

Federal Aviation Administration



# **ADVISORY CIRCULAR**

# 43-16A

# **AVIATION MAINTENANCE ALERTS**



BY

REAL PROVIDENT



SAFETY IS NURTURED

JANUARY 2012

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# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON, DC 20590

# **AVIATION MAINTENANCE ALERTS**

The Aviation Maintenance Alerts provides the aviation community with an economical means to exchange service experiences and to assist the FAA in improving aeronautical product durability, reliability, and safety. We prepare this publication from information operators and maintenance personnel who maintain civil aeronautical products pertaining to significant events or items of interest. At the time we prepared this document, we have not fully evaluated the material. As we identify additional facts such as cause and corrective action, we may publish additional data in subsequent issues of the Alerts. This procedure gives Alerts' readers prompt notice of conditions reported to the FAA Service Difficulty Reporting System (SDRS). We welcome your participation, comments, and suggestions for improvement. Send to: FAA; ATTN: Aviation Data Systems Branch (AFS-620); P.O. Box 25082; Oklahoma City, OK 73125-5029.

(Editor's notes are provided for editorial clarification and enhancement within an article. They will always be recognized as italicized words bordered by parentheses.)

# AIRPLANES

### Bombardier: 700-1A10: Loose Power Cable; ATA 2497

A repair station technician states, "The customer noticed an amber 'electrical system fail' CAS message (*crew advisory system*). (*Inspection*) found a power cable for the number two TRU (*transformer/rectifier unit*) had come free. Also found were two charred wire harnesses at the number two SPDU (Secondary Power Distribution Unit)—and 'arcing marks' on the unit (*itself*). This arcing appears to have been caused by the loose power cable.

"The power cable P/N is 3PB189A4. It connects at one end to the TRU2 post on the forward side of the unit labeled 'DC Power Center'. This unit is located under the floorboard of the cockpit entry area. The other end connects to the bus bar of a unit (P/N 7274-11-15) which contains two fifteen amp circuit breakers. (*This too is found*) under the floorboards in the same area. The circuit breakers are marked 'Feeder 1' and 'Feeder 2'.

"The charred wire harnesses are P/N's A13P5/A13J5 F230 and A13P6/A13J6 F235. These two harnesses connect to cannon plugs on the SPDU assembly.

"No cause has been determined for the power cable coming loose. Bombardier technical representatives have been notified and *(they)* will evaluate *this issue)*."





Part Total Time: 2,002.5 hours

CASA 2011-06

### Cessna: U206F; Trim Tab Actuator Failure; ATA (N/A)

(Transport Canada provides the following Civil Aviation Safety Alert.)



Transport Transports Canada Canada

Document No. /Document nº :

Date: 2011-10-18 Page: 1 of/de 5

## CIVIL AVIATION SAFETY ALERT

**ATTENTION:** 

Owners and Maintainers of Cessna 206 Aeroplanes

### Propriétaires et spécialistes de la maintenance des aéronefs des modèles 206 de Cessna

À L'ATTENTION DE :

#### ELEVATOR TRIM ACTUATOR – FAILURE CESSNA U206F

#### **PURPOSE:**

This CASA is issued to inform owners and maintainers of Cessna U206 series aeroplanes of a potential unsafe condition regarding corrosion of the Elevator Trim Actuator.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

Transport Canada Civil Aviation (TCCA) has received a Service Difficulty Report (SDR) describing an in<sup>\$</sup>flight failure of the threaded rod end of the trim tab actuator (P/N 1260074-1). The threaded rod end fractured and separated from the actuator assembly which then jammed the elevator assembly. When the jam cleared, a serious tailplane flutter occurred that caused major damage to the elevator, elevator trim tab and the horizontal stabilizer.



A damaged R/H Horizontal Stabilizer

5537310

#### RUPTURE DU VÉRIN DU COMPENSATEUR DE PROFONDEUR D'UN CESSNA U206F

ALERTE À LA SÉCURITÉ

**DE L'AVIATION CIVILE** 

#### **OBJET**:

La présente Alerte à la sécurité de l'Aviation civile (ASAC) vise à informer les propriétaires et les spécialistes de la maintenance d'aéronefs Cessna U206 de la présence d'un danger potentiel inhérent à la corrosion du vérin du compensateur de profondeur.

#### CONTEXTE :

Transports Canada, Aviation civile (TCAC) a reçu un Rapport de difficultés en service (RDS) signalant la rupture en vol de l'extrémité de la tige filetée du vérin du compensateur de profondeur (réf. 1260074-1). Une fois fracturée, l'extrémité de la tige filetée s'est détachée du vérin, qui a ensuite coincé la profondeur. Après décoinçage, l'empennage horizontal s'est mis à battre intensément, ce qui a causé d'importants dommages à la profondeur, au tab de compensation de la profondeur et au stabilisateur.



Un stabilisateur de droite endommagé

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Shortly after departure, the pilot noticed that only limited elevator authority was available. To prevent impending the airframe stall, the pilot increased the engine power and pushed on the control column to get the nose of the aeroplane down. The pilot suddenly heard a loud noise, which was immediately followed by significant airframe vibrations. Fortunately, the pilot was able to regain enough elevator (pitch) authority to execute a forced landing at the nearby airfield.

Once the elevator jam cleared itself, the fractured rod end (still attached to the pushpull tube) began to thrash and flail about, causing significant damage to the tail section. The tailplane "flutter" (unstable oscillations) became so severe that both the front and rear spars of the R/H horizontal stabilizer completely fractured. Although, the R/H elevator assembly hinges were still attached, the R/H elevator and horizontal stabilizer assemblies were severely bent, twisted and buckled.

A follow-up investigation found that the threaded rod end (P/N 0310362-5) of the elevator trim tab actuator had completely fractured. The threaded rod end is mated into a long screw (tube) assembly (P/N 1260049-1) that fits inside the body of the actuator assembly (P/N 1260074-1). When the fracture occurred, the now failed trim rod managed to jam the R/H elevator to the down position. Considerable post-fracture damage such as pounding, rubbing and scratching was evident.



A disassembled R/H Elevator Trim Actuator Assembly

Peu après le départ, le pilote a remarqué qu'il n'avait pas une pleine maîtrise de la profondeur. Pour éviter un décrochage imminent, le pilote a augmenté la puissance du moteur et a poussé sur le volant pour mettre son aéronef en piqué. Le pilote a soudainement entendu un violent bruit immédiatement suivi de fortes vibrations de la cellule. Fort heureusement, le pilote a réussi à reprendre suffisamment la maîtrise de la profondeur (du tangage) pour effectuer un atterrissage forcé à un aérodrome des environs.

La profondeur s'étant décoincée d'elle-même, l'extrémité de la tige fracturée (toujours fixée au tube à double effet) s'est mise à s'agiter et à battre, causant d'importants dommages à l'empennage. Les battements (ou oscillations instables) de l'empennage horizontal ont pris une ampleur telle que les longerons avant et arrière du stabilisateur droit se sont complètement fracturés. Les articulations de la profondeur droite avaient beau être toujours en place, il n'empêche que la profondeur et le stabilisateur de droite ont été fortement pliés, tordus et déformés.

L'enquête qui a suivi a permis de découvrir que l'extrémité de la tige filetée (réf. 0310362-5) du vérin du tab de compensation de la profondeur s'était entièrement rompue. Cette extrémité de la tige filetée est raccordée à un long tube faisant office de vis (réf. 1260049-1) qui est logé à l'intérieur du corps du vérin (réf. 1260074-1). Au moment de la rupture, la tige du compensateur maintenant libre de se déplacer est allée coincer la profondeur droite en position abaissée. Il y avait présence de très importants dommages postérieurs à la rupture sous forme de martèlement, de frottement et d'égratignures



Un vérin du compensateur de profondeur droite démontée

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The subject actuator assembly was purchased by the owner as being newly overhauled in August of 2003 from a local source, however, the time since new (TSN) is unknown.

Currently, there are two different actuator assemblies available. The subject aeroplane was configured with the older-style actuator that is clamped to a bracket and attached to the rear spar of the horizontal stabilizer. The newer style trim tab actuator (P/N 1260149-1) has a grease nipple on the actuator body for ease of lubrication and is secured onto the elevator rear spar position using 4 bolts.

For additional information, please refer to Cessna Single Engine Service Letter SE73-25 regarding free play limits, cleaning, inspection and lubrication instructions.

Both types of actuators are disassembled, inspected and lubricated and/or replaced during the scheduled 1000 hour/3 year overhaul inspection.

The Canadian Transportation Safety Board Engineering Report concluded that the threaded rod failed in reverse bending fatigue (high cycle – low stress) at the 1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> thread from the shank. The actuator was installed in the overhaul condition in August of 2003 at 7477.5 total airframe hours. The failure occurred at 10 303 total airframe hours; thus the trim tab actuator assembly was in service for 2825.5 flight hours since overhaul. During the period of 6 years, the actuator assembly was visually inspected and checked for freeplay every 50-flight hours in accordance with the operator's own specific requirements. There were no visible defects noted, nor any replacement recorded in the aircraft records.

The TSB Report also concludes that the chemical composition and thread dimensions of the trim tab actuator screw were in agreement with the manufacturers' specifications. Traces of corrosion were found on the threaded rod end and on the outer surface of the screw indicating moisture ingress. Multiple origin sites of reverse bending fatigue suggested that it was not a surface defect that caused the initial fatigue, but rather a general stress concentration in the thread root.

En août 2003, le propriétaire de l'aéronef s'était adressé à un vendeur local pour acheter le vérin en question comme une pièce nouvellement révisée; toutefois, le nombre d'heures d'utilisation depuis la mise en service initiale (TSN) est inconnu.

À l'heure actuelle, deux vérins différents sont disponibles. L'aéronef en question était équipé du vérin de l'ancienne conception qui est fixé à une ferrure et attaché au longeron arrière du stabilisateur. Le vérin du tab du compensateur de nouvelle conception (réf. 1260149-1) est muni d'un graisseur sur le corps du vérin pour en faciliter la lubrification et est fixé en position sur le longeron arrière de la profondeur à l'aide de 4 boulons.

Pour de plus amples renseignements, consulter la *Cessna Single Engine Service Letter* SE73-25 traitant des limites de jeu ainsi que des instructions de nettoyage, d'inspection et de lubrification.

Les deux types de vérin sont démontés, inspectés et lubrifiés et/ou remplacés pendant les révisions planifiées aux 1000 heures ou aux 3 ans.

Le Rapport de laboratoire technique du Bureau de la sécurité des transports (BST) du Canada a conclu que la tige filetée s'était rompue à la suite d'une fatigue en flexion inversée (cycle élevé - contrainte faible) au premier ou au deuxième filet de la tige. Le vérin révisé avait été posé en août 2003 à un total de 7477,5 heures cellule. La rupture s'est produite à 10 303 heures cellule, ce qui veut dire que le vérin du tab du compensateur totalisait 2825,5 heures de service depuis sa dernière révision. Durant ces six ans, le vérin avait été inspecté visuellement et son jeu vérifié aux 50 heures de vol, conformément aux propres exigences particulières de l'exploitant. Aucune défectuosité visible n'a été constatée, et aucun remplacement n'avait été consigné dans les dossiers de l'aéronef.

Le rapport du BST a également conclu que la composition chimique et les dimensions des filets de la vis du tab du compensateur respectaient les spécifications du constructeur. Des traces de corrosion ont été découvertes sur l'extrémité de la tige filetée et à la surface extérieure de la vis, signe d'une pénétration d'humidité. Les multiples endroits d'origine de la fatigue en flexion inversée laissent penser que ce n'est pas une défectuosité en surface qui a causé la fatigue initiale, mais plutôt une concentration générale de contraintes au fond du filet.

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Cessna Aircraft Company agrees mostly with the TSB analysis and conclusions. Cessna stated that significant corrosion was found on the internal and external threaded screws and the grease showed evidence of old-age and water content. This raises the possibility of corrosion related fatigue having occurred in the initial stages of cracking on the elevator tab screw.

#### **RECOMMENDED ACTION:**

Transport Canada Civil Aviation (TCCA) recommends that owners, operators and other responsible agencies closely follow the manufacturers maintenance instructions.

Whenever actuator disassembly is required, maintenance personnel need to closely examine the threaded rod for damaged threads or dirt particles. It is also critical to closely examine the threaded rod and its mating screw for wobble/binding and corrosion and carry out the free play check. It is important to note that whenever it is necessary to install new bearings that maintainers carefully drill the bearing so the drill will emerge from the existing hole on the opposite side of the actuator housing. If these holes are drilled oversized, then misalignment/wobble of the threaded rod could induce stress and result in fracture of the threaded rod.

Mechanical failure of any flight control linkage can result in loss of control and severe "flutter" that can significantly overstress the airframe. In this case, a catastrophic event almost occurred as the R/H horizontal stabilizer and elevator had nearly separated from the aeroplane.

Defects, malfunctions and failures occurring on aeronautical products are to be reported to Transport Canada, Continuing Airworthiness in accordance with CAR 521 mandatory Service Difficulty Reporting requirements. La Cessna Aircraft Company est en majeure partie d'accord avec l'analyse et les conclusions du BST. Cessna a déclaré que d'importantes traces de corrosion avaient été découvertes sur les vis à filet internes et externes et que la graisse présentait des signes de vieillissement et des traces d'eau, ce qui soulève la possibilité d'une fatigue reliée à la corrosion qui se serait produite dans les premières étapes de la fissuration de la vis du tab de profondeur.

#### **MESURE RECOMMANDÉE :**

Transports Canada, Aviation civile (TCAC) recommande aux propriétaires, aux exploitants et aux autres organismes responsables de bien respecter les instructions de maintenance des constructeurs.

À chaque fois qu'il y a démontage d'un vérin, le personnel de maintenance se doit d'examiner attentivement la tige filetée à la recherche de filets endommagés ou de particules de saleté. Il est également de la plus haute importance d'examiner de près la tige filetée et ses vis d'accouplement à la recherche de battement axial/ de blocage ainsi que de corrosion, et de vérifier le jeu. Il est important de noter que s'il est nécessaire d'installer de nouveaux paliers, le personnel de maintenance doit percer avec soin le palier de manière que la mèche sorte du trou existant du côté opposé du logement du vérin. Si les trous percés sont trop grands, un mauvais alignement ou un battement axial de la tige filetée risque de générer des contraintes et d'entraîner une rupture de la tige filetée.

Toute défaillance mécanique de la tringlerie des commandes de vol peut provoquer une perte de maîtrise et un important « battement » qui va soumettre la cellule à de fortes contraintes. Dans le présent cas, un événement catastrophique a failli se produire, le stabilisateur et la profondeur de droite s'étant presque détachés de l'aéronef.

Les défectuosités, les mauvais fonctionnements et les pannes de produits aéronautiques devraient être signalés au Maintien de la navigabilité aérienne de Transports Canada, conformément aux exigences du RAC 521 qui obligent à transmettre des rapports de difficultés en service.

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#### CONTACT OFFICE:

For further information, contact a Transport Canada Center, or Barry Caldwell, Continuing Airworthiness, Ottawa at 613-952-4357, facsimile 613-996-9178, or email <u>CAWWEBFeedback@tc.gc.ca</u>

#### Note:

For the electronic version of this document, please consult the following Web address: www.tc.gc.ca/CivilAviation/certification/menu.htm

For the Director, National Aircraft Certification

#### **BUREAU RESPONSABLE :**

Pour obtenir davantage de renseignements communiquer avec un Centre de Transports Canada ou avec Barry Caldwell, Maintien de la navigabilité aérienne, à Ottawa, téléphone 613-952-4357 télécopieur 613-996-9178 ou courrier électronique CAWWEBFeedback@tc.gc.ca.

Nota:

La version électronique de ce document se trouve à l'adresse Web suivante : www.tc.gc.ca/aviationcivile/certification/menu.htm

Pour le directeur, Certification nationale des aéronefs,

Derek Ferguson Chief, Continuing Airworthiness Chef, Maintien de la navigabilité aérienne

THE TRANSPORT CANADA CIVIL AVIATION SAFETY ALERT (CASA) IS USED TO CONVEY IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION AND CONTAINS RECOMMENDED ACTION ITEMS. THE CASA STRIVES TO ASSIST THE AVIATION INDUSTRY'S EFFORTS TO PROVIDE A SERVICE WITH THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE DEGREE OF SAFETY. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS OFTEN CRITICAL AND MUST BE CONVEYED TO THE APPROPRIATE OFFICE IN A TIMELY MANNER. THE CASA MAY BE CHANGED OR AMENDED SHOULD NEW INFORMATION BECOME AVAILABLE.

L'ALERTE À LA SÉCURITÉ DE L'AVIATION CIVILE (ASAC) DE TRANSPORTS CANADA SERT À COMMUNIQUER DES RENSEIGNEMENTS DE SÉCURITÉ IMPORTANTS ET CONTIENT DES MESURES DE SUIVI RECOMMANDÉES. UNE ASAC VISE À AIDER LE MILIEU AÉRONAUTIQUE DANS SES EFFORTS VISANT À OFFRIR UN SERVICE AYANT UN NIVEAU DE SÉCURITÉ AUSSI ÉLEVÉ QUE POSSIBLE. LES RENSEIGNEMENTS QU'ELLE CONTIENT SONT SOUVENT CRITIQUES ET DOIVENT ÉTRE TRANSMIS RAPIDEMENT PAR LE BUREAU APPROPRIE. L'ASAC POURRA ÉTRE MODIFIÉE OU MISE À JOUR SI DE NOUVEAUX RENSEIGNEMENTS DEVIENNENT DISPONIBLES.

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### Cessna: 550; Cracked Seat Base Assembly; ATA 2510

(Note the next Alerts entry for a similar report—Ed.)

"The upper Seat Base Assembly (*P/N 5519015—15*) was found cracked at the chair back attach points," states this repair station mechanic. "Stress on the chair back and metal fatigue are the probable cause. Also (*observed*) was a previous, inappropriate repair.

"This chair was repaired in accordance with STC ST01042WI." (Seat base P/N: 5519009-21.)





(This -21 P/N reflects thirteen times in the SDRS database.) Part Total Time: (unknown)

### Cessna: 550; Cracked Seat Base Assembly; ATA 2510

The previous *Alerts* submitter provides another seat defect report from a different airplane. "The upper Seat base assembly (*P/N 5519015-16*) was found cracked at the chair back attach points (*seat base P/N: 5519009-22*). Metal fatigue and stress on the chair back is the probable cause. This chair was repaired in accordance with STC STO1042WI."

(Note: extra "plywood" has been eliminated from the following photos to save a little space—Ed.)





(*The -22 P/N is found in the SDRS database eleven times.*) Part Total Time: (unknown)

### Cessna: 550B; Failed Landing Gear Retraction; ATA 3230

A submission from a corporate charter operation reads, "After departure from (*the airport*) the crew was unable to retract the landing gear. The left main gear initially retracted—then returned to a down and locked position. The right (*main gear*) and nose landing gear operated normally. After completing the gear malfunction checklist, the crew returned to (*the airport*) for a normal approach and landing.

"Upon inspection, the cable for the emergency release on the left main gear was found to be adjusted too tight."

(The SDRS database has six entries for this aircraft's gear up-lock actuator: P/N: 5527504-2.)

Part Total Time: 4,375.5 hours

### Cessna: 560; Fuel Ejector Contamination; ATA 7313

(This report references a Pratt and Whitney 535A engine.)

"After a normal start," states this mechanic, "the L/H power lever was advanced to 'taxi'—and when retarded slightly to adjust power setting, the 'low fuel pressure' annunciator was noted to be illuminated briefly, then followed by the 'L/H Fuel Pump On' annunciator. Turning the electric fuel pump switch to 'off' and back to 'normal' extinguished the 'L/H Fuel Pump On' annunciator. The throttle lever was advanced and retarded as before—and the problem repeated itself. Conferring with Cessna Citation technical representatives, it was suggested to inspect the engine fuel filter (which was done). No contaminates were found. The fuel pump pressure switch (P/N 9912033-2) was swapped Right to Left, but the problem did not follow. These were returned to their normal positions. Cessna sent a maintenance team to defuel, inspect, and troubleshoot the problem. Their results: a small plastic fragment was found restricting the output of the L/H fuel ejector (jet) pump (P/N 9912190-5). The aircraft was refueled, operationally and leaked checked (okay), and returned to service. As of this writing, the (*plastic*) particle and its source have not been identified. The fuel control was recently replaced on the L/H engine—this may have been the source as it provides the motive flow fuel pressure to the ejector."

Part Total Time: 850.0 hours

### Diamond: DA20-C1; Cracked Nose Landing Gear Forks; ATA (N/A)

(Transport Canada provides the following Civil Aviation Safety Alert.)



Canada

Transport Transports Canada

**ALERTE À LA SÉCURITÉ** 

**DE L'AVIATION CIVILE** 

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# **CIVIL AVIATION** SAFETY ALERT

#### ATTENTION:

Owners and Maintainers of Diamond Aircraft Industries Inc., aeroplane models DA20-A1 and DA20-C1

#### NOSE LANDING GEAR FORK ASSEMBLY - INSPECTION / REPLACEMENT

#### PURPOSE:

This Civil Aviation Safety Alert (CASA) is issued to inform owners and maintainers of a potential unsafe condition regarding cracking of the nose landing gear fork (NLG) assembly.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

Cracks have been discovered on the NLG fork assembly, part number (P/N) 20-3220-08-00, during routine NLG inspections. The cracks appear just above the axle hole on the cut out flange. A review of the Service Difficulty Report Database from 2005 to 2010 has revealed 10 reports concerning this issue.

In order to better detect cracking of the NLG fork assembly, Diamond Aircraft Industries has revised their DA20-A1 and DA20-C1 Aircraft Maintenance Manual Chapter 05-20-00, Scheduled Maintenance Checks. These changes require more frequent and more detailed inspections. Furthermore, Diamond offers a more robust fork assembly, P/N 20-3220-08-00\_1, as a replacement for the original P/N 20-3220-08-00. The new part will be installed on new production models and supplied for future procurement orders.

Further detail on this product improvement is available from Diamond Service Information Letters SIL20A1-008 and SIL20C1-005 or by contacting Diamond Aircraft Industries Inc. at www.diamondaircraft.com.

#### **INSPECTION / REMPLACEMENT DE LA** FOURCHE DE TRAIN AVANT

Propriétaires et spécialistes de la maintenance des

aéronefs des modèles DA20-A1 et DA20-C1 de

Diamond Aircraft Industries Inc.

#### **OBJET**:

**A L'ATTENTION DE :** 

La présente Alerte à la Sécurité de l'Aviation Civile (ASAC) est publiée pour informer les propriétaires et les spécialistes de la maintenance au sujet d'une situation potentiellement dangereuse à l'égard du fissurage de la fourche du train avant.

#### CONTEXTE :

rapports de difficultés en service de 2005 à 2010 a révélé l'existence de 10 rapports relatifs à ce problème.

Afin de mieux déceler les fissures de la fourche du train avant, Diamond Aircraft Industries a modifié le chapitre 05-20-00, Vérifications de maintenance planifiée, du manuel de maintenance de ses aéronefs DA20-A1 et DA20-C1. Ces modifications exigent des inspections plus fréquentes et plus approfondies. De plus, Diamond offre une fourche réf. 20-3220-08-00\_1 plus robuste en remplacement de la fourche d'origine réf. 20-3220-08-00. La nouvelle pièce équipera les nouveaux modèles de série et sera livrée dans les prochaines commandes d'approvisionnement.

On peut obtenir de plus amples renseignements sur les améliorations apportées à ce produit dans les bulletins d'information sur l'entretien de Diamond SIL20A1-008 et SIL20C1-005 ou en contactant Diamond Aircraft Industries Inc. à l'adresse suivante : www.diamondaircraft.com.

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#### **RECOMMENDED ACTION:**

Civil Aviation Transport Canada (TCCA) recommends aeroplane owners and maintainers acquaint themselves with and adhere to the changes in Diamond's revised inspection schedule. TCCA also recommends aeroplane owners replace their original NLG fork assembly with the improved part.

#### CONTACT OFFICE:

For more information concerning this issue, contact Robert Dixon, Accident/Incident Investigation, Continuing Airworthiness, National Aircraft Certification in Ottawa, by telephone at 613-952-4308, by fax at 613-996-9178 or by e-mail at robert.dixon@fc.gc.ca.

#### **MESURE RECOMMANDÉE :**

Transports Canada, Aviation civile (TCAC) recommande fortement à tous les propriétaires et exploitants visés de prendre connaissance des modifications apportées au calendrier d'inspection de Diamond et de s'y conformer. TCAC recommande également aux propriétaires visés de remplacer la fourche de train avant d'origine par la nouvelle fourche améliorée.

#### **BUREAU RESPONSABLE :**

Pour davantage de renseignements à ce sujet, veuillez communiquer avec un Centre de Transports Canada ou avec Robert Dixon, Enquêtes des accidents et incidents, Maintien de la navigabilité, Certification nationale des aéronefs à Ottawa, par téléphone au 613-952-4308, par télécopieur au 613-996-9178 ou par courriel à robert.dixon@tc.gc.ca.

Derek Ferguson Chief, Continuing Airworthiness Chef, Maintien de la navigabilité aérienne

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L'ALERTE À LA SÉCURITÉ DE L'AVIATION CIVILE (ASAC) DE TRANSPORTS CANADA SERT À COMMUNIQUER DES RENSEIGNEMENTS DE SÉCURITÉ IMPORTANTS ET CONTIENT DES MESURES DE SUIVI RECOMMANDEES. UNE ASAC VISE À AIDER LE MILIEU AERONAUTIQUE DANS SES EFFORTS VISANT À OFFRIR UN SERVICE AYANT UN NIVEAU DE SÉCURITÉ AUSSI ÉLEVÉ QUE POSSIBLE. LES RENSEIGNEMENTS QU'ELLE CONTIENT SONT SOUVENT CRITIQUES ET DOIVENT ÊTRE TRANSMIS RAPIDEMENT PAR LE BUREAU APPROPRIÉ. L'ASAC POURRA ÉTRE MODIFIÉE QU MISE À JOUR SI DE NOUVEAUX RENSEIGNEMENTS DEVIENNENT DISPONIBLES.

RDIMS Document number / Numéro du document du SGDDI ;

File Classilaction Number

Numero de dossier de classification : (For internal use only - Pour usage interne sculement)

(The fork assembly part number has seven entries in the SDRS database—Ed.)

6572085

Part Total Time: (N/A)

# HELICOPTERS

Bell: 206L (-1,-3,-4); Main Rotor Blade Fatigue Cracking; ATA (N/A)

(Transport Canada provides the following Civil Aviation Safety Alert.)



Transport Transports Canada Canada

# CIVIL AVIATION SAFETY ALERT

#### **ATTENTION:**

OWNERS & OPERATORS OF BELL HELICOPTER TEXTRON CANADA HELICOPTER MODELS 206L, L-1, L-3 AND L-4 AFFECTED BY ASB 206L-09-159 LATEST REVISION.

#### Main Rotor Blade separation in-flight. PURPOSE:

The purposes of this CASA is to disseminate information relevant to Owners and Operators of Bell 206L series helicopters affected by Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) 206L-09-159, "MAIN ROTOR BLADE 206-015-001-107, /-109, /- 111, /-115, /-117, /-119 and -121 CHECK OF." Revision A, dated November 13, 2009.

#### BACKGROUND:

Transport Canada Civil Aviation (TCCA) was advised of a Bell 206L-1 helicopter accident, August 31, 2008, in the United States.

The National Transportation Safety Board Materials Laboratory conducted a metallurgical examination of the failed main rotor blade. The report indicated that a combination of residual stresses in the spar, and excessive voids between the spar and the blade's internal lead inertia weight, may lead to fatigue cracking in the blade.

TCCA consulted with Bell Helicopter Textron Canada (BHTC) regarding this issue. BHTC completed an extensive investigation and examination of the relevant main rotor blade records and ASB 206L-09-159 was subsequently issued. Considering the findings and results of the investigation and examination of this accident, this main rotor blade failure was considered an isolated incident. Consequently, ASB 206L-09-159 was not mandated by an Airworthiness Directive.

RDIMS Document number / Numéro du document du SGDDI :

File Classification Number Numero de dossier de deserfucition : (For internal use only - Pour usage interne seulement) Document No. /Document nº :

CASA 2011-08 2011-11-17 1 of/de 2

ALERTE À LA SÉCURITÉ DE L'AVIATION CIVILE

Date :

Page :

### À L'ATTENTION DE :

PROPRIÉTAIRES ET EXPLOITANTS D'HÉLICOPTÈRES DE BELL HELICOPTER TEXTRON CANADA DE MODÈLES 206L, L-1, L-3 ET L-4 VISÉS PAR LA PLUS RÉCENTE RÉVISION DU BSA 206L-09-159.

Détachement en vol d'une pale de rotor principal OBJET :

La présente ASAC vise à distribuer de l'information pertinente aux propriétaires et exploitants des hélicoptères Bell de la série 206L visés par le bulletin service d'alerte (BSA) 206L-09-159, « VÉRIFICATION DE LA PALE DE ROTOR PRINCIPAL 206-015-001-107, /-109, /-111, /-115, /-119 et -121 ». révision A, en date du 13 novembre 2009.

#### CONTEXTE :

On a avisé Transports Canada, Aviation civile (TCAC) d'un accident de Bell 206L-1 survenu le 31 août 2008 aux États-Unis.

Le laboratoire des matériaux du National Transportation Safety Board a procédé à un examen métallurgique de la pale du rotor principal qui s'était rompue. Le rapport a indiqué qu'une combinaison de contraintes résiduelles dans le longeron et un vide trop important entre ce dernier et la masse d'inertie interne de la pale peuvent entraîner le fissurage par fatigue de cette dernière.

Bell TCAC consulté a Helicopter Textron Canada (BHTC) concernant ce problème. BHTC a procédé à une vaste enquête et à un examen des dossiers de la pale du rotor principal pertinente et a par la suite publié le BSA 206L-09-159. En tenant compte des constatations et des résultats auxquels ont mené l'enquête et l'examen en rapport avec cet accident, on a considéré la rupture de cette pale de rotor principal comme un incident isolé. Par conséquent, on n'a pas rendu obligatoire le BSA 206L-09 159 au moyen d'une consigne de navigabilité.



7127641

TCCA has recently been advised of another Bell Helicopter 206L accident in Canada, November 9, 2011, with similar main rotor blade failure characteristics as the 2008 blade failure noted above. TCCA is consulting with the investigative authority, the Canadian Transportation Safety Board (CTSB) and BHTC, to collect all relevant information for possible mandatory corrective action.

TCCA advises that the wipe check with blue food coloring solution, as recommended in ASB 206L-09-159 Rev "A" Part II, is not eligible as an "Elementary Task" as specified in the Canadian Aviation Regulation (CAR) Standard 625, Appendix A, item 29.

#### **RECOMMENDED ACTION:**

TCCA strongly recommends that affected main rotor blades be subjected to radiograph inspection (X-Ray) as soon as possible, per Part III of ASB 206L-09-159 Rev "A", dated November 13, 2009.

#### CONTACT OFFICE:

For more information contact a Transport Canada Centre; or Marcel Gauthier, Continuing Airworthiness, Ottawa, at 613-952-4357, facsimile 613-996-9178, or e-mail <u>CAWWEBFeedback@tc.gc.ca</u>

Note: For the electronic version of this document, please consult the following Web address: <u>http://www.tc.gc.ca/eng/civilaviation/certifi</u> cation/menu.htm

For the Director, National Aircraft Certification

On a récemment signalé à TCAC un autre accident d'hélicoptère Bell 206L au Canada, survenu le 9 novembre 2011, dans lequel les caractéristiques de rupture d'une pale du rotor principal ressemblaient à celles de l'accident survenu en 2008 mentionné ci-dessus. TCAC consulte actuellement le responsable de l'enquête, le Bureau de la sécurité des transports (BST) du Canada et BHTC, afin de recueillir toute information pertinente pour les possibilités de mesures correctives obligatoires.

TCAC affirme que l'épreuve de contamination par frottis au moyen du colorant alimentaire bleu que recommande la partie II de la rév. A du BSA 206L-09-159 n'est pas admissible comme « travail élémentaire », comme le mentionne le point 29 de l'appendice A de la norme 625 du Règlement de l'aviation canadien (RAC).

#### MESURE RECOMMANDÉE :

TCAC recommande fortement que les pales de rotor principal visées fassent dès que possible l'objet d'une inspection radiographique (aux rayons X), conformément à la partie III de la rév. A du BSA 206L-09-159, en date du 13 novembre 2009.

#### **BUREAU RESPONSABLE :**

Pour obtenir davantage de renseignements communiquer avec un Centre de Transports Canada ou avec Marcel Gauthier, Maintien de la navigabilité aérienne, à Ottawa, téléphone 613-952-4357 télécopieur 613-996-9178 ou courrier électronique CAWWEBFeedback@tc.gc.ca.

Nota: La version électronique de ce document se trouve à l'adresse Web suivante : <u>http://www.tc.gc.ca/fra/aviationcivile/certificat</u> ion/menu.htm

Pour le directeur, certification nationale des aéronefs

Derek Ferguson Chief, Continuing Airworthiness Chef, Maintien de la navigabilité aérienne

THE TRANSPORT CANADA CIVIL AVIATION SAFETY ALERT (CASA) IS USED TO CONVEY IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION AND CONTAINS RECOMMENDED ACTION ITEMS. THE CASA STRIVES TO ASSIST THE AVIATION INDUSTRY'S EFFORTS TO PROVIDE A SERVICE WITH THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE DEGREE OF SAFETY. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS OFTEN CRITICAL AND MUST BE CONVEYED TO THE APPROPRIATE OFFICE IN A TIMELY MANNER. THE CASA MAY BE CHANGED OR AMENDED SHOULD NEW INFORMATION BECOME AVAILABLE.	L'ALERTE À LA SÉCURITÉ DE L'AVIATION CIVILE (ASAC) DE TRANSPORTS CANADA SERT À COMMUNIQUER DES RENSEIGNEMENTS DE SÉCURITÉ IMPORTANTS ET CONTIENT DES MESURES DE SUIVI RECOMMANDÉES. UNE ASAC VISE À AIDER LE MILIEU AÉRONAUTIQUE DANS SES EFFORTS VISANT À OFFRIR UN SERVICE AYANT UN NIVEAU DE SÉCURITÉ AUSSI ÉLEVÉ QUE POSSIBLE. LES RENSEIGNEMENTS QU'ELLE CONTIENT SONT SOUVENT CRITIQUES ET DOIVENT ÊTRE TRANSMIS RAPIDEMENT PAR LE BUREAU APPROPRIÉ. L'ASAC POURRA ÊTRE MODIFIÉE OU MISE À JOUR SI DE NOUVEAUX RENSEIGNEMENTS DEVIENNENT DISPONIBLES.
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 RDIMS Document number / Numéro du document du SGDDI :

7127641

 File Classification Number / Numéro de dossier de classification : (Forintomal use only - Pour usage interne seulement)

Z 5000-35

Page 2 of/de 2

(*The -107 part number has ninety entries in the SDRS database—Ed.*) Part Total Time: (N/A)

# **POWERPLANTS**

### Pratt & Whitney: PW610F-A; Coked Combustion Liner; ATA 7250

(This engine report references an Eclipse EA500 business jet aircraft.)

An FAA inspector writes, "(*This aircraft*) developed a problem with the left engine temperature running high, followed by a 'left engine exceed' CAS (Crew Alerting System) message. The pilot reduced power on that engine hoping to reduce its temperature—but the temperature continued to climb. The engine was shut down, and then he notified (*the destination's ATC*) Air Traffic Control center. The aircraft was flying at FL 370 (*flight level 37,000*) when the call was made. The (*flight*) was diverted to an (*alternate*) airport due to the loss of the left engine, landing without incident." (*Here the engine was replaced by Pratt and Whitney*.)

"Airworthiness Directive AD 2008-24-07 limits this aircraft to FL 370—higher altitudes cause this aircraft engine to quickly produce hard carbon buildup (coking)."

(Given the aircraft was operating within its altitude parameters, what caused the coking? Answer: Since this defect report submission early last year, AD 2008-24-07 has been superseded by AD 2011-06-06, lowering the maximum operating altitude to 30,000 feet. Reference:

http://www.airweb.faa.gov/Regulatory\_and\_Guidance\_Library/rgAD.nsf/0/2cc04439cdf7038e8625784f0051ba17 /\$FILE/2011-06-06.pdf

Only one paper-scanned photo survived multiple e-mail transmissions sufficiently well to show some of the coke (carbon) buildup on what appears to be the turbine's rotor or stator—Ed.)



Part Total Time: 26.8 hours

# ACCESSORIES

### Aerosekur Floats: Series 109-0900-15; Unapproved Repairs; ATA 3212

The Quality Control department for a repair station submitted this report. "(*Our shop*) received several Aerosekur Emergency Flotation Systems used on Agusta A109 helicopters. During inspection/evaluation, unapproved repairs were found to have been incorporated into these emergency float assemblies. In accordance with Aerosekur Component Maintenance Manual (CMM) 25-61-01, section 6, D, Repairs (*it states*): 'Use no more than three patches per float.' The floats received had up to eleven (and as little as seven) patches on each float. (*Additionally*), the float stowage pack-board/metallic structures had been modified with an unapproved coating/paint, and the Return to Service documentation (*from a previous repair station; March 2009*) referenced technical data that was out of revision (CMM 25-61-01, revision 01). Revision 3 was issued in March 2004."

Part(s) Total Time: (various)

### Kelly Alternator: ALU8521; Broken Brush-block Wire; ATA 2421

(This report references a Diamond DA40 aircraft sporting a Lycoming IO360 engine.)

A repair station technician states, "This alternator failed in flight. (I) found the brush-block wire broken."



(There are five additional reports for this part number in the SDRS database.) Part Total Time: 98.8 hours

# AIR NOTES

# INTERNET SERVICE DIFFICULTY REPORTING (iSDR) WEB SITE

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Internet Service Difficulty Reporting (iSDR) web site is the front-end for the Service Difficulty Reporting System (SDRS) database that is maintained by the Aviation Data Systems Branch, AFS-620, in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The iSDR web site supports the Flight Standards Service (AFS), Service Difficulty Program by providing the aviation community with a voluntary and electronic means to conveniently submit in-service reports of failures, malfunctions, or defects on aeronautical products. The objective of the Service Difficulty Program is to achieve prompt correction of conditions adversely affecting continued airworthiness of aeronautical products. To accomplish this, Malfunction or Defect Reports (M or Ds) or Service Difficulty Reports (SDRs) as they are commonly called, are collected, converted into a common SDR format, stored, and made available to the appropriate segments of the FAA, the aviation community, and the general public for review and analysis. SDR data is accessible through the "Query SDR data" feature on the iSDR web site at: <a href="http://av-info.faa.gov/sdrx/Query.aspx">http://av-info.faa.gov/sdrx/Query.aspx</a>.

In the past, the last two pages of the Alerts contained a paper copy of FAA Form 8010-4, Malfunction or Defect Report. To meet the requirements of \*Section 508, this form will no longer be published in the Alerts; however, the form is available on the Internet at: <u>http://forms.faa.gov/forms/faa8010-4.pdf</u>. You can still download and complete the form as you have in the past.

\*Section 508 was enacted to eliminate barriers in information technology, to make available new opportunities for people with disabilities, and to encourage development of technologies that will help achieve these goals.

A report should be filed whenever a system, component, or part of an aircraft, powerplant, propeller, or appliance fails to function in a normal or usual manner. In addition, if a system, component, or part of an aircraft, powerplant, propeller, or appliance has a flaw or imperfection, which impairs or may impair its future function, it is considered defective and should be reported under the Service Difficulty Program.

The collection, collation, analysis of data, and the rapid dissemination of mechanical discrepancies, alerts, and trend information to the appropriate segments of the FAA and the aviation community provides an effective and economical method of ensuring future aviation safety.

The FAA analyzes SDR data for safety implications and reviews the data to identify possible trends that may not be apparent regionally or to individual operators. As a result, the FAA may disseminate safety information to a particular section of the aviation community. The FAA also may adopt new regulations or issue airworthiness directives (ADs) to address a specific problem.

The iSDR web site provides an electronic means for the general aviation community to voluntarily submit reports, and may serve as an alternative means for operators and air agencies to comply with the reporting requirements of 14 Title of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Section 121.703, 125.409, 135.415, and 145.221, if accepted by their certificate-holding district office. FAA Aviation Safety Inspectors may also report service difficulty information when they conduct routine aircraft maintenance surveillance as well as accident and incident investigations.

The SDRS database contains records dating back to 1974. At the current time, we are receiving approximately 40,000 records per year. Reports may be submitted to the iSDR web site on active data entry form or submitted hardcopy to the following address.

The SDRS and iSDR web site point of contact is:

Pennie Thompson Service Difficulty Reporting System, Program Manager Aviation Data Systems Branch, AFS-620 P.O. Box 25082 Oklahoma City, OK 73125 Telephone: (405) 954-5313 SDRS Program Manager e-mail address: <u>9-AMC-SDR-ProgMgr@faa.gov</u>

# IF YOU WANT TO CONTACT US

We welcome your comments, suggestions, and questions. You may use any of the following means of communication to submit reports concerning aviation-related occurrences.

Editor: Daniel Roller (405) 954-3646 FAX: (405) 954-4570 or (405) 954-4655

E-mail address: <u>Daniel.Roller@faa.gov</u>

Mailing address: FAA, ATTN: AFS-620 ALERTS, P.O. Box 25082, Oklahoma City, OK 73125-5029

You can access current and back issues of this publication from the internet at: <u>http://av-info.faa.gov/</u>. Select the General Aviation Airworthiness Alerts heading.

# AVIATION SERVICE DIFFICULTY REPORTS

The following are abbreviated reports processed for the previous month, which have been entered into the FAA Service Difficulty Reporting System (SDRS) database. This is not an all-inclusive listing of Service Difficulty Reports. For more information, contact the FAA, Regulatory Support Division, Aviation Data Systems Branch, AFS-620, located in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The mailing address is:

FAA Aviation Data Systems Branch, AFS-620 PO Box 25082 Oklahoma City, OK 73125

To retrieve the complete report, click on the Control Number located in each report. These reports contain raw data that has not been edited. Also, because these reports contain raw data, the pages containing the raw data are not numbered.

If you require further detail please contact AFS-620 at the address above.

# Federal Aviation Administration

# Service Difficulty Report Data

Sorted by aircraft make and model then engine make and model. This report derives from unverified information submitted by the aviation community without FAA review for accuracy.

Control Number	Aircraft Make	Engine Make	Component Make	Part Name	Part Condition
Difficulty Date	Aircraft Model	Engine Model	Component Model	Part Number	Part Location
WS9R201110100692				SUN GEAR	DAMAGED
10/10/2011				E3037304	ENGINE
ENGINE CAME IN FOR MISSING FROM THE S	R A CHIP DETECT SUN GEAR.	OR LIGHT AND	METAL IN THE OIL.	UPON TEARDOWN,	FOUND A TOOTH
2011FA0000696		LYC		CARBURETOR	MISOVERHAULED
10/13/2011		O540*		105054	
UPON INSPECTION, C THE FUEL FITTINGS.	ARBURETOR TH	E THREAD SEA	LANT HAD BEEN AF	PPLIED TO THE DRA	IN PLUG AS WELL AS
2011FA0000697		LYC		CARBURETOR	MISOVERHAULED
10/14/2011		O540*		105054	
UPON INSPECTION O SCREEN ASSY AS WE	F THE CARBURE	TOR, FOUND TI N PLUG.	HAT THREAD SEALA	ANT HAD BEEN APPI	LIED TO THE FILTER
DT1R2011102701	AGUSTA		AGUSTA	WINDOW	DEPARTED
9/28/2011	AW139		AW139	3G5211A00731	DOOR
CO-PILOT DOOR WINI FIELD WITHOUT INCIE REMOVED, WIDOW SI SEAL, AND NEW WINE	DOW DEPARTED DENT. DOOR AND EAL AREA WAS IN DOW, WERE INST	IN FLIGHT AT A ACFT WERE N NSPECTED AND ALLED.	APPROX 150 KNTS. A IOT DAMAGED. WIN D REPAIRED TO PRO	ACFT WAS SLOWED DOW WAS NOT FOL DPER THICKNESS F	AND RETURNED TO JND. DOOR WAS OR SEAL FIT. NEW
FV7R20111101001	AMD			ELECTRONIC UNIT	FAILED
10/6/2011	FALCON2000			245604128000	
UNIT SMOKING AND EMITTING "BURNING" SMELL. THIS UNIT WAS REMOVED FROM NR M910CS. THE CAUSE OF FAILURE IS ASSIGNABLE TO AN INTERNAL COMPONENT FAILURE Q14 LOCATED ON THE CPU ASSY. ENGINEERING HAS BEGUN A FAILURE ANALYSIS TO IDENTIFY THE ROOT CAUSE. SIMILAR COMPONENTS HAVE BEEN SENT TO THE MFG TO ANALYZE THE PARTS TO SEE IF THEY ARE BUILT IAW SPECIFICATION AND DO NOT PRESENT ANY FORM OF LATENT DEFECT. OPEN					
2011FA0000718	AMTR	ROTAX		LINE	FAILED
10/21/2011	AVIDMARKIV	ROTAX582			OIL COOLER
PROBLEM OCCURED ON SUPPLY LINE TO OIL COOLER ON AN EXPERIMENTAL AIRCRAFT. HOSE CLAMP HOLDING AUTOMOTIVE TYPE OIL HOSE TO BARBED FITTING ON OIL COOLER WAS MOUNTED TO CLOSE TO END OF FITTING. HOSE DEVELOPED A HOLE NEXT TO THE HOSE CLAMP WHICH CAUSED THE OIL TO BE PUMPED OUT.					
2011FA0000705	AMTR			STEERING SYS	DISCONNECTED
10/27/2011	HP14TBRYAN				ZONE 100
MID SHIP STEERING \	WHEEL LINK BRO	KE CAUSING A	IRCRAFT TO VEER	LT ON LANDING.	
2011FA0000674	BEECH	PWC		SHUTOFF VALVE	FAILED

11/2/2011

A200C

FUEL SYSTEM

PROPELLER

ENROUTE, EXPERIENCED A FAILURE ON THE RT ENGINE. RED MASTER WARNING LIGHT FLASHING, FUEL LOW PRESSURE, OIL LOW PRESSURE LIGHT AND A YAW TO THE RT. FAILURE WAS CONFIRMED WITH INSTRUMENTS. COMPLETED CHECKLIST. AN AIR-START WAS CARRIED OUT ACCORDING TO ABNORMAL CHECKLIST. RESTART WAS SUCCESSFUL & THE FLIGHT COMPLETED WITH BOTH ENGINES. AFTER TOUCHDOWN, DURING TAXI, ENGINE FAILED AGAIN WITH FUEL LOW PRESSURE, OIL LOW PRESSURE ANNUNCIATOR & A AMBER FUEL SHUTOFF VALVE ANNUNCIATOR LIGHT. REPLACED THE FIREWALL SHUTOFF SYS TEE HANDLE ASSY, ACFT HAS CONTINUED TO OPERATE WITH NO FURTHER INCIDENTS.

2011FA0000706	BEECH	LYC	STRUCTURE	MISINSTALLED
10/26/2011	23	O320*		RT WING
ON 1/2011 DURING A INSPECTION OF THIS	WALK AROUND F AREA DISCLOSE	RIOR TO AN ANNUAL INSPECTION D THAT THE LE WAS MISINSTALL	I THE RT WING LE W ED. THE DISCREPAN	AS FOUND LOOSE.
2011FA0000679	BEECH		ARM	BROKEN
9/17/2011	58		3582517213	NLG
NOSE GEAR ARM FAIL COULD NOT GET A NO WAS DETERMINED TH COLLAPSED AND CAU STOPPAGES OF BOTH	LED ON EXTENSI OSE GEAR DOWN HE NOSE GEAR V JSED SIGNIFICAN H ENGINES. ACTI	ON OF GEAR ON APPROACH. PILC N INDICATION. AFTER A FLY BY AN VOULD NOT COME DOWN AND LOO NT DAMAGE TO THE ACFT INCLUD JAL CAUSE OF PART FAILURE HAS	DT REPORTED HEAR D ATTEMPTS TO EX CK, ON LANDING, TH ING PROPELLER ST S NOT BEEN DETERI	RING A BANG AND TEND THE GEAR, IT IE NOSE GEAR RIKES AND SUDDEN MINED AT THIS TIME.
2011FA0000723	BEECH		SPAR	CRACKED
11/2/2011	A200			WINGS
INSPECTION OF FLEE	T ACFT SN IN TH	E BC AND BD RANGE HAVE REVE	ALED CRACKING OF	THE MAIN WING SPAR

WEB IN CARRY THROUGH OPENINGS AND END CAP SUPPORTS. IN THE WHEEL WELL AREA, THERE ARE 2 OPENINGS IN THE WING SPAR WEB FOR FUEL AND HYD LINE PASSAGE. ONE OPENING IS A RECTANGLE APPROX 3" X 6" AND THE OTHER OPENING IS A CIRCULAR HOLE APPROX 1.5" IN DIAMETER. INSP OF THESE AREAS HAVE REVEALED CRACKS EMANATING FROM THE CORNER RADIUS OF THE RECTANGULAR OPENING AND CRACKS EMANATING FOR THE CIRCULAR HOLE. MANY OF THE CRACKS TERMINATE AT AN ADJACENT RIVET HOLE. AS MANY AS 4 CRACKS IAW OPENING HAVE BEEN FOUND, BUT TYPICALLY ONLY 1 OR 2 ARE FOUND. THE OEM REPAIR FOR CRACKS IN THE SPAR WEB OPENINGS HAS BEEN TO BLEND OUT THE CRACKED AREA OR STOP DRILL IT. AND ADD A DOUBLER OVER THE ENTIRE AREA (APPROX 1 SQUARE FOOT). 17 ACFT HAVE BEEN FOUND TO HAVE CRACKS IN THESE AREAS. ADDITIONAL CRACKS HAVE BEEN FOUND IN THE SPAR END CAP SUPPORT, (PN 101-120025-83 LT) AND (101-120025 RT). THE END CAP SUPPORT PROVIDES A STRUCTURAL ATTACHMENT POINT FOR THE LANDING GEAR ACTUATOR FITTING TO THE SPAR. THE CRACKS IN THE SPAR END CAP SUPPORT HAVE PRIMARILY BEEN IN THE LT AND RT VERTICAL CORNERS OF WHERE THE SUPPORT ATTACHES TO THE SPAR. THE CRACKS VARY IN LENGTH FROM .2500" TO 3" LONG. INSP OF THESE AREAS REQUIRES USE OF A BRIGHT LIGHT AND MIRROR. THE OEM HAS NOT APPROVED A REPAIR OF THE SUPPORT AND IT REQUIRES. REPLACEMENT IF FOUND CRACKED. 12 ACFT HAVE BEEN FOUND TO HAVE CRACKED SUPPORTS, EITHER ON THE LT OR RT SIDE.

2011FA0000721	BEECH		STRUCTURE	CRACKED
11/1/2011	A200C			MLG WW
DURING TROUBLESH ABOVE THE LANDING STRUCTURE LIGHTE CORNER IS CRACKE THE OTHER 3 CORNE IN THE RT MAIN GEA CRACKING IS UNDET BALANCE ISSUES MA	OOTING OF AN OIL LEAK ON AG GEAR FENDER. FOUND 3 ADD NING HOLE. ALL 4 CORNERS OI D THROUGH THE OUTER AND II ERS ARE CRACKED BUT NOT TO R WELL ALSO. INSP OF 14 ADDI ERMINED, HOWEVER THESE AG Y ALSO BE A CONTRIBUTING F	CFT, A CRACK WAS F ITIONAL CRACKS IN F LIGHTENING HOLE NNER DOUBLERS AN D THE SAME DEGREI ITIONAL ACFT FOUNI CFT HAVE HIGH USA	FOUND IN THE UPPE THE LT WHEELWELI WERE CRACKED. T ID YOU CAN VISUAL E AS THE FIRST. SIM D CRACKS ON 6 ACF GE AS TRAINERS. A	ER LT WHEELWELL, L SIDE WALL HE LOWER FWD LY SEE SEPARATION. MILAR CRACKS FOUND FT. CAUSE OF DDITIONALLY, PROP
2011FA0000722	BEECH	MCAULY	BETA TUBE	OUT OF ADJUST

THE NR 2 PROPELLER WAS REPLACED WITH AN O/H PROPELLER. GROUND RUNS REVEALED NO DISCREPANCIES AND THE ACFT WAS RETURNED TO SERVICE. THE ACFT FLEW A MISSION AND UPON RETURN THE CREW HAD A PROPELLER REVERSE THRUST WRITE-UP ON THE NR 2 PROPELLER. AFTER TROUBLESHOOTING, IT WAS DISCOVERED THAT A BETA ROD BLOCKING PIN WAS MISSING, UPON FURTHER INVESTIGATION, ALL 4 BETA RODS WERE FOUND TO BE SET AT DIFFERENT LENGTHS. PROPELLER WAS REMOVED AND RETURNED TO O/H FACILITY FOR REPAIR.

2011FA0000729	BEECH	CONT	CIRCUIT BREAKER	FAILED
11/3/2011	F33A	IO520BB	35380132103	BEACON
PILOT REPORTED BE AD 2008-13-17 HAD BE AT THIS TIME.	ACON LIGHT INO EEN COMPLETED	PERATIVE. TROUBLESHOOTING F ) 1994 FLIGHT HOURS PRIOR. NO I	OUND CIRCUIT BRE PROBABLE CAUSE C	AKER TO BE AT FAULT. OR RECOMMENDATIONS
2011FA0000716	BEECH		CONTROL CABLE	MISROUTED
10/28/2011	V35A			RUDDERVATOR
DURING THE PERFOR WAS ROUTED INCOR PERCENT. THE TUBE (CUT AREA) AND HAD NO MX ENTRIES NOT	RMANCE OF AN A RECTLY AND HAI ALSO HAS SIGN BEGUN TO BEN ED IN THE LOG B	NNUAL INSPECTION, FOUND THE D CUT THROUGH THE RT RUDDER S OF A CRACK ORIGINATING FROM D AS A RESULT OF WEAKENING O GOOK TO BE ABLE TO DETERMINE	RT RUDDERVATOR VATOR CONTROL T M THE DAMAGED SE F THE TUBE AS IT W WHEN THIS MAY HA	TRIM CONTROL CABLE UBE APPROX 75 CTION OF THE TUBE (AS CUT. THERE WERE VE OCCURRED.
CHIR2011100300001	BOEING	BOEING	BEARING	SPALLED
10/3/2011	234		114DS2511	TRANSMISSION
THE TRANSMISSION S FOUND THE INNER RA OTHER PROBLEMS W	SHOP WAS INSPE ACE OF THE BEA /ITH THE BEARIN	ECTING THE AFT TRANSMISSION 1 RING SPALLED BADLY. THERE WE G DUE TO BEING INSTALLED IMPF	THAT WAS IN FOR RE ERE NO OTHER INDIG ROPERLY.	EPAIR. THE MECHANIC CATIONS OF ANY
ABXR2011110700049	BOEING		ATTACH FITTING	CORRODED
11/7/2011	727230		651767313	ZONE 700
DURING NLG REPLAC CORRODED. REPAIRE	CEMENT FOUND ( ED IAW SRM AND	OTBD FACE OF NARROW LUG OF I DEA NR 2357-5301.	NLG DRAG BRACE A	TTACH FITTING
ABXR2011110700050	BOEING		SUPPORT FITTING	CORRODED
11/7/2011	727230		651767640	NLG
DURING NLG REPLAC REPLACED FITTING I/	EMENT, FOUND AW SB727-53-011	RT NLG SUPPORT FITTING CORRO 9.	ODED AT AFT BOLT I	HOLE SPOT FACE.
IU6R20111024001	BOEING		MANIFOLD	CRACKED
10/24/2011	737		654484515	PCU
PCU MANIFOLD HOUS	SING CRACKED A	T FILTER BOWL PORT.		
2011FA0000698	BOEING		SLIDE	DAMAGED
10/25/2011	737		5A33075	
DURING PRELIMINAR	Y INSPECTION O	F EVACUATION SLIDE DAMAGED		
DU4R20111018014	BOEING		CREASE BEAM	CORRODED
10/18/2011	737524			BS 967-1006
DURING SCHEDULED	INSPECTION, FO	OUND SEVERAL AREAS OF CORRO	SION BS 967-1006 C	REASE BEAM.
DU4R20111019017	BOEING		SHEAR WEB	CUT
10/19/2011	737524			BS 312
DURING SCHEDULED	INSPECTION, FC	OUND LEFT BS 312, LBL 65 SHEAR	WEB CUT.	

DU4R20111115018	BOEING		FLOORBEAM	CORRODED
11/15/2011	737524			BS 312
DURING SCHEDULED	INSPECTION, FO	UND CORROSION ON FWD CABIN	FLOORBEAM BS 31	2, RBL 12 TO LBL 56.
2011FA0000678	CESSNA	CONT	BULKHEAD	CRACKED
9/24/2011	150L	O200A	04500465	PROP SPINNER
THE BULKHEAD WAS THE BASE OF THE PR WENT 85 PERCENT TH UNDAMAGED. THE OF FORM. THE REPLACE ON THE SPINNER. TO PLACE AT LEAST EVE	INSTALLED ON 5. OPELLER HUB. C HE WAY AROUND RIGINAL BULKHEA MENT BULKHEAE PREVENT CATAS RY 200 HOURS C	/5/2007, 1476.4 TT. ON LATEST INS ON REMOVAL OF PROPELLER, IT V O THE CENTER OF THE BULKHEAD AD FROM THE FACTORY LASTED S O WAS INSTALLED AND INSPECTE STROPHIC FAILURE, MANDATORY OF OPERATION FOR A MORE THOP	PECTION, A CRACK VAS DISCOVERED TI D. SPINNER AND PRO 5808.7 HRS BEFORE D IAW SRM WITH TH PROPELLER REMO ROUGH INSPECTION	WAS DISCOVERED AT HAT SEVERE CRACK OPELLER REMAIN A CRACK BEGAN TO E PROPER PRELOAD VAL SHOULD TAKE OF THE BULKHEAD.
2011FA0000688	CESSNA	LYC	TACHOMETER	INOPERATIVE
10/18/2011	152	O235L2C	D11125025	INSTRUMENT PANEL
ACFT IN SHOP FOR AI TACHOMETER, PN D1 SLUGGISH AND WITH DISTRIBUTER FOR A F WITH SN 25521. TACH OWNER/PILOT REPOR THE FLIGHT HOURS. F WARRANTY REPAIR. ( TO BE IN GOOD WOR CONTACTED AND CO	NNUAL INSPECTI -112-5025, SN 254 SEVERE LAG. TA REPLACEMENT. A OMETER OPERA RTED THAT ON TH HE WAS ADVISED (THE TACH DRIVE KING CONDITION ULD OFFER NO E	ON. REPLACED MALFUNCTIONING 479. FAA-PMA. RAN THE ENGINE ACHOMETER REMOVED FROM THI ANOTHER NEW TACHOMETER WA TION APPEARED NORMAL AND TH HE WAY TO HIS HOME AIRPORT T TO REMOVE THE TACHOMETER E CABLE WAS INSPECTED DURING SUMMARY: TWO BAD TACHOME EXPLAINATIONS, OTHER THAN TO	G TACHOMETER WIT TACHOMETER READ E ACFT AND RETURN S RECEIVED AND IN HE ACFT WAS RETURN HIS TACHOMETER W AND SEND IT BACK G THE ANNUAL INSPI TERS IN A ROW! THE RETURN THE INSTR	H A NEW INGS WERE VERY NED TO THE STALLED. SAME PN RNED TO SERVICE. THE /AS NOT RECORDING TO THE MFG FOR ECTION, AND FOUND E MFG WAS UMENT FOR REPAIR.
2011FA0000691	CESSNA		LATCH	FAILED
10/19/2011	162			PAX DOOR
RT CABIN DOOR CAM AND REAR DOOR LAT LATCHING DOOR. FRO FAILED. THE DOOR LA	E OPEN IN FLIGH CHES WERE CHE ONT LATCH FAILE ATCH WAS STILL	IT, DOOR WAS LATCHED ON THE ( ECKED BEFORE TAKEOFF BY PUS ED IN FLIGHT, REAR LATCH HELD IN THE LATCHED POSITION.	GROUND PROIR TO HING ON CABIN DOO FOR A SHORT PERIO	TAKEOFF. BOTH FRONT DR HARD AFTER DD OF TIME AND THEN
2011FA0000707	CESSNA		LATCH	FAILED
10/2/2011	162			PAX DOOR
RIGHT CABIN DOOR C FRONT AND REAR DO AFTER LATCHING DO THEN FAILED. THE DO	CAME OPEN IN FL OOR LATCHES WE OR. FRONT LATC OOR LATCH HANE	IGHT. DOOR WAS LATCHED ON T ERE CHECKED BEFORE TAKEOFF TH FAILED IN FLIGHT. REAR LATCH DLE WAS STILL IN THE LATCHED F	HE GROUND PRIOR BY PUSHING ON CA HELD FOR A SHOR POSITION.	TO TAKEOFF. BOTH BIN DOOR, HARD T PERIOD OF TIME AND
2011FA0000709	CESSNA		BATTERY	LEAKING
10/24/2011	172			
THE BATTERY IS LEAF HAS OCCURRED SINC ACFT.	KING AND CAUSII CE THE LAST ANN	NG CORROSION WHICH HAS DES NUAL INSPECTION. THE CORROSIO	TROYED THE BATTE ON WAS FOUND BEF	RY BOX. THE DAMAGE ORE DAMAGING THE
2011FA0000695	CESSNA		CONTROL CABLE	WORN
10/19/2011	172S			AILERON
INSPECTED CONTROL	L CABLES FOR W	EAR IAW SB 11-27-05. CONTROL C	CABLES WORN AND	REPLACED.
NX4R201111010024	CESSNA		CONTROL CABLE	FRAYED
11/1/2011	172S		0510105360	AILERONS

DURING A ROUTINE INSPECTION, THE AILERON PRIMARY CABLE, PN-0510105-360, WAS FOUND WORN AND FRAYED WHERE IT PASSES THROUGH THE SMALL NYLON PULLEYS AT FS 65.33.

NX4R2011110100023	CESSNA	LYC
11/1/2011	172S	IO360L2A

0510105360 AILERONS

CONTROL CABLE FRAYED

DURING A ROUTINE INSPECTION, THE AILERON PRIMARY CABLE, PN-0510105-360, WAS FOUND WORN AND FRAYED WHERE IT PASSES THROUGH THE SMALL NYLON PULLEYS AT FS 65.33.

M36R20111026004	CESSNA	PWA	VERNATHERM	DETACHED
10/26/2011	208B	PT6A114A	723655	

WHILE IN CRUISE THE PILOT REPORTED ENGINE OIL INDICATORS SHOWING OIL PRESSURE LOWER AND TEMPERATURE HIGHER THAN NORMAL. LATER UPON REMOVAL AND INSPECTION OF THE ENGINE OIL COOLER VERNATHERM IT WAS NOTED THAT IT HAD STARTED TO COME APART DUE TO THE FAILURE OF AN INTERNAL SNAP RING. THIS CAUSED A RESTRICTION OF THE ENGINE OIL COOLING SYS RESULTING IN THE ABNORMAL READINGS. WHEN THE VERNATHERM WAS REPLACED THE ENGINE OIL PARAMETERS RETURNED TO NORMAL.

2011FA0000683	CESSNA	SKIN	CRACKED
10/14/2011	310R	08220009	ZONE 600

A CRACK OF APPROX 8-9 INCHES WAS FOUND IN UPPER INBD RT WING SKIN AND A 6-7 INCH CRACK FOUND IN UPPER INBD OF LT WING SKIN. THIS CRACK WAS LOCATED ON INTERIOR SIDE OF BOTH WING NACELLE LOCKERS, UNDERNEATH THE CARPET, AT INBD SIDE OF RIB WHICH SUPPORTS UPPER MLG SIDE BRACE SUPPORT BRACKET. THE CRACK WAS NOT VISIBLE FROM UNDER SIDE OF SKIN IN WHEEL WELL. THERE IS A CESSNA SB MEB 08-3 WHICH PERTAINS TO THIS AREA, BUT DOES NOT REALLY SPECIFY BY PICTURE PROVIDED IN SB. THE PICTURE SHOWS A LOCATION INBD OF WING NACELLE LOCKER OF APPROX 3 INCHES. THESE CRACKS WERE INTERIOR OF WING NACELLE LOCKER UNDERNEATH THE CARPET. THE CRACKS WERE FOUND DURING THE START OF LANDING GEAR RIGGING CHECK. NOTICE A SMALL SUSPICIOUS PATCH IN BOTH WHEEL WELLS. MOVEMENT OR DEFLECTION OF SKIN WAS NOTICED WHILE APPLYING PRESSURE UPWARD ON SKIN, AFTER FURTHER INVESTIGATION AND CARPE REMOVAL, THESE CRACKS WERE FOUND IN SIDE BOTH WING NACELLE LOCKERS. TECH REP AND ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT ERE NOTIFIED. THEIR RECOMMENDATION FOR REPAIR IS TO REPLACE THE SKIN THAT IS CRACKED. THIS ACFT IS OF HIGH TIME AND SEVERAL YEARS OLD. THE CAUSE IS REALLY UNKNOWN AS TO WHY THE SKINS ARE CRACKING. IT COULD BE FROM MAIN LANDING GEAR IMPROPER RIGGING, OR A RESULT OF A HARD LANDING THAT WAS NOT REPORTED TO ANY MX FACILITY. THERE IS NO INDICATION OF ANY OTHER DAMAGE NOTED IN THE ACFT OR LANDING GEAR AREA. THE LANDING GEAR TENSIONS WERE SLIGHTLY OUT OF RIG, ONE SIDE BEING SLIGHTLY HIGHER, AND THE OPPOSITE SIDE SLIGHTLY LOWER THAN WHAT THE ACFT MM RECOMMENDS. A COMPLETE LANDING GEAR RIGGING WILL BE PERFORMED AFTER ALL REPAIRS HAVE BEEN ACCOMPLISHED.

2011FA0000684	CESSNA	SKIN	CRACKED
10/14/2011	414	08220009	ZONE 500

AFTER FINDING SIMILAR ACFT WITH SIMILAR ISSUES. PERFORMED A VISUAL INSP OF BOTH RT AND LT UPPER. INBD RT WING SKIN AND LT WING SKIN FROM WHEEL WELL AREA AND NOTED CRACKS IN SKIN, (APPROX 2-3 INCHES IN LENGTH), IN AREA OF RIB THAT ATTACHES UPPER MLG SIDE BRACE SUPPORT BRACKET. ACCESSED AND REMOVED CARPET FROM INSIDE OF LT WING NACELLE LOCKER TO VISUALLY INSPECT SKIN FROM THE UPPER SIDE OF SKIN AND DETERMINED THERE IS A CRACK APPROX 6 INCHES IN LENGTH JUST OTBD OF RIB. THE VIEW UPPER SIDE OF RT SKIN IS BLOCKED BY AIR CONDITIONER CONDENSER AND PLUMBING. REMOVAL OF AIR CONDITIONER SYS WILL BE REQUIRED TO VIEW SKIN. SB MEB 08-3 AGAIN STATES LOOKING IN AREA FOR CRACKS, BUT THEIR VISUAL PICTURES IN THE SB INFORMS YOU TO INSPECT INBD OF WING NACELLE LOCKER OF APPROX 3 INCHES. THE PROBLEM OR CONDITION FOUND IS ON THE OPPOSITE OF THE RIB LOCATED INSIDE OF WING NACELLE LOCKERS. REPORTS HAVE BEEN MADE AND SENT OFF TO TECH REP AND ENGINEERS. NO WORD HAS COME BACK ON THIS ACFT, BUT OTHER ACFT THAT WAS REPORTED, THEIR RECOMMENDATION WAS TO REPLACE SKIN. SO THAT IS WHAT WE WILL DO TO THIS ACFT ALSO. AT LAST INSPECTION, LANDING GEAR RIGGING TENSIONS WERE CHECKED AND FOUND TO BE WITHIN LIMITS. NO HARD LANDINGS WERE REPORTED BY PILOT. MY RECOMMENDATION IS TO REMOVE CARPET IN WING NACELLE LOCKERS DURING INSPECTIONS OF SB MEB 08-3 IF THEIR IS NO CRACKS NOTED FROM WHEEL WELL AREA. ACFT THAT HAVE AIR CONDITIONING OR FUEL TANKS IN WING LOCKERS WILL REQUIRE SOME OTHER METHOD TO INSPECT TOP SIDE OF SKINS.

2011FA0000760	CESSNA		SHAFT	SHEARED	
11/11/2011	550		55651915	FLAP ACTUATOR	
FLAP ACTIVATION SHAFT FOUND SHEARED WHILE PERFORMING PHASE 1 INSP TASK 07-51-00-710. FLAP MOTOR OPERATIONAL CHECK. NO OBVIOUS REASONS FOR SHAFT TO SHEAR FOUND. NO OBVIOUS REASON FOR SHAFT TO SHEAR FOUND. NO OTHER DEFECTS NOTED.					
2011FA0000727	CESSNA		ANNUNCIATOR	SHORTED	
9/13/2011	560CESSNA		991211912	WINDSHIELD OVRHT	
WINDSHIELD OVERHE	AT ANNUNCIATO	OR SHORTED INTERNALLY INSIDE	THE ANNUNCIATOR	PANEL.	
CWQR2011110925	CESSNA		TORQUE TUBE	CRACKED	
11/9/2011	560CESSNA		55421029	NLG	
DURING A SCHEDULE PIVOT PLATE R & R	D INSPECTION, F TORQUE TUBE.	FOUND THE NLG DOOR TORQUE T	UBE CRACKED AT T	HE MOUNT BOLT	
CWQR2011110926	CESSNA		TORQUE TUBE	CRACKED	
11/9/2011	560CESSNA		55421029	ZONE 700	
DURING A SCHEDULE PIVOT PLATE IN 2 PLA	D INSPECTION, F CES. R & R TOR	FOUND THE NLG DOOR TORQUE T QUE TUBE.	UBE CRACKED AT T	HE MOUNT BOLT	
CWQR2011101823	CESSNA		ANGLE	CRACKED	
10/18/2011	560XL		665360162	APU COWL	
DURING A SCHEDULED MX CHECK, ANGLE WAS FOUND CRACKED THROUGH THE FREE FLOATING LEG INTO THE ANGLE RADIUS, THIS CRACK WAS 4 INCHES FROM THE END OF THE PART. THE ANGLE WAS REPLACED WITH A NEW PART.					
CWQR2001101824	CESSNA		ANGLE	CRACKED	
10/18/2011	560XL		665360162	APU COWL	
DURING A SCHEDULE ANGLE RADIUS, THIS NEW PART.	D MX CHECK, AN CRACK WAS 4.2	IGLE WAS FOUND CRACKED THRO INCHES FROM THE END OF THE P	DUGH THE FREE FLO PART. THE ANGLE W	DATING LEG INTO THE AS REPLACED WITH A	
CWQR2011111027	CESSNA		TUBE	CRACKED	
11/10/2011	750		671440237	ANTI ICE SYSTEM	
CREW REPORTED A L TAPE. REMOVED INSU TUBE ASSY.	T WING HOT CAS JLATION AND FO	S MESSAGE. AFTER REMOVING TH UND 1.59541675 INCH CRACK IN TI	HE L/E, FOUND LOOS HE TUBE BEND RAD	E INSULATION AND IUS. INSTALLED NEW	
CWQR2011111028	CESSNA		TUBE	CRACKED	
11/10/2011	750		671440238	ZONE 700	
CREW REPORTED A LT WING HOT CAS MESSAGE. AFTER REMOVING THE L/E, FOUND LOOSE INSULATION AND TAPE. REMOVED INSULATION AND FOUND 1.85 INCH CRACK IN THE TUBE BEND RADIUS. INSTALLED NEW TUBE ASSY.					
2011FA0000702	CIRRUS	CONT	CRANKCASE	CRACKED	
10/26/2011	SR20	IO360ES		ENGINE	
CRANKCASE CRACKED JUST AFT AND ABOVE NR1 ALTERNATOR MOUNT AREA AND LEAKING.					
2011FA0000734	CIRRUS	CONT	PISTON	MISMANUFACTURED	
8/26/2011	SR22	10550N			
IMPROPER PISTON SKIRT MACHINING CAUSED PISTON CONTACT WITH CONNECTING ROD AND CRANK SHAFT. PISTON, PN 654857C. NEED IMPROVED QA IN MACHINING.					

2011FA0000700	CIRRUS	CONT	CYLINDER HEAD	CRACKED
10/26/2011	SR22	10550N	658178A2BP	ENGINE
NR 4 CYLINDER FOUN	ID CRACKED FRO	OM SPARK PLUG HOLE TO FUEL IN	JECTOR AND LEAK	NG.
2011FA0000701	CIRRUS	CONT	CYLINDER HEAD	CRACKED
10/26/2011	SR22	10550N	658178A2BP	ENGINE
NR 6 CYLINDER CRAC	CKED FROM SPAF	RK PLUG HOLE TO FUEL INJECTOR	R AND LEAKING.	
2011FA0000728	CIRRUS	CONT	GEAR	BROKEN
11/3/2011	SR22	IO550N	10357586	MAGNETO
THIS MAGNETO HAD U OPERATING HOURS L MANUAL. THE MAGNE BROKEN AWAY FROM WERE FOUND OUT OF 1000 TOTAL HOURS O	JNDERGONE A 5 ATER (AFTER IN TO WAS OPENEI THE GEAR. THE F PLACE INSIDE T OF OPERATION.	00 HOUR INSP PRIOR TO FAILURE SPECTION). THIS MAGNETO WAS I D AND THE DISTRIBUTOR GEAR W TEETH WERE RETAINED INSIDE T THE MAGNETO CASE. THIS MAGNE	OF THE COMPONE INSPECTED IAW THE AS FOUND WITH SE THE MAGNETO CASE ETO WAS DOCUMEN	NT SOME 100 TO 150 E SYSTEM SUPPORT VERAL GEAR TEETH E. NO OTHER PARTS ITED TO HAVE APPROX
2011FA0000690	CNDAIR		SIGNAL COND UNI	<sup>F</sup> FAILED
9/1/2011	CL6002B16		476675120	LT ENGINE
PART WAS RECEIVED DEAD ON ARRIVAL AFTER REPAIR. DURING INSTALL, ALL LT ENGINE DIGITAL INSTRUMENTS AND RT ENGINE LED INSTRUMENTS WERE FULL BRIGHT AND UNCONTROLLABLE ALONG WITH ALL FUEL QUANTITY INDICATIONS EXCEPT FOR TOTALIZER.				
EBVD201110040193	CNDAIR		ACTUATOR	WORN
10/4/2011	CL6002B16		60093000114	RT WING TE FLAP
FLAP ACTUATOR FAIL	ED END PLAY CH	IECK.		
EBVD201110040194	CNDAIR		ACTUATOR	WORN
10/4/2011	CL6002B16		60093000116	RT WING TE FLAP
RT WING TE FLAP AC	TUATOR FAILED	END PLAY CHECK.		
2011FA0000724	CNDAIR	GE	BLEED AIR SYS	CONTAMINATED
11/2/2011	CL6002B16	CF34*		
SEVERAL DAYS AFTE FOLLOWED FOR ENG FROM APU BLEED AIR WASH SOLUTION.	R A ENGINE COM INE RUNS AFTER TO ENGINE BLE	IPRESSOR WASH WAS COMPLETE A COMPRESSOR WASH THE ACF ED AIR THE CABIN FILLED WITH S	ED, IN WHICH THE M T DEPARTED AND A MOKE FROM RESID	M PROCEDURES WERE FTER SWITCHING UAL COMPRESSOR
JR2R2011102600525	CNDAIR		WEB	CRACKED
10/26/2011	CL6002C10		601R31707111	PAX DOOR
PAX DOOR WEB CRA0 700 51-42-06 AND 51-4	CKED AND DEFO	RMED AT TOP FOLDING STEP. REI	MOVED AND REPLAC	CED AFT WEB IAW CRJ-
JR2R2011102600526	CNDAIR		DIAPHRAGM	CORRODED
10/26/2011	CL6002C10		SH670320754	FUSELAGE
RT DIAPHGRAM FWD OF E&E ACCESS DOOR CORRODED JUST RIGHT OF STRINGER 27. REMOVED AND REPLACED DIAPHGRAM IAW CRJ-700 SRM 51-42-06 AND 51-42-21.				
JR2R2011102600527	CNDAIR		DIAPHRAGM	CORRODED
10/26/2011	CL6002C10		SH670320754	FUSELAGE

LT DIAPHGRAM FWD OF E&E ACCESS DOOR CORRODED JUST LEFT OF STRINGER 27. REMOVED AND REPLACED DIAPHGRAM IAW CRJ-700 SRM 51-42-06 AND 51-42-21.

JR2R2011102600528	CNDAIR		DOUBLER	CORRODED
10/26/2011	CL6002C10		0502024T3	FUSELAGE
ANTENNA DOUBLER	CORRODED BET	WEEN FRAME STATIONS 295	AND 310 IN THE FWD E8	E BAY.
JR2R2011103100555	CNDAIR		SEAT TRACK	CORRODED
11/1/2011	CL6002D24		690373851	ZONE 100
LEFT SEAT TRACK N	R 6 CORRODED.	R & R IAW AMM 53-00-49.		
JR2R2011101400465	CNDAIR		ANGLE	CORRODED
10/14/2011	CL6002D24		CC67033292135	FUSELAGE
FS 280 FLIGHTDECK LANDING ANGLE IAW	FLOOR LANDING CRJ900 SRM 51-	ANGLE CORRODED. REMOVE 42-21.	ED AND REPLACED FS 2	80 FLIGHTDECK FLOOR
JR2R2011101400466	CNDAIR		WEB	CORRODED
10/14/2011	CL6002D24		CC670341706	FUSELAGE
RT 280 WEB CORROE	DED. REMOVED A	ND REPLACED RT STA 280 W	EB IAW CRJ 900 SRM 53	8-11-10.
JR2R2011101400467	CNDAIR		WEB	CORRODED
10/14/2011	CL6002D24		SH670320041	FUSELAGE
WEB HAS CORROSIO 333.00. REMOVED AN	N AT STRINGER D REPLACED WE	20R JUST BELOW SERVICE D EB IAW CRJ 900 SRM 51-42-21.	OOR OPENING, BETWEI	EN FRAMES 349.00 AND
JR2R2011101400468	CNDAIR		WEB	CORRODED
10/14/2011	CL6002D24		SH670320041	FUSELAGE
STRINGER 20R AND \ REPLACED WEB IAW	VEB HAS CORRC CRJ 900 SRM 51	OSION BETWEEN FRAMES 319 -42-21.	.00 AND 310.00 IN FWD	E&E BAY. REMOVED AND
JR2R2011102000478	CNDAIR		STRINGER	CORRODED
10/20/2011	CL6002D24		SH670316341	FUSELAGE
STGR 26L HAS CORR STGR 26L FS 280 TO	OSION BETWEEN 333 IAW CRJ 900	N FRAMES 295 AND 280 IN THE SRM 51-42-06 AND 51-42-21.	E FWD E&E BAY. REMO	/ED AND REPLACED
JR2R2011102000490	CNDAIR		STRINGER	CORRODED
10/20/2011	CL6002D24		SH690313581	FUSELAGE
STGR 24R HAS CORF CRJ900 RO CRJ9-53-0	OSION BETWEE 0835.	N FRAMES 349 AND 333 IN TH	E FWD E&E BAY. REPAI	RED STRINGER 24R IAW
2011FA0000726	DIAMON	ROTAX	ATTACH BOLT	SHEARED
10/18/2011	DA20A1	ROTAX912S3	TAS108	VALVE COVER
THE SINGLE BOLT THE SINGLE BOLT THE SINGLE BOLT THE ENGINE. EMERGENC	IAT HOLDS VALV Y LANDING IN A F	E COVER ON THE NR 2 CYLIN FIELD.	DER SHEARED IN FLIGH	IT. ALL OIL LEFT THE
2011FA0000699	GULSTM	GARRTT	STRUT	CRACKED
10/26/2011	690B	TPE331*	ES12394	MLG
LEFT MAIN GEAR STF FLUID CAME OUT OF THEY HAVE NEVER S	RUT WAS FLAT, T A 3 INCH LONG ( EEN THIS TYPE (	RIED TO SERVICE, WHEN WE CRACK IN THE STRUT BODY A OF FAILURE BEFORE.	APPLIED NITROGEN PF ND BEARING ASSY. AF	RESSURE HYDRAULIC FER TALKING WITH MFG
2011FA0000682	GULSTM	GARRTT	SELECTOR VALV	FAILED

71758

THRUST REVERSER

CREW WAS PERFORMING NIGHT PROFICIENCY FLIGHT. UPON 1ST LANDING, AIRCRAFT TAXIED AROUND FOR SECOND TAKEOFF. ON POWER UP FOR TAKEOFF ROLL, THE RIGHT ENGINE THRUST REVERSER HAD AN UNCOMMANDED DEPLOYMENT. CREW ABORTED TAKEOFF. RIGHT REVERSER WOULD NOT STOW. ACFT RETURNED TO HANGAR. TROUBLESHOT REVERSER SYSTEM. FOUND RT T/R SELECTOR VALVE DEFECTIVE. THE SAFETY FEATURE TO PREVENT THE THROTTLE FROM BEING ADVANCED IS CONTROLLED BY THE SELECTOR VALVE WAS ALSO INOPERABLE.

GR4D20111111009	GULSTM	LUG	CORRODED
11/11/2011	GIV	1159CSM2002220	ZONE 300
VERTICAL LUG CORF	RODED.		
GR4D20111111010	GULSTM	ANGLE	CRACKED
11/11/2011	GIV	1159B40799921B	ZONE 200
CAP ANGLE CRACKE	D.		
2011FA0000730	GULSTM	DISPLAY	FAILED
11/3/2011	GV	245604128000	COCKPIT

AFTER 2.5 HOURS OF GROUND AND FLIGHT OPERATION ON 10-21-2011, AN ACRID/SMOKEY ODOR WAS NOTICED IN THE COCKPIT. ALL SYS WERE FOUND TO BE OPERATING NORMALLY. APPROX 40 MINUTES LATER, SMOKE WAS OBSERVED EMANATING FROM THE PILOT'S CMC1100 EDU. THE UNIT WAS THEN IMMEDIATELY POWERED OFF AND REMOVED FROM ITS YOKE MOUNT AND REMOVED FROM THE COCKPIT. AN UNEVENTFUL LANDING WAS PERFORMED AT THE INTENDED DESTINATION. UPON RETURN TO HOME BASE THE UNIT WAS SENT (THE MFG) FOR A COMPLETE INSPECTION AND EVALUATION.

2011FA0000717	MOONEY	CONT	MAGNETO	FAILED
7/7/2011	M20K	TSIO360*	6324	ENGINE

DURING A POST ACFT ACCIDENT ENGINE TEARDOWN IT WAS NOTED THAT THE RT MAGNETO FIRED ERRATICALLY BELOW 1400 RPM. FURTHER INVESTIGATION REVEALED THAT THE DISTRIBUTOR GEAR WAS LOOSE AND THE ROTOR GEAR WAS LOOSE. PILOT REPORTED LOSS OF POWER ON TAKEOFF.

2011FA0000685	PIAGIO		HYDRAULIC SYSTEM	FAILED	
10/14/2011	P180				
LOST HYD PRESSURE WHILE RETRACTING LANDING GEAR ON TAKEOFF. AFTER LANDING FOUND C/B POPPED, RESET AND OP CHECKED GOOD ON SEVERAL RETRACT TEST.					
5APR2011101477Y96	PILATS	PWA	MOTOR	FAULTY	
10/14/2011	PC1245	PT6A67B	9599022126	ZONE 100	

THE VCCS SYSTEM WAS REPORTED AS BEING INOP. THE VCCS COMPRESSOR MOTOR WAS FOUND TO BE FAULTY, IT WAS R & R WITH A SERVICEABLE UNIT OF THE SAME P/N IAW CMM 21-00-23, OPS TESTED GOOD.

5APR20111013095	PILATS	PWA	DISPLAY	FAULTY
10/13/2011	PC1245	PT6A67B	066031252500	EADI

THE PILOTS EADI SCREEN FAILS INTERMITTENTLY AND IS "BLOOMING". THE EADI DISPLAY WAS FOUND TO BE FAULTY, IT WAS REPLACED WITH A SERVICABLE UNIT IAW AMM DMC-12-A-34-26-03-00A-920A-A AND TESTED SATISFACTORY IAW AMM DMC-12-A-34-26-00-00A-903B-A.

C41R201111010106	PILATS	DOOR	CRACKED		
11/1/2011	PC1247	5791012021	OIL COOLER		
DURING ANNUAL INSP, TECH FOUND OIL COOLER FLAPPER DOOR CRACKED AT TOP LT AND RT OTBD RIVETS					
REPLACED WITH NEW	I LOWER OTBD RIVET AREA (.75 LONG). THESE AN	PEAR TO DE STRE	53 CRACKS. DOOR		

2011EA0000752			BUTTON	
11/19/2011			1.W/12802	
	FAZOIOI			
WERE REMOVED TO (	CHANGE VALVE L	OUVER GASKETS.		IN VALVE LOUVERS
2011FA0000687	PIPER	LYC	TRUNNION	CRACKED
10/17/2011	PA28R200	IO360A1A	670411	MLG
DURING A 100 HR. INS IN RT FORWARD TRUI DISCOVERED THAT FI FORE TO AFT THRU T	SPECTION NOTICI NNION FITTING A ITTING WAS COM HE ENTIRE FITTII	ED THAT RT MLG WAS LOOSE. FU SSY. REMOVED 4 BOLTS THAT AT PLETLY CRACKED AND IN 2 PIECE NG CENTER.	RTHER INVESTIGAT TACH TRUNNION FI ES INSTEAD OF ONE	ION REVEALED CRACK TTING TO WING AND THE CRACK RAN
2011FA0000677	PIPER	LYC	THROTTLE CABLE	BROKEN
9/27/2011	PA28R201	IO360A1C	455322	CABLE
DURING GROUND RUI BROUGHT INTO THE S FROM FUEL THROTTL SERVO AND CHECKIN	N THE PILOT REP SHOP FOR INSPE E ATTACH ROD. I IG FOR FREEDOM	ORTED AN UNRESPONSIVE THRO CTION. THE THROTTLE CABLE WA RECOMMEND DISCONNECTING TH I OF MOVEMENT EVERY 100 HRS.	OTTLE. THE ACFT WAS FOUND BROKEN, HE THROTTLE CABE	AS GROUNDED AND 4" UP THE CABLE L FROM THE FUEL
UVVR2011101900019	RAYTHN		TORQUE LINK	BENT
10/18/2011	HAWKER800XP		259UM1117A	MLG
AFTER TOUCHDOWN AFTER LANDING GEAI TORQUE LINK WAS BE	THE ACFT EXPER R VIBRATION" IAV ENT ON THE LT M	RIENCED A VIBRATION IN THE LAN V THE ACFT FLEXIBLE MX SCHED ILG SCISSORS ASSY.	IDING GEAR. PERFC JLE. INSP REVEALE	RMED "INSPECTION D THAT THE LOWER
2011FA0000703	SKRSKY	PWA	BLADE	CRACKED
8/29/2011	S64E	JFTD12A4A	641520201050	MAIN ROTOR
AT FIRST BIM CHECK, INSPECTED BLADES. BLADE WAS REPLACE	PILOTS REPORT FOUND THE TIP V ED. OPEN	ED HEARING A CHIRPING NOISE ( WEIGHT ON MAIN ROTOR BLADE F	COMING FROM THE PROTRUDING THRO	MAIN ROTOR BLADES. JGH THE TIP CAP.
2011FA0000704	SKRSKY	PWA	BLADES	FRACTURED
6/10/2011	S64E	JFTD12A4A	59602	COMPRESSOR
AFTER ABOUT 1.5 HRS HIGH FREQUENCY RU THE ENGINE TEMP AN CHECKED FOR DAMAG ALONG WITH SIGNS C FREE TURBINE, IT WA THE PLATFORM OF TH PIECES MISSING. THE AND FREE TURBINE W	S OF FLIGHT, THE IMBLE AND JUST ID OIL IND WERE GE, NONE WAS F OF DAMAGE TO TH S NOTED THAT A HE BLADE WITH A RE WAS DAMAGE VERE REMOVED A	E PILOTS RETURNED TO LANDING BEFORE LANDING, THE TQ AND E STILL GREEN. AFTER SHUTDOW OUND. THE EXHAUST WAS CHEC HE FREE TURBINE. AFTER SEPER COMPRESSOR 2ND STAGE N1 TI SMALL PEICE REMAINING. IN AD E TO THE INLET AREA OF THE FRI AND REPLACED. MFG NOTIFIED B	AND SAID THAT TH PR GAUGES DECRE N, THE INLET OF THE KED, METAL PARTIC ATING THE COMPRE JRBINE BLADE WAS DITION, 2 OTHER BL EE TURBINE. BOTH T Y AGENCY.	E NR1 ENGINE HAD A ESED RAPIDLY, WHILE E ENGINE WAS LES WERE FOUND ESSOR SECTION FROM FRACTURED NEAR ADES ALSO HAD THE COMPRESSOR
2011FA0000712	SNIAS	TMECA	SEAL	LEAKING
10/12/2011	AS350B3	ARRIEL2B1	9560134100	FREEWHEEL SHAFT
FOUND FRONT AND REAR MAGNETIC SEAL OF THE FREEWHEEL SHAFT LEAKING. FRONT SEAL WAS LEAKING BEYOND LIMITS. BELIEVED TO BE CAUSED BY M/R AN T/R IMBALANCE.				
2011FA0000713	SNIAS	TMECA	SHAFT	MISMANUFACTURED
10/11/2011	AS350B3	ARRIEL2B1	350A34015004	TAIL ROTOR
AFTER INSTALLATION "SHORT SHAFT" IS RE NEVER REMOVED OR	OF REPAIRED TA QUIRED. THE BA ALTERED DURIN	AIL ROTOR ASSY, A VIBRATION CH LANCE WAS OUT BY A CONSIDER IG THE REPLACEMENT OF THE TA	IECK AND BALANCE ABLE AMOUNT AND IL ROTOR ASSY, IT (	E CHECK OF THE AS THESE PART WERE CAN ONLY BE

ASSUMED THAT THE SHORT SHAFT WAS NOT PROPERLY BALANCED WHEN LEAVING THE FACTORY. RECOMMEND STRICTER QC ON THE BALANCING OF ROTORS BEFORE LEAVING THE MFG.

2011FA0000714	SNIAS	TMECA	ROTOR	OUT OF BALANCE	
10/11/2011	AS350B3	ARRIEL2B1	355A31000201	MAIN ROTOR SYS	
AFTER INSTALLATION OF REPAIRED TAIL ROTOR, A MAIN ROTOR TRACK AND BALANCE WAS REQUIRED AND CONDUCTED. BOTH THE TRACK AND THE BALANCE OF THE MAIN ROTOR SYS WAS FOUND TO BE OUT OF LIMITS. THE ONLY MX PERFORMED ON THIS SYS WAS THE RE-TORQUE REQURIED AFTER THE ASSY OF A NEW COMPONENT AND A 100 HR INSP IN WHICH NO DISASSEMBLY OF THE MAJOR COMPONENTS IS REQUIRED.					
2011FA0000715	SNIAS	TMECA	BLADES	DEFECTIVE	
10/11/2011	AS350B3	ARRIEL2B1	17286	TAIL ROTOR	
MECHANIC CONDUCT FLEXING THE BLADES PROTRUDING FROM BOTTOM OF THE CUF POOR AND SEVERAL THE MFG PROCESS M	TING DAILY INSPE S. A BOROSCOPE THE SPAR AND A F OF ONE SIDE C OTHER MFG DEF IAY HAVE CAUGH	CTION OF THE TAIL ROTOR ASS INSP OF THE INTERNAL CUFFS F CRACK THROUGH THE RUBBER OF THE BLADE. THE APPEARANCE ECTS APPEAR TO HAVE OCCURF IT OR ELIMINATED THIS PROBLE	Y HEARD "CRUNCHIN REVEALED FIBERGLA BLOCK AND INTO TH E GAVE THE IMPRES RED. TIGHTER QUALI M.	NG" SOUNDS WHEN ASS FIBERS IE BLADE IN THE SION OF BEING RESIN ITY CONTROL DURING	
VY1R201110120710	SNIAS	TMECA	SEAL	MISINSTALLED	
10/12/2011	AS350B3	ARRIEL2B1	9560170620	HMU	
FUEL LEAKING FROM THE VARLIP SEAL WA WHICH RESULTED IN THIS INSTALLATION.	FUEL LEAKING FROM HP PUMP OVERBOARD DRAIN. FUEL AMOUNT BEYOND SPECIFIC LIMIT. REPLACEMENT OF THE VARLIP SEAL WAS NECESSARY. THE SEAL HOUSING APPEARED TO BE INCORRECTLY SEATED IN THE HMU WHICH RESULTED IN THE SEAL BEING DESTROYED BY THE PRESSURE ON THE SHAFT. TIGHTER QC CHECKS ON THIS INSTALLATION.				
VY1R201110120711	SNIAS	TMECA	BUSHING	LEAKING	
10/12/2011	AS350B3	ARRIEL2B1	9560137520	FREEWHEEL SHAFT	
FOUND FRONT AND R BEYOND LIMITS. BELI	REAR MAGNETIC	SEAL OF THE FREEWHEEL SHAF ISED BY M/R AND T/R IMBALANCE	T LEAKING. FRONT S	EAL WAS LEAKING	
2011FA0000708	SOCATA		FORK	BROKEN	
10/5/2011	TBM700		7134732200	BRAKE SYS	
DURING PRE-INSPECTION GROUND RUN, FOUND CO-PILOT LT BRAKE PEDAL NOT IN PROPER POSITION AND UNABLE TO APPLY BRAKE. FOUND LT BRAKE FORK BROKEN AT THREADED SHAFT. FOUND BEARING WAS STIFF, CLEANED AND LUBED BEARING ALL OTHER BEARINGS WERE CHECKED AND FOUND OK. AFTER REMOVAL OF THE FORK, RECHECKED IAW PART B OF SB RESULTS WAS .003" IAW FORMULA IN SB B4, MAX ALLOWED IN B5 IS .0197". NO LUBRICATION IS CALLED FOR AT THESE POINTS IN MANUAL. PROBABLE CAUSE WAS BINDING AT FORK AND BEARING AND WEAK POINT AT THREADS. INSTALLED NEW BEARING IAW SB AND AD. TO HELP PREVENT THIS AND POSSIBLE FINDING A PROBLEM BEFORE IT INTERFERS WITH RUDDER OPERATION, CHECK FORKS AND BEARING FOR FREE MOVEMENT AT ANNUAL INSPECTION OR ANY TIME PANELS BY RUDDER PEDALS ARE REMOVED.					
2011FA0000720	STBROS	PWA PWC	SLEEVE	SEIZED	
11/1/2011	SD360SHERPA	PT6A65AR		ENGINE	
AFTER TAKEOFF CLIMB AT 6000 FT, CREW PULLED BACK POWER TO CRUISE. SHORTLY AFTER, TORQUE ON THE NR 2 ENGINE DROPPED AND THE LOW OIL WARNING LIGHT ILLUMINATED. THE CREW NOTED THAT NR 2 PROPELLER HAD FEATHERED AND STOPPED. THE ENGINE WAS SHUTDOWN MANUALLY. CREW STATED ALL SYS WERE NORMAL PRIOR TO THE TORQUE DROP. THE ACFT LANDED SAFELY. POST FLIGHT INSP FOUND THAT THE NR 2 POWER SECTION LOCKED-UP AND THERE WAS NO SIGN OF OIL LEAKAGE. DURING THE POST-FLIGHT INSP BRASS AND METAL SHAVINGS IN THE OIL FILTER, CHIP DETECTOR AND POWER SECTION FILTER. THE INVESTIGATION OF THE ENGINE FAILURE REVEALED THAT THE SLEEVE BEARING (BRASS BUSHING) OF 4 OF 5 SECOND-STAGE REDUCTION PLANETARY GEARS HAD SEIZED TO THE GEAR SHAFTS. THE SEIZURE OF THE BUSHINGS CAN BE ATTRIBUTED AS THE CAUSE OF THE LACK OF ROTATION OF THE GEARBOX AND THUS THE CAUSE OF THE LACK OF ROTATION OF THE GEARBOX AND THUS THE CAUSE OF THE LACK OF ROTATION IN-FLIGHT.					