Fiscal Year 2011 Report to Congress on Administration of the Tribal Self-Governance Program

In Response to: Section 458aaa-13(a) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act, as amended

> Prepared by the Department of Health and Human Services Indian Health Service

> > Director, Indian Health Service

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Two Attachments:

Exhibit A – Funds Transferred to Each Self-Governance Tribe Exhibit B – Comments from the affected Indian Tribes or Tribal organizations

Report to Congress on the Administration of the Tribal Self-Governance Program

A. Introduction

The 2011 Report to Congress on the Administration of the Indian Health Service (IHS) Tribal Self-Governance Program is prepared as required in section 458aaa-13(a) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (ISDEAA), 25 U.S.C. § 450 et seq. The report addresses the Agency's administration of the Tribal Self-Governance Program and provides an accounting of the level of need being funded for each Indian Tribe under Self-Governance compacts¹ and funding agreements² authorized under Title V of the ISDEAA.

B. Background

Title V of the ISDEAA allows Tribes to assume operation of Federal programs and to receive at least the funding amount that the Secretary, Department of Health and Human Services (Secretary) would have otherwise provided for the direct operation of the programs. Approximately one-third of the Agency's appropriation is compacted through Title V of the ISDEAA.

The following are specific elements of the annual report as required by statute (25 U.S.C. § 458aaa-13):

- The relative costs and benefits of Self-Governance;
- Funds specifically or functionally related to the provision by the Secretary of services and benefits to Self-Governance participants;
- Funds transferred to each Self-Governance Indian Tribe and the corresponding reduction in the Federal bureaucracy;
- The funding formula for individual Tribal shares of all Headquarters funds, together with the comments of affected Indian Tribes or Tribal organizations;
- Amounts expended in the preceding fiscal year (FY) to carry out inherent Federal functions by type and location; and
- Comments on this report received from Indian Tribes and Tribal organizations.

¹ A Self-Governance compact is a legally binding and mutually enforceable written agreement that affirms the government-to-government relationship between a Self-Governance Tribe and the United States. A compact shall include general terms setting forth the government-to-government relationship consistent with the Federal Government's trust responsibility and statutory and treaty obligations to Indian Tribes and such other terms as the parties intend to control from year to year (42 U.S.C. §458aaa-3; 42 C.F.R. §§ 137.30-31).

² A funding agreement is a legally binding and mutually enforceable written agreement that identifies the programs, services, functions, or activities (PSFAs), or portions thereof, that the Self-Governance Tribe will carry out, the funds being transferred from service unit, area and Headquarters levels in support of those PSFAs and such other terms as are required or may be agreed upon pursuant to Title V (42 U.S.C. §458aaa-4; 42 C.F.R. § 137.40).

This report has been compiled using information contained in funding agreements, annual audit reports, and data from the Secretary regarding the disposition of Federal funds. No reporting requirements have been imposed on participating Indian Tribes or Tribal organizations related to this report, as required by section 458aaa-13(a)(2) of the ISDEAA.

C. Linkage with Other Reports to Congress

None.

D. The Relative Costs and Benefits of Self-Governance

The Tribal Self-Governance Program strengthens the nation-to-nation relationship between the United States and Indian Tribes by enabling each Indian Tribe to choose the extent of its participation in Self-Governance and by transferring full control and funding of Federal programs, services, functions, or activities (PSFAs), or portions thereof, to Tribal governments.

Under Title V of the ISDEAA, Tribes have the discretion to plan, conduct, redesign, and administer the PSFAs, or portions thereof, that they have assumed. As a result, significant variation exists among Tribally-administered health programs.

The costs associated with the Tribal Self-Governance Program are detailed in the subsequent section, *Funds Related to the Provision of Services and Benefits to Self-Governance Tribes*.

E. Funds Related to the Provision of Services and Benefits to Self-Governance Tribes

The funds specifically or functionally related to the provision by the Secretary of services and benefits to Self-Governance participants include the IHS budget for administration of the Tribal Self-Governance Program and the funds available to the Secretary to provide health care for each Indian Tribe (as reflected by the amount eligible to each Tribe in a Self-Governance funding agreement).

(1) IHS, Office of the Director, Office of Tribal Self-Governance line item, FY 2011 appropriation

\$6,054,000

(2) IHS, Area Offices, total of FY 2011 budgets for Self-Governance activities

\$0

(3) Amount available for current Self-Governance Tribes

\$1,491,995,773

| IHS Area Office | All Funds |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| Alaska | \$568,405,457 |
| Albuquerque | \$12,297,032 |
| Bemidji | \$84,065,432 |
| Billings | \$27,928,701 |
| California | \$79,274,677 |
| Nashville | \$81,654,796 |
| Navajo | \$24,828,876 |
| Oklahoma | \$416,970,606 |
| Phoenix | \$72,666,152 |
| Portland | \$123,904,044 |
| | |
| Total | \$1,491,995,773 |

Note:

Contract support costs are not included in this report but are identified and reported in the Report to Congress on Funding Needs for Contract Support Costs (CSC) of Self-Determination Awards.

(4) Total funds related to the provision of services and benefits to Self-Governance Tribes

\$1,498,061,773

F. <u>Funds Transferred to Each Self-Governance Indian Tribe and the Corresponding</u> Reduction in the Federal Bureaucracy

(1) Funds transferred to Tribes for PSFAs assumed under Title V of the ISDEAA for FY 2011

\$1,350,560,159

| IHS Area Office | Funds Transferred |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Alaska | \$454,320,645 |
| Albuquerque | \$7,709,126 |
| Bemidji | \$80,049,518 |
| Billings | \$27,670,164 |
| California | \$76,728,839 |
| Nashville | \$71,388,694 |
| Navajo | \$24,296,541 |
| Oklahoma | \$415,684,151 |
| Phoenix | \$72,629,821 |
| Portland | \$120,082,660 |
| | |
| Total | \$1,350,560,159 |

Notes:

Contract support costs are not included in this report but are identified and reported in the Report to Congress on Funding Needs for Contract Support Costs (CSC) of Self-Determination Awards.

For amounts by Tribe, please see Exhibit A.

(2) Corresponding reduction in the Federal bureaucracy

Prior to FY 2000, the rate of reduction in Federal bureaucracy was greater than subsequent years due to increased participation in the IHS Tribal Self-Governance Program, increased assumption of Tribal shares, and reduced IHS staffing levels. However, following FY 2000, the IHS achieved the staffing level required to meet the requirements of inherent Federal functions.

G. The Funding Formula for Individual Tribal Shares of All Headquarters Funds, Together with the Comments of Indian Tribes or Tribal Organizations

Tribes may elect to assume responsibility for PSFAs formerly administered by the IHS. The Tribe may negotiate a compact and funding agreement with the Secretary for its share of the funds associated with the PSFAs. The funds for each PSFA may be found in one or more budget line items. The amount of a Headquarters Tribal share is determined using formulas based on either user population, workload, or usage. Any appropriated increases or decreases to Headquarters Tribal Shares are adjusted proportionately.

(1) Funding formulas for individual Tribal shares of all Headquarters funds

(a) Tribal Size Adjustment Formula

In FY 2011, \$25,923,503 was provided to Self-Governance Tribes using the Tribal Size Adjustment (TSA) formula. For most IHS Headquarters programs, eligible shares for each Tribe were calculated using the TSA Formula. The TSA formula is a per-user approach for attributing benefits among all Tribes. Each Tribe's share of Headquarters funds is determined in proportion to user population. A small supplemental amount is added for Tribes of less than 2,500 users in partial compensation for functional inefficiencies related to small size and is intended to assist in building and maintaining the infrastructure needed to manage health care systems.

Shares of Headquarters PSFAs were originally computed by the TSA formula in the mid-1990s for all Federally recognized Tribes (including Tribes that had not entered into an ISDEAA Title I contract³ and annual funding agreement⁴ or ISDEAA Title V compact and funding agreement) and have been preserved ever since. The ISDEAA prohibits reductions of recurring funding to Tribes (Headquarters TSA shares are considered recurring) except as specifically provided in 25 U.S.C. §458aaa-7(1)(C). Annual fluctuations in user counts would cause the Headquarters TSA formula to unavoidably reduce shares to some Tribes if recomputed annually. Over time, the Tribal shares originally computed by the TSA formula have been adjusted proportionately with program funding to calculate current Tribal shares.

Indian Health Service, Indian Health Manual, Special General Memorandum No. SGM 95-2, Policy Decisions for Self-Governance/Self-Determination Demonstration Project Negotiations-ACTION, Apr. 19, 1995, *available at* http://www.ihs.gov/ (search for the full title of the memorandum).

(b) Special program formulas

Some IHS programs determine Tribal shares based on special program formulas, including the following:

-

³ Self-Determination contracts (25 U.S.C. § 450f).

⁴ Annual funding agreement means a document that represents the negotiated agreement of the Secretary to fund, on an annual basis, the programs, services, activities and functions transferred to an Indian Tribe or tribal organization under the Act (25 U.S.C. § 900.6).

Contract Health Services, Fiscal Intermediary

In FY 2011, \$2,056,065 was provided to Self-Governance Tribes using the Contract Health Services, Fiscal Intermediary formula. The fiscal intermediary is an IHS contractor that calculates and pays contract health services (health care purchased from private providers) claims.

Tribal Share $= A \times B$

Where

A = Tribal percent of 1993 Total Claims

B = Current Fiscal Intermediary Expenditures

Office of Environmental Health and Engineering, Indian Health Facilities, Environmental Health Services Support

In FY 2011, \$1,725,449 was provided to Self-Governance Tribes using the Office of Environmental Health and Engineering, Environmental Health Services Support formula.

Headquarters Program funds for the Environmental Health Services program are allocated to the Tribes based on their pro-rata share of the Area Environmental Health Services workload.

- (2) Comments of Indian Tribes or Tribal organizations Please see Exhibit B.
- H. Total Amounts Identified in the Preceding Fiscal Year (FY 2010) to Carry Out Functions that the IHS must Carry Out as an Integral Part of its Duties as a Federal Agency
 - (1) IHS Headquarters residual amount

\$27,767,942

I. Comments on this Report Received from Indian Tribes and Tribal Organizations

Please see Exhibit B.

ISDEAA, Section 458aaa-13(b)(2)(C) Funds Associated With Programs, Services, Functions, and Activities Transferred To Tribes Under ISDEAA Title V

| Area ALASKA | Funds Transferred |
|--|-------------------|
| Alaska Native Tribal Health Consortium | 66,082,634 |
| Aleutian Pribilof Islands Association, Inc. | 5,344,722 |
| Arctic Slope Native Association | 12,042,848 |
| Bristol Bay Area Health Corporation | 30,287,119 |
| Chickaloon Native Village | 68,900 |
| Chugachmiut | 5,431,674 |
| Copper River Native Association | 2,963,619 |
| Council of Athabascan Tribal Governments | 3,180,594 |
| Eastern Aleutian Tribes, Inc. | 4,477,180 |
| Native Village of Eklutna | 206,559 |
| Native Village of Eyak | 815,695 |
| Kenalitze Indian Tribe | 2,693,948 |
| Ketchikan Indian Community | 9,216,996 |
| Knik Traditional Council | 81,702 |
| Kodiak Area Native Association | 8,047,232 |
| Maniilaq Association | 41,040,045 |
| Metlakatla Indian Community | 8,298,115 |
| Mount Sanford Tribal Consortium | 1,037,185 |
| Norton Sound Health Corporation | 28,440,081 |
| Seldovia Village Tribe | 2,299,110 |
| Southcentral Foundation | 72,054,914 |
| SouthEast Alaska Regional Health Corporation | 45,397,900 |
| Tanana Chiefs Conference | 36,925,695 |
| Yakutat Tlingit Tribe | 428,869 |
| Yukon-Kuskokwim Health Corporation | 67,457,309 |
| Sub-Total | 454,320,645 |
| ALBUQUERQUE | |
| Pueblo of Jemez | 4,237,805 |
| Pueblo of Sandia | 2,095,180 |
| Taos Pueblo | 1,376,141 |
| Sub-Total | 7,709,126 |
| BEMIDJI | |
| Bois Forte Band of Chippewa Indians | 3,292,892 |
| Fond du Lac Band of Lake Superior Chippewa | 13,233,401 |
| Forest County Potawatomi Community | 2,743,479 |
| Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians | 3,571,154 |
| Keweenaw Bay Indian Community | 4,352,361 |
| Little River Band of Ottawa Indians | 2,514,676 |
| Mille Lacs Band of Ojibwe | 5,479,727 |
| Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin | 20,395,840 |
| Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians | 18,642,709 |
| Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community | 1,897,834 |
| Stockbridge-Munsee Community | 3,925,445 |
| Sub-Total BILLINGS | 80,049,518 |
| | 14.701.200 |
| Chippewa Cree Tribe of R.B. | 14,791,399 |
| Salish & Kootenai Tribes | 12,878,765 |
| Sub-Total CALIFORNIA | 27,670,164 |
| Consolidated Tribal Health Project, Inc. | 5 756 152 |
| Consolidated Titoai Ticaldi Floject, Ilic. | 5,756,153 |

ISDEAA, Section 458aaa-13(b)(2)(C) Funds Associated With Programs, Services, Functions, and Activities Transferred To Tribes Under ISDEAA Title V

| Area | | Funds Transferred |
|---|-----------|-------------------|
| Feather River Tribal Health, Inc. | | 6,363,100 |
| Hoopa Valley Tribe | | 5,890,154 |
| Indian Health Council, Inc. | | 11,417,428 |
| Karuk Tribe of California | | 4,137,035 |
| Northern Valley Indian Health, Inc. | | 3,692,161 |
| Redding Rancheria | | 9,551,994 |
| Riverside-San Bernardino County Indian Healtl | n. Inc. | 27,568,551 |
| Susanville Indian Rancheria | , | 2,352,263 |
| | Sub-Total | 76,728,839 |
| NASHVILLE | | , |
| Chitimacha Tribe of Louisana | | 1,491,823 |
| Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians | | 24,873,532 |
| Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians | | 20,461,243 |
| Mohegan Tribe of Indians of Connecticut | | 2,463,934 |
| Penobscot Indian Nation | | 4,164,439 |
| Poarch Band of Creek Indians | | 4,626,279 |
| Seminole Tribe of Florida | | 3,369,803 |
| St. Regis Mohawk Tribe | | 8,790,634 |
| Wampanoag Tribe of Gay Head | | 1,147,007 |
| 1 5 | Sub-Total | 71,388,694 |
| NAVAJO | | |
| Tuba City Regional Health Care Corporation | | 16,532,867 |
| Utah Navajo Health System, Inc. | | 325,644 |
| Winslow Indian Health Care Center, Inc. | | 7,438,030 |
| | Sub-Total | 24,296,541 |
| OKLAHOMA | | |
| Absentee Shawnee Tribe of Oklahoma | | 11,198,770 |
| Cherokee Nation | | 136,461,240 |
| Chickasaw Nation | | 89,605,238 |
| Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma | | 76,849,544 |
| Citizen Potawatomi Nation | | 17,508,316 |
| Kaw Nation | | 1,836,652 |
| Kickapoo Tribe of Oklahoma | | 8,707,870 |
| Modoc Tribe of Oklahoma | | 130,269 |
| Muscogee (Creek) Nation | | 47,224,590 |
| Northeastern Tribal Health System | | 8,928,496 |
| Ponca Tribe of Oklahoma | | 4,192,494 |
| Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation | | 2,895,197 |
| Sac and Fox Nation | | 7,925,325 |
| Wyandotte Nation | | 2,220,150 |
| | Sub-Total | 415,684,151 |
| PHOENIX | | |
| Duck Valley Shoshone-Paiute Tribe | | 9,603,132 |
| Duckwater Shoshone Tribe | | 1,986,353 |
| Ely Shoshone Tribe | | 1,583,221 |
| Gila River Indian Community | | 46,635,475 |
| Las Vegas Paiute Tribe | | 4,553,486 |
| Washoe Tribe of Nevada and California | | 5,779,607 |
| Yerington Paiute Tribe of Nevada | | 2,488,547 |
| | Sub-Total | 72,629,821 |

ISDEAA, Section 458aaa-13(b)(2)(C) Funds Associated With Programs, Services, Functions, and Activities Transferred To Tribes Under ISDEAA Title V

| Area | Funds Transferred |
|---|-------------------|
| Coeur D'Alene Tribe | 7,635,026 |
| Confederated Tribes of Grand Ronde | 9,501,953 |
| Confederated Tribes of Siletz Indians of Oregon | 10,201,679 |
| Confederated Tribes of Coos Indians of Oregon | 2,464,324 |
| Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Reservation | 9,287,373 |
| Coquille Indian Tribe | 2,990,592 |
| Cowlitz Indian Tribe | 2,879,449 |
| Jamestown S'Klallam Indian Tribe | 1,331,940 |
| Kalispel Tribe of Indians | 1,084,564 |
| Kootenai Tribe of Idaho | 759,311 |
| Lower Elwha Klallam Tribe | 2,202,300 |
| Lummi Indian Nation | 10,512,262 |
| Makah Indian Tribe | 4,973,698 |
| Muckleshoot Indian Tribe | 6,970,973 |
| Nez Perce Tribe | 10,160,920 |
| Nisqually Indian Tribe | 2,993,737 |
| Port Gamble S'Klallam Tribe | 3,309,315 |
| Quinault Indian Nation | 7,578,585 |
| Shoalwater Bay Indian Tribe | 2,771,542 |
| Skokomish Indian Tribe | 2,624,949 |
| Squaxin Island Indian Tribe | 4,101,137 |
| Suquamish Tribe | 2,257,601 |
| Swinomish Indian Tribal Community | 3,038,541 |
| Tulalip Tribes of Washington | 8,450,889 |
| Sub-Total | 120,082,660 |
| Grand Total | 1,350,560,159 |

USE "PUBLIC" SPREADSHEET FY 2011 Self-Governance Data Table draft

Data as of: Preliminary final 9/30/11

| FY | Compacts | FAs | Funding Level for TSGP (\$ in mill) | IHS Budget (\$ in mill) | TSGP funding as % IHS Budget | Number of Tribes in TSGP | % of Federally Recognized Tribes |
|------|----------|-----|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 1994 | 14 | 14 | \$51.0 | | 2.4% | 14 | 2.6% |
| 1995 | 29 | 41 | \$262.7 | | 13.4% | 225 | 42.0% |
| 1996 | 29 | 41 | \$272.0 | | 13.7% | 225 | 42.0% |
| 1997 | 34 | 48 | \$350.0 | | 17.0% | 238 | 43.0% |
| 1998 | 39 | 55 | \$410.5 | | 19.6% | 251 | 45.1% |
| 1999 | 42 | 59 | \$576.3 | \$2,242.3 | 25.7% | 259 | 46.5% |
| 2000 | 44 | 63 | \$659.8 | \$2,390.7 | 27.6% | 262 | 47.1% |
| 2001 | 51 | 70 | \$734.3 | \$2,628.8 | 27.9% | 270 | 48.6% |
| 2002 | 57 | 76 | \$796.9 | \$2,759.1 | 28.9% | 280 | 50.2% |
| 2003 | 62 | 82 | \$898.5 | \$2,849.7 | 31.5% | 286 | 51.3% |
| 2004 | 65 | 85 | \$917.8 | \$2,958.2 | 31.0% | 292 | 52.0% |
| 2005 | 69 | 89 | \$974.1 | \$2,985.1 | 32.6% | 303 | 53.9% |
| 2006 | 72 | 93 | \$1,014.4 | \$3,045.3 | 33.3% | 322 | 57.3% |
| 2007 | 73 | 94 | \$1,053.8 | \$3,180.1 | 33.1% | 323 | 57.5% |
| 2008 | 73 | 94 | \$1,111.8 | \$3,346.2 | 33.2% | 323 | 57.5% |
| 2009 | 75 | 96 | \$1,236.3 | \$3,581.1 | 34.5% | 329 | 58.3% |
| 2010 | 77 | 98 | \$1,376.0 | \$4,052.4 | 34.0% | 331 | 58.7% |
| 2011 | 81 | 105 | \$1,385.6 | \$4,069.2 | 34.1% | 337 | 59.6% |

| Co | mpacts | FA | Tribes |
|-----------|------------|----|--------|
| SMC | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| NVE | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| CNV | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| CIT | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Jemez | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| TC | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Winslow | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Total New | <i>i</i> 4 | 7 | 6 |

Notes:

New in FY 11 - Stockbridge-Munsee Community, Native Village of Eyak, Chickaloon Native Village, Cowlitz Indian Tribe, Pueblo of Jemez, Tuba City Regional Health Care Corporation and Winslow Indian Health Care Center, Inc.

This page is a placeholder for future Tribal comments.