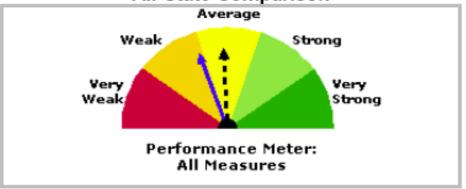
# AHRQ State Snapshots: New York

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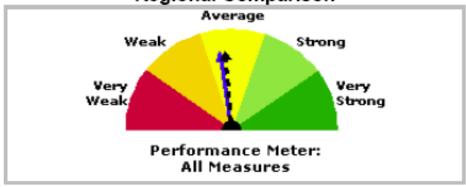
## Medicaid Reform: NY

- Movement of investment from inpatient to outpatient/ambulatory care
  - Historic imbalance
  - Broad promotion of primary care
  - Importance of 'value'
  - Prevention Quality Indicators (PQIs)
    - Comparative data from States within chronic disease grant (CHCS)
  - State Snapshots: benchmarking
    - Supported new Medicaid benefit: Certified Diabetes and Asthma Educators

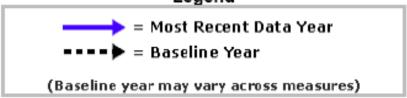
#### Overall Health Care Quality for New York All-State Comparison



#### Regional Comparison

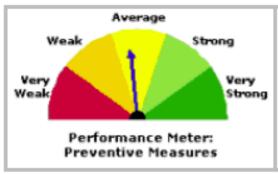


#### Legend

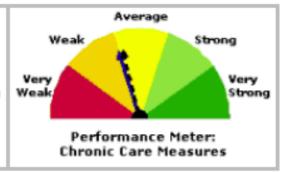


#### New York's Dashboard on Health Care Quality Compared to All States



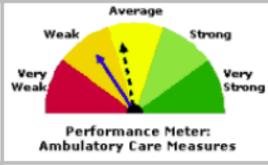


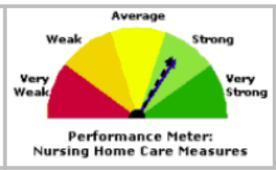




### Settings of Care

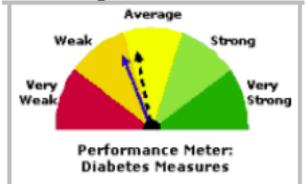


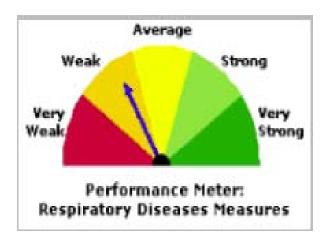






### Care by Clinical Area





#### New York's Weakest Measures

Weakest Measures are those in which the State performed below the all-State average and are weakest among their measures relative to all reporting States. These measures highlight some of the opportunities for improvement.

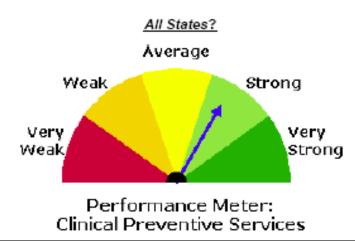
Note: The best result for each measure can be either the highest or lowest value. The direction representing best is noted in the "Best" column.

Measure Short Name	Measure Long Name	Best
Asthma admissions for children	Pediatric asthma admissions (excluding patients with cystic fibrosis or anomalies of the respiratory system and transfers from other institutions) per 100,000 population, ages 2-17	lowest
Home health care – plus urgent care	Percent of home health care patients who needed urgent, unplanned medical care	lowest
Avoidable hospitalizations – diabetes, uncomplicated	Admissions for uncontrolled diabetes without complication (excluding obstetric and neonatal admissions and transfers from other institutions) per 100,000 population, age 18 and over	lowest
Avoidable hospitalizations – diabetes, long-term complications	Admissions for diabetes with long-term complications (excluding obstetric admissions and transfers from other institutions) per 100,000 population, age 18 and over	lowest
Home health care – hospitalization	Percent of home health care patients who had to be admitted to the hospital	lowest

#### New York State Snapshot 2007

#### Focus on Clinical Preventive Services

#### What Is the Clinical Preventive Services Quality Performance Compared to



Compared to all States, for the most recent data year, the performance for New York for clinical preventive services measures is in the strong range. Performance for the baseline year is not available because of insufficient data.

# Challenges in NY

- Large health care investments yet 'average to weak'
  - Corroborated with other national report cards
- Focus on gaps in chronic care
  - Diabetes and asthma
    - Preventable admissions
- Data not Medicaid specific, but still viewed as relevant
  - Newer reports with more Medicaid/low income breakouts

# From Snapshot to Support for Diabetes/Asthma Educators

- Executive, budget, and legislative support required for new benefits and expenditures
- Clinical evidence for effectiveness uneven and not always clear
- State Snapshots provide 'benchmark' to catalyze policy and investment
  - Prioritize and focus
  - Disparities
  - Costs

## Next Steps

- Better tools and analysis to understand State differences on measures
  - What is behind the 'best' results?
- Relationship between measures
  - Structure/process and outcomes
  - Which measures have greatest 'impact'?
- Expand integration of disparities data and State Snapshots
- Customizing peer group and comparisons