and other disorders of gallbladder

Heart disease Diseases of the heart

HIV disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease

Homicide Assault (homicide)

Hypertension Essential (primary) hypertension and hypertensive renal disease

Kidney diseaseNephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis

Kidney infection Infections of kidney

Legal Intervention* Physical or other force used by police or other law-enforcing agents, including military

on duty, in the course of arresting or attempting to arrest lawbreakers, suppressing disturbances, maintaining order, and other legal action. Includes legal execution and

excludes citizen arrest.

Medical & surgical care complications Complications of medical and surgical care

Perinatal conditions Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period

Pneumonitis Pregnancy complications Pregnancy, childbirth and the peurperium

Stroke Cerebrovascular diseases
Suicide Intentional self-harm

Unintentional injuries Accidents (unintentional injuries)

*World Health Organization. International statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision (ICD-10). Geneva: worked Health Organization, 1992. Available at http://www.who.int/classifications/icd/en/. Accessed April 15, 2010.