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*In a world flooded
with material of all
kinds and all degrees
of reliability, MMRR
is an authoritative
source of reliable,
timely information on
important policy
matters. It will be an
indispensable resource
for authors and
readers alike.*”

Bruce C. Vladeck, Ph.D.
Former Administrator,
Health Care Financing
Administration (currently CMS),
U.S. Department of Health and
Human Services

Medicare & Medicaid Research Review (MMRR), an authoritative, online, peer-reviewed journal disseminates high-quality and relevant research to a wide audience and informs current and future directions of the Medicare, Medicaid, and Children's Health Insurance programs.

What's New

e-Health

The use of digital information & communication technologies to improve people's health and health care. MMRR is [seeking submissions on e-Health](#) through March 2, 2012.

Data Briefs

MMRR will consider for publication data briefs—statistical publications based on Medicare, Medicaid, or Children's Health Insurance program data that provide information about current topics in a straightforward format. [Click for Guidelines](#)

Submissions

MMRR continuously accepts and reviews research manuscripts through its online system: [Click for Submission MMRR](#)

Why publish in MMRR?

- Highly Visibility** - on CMS web, indexed in PubMed, reaches key policy makers
- Accessibility** - research is freely available to anyone with an internet connection
- No Use Restrictions** - in the public domain, so it can be copied and used freely
- Ease Of Publication** - publishes continuously; online submission & peer review



Recent MMRR Contents:

[Health Spending by State of Residence, 1991-2009](#)

An in-depth view of total per capita health spending across the nation plus insights about the effects of the recent recession and recent health policy initiatives.

[Flu shots and the characteristics of unvaccinated elderly Medicare beneficiaries](#)

Flu vaccination rates among elderly Medicare beneficiaries increased with age but were significantly lower for certain vulnerable populations. A physician office or community setting; e.g., grocery store were the most common places beneficiaries reported getting a flu shot.

[Disparities in Routine Breast Cancer Screening for Medicaid Managed Care Members with a Work-Limiting Disability](#)

Women with a disability are found less likely than those without a disability to seek breast cancer screening.

[Indirect Medical Education \(IME\) and Disproportionate Share Adjustments \(DSH\) to Medicare Inpatient Payment Rates](#)

Provides 1) evidence that IME payments would be smaller under an empirical method—about one-third to one-half—than the method prescribed by current law, and 2) support for the DSH adjustment prescribed by the Affordable Care Act of 2010.

[How Does the Volume of Post-Acute Care Respond to Changes in the Payment Rate?](#)

SNF volume responses are affected by admissions, payer mix changes, and total days of Medicare-covered institutional care, rather than length of stay, capacity changes, or a substitution of one setting for another.

Resources for Authors and Reviewers

[General Call for Papers](#)

[Authors' Guidelines](#)

[Reviewers' Guidelines](#)

“*MMRR is an important vehicle disseminating information to improve the service CMS provides to beneficiaries, and to report results of pilots and demonstrations conducted to move toward payment and delivery system reform ... and it has the advantage of providing this 'straight from the horse's mouth'.*”

Stuart Guterman

Vice President, Payment and System Reform,
The Commonwealth Fund
Executive Director, Commonwealth Fund Commission on a High Performance Health System