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> United States Department of Agriculture

Food Safety and Inspection Service Washington, D.C. 20250

NOV 4 2008

Dr. Hector J. Lazaneo Director Ministerio de Ganaderia, Agricultura y Pesca Dirección General de Servicios Ganaderos Division Industria Animal Constituyente 1476 11200 Montevideo Uruguay

Dear Dr. Lazaneo:

The Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) conducted an on-site audit of Uruguay's meat inspection system April 9 through May 14, 2008. Enclosed is a copy of the final audit report.

If you have any questions regarding the FSIS audit or need additional information, please contact me at telephone number (202) 690-5646, by facsimile at (202) 720-0676, or electronic mail at donald.smart(@fsis.usda.gov.

Sincerely,

Donald Smart Director International Audit Staff Office of International Affairs

Enclosure

<u>cc:</u>

David Mergen, Agricultural Counselor, US Embassy, Buenos Aires Hugo Cayrus Maurin, Minister Counselor, Embassy of Uruguay FAS, OSTA Hugh Maginnis, FAS Area Officer Amy Ryan, State Department Alfred Almanza, Administrator, FSIS Ronald K. Jones, Assistant Administrator, OIA Donald Smart, Director, IAS, OIA Sally White, Director, IES, OIA Rick Harries, Acting Director, EPS, OIA Director, IID, OIA Barbara McNiff, Director, FSIS Codex Programs Staff, OIA Lisa Wallenda Picard, OA AJ Ogundipe, IES, OIA David Smith, IES, OIA Phil Derfler, Assistant Administrator, OPPD Dan Engeljohn, Deputy Assistant Administrator, OPPD Uruguay Country File

FSIS:OIA:IAS:DSMART:202-690-5646:Uruguay FINAL Audit Report /Letter 110308

FINAL REPORT OF AN AUDIT CARRIED OUT IN URUGUAY COVERING URUGUAY'S MEAT INSPECTION SYSTEM

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APRIL 9 THROUGH MAY 14, 2008

Food Safety and Inspection Service United States Department of Agriculture

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ABBREVIATIONS AND SPECIAL TERMS USED IN THE REPORT

BSE	Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy
ССА	Central Competent Authority [Ministerio de Ganaderia, Agricultura y Pesca]
ССР	Critical Control Point
DGSG	General Direction of Livestock Series
DIA	Meat Inspection Division
DICOSE	Division for the Control of Livestock
DLLA.VE	Division of Veterinary Laboratories
DSA	Animal Health Division
E. coli	Escherichia coli
FSIS	Food Safety and Inspection Service
GOU	Government of Uruguay
Lm	Listeria monocytogenes
MGAP	Ministerio de Ganaderia, Agricultura y Pesca
MLG	Microbiology Laboratory Guide
NOID	Notice of Intent to Delist
PR/HACCP	Pathogen Reduction/Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point Systems
Salmonella	Salmonella species
SPS	Sanitation Performance Standards
SRM	Specified Risk Materials
SSOP	Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures

1. INTRODUCTION

The audit took place in Uruguay from April 9 through May 14, 2008.

An opening meeting was held on April 9, 2008, in Montevideo with the Central Competent Authority (CCA). At this meeting, the auditor confirmed the objective and scope of the audit, the auditor's itinerary, and requested additional information needed to complete the audit of Uruguay's meat inspection system.

The auditor was accompanied during the entire audit by representatives from the CCA, the Ministerio de Ganaderia Agricultura y Pesca (MGAP).

2. OBJECTIVE OF THE AUDIT

This was a routine audit with special emphases on humane handling and slaughter and on the control of and testing programs for *Escherichia coli* O157:H7 (*E. coli* O157:H7). The objective of the audit was to evaluate the performance of the CCA with respect to controls over the slaughter and processing establishments certified by the CCA as eligible to export meat products to the United States.

In pursuit of the objective, the following sites were visited: the headquarters of the CCA, eleven government offices at the local establishment level, one laboratory performing analytical testing on United States-destined product, eight bovine slaughter and deboning establishments, two bovine slaughter, deboning, and further processing establishments, and one bovine processing establishment.

Competent Authority Visits			Comments
Competent Authority	Central	1	
	Local	11	Establishment level
Laboratory		1	
Meat Slaughter and Deboning	Establishments	8	-
Meat Slaughter, Deboning, and Further Processing Establishments		2	
Meat Processing Establishmer	nt	1	

3. PROTOCOL

This on-site audit was conducted in four parts. One part involved visits with CCA officials to discuss oversight programs and practices, including enforcement activities. The second part involved an audit of a selection of records in the country's inspection headquarters. The third part involved on-site visits to eleven establishments: eight slaughter and deboning establishments, two slaughter, deboning, and further processing

establishments, and one processing establishment. The fourth part involved visits to two divisions of one government laboratory. The Division Laboratorios Veterinarios (DI. LA.VE) Microbiology Division was conducting analyses of field samples for the presence of *Escherichia coli* O157:H7 (*E. coli* O157:H7), *Listeria monocytogenes* (*Lm*), species verification, and *Salmonella*. In the same laboratory, the Chemistry Division was conducting analyses of field samples for Uruguay's national residue control program.

Program effectiveness determinations of Uruguay's inspection system focused on five areas of risk: (1) sanitation controls, including the implementation and operation of Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSOP) and Sanitation Performance Standards (SPS), (2) animal disease controls, (3) slaughter/processing controls, including the implementation and operation of HACCP programs, humane handling and slaughter programs, and testing programs for generic *E. coli* and *Lm*, (4) residue controls, and (5) enforcement controls, including testing programs for *Salmonella* and *E. coli* O157:H7. Uruguay's inspection system was assessed by evaluating these five risk areas.

During all on-site establishment visits, the auditor evaluated the nature, extent, and degree to which findings impacted on food safety and public health. The auditor also assessed how inspection services are carried out by Uruguay and determined if establishment and inspection system controls were in place to ensure the production of meat products that are safe, unadulterated and properly labeled.

At the opening meeting, the auditor explained that Uruguay's meat inspection system would be audited against two standards: (1) FSIS regulatory requirements and (2) any equivalence determinations made for Uruguay. FSIS requirements include, among other things, daily inspection in all certified establishments, periodic reviews of certified establishments, humane handling and slaughter of animals, ante-mortem inspection of animals and post-mortem inspection of carcasses and parts, the handling and disposal of inedible and condemned materials, sanitation of facilities and equipment, residue testing, species verification, and requirements for HACCP, SSOP, and testing for generic *E. coli*, *Lm. Salmonella*, and *E. coli* O157:H7.

Equivalence determinations are those that have been made by FSIS for Uruguay under provisions of the Sanitary/Phytosanitary Agreement.

Currently, there are three equivalence determinations requested by Uruguay.

a.) FSIS has determined that Uruguay's use of an alternative agar, Brilliant Green Agar, in *Salmonella* sample analysis is equivalent.

b.) Uruguay's generic E. coli testing program for sheep and goats is equivalent.

c.) Uruguay's testing and enforcement programs for E. coli O157:H7 are equivalent.

4. LEGAL BASIS FOR THE AUDIT

The audit was undertaken under the specific provisions of United States laws and regulations, in particular:

• The Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).

• The Federal Meat Inspection Regulations (9 CFR Parts 301 to end), which include the Pathogen Reduction/HACCP regulations.

5. SUMMARY OF PREVIOUS AUDITS

Final audit reports are available on FSIS' website at the following address: http://www.fsis.usda.gov/Regulations_& Policies/Foreign_Audit_Reports/index.asp

The following deficiencies were reported during the FSIS audit of Uruguay's meat inspection system in November/December 2005:

- SPS implementation deficiencies were reported in four of the thirteen establishments audited.
- HACCP implementation deficiencies were reported in two establishments.
- A deficiency was reported in the government microbiological laboratory for the use of a wooden work surface for the analysis of microbiological samples.
- Minor housekeeping deficiencies were reported in the government residue laboratory.

During the audit of March 2007, it was observed that all of the above specific deficiencies had been corrected.

The following deficiencies were reported during the FSIS audit of Uruguay's meat inspection system in March 2007:

- SSOP implementation deficiencies were reported in two of the eight establishments audited.
- SPS implementation deficiencies were reported in two establishments.
- An SRM handling deficiency was reported in one establishment.
- Four deficiencies including sample size for testing, scale calibration, the lack of a procedures manual, and incubation conditions, were reported in the government microbiological laboratory.

During the current audit of April/May 2008, it was observed that all of the above specific deficiencies had been corrected.

6. MAIN FINDINGS

6.1 Government Oversight

Uruguay's meat inspection system is directed from the central headquarters in Montevideo. Located in the Meat Inspection Division (DIA) Office, are the DIA Director and Deputy, the Heads of Departments, Area Supervisors, and administrative personnel.

6.1.1 CCA Control Systems

Uruguay's Central Competent Authority (CCA) is the Ministry of Livestock, Agriculture and Fisheries (MGAP). Uruguay's meat inspection system is directed from the central headquarters in Montevideo. There are no local, district, or regional levels. This is the level of government that FSIS holds responsible for ensuring that FSIS regulatory requirements are implemented and enforced.

The structure of the DIA is organized under the general direction of Livestock Services, together with the Animal Health Division (DSA), the Division of Veterinary Laboratories (DI. LA. VE), and the Division for the Control of Livestock (DICOSE). The General Director of Livestock Services reports directly to the Minister of MGAP.

Under DIA, there are five departments. These are the Technical Department, the Slaughter Establishments Department, the Processing Establishments Department, the International Trade Department, and the Grading Department. Each department has official staff in the certified establishments who are in charge of direct control of the activities. All field personnel are supervised directly from the DIA office in Montevideo.

6.1.2 Ultimate Control and Supervision

When any establishment initially wishes to be certified by DIA as eligible to export to the United States, they must first approach DIA for instructions on how to achieve compliance with the requirements. There is a resolution issued by DIA specifying the procedure to approve establishments for export to "high requirements markets" such as the United States, Canada, China, the European Union, and Israel. The procedure involves the creation of a special team of higher-level personnel from the different departments who are responsible for assessing the establishment's capability for achieving compliance. This team conducts an in-depth on-site audit of all aspects of the facilities, operations, and controls and then submits a report to the Director of DIA. The report is reviewed by the Director, and if the establishment is granted certification for eligibility for access to the requested market. If this market is the United States, FSIS is notified of the new certification.

Inspection documents are normally distributed to field personnel via a "folder system." This system was developed to ensure that the information effectively reaches its destination and all records are properly maintained. Each establishment has a special private folder kept at the headquarters office in Montevideo. Documents are put into each folder, such as the national residue sampling plan, any upcoming microbiological sampling, any resolutions or instruction, and similar documents. Each week, personnel from the establishments pick up the contents from the folder and sign a form indicating that they have received the information. Electronic mail is being implemented to augment this system, especially in the area of positive and/or violative sampling results and resolutions/instructions that require immediate implementation. A request has been submitted to acquire additional electronic equipment for better communications to and from the field.

Periodic reviews of each certified establishment were being performed at least monthly and these reports covered U.S. regulatory requirements in detail. One copy of these reports is kept at headquarters and one in the government office of each establishment. The FSIS auditor verified that the most recent reports from each establishment audited included a review of the SSOP, SPS, and PR/HACCP systems as well as Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy/Specified Risk Materials (BSE/SRM) controls, and the new *E. coli* O157:H7 testing program and results.

Government employees cannot perform any activities for which they would receive compensation from the establishment. Government veterinarians can work in a private practice as long as they have no work with animals eligible to enter the slaughter facilities. Veterinarians can also engage in teaching activities at a school or university level. Private practitioners or establishment employees cannot be hired as part-time government employees. All salaries of meat inspection personnel are paid by the national government, including a special compensation built into the salary schedule for "full-time availability."

Establishments choose the laboratories and pay for any sampling programs (such as water potability) that are performed by the official veterinarians that are not a required part of the FSIS requirements for sampling. The establishment also purchases the official service equipment such as brands, seals, certificates, sampling equipment and shipping cases. However, once purchased, these items are shipped directly from the manufacturers to the official veterinary personnel in the establishments. These manufacturers are approved by MGAP.

6.1.3 Assignment of Competent, Qualified Inspectors

Full-time, permanent MGAP veterinarians must have a University degree in Veterinary Science or Veterinary Medicine to be considered qualified to apply for the inspection service. Assistant inspectors must be advanced students of Veterinary Medicine with third year curricula courses completed or Agricultural Technicians (Polytechnic School diploma) since December 1997. There were two training courses in 2004 given by the U.S. HACCP Consulting Group for all veterinarians working in meat inspection and meat industry officials. Additionally, DIA veterinarians have received training in ISO standards 9000, 10013, 10011 and 17025. They have also received training in advanced HACCP and auditor HACCP training from the International HACCP Alliance, European Regulations, and certification of product training from the Uruguay Institute of Standards (UNIT).

The following trainings were given in 2007:

- Humane Handling and Slaughter
- Documentation for the Management System
- Congress for Meat and Food
- ISO 22000
- Animal Industry Helper Training (1-4)
- Trichina in Meat

All veterinarians and assistant inspectors employed by MGAP are full-time employees.

The following deficiencies were reported for inspection personnel:

- In one establishment, kidneys were not being inspected.
- In one establishment, tails were presented in a bag and therefore could not be adequately inspected.
- In one establishment, the inspection personnel were unaware of the requirements for corrective actions.
- In one establishment, corrective action verification was done as a random choice.
- In one establishment, only one of the three scheduled *E. coli* O157:H7 samples was collected and submitted for analysis.

6.1.4 Authority and Responsibility to Enforce the Laws

MGAP has the authority and responsibility to enforce the applicable laws relevant to establishments certified to export. MGAP has the authority to approve establishments for export to the United States, but also has the responsibility for withdrawing such approval when establishments do not have adequate and/or effective controls in place to prevent, detect, and eliminate product contamination/adulteration. The Area Supervisors are in charge of verifying and evaluating the implementation of the official guidelines, resolutions, and instructions.

6.1.5 Adequate Administrative and Technical Support

No request has been submitted to the FSIS International Equivalence Staff for the use of private laboratories for some of the residue analyses of official samples.

MGAP has the ability to support a third party audit.

6.2 Headquarters Audit

The auditor conducted a review of inspection system documents at the headquarters of the inspection service. The records review focused primarily on food safety hazards and included the following:

- Periodic reviews in establishments that were certified to export to the United States
- Training records for inspection and laboratory personnel.
- New laws and implementation documents such as regulations, notices, directives, resolutions, and guidelines.
- Sampling and laboratory analyses for residues.
- Sanitation, slaughter, and processing inspection procedures and standards.
- Export product inspection and control including export certificates.

No concerns arose as a result of the examination of these documents.

7. ESTABLISHMENT AUDITS

The FSIS auditor visited a total of eleven establishments. Of these, eight were slaughter and deboning establishments, two were slaughter, deboning, and further processing establishments, and one was a processing establishment. No establishments were delisted by Uruguay. One establishment received a notice of intent to delist (NOID) from Uruguay. This NOID was given for deficiencies in SSOP, SPS, and HACCP.

This establishment may retain certification for export to the United States provided that they all deficiencies noted during the audit are corrected within 30 days of the date the establishment was reviewed.

Specific deficiencies are noted in the attached individual establishment review forms.

8. RESIDUE AND MICROBIOLOGY LABORATORY AUDITS

During laboratory audits, emphasis was placed on the application of procedures and standards that are equivalent to United States' requirements.

Residue laboratory audits focus on sample handling, sampling frequency, timely analysis data reporting, analytical methodologies, tissue matrices, equipment operation and printouts, detection levels, recovery frequency, percent recoveries, intra-laboratory check samples, and quality assurance programs, including standards books and corrective actions.

Microbiology laboratory audits focus on analyst qualifications, sample receipt, timely analysis, analytical methodologies, analytical controls, recording and reporting of results. and check samples. No private laboratories are used to test official microbiology samples of products intended for export to the United States.

The following laboratory was audited:

The government Division Laboratorios Veterinarios (DI. LA.VE) in Montevideo was audited on two separate occasions, once for the Microbiology Division and once for the Chemistry Division.

The following deficiencies were reported:

- No request has been submitted to the FSIS International Equivalence Staff for the use of private laboratories for some of the residue analyses of official samples.
- MLG 5A.01 and 5.04 are not being followed as written as the five 65-gram samples are being combined into one sample in the Microbiology Division.
- Temperatures of incoming samples are not routinely taken or recorded in the Microbiology Division.

9. SANITATION CONTROLS

As stated earlier, the FSIS auditor focused on five areas of risk to assess Uruguay's meat inspection system. The first of these risk areas that the FSIS auditor reviewed was Sanitation Controls.

Based on the on-site audits of establishments, and except as noted below, Uruguay's inspection system had controls in place for SSOP programs, all aspects of facility and equipment sanitation, the prevention of actual or potential instances of product cross-contamination, good personal hygicne practices, and good product handling and storage practices.

In addition, and except as noted below, Uruguay's inspection system had controls in place for water potability records, chlorination procedures, back-siphonage prevention, separation of operations, temperature control, work space, ventilation, ante-mortem facilities, welfare facilities, and outside premises.

9.1 Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures

Each establishment was evaluated to determine if the basic FSIS regulatory requirements for SSOP were met, according to the criteria employed in the United States domestic inspection program. The SSOP in all eleven establishments were found to meet the basic FSIS regulatory requirements, with the following deficiencies:

- Six of eleven establishments had deficiencies in SSOP, primarily in implementation and recordkeeping.
- Three establishments had deficiencies in product contamination and crosscontamination. These included:
 - Cross-contamination in the skinning process between the hide and the weasand, the skinned head, and the adjacent heads. Then there was contact between the contaminated weasand and the other products in the evisceration pan.
 - Contact between concrete walls and carcass legs in the cooler.
 - Condensate dripping on to heads at the inspection station.
 - Diced product falling from a conveyor belt on to open bags of product awaiting dicing.

Six establishments had deficiencies in SSOP recordkeeping. These included:

- Corrective actions and/or preventive measures in records did not contain sufficient detail to allow for verification of the actions.
- The descriptions of the non-compliances did not adequately describe the situations.
- Corrective actions did not identify whether or not product may have been involved and the subsequent disposition of such product.

Specific deficiencies are noted in the attached individual establishment review forms.

9.2 Sanitation Performance Standards

The following deficiencies were noted.

- Ten of eleven establishments audited had deficiencies in building construction and maintenance, pest control, ventilation, light intensity, equipment and utensils, and/or sanitary operations. These deficiencies included:
 - Floors and/or walls not made of impervious materials and/or not properly maintained. One moveable wall had small gaps to the outside that were not sealed.
 - Condensate, both liquid and frozen, present in varying areas of the establishments.
 - Drip pans not present under some pipes that had condensate on them.
 - A deteriorating bolt assembly in the bottom of a mixer and a product belt with damaged product contact areas.
 - Unsmooth welds which could lead to the formation of biofilms present in a number of areas in several establishments.
 - A bag of inedible product coming into contact with edible product and product contact areas as it moved along a bone conveyor belt.

Specific deficiencies are noted in the attached individual establishment review forms.

10. ANIMAL DISEASE CONTROLS

The second of the five risk areas that the FSIS auditor reviewed was Animal Disease Controls. These controls include ensuring adequate animal identification, control over condemned and restricted product, and procedures for sanitary handling of returned and reconditioned product. The auditor determined that Uruguay's inspection system had adequate controls in place. No deficiencies were noted.

There had been no outbreaks of animal diseases with public health significance since the last FSIS audit.

11. SLAUGHTER/PROCESSING CONTROLS

The third of the five risk areas that the FSIS auditor reviewed was Slaughter/Processing Controls. The controls include the following areas: humane handling and humane slaughter, ante-mortem inspection procedures; ante-mortem disposition; post-mortem inspection procedures; post-mortem disposition; ingredients identification; control of restricted ingredients; formulations; processing schedules; equipment and records; and processing controls of cured, dried, and cooked products.

The controls also include the implementation of HACCP systems in all establishments and implementation of a generic *E. coli* testing program in slaughter establishments.

11.1 Humane Handling and Slaughter

Two of ten establishments had deficiencies in humane handling and slaughter. The following deficiencies were reported:

• Floor surfaces in the pens were not constructed in a manner to prevent slips and falls.

• Reflective surfaces on the ramp or in the knocking boxes that caused cattle to hesitate in their movement in these areas.

11.2 HACCP Implementation

All establishments approved to export meat products to the United States are required to have developed and adequately implemented a HACCP program. These programs were evaluated according to the criteria employed in the United States' domestic inspection program.

The HACCP programs were reviewed during the on-site audits of all eleven establishments. Six of eleven establishments had not adequately implemented the HACCP requirements. These deficiencies were primarily in the areas of critical limits, corrective actions and/or preventive measures, and recordkeeping and included:

- Critical limits selected did not match the hazards identified. The measurements taken for the critical limit did not match the specified critical limit.
- Corrective actions and/or preventive measures in records did not contain sufficient detail to allow for verification of the actions.
- Documentation for the choices of critical limits did not support the choices.
- Missing entries in the *E. coli* O157:117 records had not been noticed by either establishment verification review or by MGAP personnel.
- Pre-shipment review forms did not contain the signature of the verifier.

11.3 Testing for Generic E. coli

Uruguay has adopted the FSIS regulatory requirements for generic *E. coli* testing of cattle. Uruguay has an equivalent program for generic *E. coli* testing in sheep and goats.

Ten of the eleven establishments audited were required to meet the basic FSIS regulatory requirements for generic *E. coli* testing and were evaluated according to the criteria employed in the United States' domestic inspection program.

Testing for generic *E. coli* was not properly conducted in three of the ten slaughter establishments. The deficiencies reported were in the areas of carcass selection and/or statistical process control programs.

Specific deficiencies are noted in the attached individual establishment review forms.

11.4 Testing for Listeria monocytogenes

Three of the eleven establishments audited were producing ready-to-eat products for export to the United States. In accordance with United States requirements, the HACCP plans in these establishments had been reassessed to include *Listeria monocytogenes* as a hazard reasonably likely to occur.

No deficiencies were reported.

12. RESIDUE CONTROLS

The fourth of the five risk areas that the FSIS auditor reviewed was Residue Controls. These controls include sample handling and frequency, timely analysis, data reporting, tissue matrices for analysis, equipment operation and printouts, minimum detection levels, recovery frequency, percent recoveries, and corrective actions.

The Chemistry Division of the government Division Laboratorios Veterinarios (DI. LA.VE) in Montevideo was audited.

The equivalence deficiency for the use of private laboratories is discussed above.

Uruguay's National Residue Testing Plan for 2008 was being followed and was on schedule.

13. ENFORCEMENT CONTROLS

The fifth of the five risk areas that the FSIS auditor reviewed was Enforcement Controls. These controls include the enforcement of inspection requirements and the testing program for *Salmonella*.

13.1 Daily Inspection in Establishments

Inspection was being conducted daily in all slaughter and processing establishments.

13.2 Testing for Salmonella

Uruguay has only partially adopted the FSIS regulatory requirements for testing for *Salmonella*. The program currently in use has not been deemed equivalent by FSIS. This program includes taking two samples per week, one from a steer and one from a cow, in each slaughter establishment. If any positive result is obtained, that establishment then proceeds to sample according to the FSIS program with sample sets done for both steers and for cows.

Ten of the eleven establishments audited were required to meet the basic FSIS regulatory requirements for *Salmonella* testing and were evaluated according to the criteria employed in the United States' domestic inspection program.

Testing for *Salmonella* was properly conducted in all of the establishments according to the Uruguayan program, not the FSIS program.

13.3 Testing for Escherichia coli O157:H7

The following deficiency was reported:

- In one establishment, only one of the three scheduled *E. coli* O157:H7 samples was collected and submitted for analysis.
- 13.4 Species Verification

Species verification was being conducted in those establishments in which it was required.

13.5 Periodic Reviews

During this audit it was found that, in all establishments visited, periodic reviews of certified establishments were being performed and documented as required.

13.6 Inspection System Controls

The CCA had controls in place for ante-mortem and post-mortem inspection procedures and dispositions; restricted product and inspection samples; disposition of dead, dying, diseased or disabled animals; shipment security, including shipment between establishments; and prevention of commingling of product intended for export to the United States with product intended for the domestic market.

The following deficiencies were reported:

- In-plant inspection personnel were not fully aware of the SSOP and HACCP plans of the establishments.
- Inspection system controls at all levels were not fully developed and implemented.
- In one establishment, kidneys were not being inspected.
- In one establishment, tails were presented in a bag and therefore could not be adequately inspected.
- In one establishment, the inspection personnel were unaware of the requirements for corrective actions.
- o In one establishment, corrective action verification was done as a random choice.

In addition, controls were in place for the importation of only eligible livestock from other countries, i.e., only from eligible third countries and certified establishments within those countries, and the importation of only eligible meat products from other countries for further processing.

Lastly, adequate controls were found to be in place for security items, shipment security, and products entering the establishments from outside sources.

14. CLOSING MEETING

A closing meeting was held on May 14, 2008, in Montevideo with the CCA. At this meeting, the primary findings from the audit were presented by the auditor.

The CCA understood and accepted the findings.

Rori K. Craver, DVM International Audit Staff Officer

Jon Cixcerdon

15. ATTACHMENTS

Individual Foreign Establishment Audit Forms Foreign Country Response to Final Audit Report

		United States Food Safet				
	Forei	gn Establi	shmen	nt/	Audit Checklist	
F	STABLISHMENT NAME AND LOCATION rigorifico Matadero Carrasco S.A. 'amino Carrasco No. 5	2 AUDIT D April 21,	DATE 3	е е е 3	A NAME OF COUNTRY Uruguay 6. TYPE OF AUDIT	
C	anelones 0	Rori K	Craver, DV	′M	X ON-SITE AUDIT DOCUMENT	AUDIŤ
	t A - Sanitation Standard Operating Procedu		Audit Results	anc	e with requirements. Use O if not applicable. Part D - Continued Economic Sampling	Audit Results
7	Basic Requirements Written SSOP		1	33.	Scheduled Sample	
8	Records documenting implementation.			34	Species Testing	
S	Signed and dated SSOP, by on-site or overall authority. anitation Standard Operating Procedures (SS Ongoing Requirements	SOP)			Residue Part E - Other Requirements Export	
	Implementation of SSOP's, including monitoring of imp Maintenance and evaluation of the effectiveness of SS				Import	
11 12	Maintenance and evaluation of the enecuveriess of 35 Corrective action when the SSOP's have falled to prev product contamination or adulteration.				Establishment Grounds and Pest Control	
13	Daily records document item 10, 11 and 12 above.		x	39.	Establishment Construction/Maintenance	
	Part B - Hazard Analysis and Critical Contro Point (HACCP) Systems - Basic Requiremen				Light	
14	Developed and implemented a written HACCP plan.			41.	Ventilation	
15	Contents of the HACCP list the food safety hazards, critical control points, critical limits, procedures, correct	ive actions	Ì		Plumbing and Sewage	
16	Records documenting implementation and monitoring HACCP plan	of the			Water Supply Dressing Rooms/Lavatories	
17	The HACCP plan is signed and dated by the responsit establishment individual	ble			Equipment and Utensils	
	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Ongoing Requirements			46	Sanitary Operations	
18	Monitoring of HACCP plan			47.	Employee Hygiene	
19	Verification and validation of HACCP plan.			48	Condemned Product Control	
20	Corrective action written in HACCP plan.		ļ		Part F - Inspection Requirements	
21	Reassessed adequacy of the HACCP plan				Fait r - inspection requirements	
22	critical control points, dates and times of specific ever		X		Government Staffing	
23	Part C - Economic / Wholesomeness Labeling - Product Standards			50	Daily Inspection Coverage	
24	-			51.	Enforcement	Χ
25	General Labeling			52	Humane Handling	
26	-	ns/Moisture)		53.	Animal Identification	
	Part D - Sampling Generic <i>E. coli</i> Testing			54	Ante Mortem Inspection	
27	Written Procedures			55.	Post Mortem Inspection	
28	Sample Collection/Analysis					
29	Records				Part G - Other Regulatory Oversight Requirements	
ę	Salmonella Performance Standards - Basic R	equirements		56	European Community Directives	()
30	Corrective Actions			57.	Manthly Review	
31	Reassessment			58		
32	Written Assurance			59.		

13/51. Corrective actions and preventive measures in SSOP records did not contain sufficient detail to allow for verification of the actions. [Regulatory references: 9 CFR § 416.16, 416.17]

22/51. The form for pre-shipment review contained the initials of the verifier, not a signature. [9 CFR § 417.5(c), 417.8]

61. NAME OF AUDITOR Rori K. Craver, DVM

62 AUBITOR SIGNATUREAND DATE NOAL HOLENDUN 4/01/08

		United States Depar Food Safety and I	tment nspect	of Agriculture ion Service	,, <u>,,,,</u> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	Foreigr	n Establishm	ent	Audit Checkli	ist	
F	STABLISHMENT NAME AND LOCATION rigorifico Canelones S.A. ando s/n y Miguel Ameglio	 2. AUDIT DATE Δpr 23/24, 08 5. NAME OF AUDIT 	3. ES ()	STABLISHMENT NO. 008	4. NAME OF COUNTRY Uruguay 6. TYPE OF AUDIT	
C	anelones	Rori K. Craver.	DVM		X ON-SITE AUDIT	DOCUMENT AUDIT
	ce an X in the Audit Results block to in A - Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures Basic Requirements			P	nents. Use O if not ap art D - Continued onomic Sampling	plicable. Audit Resurts
7	Written SSOP		33.	Scheduled Sample		
8	Records documenting implementation.		34.	Species Testing		
	Signed and dated SSOP, by on-site or overall authority. Anitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSOF Ongoing Requirements	2)	35.	Residue Part E	- Other Requirements	
10	Implementation of SSOP's, including monitoring of implem			Export		
11 12	Maintenance and evaluation of the effectiveness of SSOP Corrective action when the SSOP's have failed to prevent			Import Establishment Ground	s and Pest Control	
	product contamination or adulteration.	X	20	Establishment Constru	ction/Maintenance	Х
13	Daily records document item 10, 11 and 12 above. Part B - Hazard Analysis and Critical Control			Light		
	Point (HACCP) Systems - Basic Requirements		41.	Ventilation		
	Developed and implemented a written HACCP plan. Contents of the HACCP list the food safety hazards,		42	Plumbing and Sewage		
	critical control points, critical limits, procedures, corrective Records documenting implementation and monitoring of th		43	Water Supply		
	HACCP plan		44	Dressing Rooms/Lava	tories	
17	The HACCP plan is signed and dated by the responsible establishment individual.		45	Equipment and Utensi	ts	Х
	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Ongoing Requirements		46	Sanitary Operations		
18	Monitoring of HACCP plan		47	Employee Hygiene		
19	Verification and validation of HACCP plan.		48	Condemned Product (Control	
20	Corrective action written in HACCP plan.			Part F -	Inspection Requirements	
21 22	Reassessed adequacy of the HACCP plan. Records documenting: the written HACCP plan, monitorin, critical control points, dates and times of specific event of	g of the X	49	Government Staffing		
	Part C - Economic / Wholesomeness		50	Daily Inspection Cove	rage	
23	Labeling - Product Standards		51	Enforcement		X
24	Labeling - Net Weights		i i			. •
25	General Labeling			Humane Handling		
26	Fin Prod Standards/Boneless (Defects/AQL/Pork Skins/	Aoisture)	53	Animal Identification		
	Part D - Sampling Generic <i>E. coli</i> Testing		54	Ante Mortem Inspectio	n	
27	Written Procedures		55	Post Mortem Inspectio	n	
28	Sample Collection/Analysis			Part G - Other Reg	ulatory Oversight Requirer	nents
29	Records				unitory orensigner requirer	
9	Salmonella Performance Standards - Basic Req	uirements	56.	European Community	Drectives	()
30	Corrective Actions		57	Monthly Review		
31	Ræssessment		58			
32.	Written Assurance		59			

10/51. The overhead conveyor in the diced frozen meat area did not have a collection tray underneath and the product was falling onto the table where the new bags were being opened prior to the dicer. [Regulatory references: 9 CFR § 416.13, 416.17]

13/51. Preventive measures in SSOP records did not contain sufficient detail to allow for verification of the actions. [9 CFR § 416.16, 416.17]

22/51. There were two blank spaces in the testing results records for *Escherichia coli* O157:H7, one had only four of five samples recorded and the other had no results recorded for a sample. These records are reviewed by both the establishment quality control personnel and the veterinary service before a provisional export certificate can be issued. [9 CFR § 417.5, 417.8]

39/51. Broken tiles and deteriorating concrete and mortar were observed on the walls and floors of the can-filling area of canned products. [9 CFR § 416.2]

45. The white boards used in the frozen diced meat area had rough edges, creating the possibility of product contamination with pieces of the board. [9 CFR § 416.3(a)]

61 NAME OF AUDITOR Rori K. Craver, DVM

62 AUDITOR SIGNATURE AND DATE MONTON WALL AND DATE

		United States Food Safet	•		-	
	Foreig	n Establi	shme	nt	Audit Checklist	
i	ESTABLISHMENT NAME AND LOCATION Frigorifico Tacuarembo S.A. Rutas 5 y 26	2. AUDIT D May 6-7, 5. NAME O	2008	3. ES 12	STABLISHMENT NO. 4. NAME OF COUNTRY	
	Tacuarembo ()		Craver, D		X ON-SITE AUDIT DOCUM	ENT AUDIT
	ace an X in the Audit Results block to ir rt A - Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures Basic Requirements		Audit Results	ianc 	e with requirements. Use O if not applicable Part D - Continued Economic Sampling	Audit Results
7	Written SSOP			33.	Scheduled Sample	
8	Records documenting implementation			34.	Species Testing	
9	Signed and dated SSOP, by on-site or overall authority.			35.	Residue	
S	anitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSO Ongoing Requirements	P)			Part E - Other Requirements	
10			Х	ł	Export	
11	Maintenance and evaluation of the effectiveness of SSOP			37.	import	
12	Corrective action when the SSOPs have failed to prevent product contamination or adulteration	direct		38.	Establishment Grounds and Pest Control	
13	Daily records document item 10, 11 and 12 above.		Х	39	Establishment Construction/Maintenance	X
	Part B - Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Basic Requirements				Light Ventilation	Х
14	Developed and implemented a written HACCP plan .					
15	 Contents of the HACCP list the food safety hazards, critical control points, critical limits, procedures, corrective 	actions			Plumbing and Sewage	
16	 Records documenting implementation and monitoring of I HACCP plan 	he		43.	Water Supply Dressing Rooms/Lavatories	
17	 The HACCP plan is signed and dated by the responsible establishment individual 				Equipment and Utensils	X
	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Ongoing Requirements				Sanitary Operations	
18			X	47	Employee Hygiene	
19	Verification and validation of HACCP plan			48	Condemned Product Control	
20	Corrective action written in HACCP plan.					
21	Reassessed adequacy of the HACCP plan				Part F - Inspection Requirements	
27	2 Records documenting the written HACCP plan, monitoring critical control points, dates and times of specific event of specific event.		X	49	Government Staffing	
	Part C - Economic / Wholesomeness			50.	Daily Inspection Coverage	
23	Eabeling - Product Standards			51.	Enforcement	X
24	5 0			52	Humane Handling	
25	 General Labeling Fin Prod Standards/Boneless (Defects/AQL/Pork Skins/ 	Moisture)			Animal Identification	
	Part D - Sampling	moloture)	· · ·		Anna gerricator	
	Generic E. coli Testing			54.	Ante Mortem Inspection	
27	Written Procedures			55.	Post Mortem Inspection	Х
28	Sample Collection/Analysis				Part G - Other Regulatory Oversight Requirements	
29	Records					
	Salmonella Performance Standards - Basic Req	uirements		56.	European Community Directives	0
30	Corrective Actions			57.	Monthly Review	
31	Reassessment			58,	Notice of Intent to Delist (NOID)	Х
32	Written Assurance			59		

60. Observation of the Establishment

Page 2 of 2 Date: May 6-7, 2008 Est #. 12 (Frigorifico Tacuarembo S.A. [S/P]) (Tacuarembo, Uruguay)

10/51. The initial activities of forequarters and head skinning involved several actions that caused direct product contamination. These included the rodding of the weasand, during which the operator contacted the hide and then reached into the carcass; freeing the weasand, allowing it to swing and contact the hide of the unskinned neck; allowing the contaminated weasand to contact other offal on the evisceration table; and skinning of the heads so that the hide flaps contacted the already skinned portion of multiple carcasses on the slaughter line. [Regulatory references: 9 CFR § 416.13, 416.17]

10/51 The positioning of the carcasses within the cooler led to contact between a low poured concrete wall and the end of the legs of the forequarters of the carcass. [9 CFR § 416.13, 416.17, 416.2(b)(2)]

13/51. In the SSOP records, the descriptions of the non-compliances do not adequately identify the problems found. In the SSOP records, the corrective actions do not identify whether product may have been involved. The preventive measures do not have adequate detail to allow for verification. These problems were present in both establishment SSOP records and official service SSOP verification records. [9 CFR § 416.16, 416.17]

18/22/51. The critical limits selected do not always match the hazard identified. The measurements taken for the critical limits do not always match the identified critical limit. These include the CCPs for metal detection and sodium nitrate. [9 CFR § 417.2, 417.5, 417.8]

39/51 The floors in the carcass coolers and adjoining hallways had multiple areas with broken and disintegrating surfaces. The floor in the deboning area had several missing and broken tiles. The new floors in the hamburger area had pockets in the grout. Some of these areas had been previously addressed but corrective actions had not been completed. [9 CFR § 416.2(b)]

39/40. The stainless steel band around the top of the wall in the hamburger raw product storage area was not sealed to the wall and there was condensate falling from this band in several areas around the room. In the same cooler, the drip pan did not extend under the pipes of the cooling equipment. These pipes had frozen condensate on them. No product was in the area at the time of the audit. [9 CFR § 416.2(b), 416.2(d)]

40/51. The freezer doors in several areas of the establishment had excessive frost and ice build-up around the edges. [9CFR § 416.2(d)]

45. (A) The bolt assembly in the bottom of the mixer in the hamburger area was not stainless steel like the rest of the mixer and the surface was deteriorating. Because of its location, the auditor could not determine if this deterioration was rust.

(B) The plastic supports under the metal mesh belt leading from the Formax machine in the hamburger area had several broken areas that would be in direct contact with product.

(C) In the hamburger area, there were several rough welds on product contact surfaces such as the dump table and the sides of the belt for transfer of patties, which could lead to the formation of biofilms. [9CFR § 416.3]

51. (A) When the official veterinary service made choices for verification activities of HACCP, they included corrective actions as a random choice rather than a mandatory verification when deviations from critical limits occurred. When reviewing corrective actions in official records, one official service official was unaware of the requirements of corrective actions as stated in 9 CFR 416.

(B) Official sampling for *Escherichia coli* O157:H7 only collected one sample in the month of March instead of the three samples that were scheduled to be collected.

55'51. The positions of the high rail and low rail for veterinary carcass inspection did not allow for the inspection of the kidneys. [9 CFR § 310.1(a)]

58. After consideration of the above findings, the MGAP official veterinary service officials issued a Notice of Intent to Delist (NOID).

61. NAME OF AUDITOR Rori K. Craver, DVM

62 AUDITOR SIGNATURE AND DATE HOAL A CLAREN DIN 5/7/08

		United States Depart Food Safety and In			
	Foreig	n Establishme	ent.	Audit Checklist	
F L	STABLISHMENT NAME AND LOCATION rigorifico Casa Blanca S.A. ocalidad Casa Blanca ausandu	2. AUDIT DATE April 30, 2008 5. NAME OF AUDITO	3. E 5 DR(S)	8 Uruguay 6. TYPE OF AUDIT	
		Rori K. Craver, I		X ON-SITE AUDIT DOCUMENT AUDI	IT
	ce an X in the Audit Hesults block to i t A - Sanitation Standard Operating Procedure Basic Requirements			ce with requirements. Use O if not applicable. Part D - Continued Audit Economic Sampling Result	
7	Written SSOP		33.	Scheduled Sample	
	Records documenting implementation.		34	Species Testing	
Sa	Signed and dated SSOP, by on-site or overall authority. anitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSC Ongoing Requirements			Residue Part E - Other Requirements Export	
10 11	Implementation of SSOP's, including monitoring of implei Maintenance and evaluation of the effectiveness of SSOF			Import	
12.	Corrective action when the SSOP's have failed to preven product contamination or adulteration	t direct	38.	Establishment Grounds and Pest Control	
13	Daily records document item 10, 11 and 12 above.	Х	39	Establishment Construction/Maintenance X	
	Part B - Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Basic Requirements	3			
14	Developed and implemented a written HACCP plan		⁴¹	. Ventilation	
15	Contents of the HACCP list the food safety hazards, critical control points, critical limits, procedures, corrective	e actions		Plumbing and Sewage	
16	Records documenting implementation and monitoring of HACCP plan	the	43	. Water Supply Dressing Rooms/Lavatories	
17	The HACCP plan is signed and dated by the responsible establishment individual		45		
	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Ongoing Requirements		46.	Sanitary Operations	
18	Monitoring of HACCP plan		47.	Employee Hygiene	
19	Verification and validation of HACCP plan.		48.	Condemned Product Control	
20	Corrective action written in HACCP plan.			Part F - Inspection Requirements	
21 22	Reassessed adequacy of the HACCP plan. Records documenting the written HACCP plan, monitori		49.	Government Staffing	
	critical control points, dates and times of specific event of Part C - Economic / Wholesomeness		50	Daily Inspection Coverage	
23	Labeling - Product Standards				
24	Labeling - Net Weights		51.	Enforcement X	
25	General Labeling		52	Humane Handling X	
26	Fin Prod Standards/Boneless (Defects/AQL/Pork Skins	/Moisture)	53.	Animal Identification	
	Part D - Sampling Generic <i>E. coli</i> Testing		54	Ante Mortem Inspection	
27	Written Procedures		55.	Post Mortem Inspection	
28	Sample Collection/Analysis			Part G - Other Regulatory Oversight Requirements	
29	Records			Part G - Other Regulatory Oversignt Requirements	
5	Salmonella Performance Standards - Basic Red	quirements	56	European Community Directives ()	
30	Corrective Actions		57.	Monthly Review	
31	Reassessment		58.		
32	Written Assurance		59.		

60. Observation of the Establishment

Page 2 of 2

10:51. There was beaded and dripping condensate on the rail over the veterinary head inspection area. The line was stopped, inspection of the heads on the line was completed and then those heads were condemned. The rail was wiped and production continued. [Regulatory references: 9 CFR § 416.13]

13:51. Corrective actions and preventive measures in the SSOP records did not contain sufficient detail to allow for verification of the actions. [9 CFR § 416.16, 416.17]

22/51. The documentation for the choice of 48 hours in the CCP for the chilling of carcasses did not support the choice. [9 CFR § 417.5(a)(2), 417.8]

39/51. The metal wrapping on the insulation around pipes in the carton freezer had holes in it. In the same freezer, a piece of jacket was observed hanging over one of the pipes. The jacket was removed and the boxes in the area of the exposed insulation were moved. [9 CFR § 416.2]

52/51. (A) The floors of several livestock pens and the area at the bottom of the unloading ramp were not constructed in a manner that provided good footing for livestock. The veterinary service personnel promised to address the issue. [9 CFR § 313.1(b)]

(B) There were some surfaces in the knocking box which reflected light and resulted in hesitation by the cattle approaching the box. [9 CFR § 313.2(a)]

61 NAME OF AUDITOR Rori K. Craver, DVM

62. AUDITORSIGNATURE AND DATE HOAL CREEN DOW 4/34/48

		United States Departm Food Safety and Ins				
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F	STABLISHMENT NAME AND LOCATION rigorifico Sarubbi (Sirsil S.A.) oronel Raiz 2764	2. AUDIT DATE April 16, 2008	3 ES 8:	STABLISHMENT NO.	4. NAME OF COUNTRY Uruguay	
		5 NAME OF AUDITO	R(S)		6. TYPE OF AUDIT	
λ.	Iontevideo	Rori K. Craver, D	VM		X ON-SITE AUDIT DOCUME	INT AUDIT
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Part	A - Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures Basic Requirements	(SSOP) Audit Results	{		art D - Continued onomic Sampling	Audit Results
7	Written SSOP		33.	Scheduled Sample		
8	Records documenting implementation.		34.	Species Testing		
	Signed and dated SSOP, by on-site or overall authority.		35.	Residue		·
	anitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSO Ongoing Requirements				- Other Requirements	
10	Implementation of SSOP's, including monitoring of implementation of second			Export		
11 12	Maintenance and evaluation of the effectiveness of SSOF Corrective action when the SSOP's have failed to prevent			Import Establishment Grounds	s and Pest Control	Х
	product contamination or adulteration			Establishment Constru		
13	Daily records document item 10, 11 and 12 above. Part B - Hazard Analysis and Critical Control			Light		X
	Point (HACCP) Systems - Basic Requirements		41	Ventilation		
	Developed and implemented a written HACCP plan		1 42	Plumbing and Sewage		
15	Contents of the HACCP list the food safety hazards, critical control points, critical limits, procedures, corrective			Water Supply	- -	
16	Records documenting implementation and monitoring of HACCP plan	the		Dressing Rooms/Lava	tories	
17	The HACCP plan is signed and dated by the responsible establishment individual			Equipment and Utensi		Х
	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Ongoing Requirements		46.	Sanitary Operations		
18	Monitoring of HACCP plan		47.	Employee Hygiene		
19	Venfication and validation of HACCP plan		48.	Condemned Product C	Control	
20	Corrective action written in HACCP plan.			Bart C	Inspection Requirements	
21	Reassessed adequacy of the HACCP plan				inspection requirements	
22	Records documenting the written HACCP plan, monitoria critical control points, dates and times of specific event of	ng of the X occurrences.	49	Government Staffing		
	Part C - Economic / Wholesomeness		50	Daily Inspection Cove	rage	
23	Labeling - Product Standards Labeling - Net Weights		51.	Enforcement		Х
24 25	General Labeling		52	Humane Handling		
26	Fin Prod Standards/Boneless (Defects/AQL/Pork Skins)	Moisture)	53.	Animal Identification		
	Part D - Sampling Generic <i>E. coli</i> Testing		54	Ante Mortem Inspectio	n	
27	Written Procedures		55.	Post Morten Inspectio	on	
28	Sample Collection/Analysis		1	Dart C. Other De-	ulatory Oversight Requirements	
29	Records	·		Part G - Other Reg	unatory Oversight Requirements	
Ş	Salmonella Performance Standards - Basic Rec	quirements	56	European Community (Directives	0
30	Corrective Actions		57.	Monthly Review		
31	Ræssessment		58.			
32	Written Assurance		59.			

60. Observation of the Establishment

22/51. The documentation for the choice of 6° C in the CCP for the chilling of carcasses did not support the choice. The form for pre-shipment review contained the initials of the verifier, not a signature. [Regulatory references: 9 CFR § 417.5(a)(1), 417.5(c), 417.8]

38. Dead flies were found in several different areas during pre-operational sanitation verification. The flies were disposed of and the areas re-cleaned and sanitized before operations were allowed to begin. [9 CFR § 416.2(a)]

40/51. There was insufficient light intensity in the veterinary service head inspection area. [9 CFR § 416.2(c)]

45/51. The bagging stands used in the deboning area had a number of unsmooth welds, creating for the potential for biofilm formation. [9 CFR § 416.3(a)]

61. NAME OF AUDITOR Rori K. Craver, DVM

AUDITOR SIGNATURE AND DATE

		United States De Food Safety ar				
	Foreig	n Establish	men	nt /	Audit Checklist	
1 E	STABLISHMENT NAME AND LOCATION	2 AUDIT DATE	E 3	ES.	STABLISHMENT NO. 4. NAME OF COUNTRY	
	itel S.A.	April 28, 200	8	13	35 Uruguay	
ł	Ruta 9, Km. 148	5. NAME OF AU	JDITOR	(S)	6. TYPE OF AUDIT	
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Par	t A - Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures Basic Requirements		Audit esuits		Part D - Continued Audi Economic Sampling Resu	
7	Written SSOP			33	Scheduled Sample	
8	Records documenting implementation			34.	Species Testing	
	Signed and dated SSOP, by on-site or overall authority.			35	Residue	_
S	anitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSO Ongoing Requirements	P)			Part E - Other Requirements	
10	Implementation of SSOP's, including monitoring of implem				Export	
11	Maintenance and evaluation of the effectiveness of SSOP Corrective action when the SSOPs have failed to prevent			37.	Import	
	product contamination or adulteration.	unect	., I	38.	Establishment Grounds and Pest Control	
13	Daily records document item 10, 11 and 12 above.	_			Establishment Construction/Maintenance	
	Part B - Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Basic Requirements				Light Ventilation	
14	Developed and implemented a written HACCP plan					
15	Contents of the HACCP list the food safety hazards, critical control points, critical limits, procedures, corrective	actions.		42.	Plumbing and Sewage	
16	Records documenting implementation and monitoring of t HACCP plan	he			Water Supply	
17	The HACCP plan is signed and dated by the responsible				Dressing Rooms/Lavatories	
	establishment individual Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point	-		45	Equipment and Utensils	
	(HACCP) Systems - Ongoing Requirements			46.	Sanitary Operations X	
18	Monitoring of HACCP plan.		[47	Employee Hygiene	
19	Verification and validation of HACCP plan.			48.	Condemned Product Control	
20	Corrective action written in HACCP plan.				Part E Inspection Requirements	
21	Reassessed adequacy of the HACCP plan.				Part F - Inspection Requirements	
22	Records documenting the written HACCP plan, monitorin critical control points, dates and times of specific event or			49	Government Staffing	
	Part C - Economic / Wholesomeness			50.	Daily Inspection Coverage	
23	C C			51.	Enforcement X	
24	Labeling - Net Weights General Labeling			52.	Humane Handling ()	,
25 26	Fin Prod Standards/Boneless (Defects/AQL/Pork Skins/	Moisture)		53	Animal Identification ()	J
	Part D - Sampling Generic <i>E. coli</i> Testing			54.	Ante Mortem Inspection ()	
27.	Written Procedures		0	55.	Post Mortem Inspection ()	
28	Sample Collection/Analysis		0		Part G - Other Regulatory Oversight Requirements	
29	Records		0			
9	Salmonella Performance Standards - Basic Req	uirements		56.	European Community Directives ()	
30.	Corrective Actions		0	57.	Monthly Review	
31.	Reassessment		0	58		
32	Written Assurance		0	59.		

60. Observation of the Establishment

13/51. Corrective actions in SSOP records do not include the appropriate disposition of product that may have been affected by the non-conformance. [Regulatory references: 9 CFR § 416.16, 416.17]

46. The system used transfer of pieces of marinated jerky from the large container to the small one for spreading on the screens allowed multiple opportunities for cross-contamination. [9 CFR § 416.4(d)]

61. NAME OF AUDITOR Ron K. Craver, DVM

62 AUDITOR SIGNATURE AND DATE Jour Kaver J.m. 4/35/08

	United States Department of Agriculture Food Safety and Inspection Service							
	Foreig				Audit Checklist			
ſ	ESTABLISHMENT NAME AND LOCATION Matadero Solis (Ersinal S.A.) Ruta 8, km 87,500	 2. AUDIT DA1 May 02, 200 	08	15	TABLISHMENT NO. 4. NAME OF COUNTRY 0 Uruguay 6 TYPE OF AUDIT			
1	.avalleja	5. NAMEOF A Roti K. Ci				AUDIT		
Pla	ace an X in the Audit Results block to	indicate nonc	ompli	anc	e with requirements. Use O if not applicable.			
Par	t A - Sanitation Standard Operating Procedure Basic Requirements		Audit Results		Part D - Continued Economic Sampling	Audit Results		
7	Written SSOP				Scheduled Sample			
8	Records documenting implementation			34.	Species Testing			
	Signed and dated SSOP, by on-site or overall authority.			35	Residue			
5	anitation Standard Operating Procedures (SS) Ongoing Requirements	JP)			Part E - Other Requirements			
10	Implementation of SSOP's, including monitoring of imple	mentation.		36	Export			
11	Maintenance and evaluation of the effectiveness of SSO	'P's		37	Import			
12	Corrective action when the SSOP's have failed to preven product contamination or adulteration.	nt direct		38.	Establishment Grounds and Pest Control			
13	Daily records document item 10, 11 and 12 above.		Х	39.	Establishment Construction/Maintenance	Х		
	Part B - Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Basic Requirement				Light Ventilation	Х		
14	Developed and implemented a written HACCP plan.							
15	Contents of the HACCP list the food safety hazards, critical control ponts, critical limits, procedures, correctiv	e actions			Plumbing and Sewage Water Supply			
16	Records documenting implementation and monitoring of HACCP plan	the			Dressing Rooms/Lavatories			
17	The HACCP plan is sgned and dated by the responsible establishment individual.	•		45.	Equipment and Utensils			
• 0	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Ongoing Requirements			46.	Sanitary Operations			
18	.			47.	Employee Hygiene			
19 20	Verification and validation of HACCP plan. Corrective action: written in HACCP plan.			48.	Condemned Product Control			
21					Part F - Inspection Requirements			
22	Records documenting, the written HACCP plan, monitor critical control points, dates and times of specific event		х	49.	Government Staffing			
	Part C - Economic / Wholesomeness			50.	Daily Inspection Coverage			
23	Labeling - Product Standards	_		51	Enforcement	Х		
24	Labeling - Net Weights				Humane Handling			
25	General Labeling			JZ.	numane nanuling			
26	Fin Prod Standards/Boneless (Defects/AQL/Pork Skins	s/Moisture)		53.	Animal Identification			
	Part D - Sampling Generic <i>E. coli</i> Testing			54	Ante Mortem Inspection			
27	Written Procedures			55.	Post Mortem Inspection	Х		
28	Sample Collection/Analysis		X					
29	Records				Part G - Other Regulatory Oversight Requirements			
:	Salmonella Performance Standards - Basic Re	quirements		56	European Community Directives	0		
30	Corrective Actions	-		57	Monthly Review			
31	Ræssessment			58.				
32	Written Assurance			5 9 .				

60 Observation of the Establishment

13/22/51. Preventive measures recorded in all records observed did not contain sufficient detail to allow for verification. [Regulatory references: 9 CFR § 416.16, 416.17, 417.5, 417.8]

28/51. Quality control personnel did not understand the meaning of the "last thirteen samples" in the analysis of the results of generic *Escherichia coli* testing. Because of this, statistical process control was not being used correctly. [9 CFR § 310.25]

39/51. (A) The metal wrapping on the insulation pipes over the belt preceding the drying tunnel in the vacuum packaging area had holes in it allowing for exposed insulation.

(B) The box coolers and freezers had damaged areas around the doors and gaps in the seals allowing for ice and water build-up inside and outside of the coolers.

[9 CFR § 416.2]

40. Several areas in the offal room had beaded and dripping condensate, but none was observed dripping on product at the time of the audit. Product and equipment were moved away from possible contamination and the areas were cleaned before production was resumed. [9 CFR § 416.2(d)]

55/51 Tails were removed early in the skinning process and attached to the carcass enclosed in a plastic bag, therefore not allowing for adequate inspection by veterinary personnel. The line was stopped and the tails were attached by ropes for proper inspection. Tails from earlier in the production shift were re-inspected and designated for local markets only. [9 CFR § 310.1(a)]

61 NAME OF AUDITOR Ron K. Craver, DVM

102 AUDITOR SIGNATURE AND DATE NUM Crower Dorve 5/2/00

		United States Departm Food Safety and Ins				
	Foreig	n Establishme	nt /	Audit Checklis	st	
L	STABLISHMENT NAME AND LOCATION orsinal S.A. ammo Melula 10270	2 AUDIT DATE April 17, 2008	3. ES 21	TABLISHMENT NO. 4	4. NAME OF COUNTRY Uruguay	
	lontevideo	5. NAME OF AUDITOR			6. TYPE OF AUDIT	
		Rori K. Craver, D			li	MENT AUDIT
	ce an X in the Audit Results block to in A - Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures		anc	Pai	ents. Use Off not applicab rt D - Continued nomic Sampling	Audit Results
7 \	Basic Requirements Written SSOP	Resolution	33.	Scheduled Sample	nome sampling	
8 F	Records documenting implementation.	÷	34.	Species Testing		
9 5	Signed and dated SSOP, by on-site or overall authority.		{	Residue		
Sa	nitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSOF Ongoing Requirements	2)		Part E -	Other Requirements	
10	Implementation of SSOP's, including monitoring of implem	entation.	36.	Export		
11	Maintenance and evaluation of the effectiveness of SSOP'	S .	37.	import		
12	Corrective action when the SSOPs have falled to prevent product contamination or adulteration.	direct	38.	Establishment Grounds	and Pest Control	
13	Daily records document item 10, 11 and 12 above.		39	Establishment Construct	tion/Maintenance	X
	Part B - Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Basic Requirements			Light		X
14	Developed and implemented a written HACCP plan .		41.	Ventilation		
15	Contents of the HACCP list the food safety hazards, critical control points, critical limits, procedures, corrective	actions	42	Plumbing and Sewage		
16	Records documenting implementation and monitoring of the HACCP plan			Water Supply		
17	The HACCP plan is signed and dated by the responsible establishment individual.			Dressing Rooms/Lavato	ries	
	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Ongoing Requirements			Equipment and Utensils Sanitary Operations		
18	Monitoring of HACCP plan.		ï	Employee Hygiene		
19	Verification and validation of HACCP plan.		1	Condemned Product Co	ntrol	
20	Corrective action written in HACCP plan					
21	Reassessed adequacy of the HACCP plan.			Part F - Ir	spection Requirements	
22	Records documenting, the written HACCP plan, monitorin critical control points, dates and times of specific event or		49.	Government Staffing		
	Part C - Economic / Wholesomeness		50.	Daily Inspection Covera	ge	
23	Labeling - Product Standards		51.	Enforcement		Х
24	Labeling - Net Weights		52.	Humane Handling		
25 26	General Labeling Fin Prod Standards/Boneless (Defects/AQL/Pork Skins/	Moisture)	53.	Animal Identification		
	Part D - Sampling Generic <i>E. coli</i> Testing		54.	Ante Mortem Inspection		
27	Written Procedures		55	Post Mortem Inspection		
28	Sample Collection/Analysis					
29	Records			Part G - Other Regu	latory Oversight Requirements	
S	almonella Performance Standards - Basic Req	uirements	56.	European Community Di	rectives	0
30	Corrective Actions		57.	Monthly Review		
31	Reassessment		58.			
32.	Written Assurance		59.			
			•			

60 Observation of the Establishment

Date: April 17, 2008 Est #: 224 (Lorsinal S.A. [S/P]) (Montevideo, Uruguay)

39.51. (A.) The rails in the cooler designated for the day's slaughter had a beaded oil coating them. The beaded oil was removed before carcasses were allowed into this cooler. [Regulatory references: 9 CFR § 416.2(b)]

(B.) A moveable wall in the slaughter area had not been sealed in a manner that prevented direct opening to the exterior of the establishment. [9 CFR 416.2(b)(3)]

40:51. There was insufficient light intensity in the veterinary service post-mortem inspection areas. This deficiency was immediately corrected. [9 CFR § 416.2(c)]

61. NAME OF AUDITOR Rori K. Craver, DVM

62 AUDITOR SIGNATURE AND DATE

		United State Food Safe	s Departm ty and Ins	ient pecti	of Agriculture on Service		
	Fore	ign Establ	ishme	nt /	Audit Checkli	st	
F	STABLISHMENT NAME AND LOCATION rigorifico San Jacinto (Nirea S.A.) tuta 7. Km. 59 500	2 AUDITI April 18	DATE	3. ES 3-	STABLISHMENT NO.	4. NAME OF COUNTRY Uruguay 6. TYPE OF AUDIT	
C	anelones 0		. Craver, D				NT AUDIT
	ce an X in the Audit Results block to t A - Sanitation Standard Operating Procedu		ncompl Audit Results	ianc 	Pa	nents. Use O if not applicable. art D - Continued onomic Sampling	Audit Results
7	Basic Requirements Written SSOP		·	33	Scheduled Sample		
8	Records documenting implementation.			34.	Species Testing		
S	Signed and dated SSOP, by on-site or overall authority anitation Standard Operating Procedures (S Ongoing Requirements					- Other Requirements	
	Implementation of SSOP's, including monitoring of imp				Export		
11 12	Maintenance and evaluation of the effectiveness of SS Corrective action when the SSOP's have failed to prev product contamination or adulteration				Import Establishment Grounds	s and Pest Control	
13	Daly records document item 10, 11 and 12 above.			39	Establishment Constru	ction/Maintenance	X
.5	Part B - Hazard Analysis and Critical Contr Point (HACCP) Systems - Basic Requirement			40.	Light		
14	Developed and implemented a written HACCP plan			41.	Ventilation		
15	Contents of the HACCP list the food safety hazards, critical control points, critical limits, procedures, correc	tive actions.		ľ	Plumbing and Sewage		
16	Records documenting implementation and monitoring HACCP plan	of the		43	Water Supply Dressing Rooms/Lavat	ories	
17	The HACCP plan is signed and dated by the responsi establishment individual			45.	Equipment and Utensi		
	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Ongoing Requirements			46.	Sanitary Operations		
18	Monitoring of HACCP plan			47	Employee Hygiene		
19	Verification and validation of HACCP plan.			48	Condemned Product C	Control	
20	Corrective action written in HACCP plan						
21	Reassessed adequacy of the HACCP plan.				Part F -	Inspection Requirements	
22	Records documenting the written HACCP plan, monit critical control points, dates and times of specific ever		-		Government Staffing		
27	Part C - Economic / Wholesomeness			50.	Daily Inspection Cover	age	
20	Labeling - Product Standards			51.	Enforcement		Х
24	Labeling - Net Weights			52.	Humane Handling		
25 26	General Labeling Fin Prod Standards/Boneless (Defects/AQL/Pork Ski	ns/Moisture)		53	Animal Identification		
	Part D - Sampling Generic <i>E. coli</i> Testing	,			Ante Mortem Inspection	n	
27	Written Procedures				Post Modern Linear		
28	Sample Collection/Analysis			55.	Post Mortem Inspection	11	
	Records				Part G - Other Reg	ulatory Oversight Requirements	
s	Salmonella Performance Standards - Basic R	equirements		56.	European Community D	Prectives	()
30	Corrective Actions			57.	Monthly Review		
31	Reassessment		1	58.			
32	Written Assurance			59.			
FSI	S- 5000-6 (04/04/2002)			L			

39.51. The white supports to the rails in one of the coolers had an unidentified black substance on them. These supports are directly over carcasses. This cooler contained no carcasses at the time of the audit. The establishment scheduled corrective actions prior to the use of this cooler. [Regulatory references: 9 CFR § 416.2(b)]

61. NAME OF AUDITOR Ron K. Craver, DVM

62 AUDITOR SIGNATURE AND DATE MOM Craver Drn 4/18/08

		United States De Food Safety a			•		
	Forei	gn Establish	nment	t A	udit Checklis	st	
1 E	STABLISHMENT NAME AND LOCATION	2. AUDIT DATE			TABLISHMENT NO.	4. NAME OF COUNTRY	
	rigoritico Las Piedras S.A.	April 22, 200)8	379	9	Uruguay	
н	tuta 36, Km. 26 100	5. NAME OF AU		5)	1	6. TYPE OF AUDIT	
(anelones 0	Rori K. Cra	iver			X ON-SITE AUDIT	DOCUMENT AUDIT
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Par	t A - Sanitation Standard Operating Procedur Basic Requirements		Audit Results			t D - Continued nomic Sampling	Audit Results
7	Written SSOP		3	3	Scheduled Sample		
8	Records documenting implementation.		3	4.	Species Testing		
	Signed and dated SSOP, by on-site or overall authority.	O D)	3	5.	Residue		
	anitation Standard Operating Procedures (SS Ongoing Requirements			_		Other Requirements	
	Implementation of SSOP's, including monitoring of impl		1		Export		
11 12	Maintenance and evaluation of the effectiveness of SSC Corrective action when the SSOP's have falled to preve		3		Import Establishment Grounds a	and Pest Control	
13	product contamination or adulteration. Daily records document item 10, 11 and 12 above.		3	9.	Establishment Construct	tion/Maintenance	
	Part B - Hazard Analysis and Critical Contro Point (HACCP) Systems - Basic Requirement				Light		Х
14	Developed and implemented a written HACCP plan.		4	1.	Ventilation		
15	Contents of the HACCP list the food safety hazards, critical control points, critical limits, procedures, correction	ve actions	4	2	Plumbing and Sewage		
16	Records documenting implementation and monitoring o HACCP plan	f the			Water Supply	rian	
17	The HACCP plan is signed and dated by the responsible establishment individual	e			Dressing Rooms/Lavator	nes	
	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point	Ĭ			Equipment and Utensils Sanitary Operations		
18	(HACCP) Systems - Ongoing Requirements Monitoring of HACCP plan				Employee Hygiene		
19	Venfication and validation of HACCP plan.		4	8.	Condemned Product Co	ntrol	
20	Corrective action written in HACCP plan						
21	Reassessed adequacy of the HACCP plan				Fait F - III	spection Requirements	
22	Records documenting the written HACCP plan, monito critical control points, dates and times of specific even		4	9	Government Staffing		
	Part C - Economic / Wholesomeness		5	0.	Daily Inspection Coverag	ge	
	Labeling - Product Standards		5	1	Enforcement		Х
24	Labeling - Net Weights		5	2.	Humane Handling		
25 26	General Labeling Fin Prod Standards/Boneless (Defects/AQL/Pork Skin	s/Moisture)	5	3.	Animal Identification		
	Part D - Sampling Generic <i>E. coli</i> Testing		5	4	Ante Mortem Inspection		
27	Written Procedures	-	5	5.	Post Mortem Inspection		
28	Sample Collection/Analysis		x				
29	Records				Part G - Other Regu	latory Oversight Require	ements
9	Salmonella Performance Standards - Basic R	equirements	56	6.	European Community Dir	rectives	()
30	Corrective Actions		5	7.	Monthly Review		
31	Ræssessment		5	8.			
32	Written Assurance		5	9.			

28/51. Statistical process control was not being used for the analysis of the results of generic *Escherichia coli* samples. [Regulatory references: 9 CFR § 310.25]

40/51. There was insufficient light intensity in the veterinary service head inspection area. [9 CFR § 416.2(c)]

61. NAME OF AUDITOR Rori K. Craver

62-AUDITOR SIGNATURE AND DATE How Kaven Don 4/22/08

		Food Safe			•		
	Foreig	ın Establ	ishme	nt/	Audit Checkli	st	
1 E	STABLISHMENT NAME AND LOCATION	2. AUDIT D	DATE	3. ES	TABLISHMENT NO.	4. NAME OF COUNTRY	
			April 15, 2008 439		9	Uruguay	
R	tuta 75, km 34	5. NAME O	5. NAME OF AUDITOR(S)			6. TYPE OF AUDIT	
Pando, Canelones 91000 Rori K. Craver, D				VM		X ON-SITE AUDIT DO	DOUMENT AUDIT
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Part A - Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSOP) Auxit Basic Requirements Results						urt D - Continued onomic Sampling	Audit Results
7	Written SSOP			33.	Scheduled Sample		
8.	Records documenting implementation			34	Species Testing		
9 Signed and dated SSOP, by on-site or overall authority.				35.	Residue		
	Sanitation Standard Operating Procedures (SSOP) Ongoing Requirements				Part E - Other Requirements		
	Implementation of SSOP's, including monitoring of imple			Į –	Export		
11	Maintenance and evaluation of the effectiveness of SSO Corrective action when the SSOP's have failed to preven			1	Import		
	product contamination or adulteration			38. Establishment Grounds and Pest Control 39. Establishment Construction/Maintenance			
13	Daily records document item 10, 11 and 12 above.					ction/Maintenance	
	Part B - Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Basic Requirements			40.	Light		
14	Developed and implemented a written HACCP plan	•		41.	Ventilation		Х
	Contents of the HACCP list the food safety hazards, critical control points, critical limits, procedures, correctivi	e actions.		42.	Plumbing and Sewage		
16	Records documenting implementation and monitoring of			43.	Water Supply		
	HACCP plan			44	Dressing Rooms/Lavate	ories	
17	The HACCP plan is signed and dated by the responsible establishment individual		·	45	Equipment and Utensil	S	
	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) Systems - Ongoing Requirements			46.	Sanitary Operations		Х
18	Monitoring of HACCP plan.			47	Employee Hygiene		
19.	Verification and validation of HACCP plan.			48.	Condemned Product C	ontrol	
20	Corrective action (written in HACCP plan)		Part E. Increation Provisionants				
21	Reassessed adequacy of the HACCP plan		Part F - Inspection Requirements				
22	Records documenting the written HACCP plan, monitor critical control points, dates and times of specific event	ing of the occurrences		49.	Government Staffing		
	Part C - Economic / Wholesomeness			50.	Daily Inspection Cover	age	
23	Labeling - Product Standards			51	Enforcement		X
24	Labeling - Net Weights			52.	Humane Handling		Х
25	General Labeling			1			
26		(NVIOISTUTE)		53	Animal Identification		
	Part D - Sampling Generic <i>E. coli</i> Testing			54.	Ante Mortem Inspection	n	
27.	Written Procedures		Х	55.	Post Mortem Inspection	n	
28	Sample Collection/Analysis			[Bart G. Other B	ulaton Avenight Paguinne	nts
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:	Salmonella Performance Standards - Basic Requirements				European Community Directives ()		
30	Corrective Actions			57.	Monthly Review		
31	Reassessment			58.			
32	Written Assurance			59.			
	10 5000 6 (04 0 4/2002)						

United States Department of Agriculture

60. Observation of the Establishment

27/51. The written program for the selection of carcasses for sampling for generic *Escherichia coli* only chose samples within the entire number slaughtered rather than within each 300 animals slaughtered. [9 CFR § 310.25]

41/51. The primary boxed product freezer had an excessive build-up of ice and frozen condensation on the ceiling and the racks. Product pallets were covered to protect the boxes. Pallets were pushed up against the wall preventing air circulation and not allowing inspection of the area. [9 CFR § 416.2(d)]

46. A bag of inedible product was put on the bone conveyor belt in a manner that resulted in it contacting product awaiting fabrication and other product contact surfaces. The line was stopped and the area cleaned and sanitized before production continued. [9 CFR § 416.4(d)]

52. Cattle moving up the ramp into the knocking box were hesitating as they reached the end of the ramp. The exact cause of the hesitation could not be identified at the time. [9 CFR \$ 313.2(a)]

61. NAME OF AUDITOR Rori K. Craver, DVM

62 AUDITOR SIGNATURE AND DATE Home & Cracer Durn 4/15/08



MINISTERIO DE GANADERIA AGRICULTURA Y PESCA refódhica ordentalidel ordenuar

DIRECCION GENERAL DE SERVICIOS GANADEROS DIVISIÓN INDUSTRIA ANIMAL

CONSTITUYENTE 1476 11200 MONTEVIDEO URUGUAY

TEL: 5982 412 6346 FAX: 5982 412 6317

Montevideo, October 17th 2008

MR. DONALD SMART DIRECTOR INTERNATIONAL AUDIT STAFF OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS FOOD SAFETY AND INSPECTION SERVICE, USDA

Dear Mr. Smart,

I refer to your request to submit comments in response to the information in the audit report made by Dr. Aurora K. Craver, after her on-site audit of Uruguay's meat inspection system, from April 9 through May 14, 2008.

At present, we have studied it and have found no objections to Dr. Craver's observations and we have no further comments to make to her report.

Looking forward to hearing from you, I remain yours most faithfully,

DR. HECTOR J. LAZANEO DIRECTOR

cc/ Dr. Francisco Muzio, DGSG, MGAP Embassy of Uruguay, Washington, DC US Embassy, Buenos Alres, Argentina US Embassy, Montevideo, Uruguay