## Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (SAHIE)

## 2010 Highlights

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Social, Economic and Housing Statistics Division (SEHSD) Small Area Estimates Branch (SAEB)

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## SAHIE Highlights Document

## Overview

The Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (SAHIE) program of the U.S. Census Bureau recently released 2010 model-based estimates of people for all counties and states, regardless of population size, with and without health insurance for detailed demographic and income groups. This is the third year of data release from the SAHIE program that incorporates the estimates on health insurance coverage from the American Community Survey (ACS). This use of the ACS into the modeling procedures allows for more detailed income group data as well as a higher level of precision in the estimates.

The SAHIE program models health insurance coverage by combining survey data with population estimates and administrative records from the following sources: ACS; demographic population estimates; aggregated federal tax returns; participation records for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP); County Business Patterns; Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) participation records; and Census 2000. This methodological update has allowed the program to increase the precision of state and county level coverage for detailed demographic groups, and add additional income categories of relevance to the recent healthcare reform initiatives. Furthermore, for the 2010 estimates the SAHIE release includes county-level estimates of health-insurance coverage for the age 50-64 group.

For all states, estimates of people with and without health insurance coverage are provided by:

- ages 0-64, 18-64, 40-64 and 50-64;
- female, male, and both sexes;
- all races, White alone (non-Hispanic), Black alone (non- Hispanic), and Hispanic (any race);
- all incomes, less than or equal to $138,200,250$ and 400 percent of the poverty;
- a special estimate for the 0-18 age group for 'both sexes,' and 'all incomes,' less than or equal to $138,200,250,400$ percent of the poverty threshold; and
- measures of uncertainty of the estimates.

For all counties, estimates of people with and without health insurance coverage are provided by:

- ages 0-64, 18-64, 40-64 and 50-64;
- female, male, and both sexes;
- all incomes and less than or equal to $138,200,250$ or 400 percent of the poverty;
- a special estimate for the 0-18 age group for 'both sexes,' and 'all incomes,' less than or equal to $138,200,250$, or 400 percent of the poverty threshold; and
- measures of uncertainty of the estimates.

The data for any of these categories can be displayed and downloaded at http://www.census.gov/did/www/sahie/data/index.html for 2010. More information on methodology and other documentation is accessible from the main SAHIE page,
http://www.census.gov/did/www/sahie/index.html. Examples of the data available from SAHIE are displayed in Tables 1 and 2. Table 1 shows all 50 states and the District of Columbia with the SAHIE estimate for the percent of the population under age 65, at less than or equal to $138 \%$ of poverty, without health insurance coverage. Table 2 shows the same information for the population under age 65 who have a family income at less than or equal to $400 \%$ of poverty.

Accompanying the current SAHIE release is an interactive mapping tool that can be utilized for analysis of the estimates, available at the U.S. Census Bureau's website. Maps can be created for any currently produced SAHIE demographic and income combination in the 2010 estimates. To access this new interactive mapping tool, use the map icon on the main page, http://www.census.gov/did/www/sahie/index.html. Example maps highlighting the availability of data for all counties are included at the end of this document. The first map shows all counties color-coded by percent of the population under age 19 , with family incomes less than or equal to $138 \%$ of the poverty, without health insurance coverage. The second map shows the same information for the population under age 19, with a family income less than or equal to $200 \%$ of poverty.

## Explanation of Income Groups

The SAHIE program produces estimates of the population with and without health insurance for demographic groups at the state and county levels. At the county-level, estimates are available by age, sex, and income groups, and at the state-level, additional categories are defined by race and ethnicity. Income groups are defined in terms of the income-to-poverty ratio (IPR), which is the family income divided by the federal poverty level.

In addition to providing estimates of the population with and without health insurance coverage for the population within an income group that is less than or equal to 200 percent and 250 percent of the poverty threshold, the 2010 SAHIE estimates also include estimates for the population in income groups less than or equal to 138 percent and 400 percent of poverty. These newly added IPRs are reflective of the recent healthcare reform legislation. The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act expands Medicaid to cover families with incomes up to 138 percent of poverty. Families with incomes above 138 percent but less than 400 percent of poverty can receive tax credits to help pay for health care coverage in the new health insurance exchanges.

Prior to 2008, the SAHIE program estimates of uninsured were defined from the Annual Social and Economic Supplement to the Current Population Survey (CPS ASEC) as being covered SOME TIME during the past calendar year. For the 2008 through 2010 data, the CPS ASEC data were replaced with American Community Survey (ACS) data. The ACS health insurance question asks "Is this person CURRENTLY covered by [specifically stated] health insurance or health coverage plans?" The ACS publishes data on an annual basis for the nation, all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, every congressional district and all counties, places, and metropolitan areas with populations of 65,000 or more. Comparisons to previous-year SAHIE estimates, which utilized the CPS ASEC as an input, are not recommended. Comparisons between different geographical areas or different years are not recommended, as additional research is required to determine the correlations between areas or years.

## Contact

For questions related to the contents of this document, including the SAHIE program's estimates and methodology, contact the Small Area Estimates Branch at: (301) 763-3193. For questions related to income and health insurance definitions, the American Community Survey, or other Census Bureau surveys, contact the U.S. Census Bureau call center at 1-800-923-8282 (toll free) or visit ask.census.gov for further information.

Table 1. Percent Uninsured for the Population Under Age 65 Less than or equal to $138 \%$ of Poverty, 2010


| Alabama | 29.6 | 0.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska | 35.9 | 1.7 |
| Arizona | 30.8 | 0.8 |
| Arkansas | 32.8 | 0.9 |
| California | 33.1 | 0.4 |
| Colorado | 34.0 | 0.9 |
| Connecticut | 20.9 | 1.0 |
| Delaware | 21.0 | 1.4 |
| District of Columbia | 13.1 | 1.3 |
| Florida | 40.2 | 0.6 |
| Georgia | 37.3 | 0.7 |
| Hawaii | 16.5 | 1.2 |
| Idaho | 34.7 | 1.3 |
| Illinois | 28.1 | 0.6 |
| Indiana | 30.6 | 0.8 |
| Iowa | 22.7 | 0.9 |
| Kansas | 31.0 | 1.0 |
| Kentucky | 30.0 | 0.8 |
| Louisiana | 31.2 | 0.8 |
| Maine | 19.8 | 1.1 |
| Maryland | 24.9 | 0.9 |
| Massachusetts | 10.1 | 0.6 |
| Michigan | 24.7 | 0.5 |
| Minnesota | 20.9 | 0.7 |
| Mississippi | 31.4 | 0.9 |
| Missouri | 28.2 | 0.7 |
| Montana | 36.0 | 1.6 |
| Nebraska | 26.5 | 1.1 |
| Nevada | 42.1 | 1.2 |
| New Hampshire | 28.1 | 1.7 |
| New Jersey | 29.2 | 0.8 |
| New Mexico | 34.8 | 1.1 |
| New York | 21.3 | 0.5 |
| North Carolina | 33.2 | 0.6 |
| North Dakota | 22.9 | 1.5 |
| Ohio | 25.7 | 0.6 |
| Oklahoma | 35.2 | 0.9 |
| Oregon | 34.7 | 1.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 22.3 | 0.5 |
| Rhode Island | 25.8 | 1.5 |
| South Carolina | 33.1 | 0.9 |
| South Dakota | 27.6 | 1.5 |
| Tennessee | 27.8 | 0.7 |
| Texas | 41.4 | 0.5 |
| Utah | 31.2 | 1.1 |
| Vermont | 15.5 | 1.3 |
| Virginia | 30.4 | 0.8 |
| Washington | 30.1 | 0.8 |
| West Virginia | 29.4 | 1.2 |
| Wisconsin | 21.5 | 0.7 |
| Wyoming | 32.0 | 2.0 |

Note: The data shown are estimates containing uncertainty. Apparent differences among the estimates may not be statistically significant. MOE's are at the $90 \%$ significance level.

Table 2. Percent Uninsured for the Population Under Age 65
Less than or equal to $400 \%$ of Poverty, 2010

| State | Percent Uninsured | Margin of Error |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 21.8 | 0.5 |
| Alaska | 30.3 | 1.2 |
| Arizona | 24.8 | 0.5 |
| Arkansas | 25.3 | 0.6 |
| California | 28.1 | 0.2 |
| Colorado | 25.6 | 0.5 |
| Connecticut | 17.3 | 0.6 |
| Delaware | 16.4 | 0.9 |
| District of Columbia | 12.6 | 1.1 |
| Florida | 32.3 | 0.3 |
| Georgia | 28.5 | 0.4 |
| Hawaii | 12.4 | 0.8 |
| Idaho | 25.3 | 0.8 |
| Illinois | 22.1 | 0.3 |
| Indiana | 22.2 | 0.4 |
| Iowa | 14.8 | 0.4 |
| Kansas | 21.6 | 0.6 |
| Kentucky | 22.4 | 0.5 |
| Louisiana | 25.8 | 0.5 |
| Maine | 15.9 | 0.7 |
| Maryland | 20.3 | 0.5 |
| Massachusetts | 8.3 | 0.3 |
| Michigan | 18.9 | 0.3 |
| Minnesota | 15.3 | 0.4 |
| Mississippi | 25.1 | 0.6 |
| Missouri | 20.3 | 0.4 |
| Montana | 26.6 | 0.9 |
| Nebraska | 18.3 | 0.6 |
| Nevada | 32.8 | 0.8 |
| New Hampshire | 20.2 | 0.9 |
| New Jersey | 24.4 | 0.4 |
| New Mexico | 28.1 | 0.8 |
| New York | 18.9 | 0.3 |
| North Carolina | 25.0 | 0.4 |
| North Dakota | 15.9 | 0.8 |
| Ohio | 19.1 | 0.3 |
| Oklahoma | 27.4 | 0.5 |
| Oregon | 26.2 | 0.6 |
| Pennsylvania | 16.8 | 0.3 |
| Rhode Island | 20.3 | 1.0 |
| South Carolina | 25.6 | 0.5 |
| South Dakota | 18.5 | 0.8 |
| Tennessee | 21.0 | 0.4 |
| Texas | 34.2 | 0.3 |
| Utah | 21.4 | 0.6 |
| Vermont | 12.9 | 0.8 |
| Virginia | 22.6 | 0.4 |
| Washington | 23.1 | 0.4 |
| West Virginia | 21.8 | 0.7 |
| Wisconsin | 15.1 | 0.3 |
| Wyoming | 24.3 | 1.3 |

Note: The data shown are estimates containing uncertainty. Apparent
differences among the estimates may not be statistically significant. MOE's are at the $90 \%$ significance level.

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