

The 11 occupations shown had 20,000 or more injuries and illnesses requiring days away from work (DAFW) from 2003 to 2006. In 2006, these occupations suffered a combined total of 420,350 cases, making up 36 percent of all injuries and illnesses.

Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers had the largest number of DAFW injuries and illnesses.

Light or delivery service truck drivers experienced a decline of 18 percent in their rate of DAFW injuries and illnesses, followed by carpenters, who experienced an 11-percent decline, and janitors and cleaners, who experienced a 10-percent decline.

None of these 11 occupations had a significant increase in DAFW injuries and illnesses from 2005 to 2006.

