

IDENTITY THEFT Data Clearinghouse



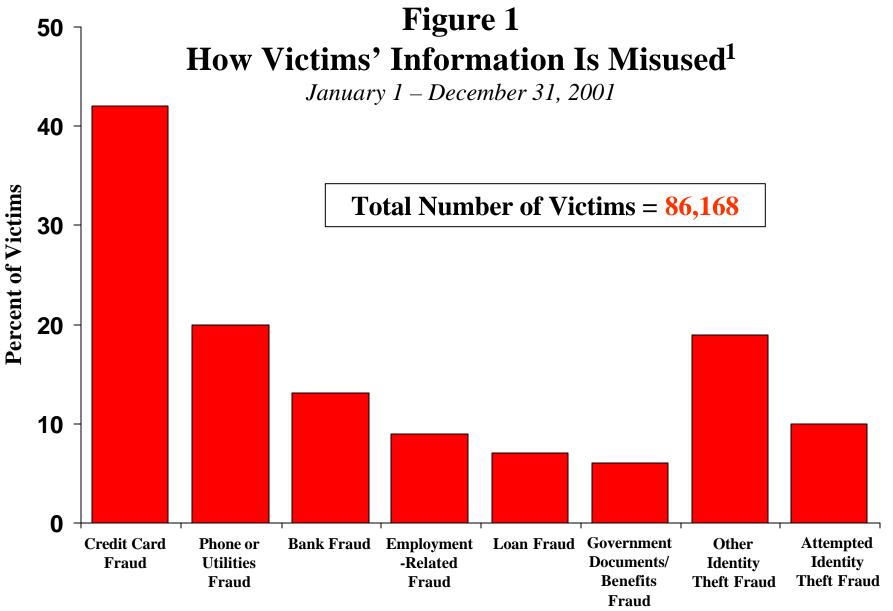
Identity Theft Victim Complaint Data

Figures and Trends on Identity Theft

January 1- December 31, 2001

Federal Trade Commission Washington, DC





¹Approximately 20% of the 86,168 victim complaints received from all sources (FTC Hotline and Internet complaint form, SSA-OIG Fraud Hotline referrals, and a small number from other law enforcement organizations) reported experiencing more than one type of identity theft.



Figure 2

How Victims' Information Is Misused¹

Total Number of Identity Theft Victims = 86,168

January 1 – December 31, 2001

Credit Card Fraud: 42%

Theft Subtypes	Percent of All Victims
New Accounts	26.0%
Existing Accounts	10.2
Unspecified	5.6

Phone or Utilities Fraud: 20%

Percent of All Victims
9.7%
5.3
2.4
es
ints 0.5
2.3

Bank Fraud: 13%

Theft Subtypes	Percent of All Victim.	s
Existing Accounts	6.2%	
New Accounts	2.7	
Electronic Fund Tra	nsfer 1.9	
Unspecified	2.3	

Employment-Related Fraud: 9%

Theft Subtype	Percent of A	All Victims
Employment-Related	Fraud 9.	0%



Attempted Identity Theft Fraud: 10%

Theft Subtype	Percent of All Victi	m
Attempted Identity Theft	t Fraud 10.0%	

Loan Fraud: 7%

Theft Subtypes	Percent of All	Victims
Personal / Business I	Loan	3.4%
Auto Loan / Lease		1.8
Real Estate Loan		0.7
Unspecified		0.6

Government

Documents/Benefits Fraud: 6%

Theft Subtypes Percent	of All Victims
Driver's License Issued / Forged	2.7%
Fraudulent Tax Return	1.9
Social Security Card Issued / Forged	0.7
Gov't Benefits Applied For / Receive	ed 0.4
Other Gov't Docs Issued / Forged	0.3
Unspecified	0.2

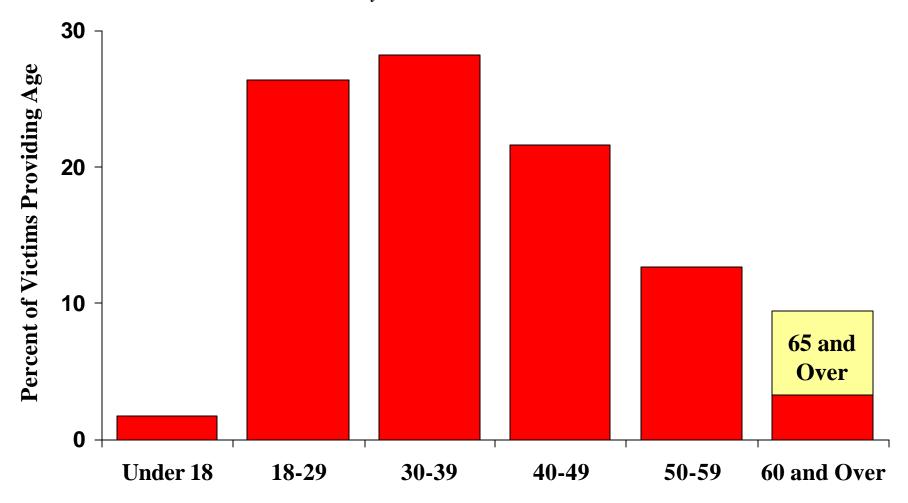
Other Identity Theft Fraud: 19%

Theft Subtypes	Percent of All Victims
Other	12.9%
Illegal / Criminal	1.7
Medical	1.6
Internet / E-Mail	1.0
Apartment / House Re	ented 0.9
Bankruptcy	0.4
Securities / Other Inve	estments 0.2

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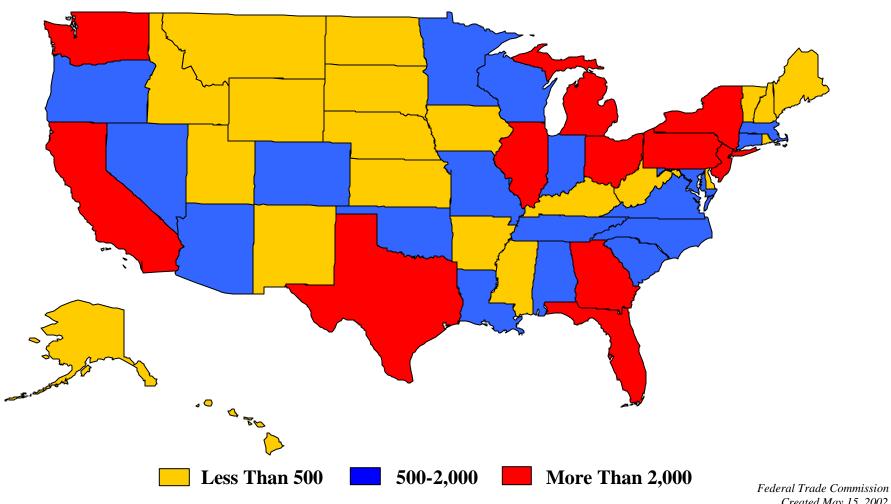
Figure 3
Victim Age Distribution¹



¹This chart is based on reports from victims who contacted the FTC directly (70,540 victims) because external data contributors generally do not provide this information. 88% (61,956) of all victims reporting directly to the FTC provided their age.



Figure 4a Identity Theft Victims by State (Number of Victims)¹



¹ 92% of the 86,168 victim complaints received from all sources reported their state of residence.

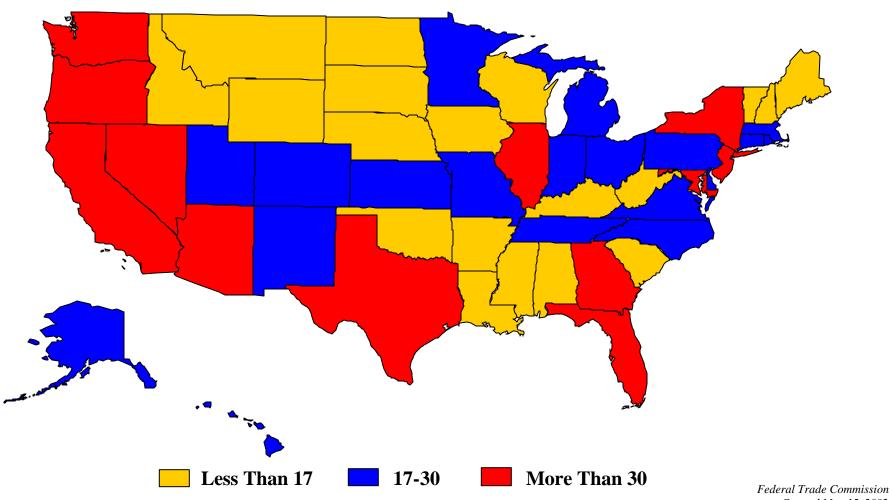


Figure 4b Identity Theft Victims Top 10 Locations¹ (Number of Victims)

Location	No. of Victims
1. California	15,115
2. New York	7,076
3. Texas	6,496
4. Florida	5,696
5. Illinois	3,784
6. Pennsylvania	2,704
7. Georgia	2,592
8. Michigan	2,589
9. New Jersey	2,575
10. Ohio	2,283



Figure 5a Identity Theft Victims by State (Per 100,000)¹



¹ 92% of the 86,168 victim complaints received from all sources reported their state of residence.



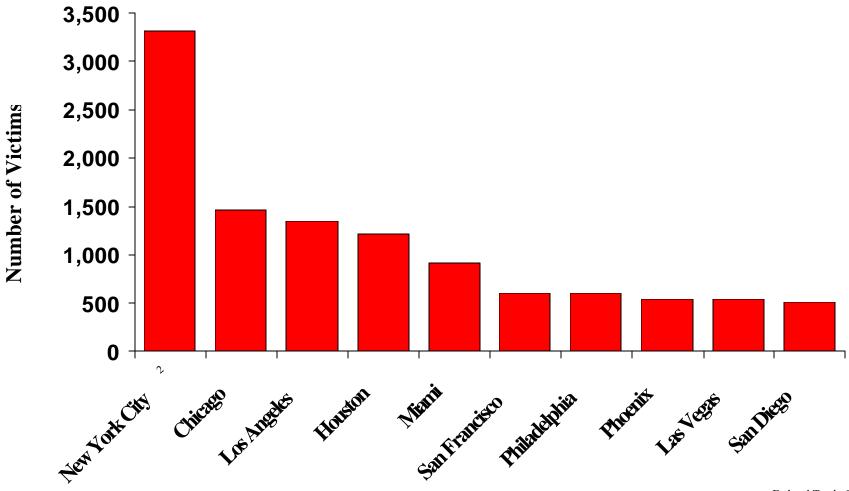
Figure 5b Identity Theft Victims Top 10 Locations¹ (Per 100,000)

Location	Rate
1. District of Columbia	76.7
2. California	44.6
3. Nevada	40.5
4. Maryland	37.3
5. New York	37.3
6. Arizona	36.9
7. Oregon	36.7
8. Florida	35.6
9. Washington	35.0
10. Georgia	31.7

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Figure 6
Cities with Highest Number of Identity Theft Victims¹



¹ 92% of the 86,168 victim complaints received from all sources reported their city of residence.

²"New York City" includes the five boroughs: Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan, Queens, and Staten Island.



Figure 7a **Identity Theft Suspects by State (Per 100,000)**¹

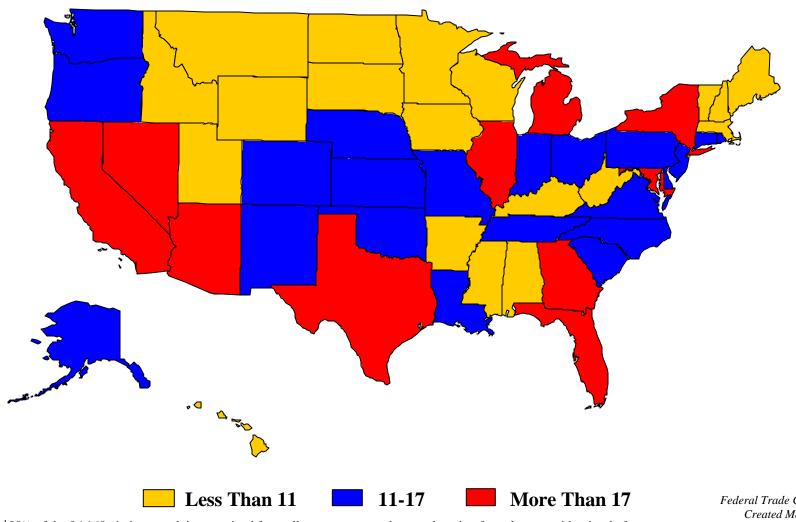




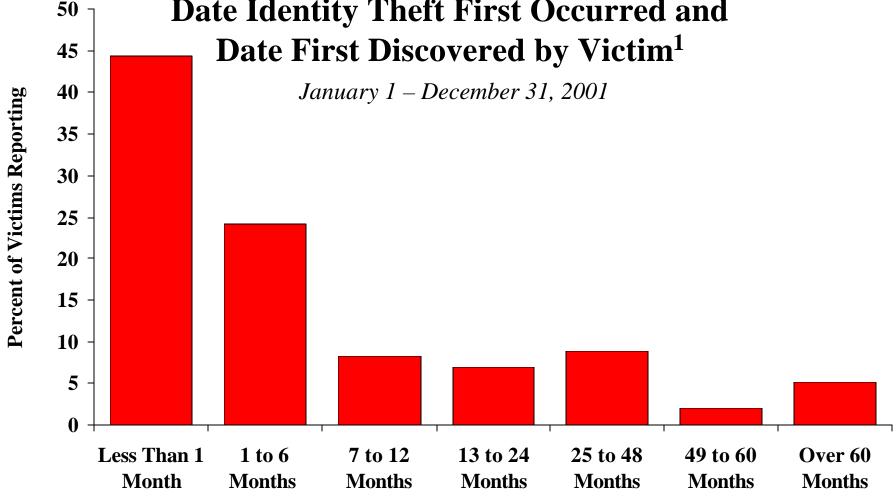
Figure 7b Identity Theft Suspects Top 10 Locations (Suspects Per 100,000)¹

January 1 – December 31, 2001

Location	Rate
1. District of Columbia	72.9
2. Nevada	30.5
3. Florida	28.7
4. California	27.3
5. New York	26.7
6. Georgia	23.3
7. Arizona	22.5
8. Maryland	21.7
9. Illinois	19.3
10. Michigan	17.5







¹This chart is based on complaints from victims who contacted the FTC directly (70,540 victims) because external agencies generally do not provide this information. Of those victims reporting directly to the FTC, 44% (31,012) provided the dates on which the identity theft first occurred and they first discovered it. Because some victims experienced multiple instances where their information had been misused, these figures do not track the amount of time it took a victim to discover a particular instance of identity theft, but, rather, the amount of time between the initial misuse of the the victim's information and when the victim first discovered that their information had been misused. There was an average of 12.3 months between the initial misuse of the the victim's information and when the victim first discovered that their information had been misused.



Figure 9 Credit Bureau Contact¹

January 1 – December 31, 2001

Prior to contacting the FTC, had the victim notified any credit bureaus?

Did those victims who contacted at least one credit bureau get a fraud alert placed on file?



¹This chart is based on reports from consumers who contacted the FTC directly (70,540 victims) because external data contributors generally do not provide this information. Of those victims reporting directly to the FTC, 95% (66,766) indicated whether or not they had notified any credit bureaus. Less than one percent of these victims did not report if a fraud alert was placed on their files, when they had previously indicated that they had notified at least one credit bureau.

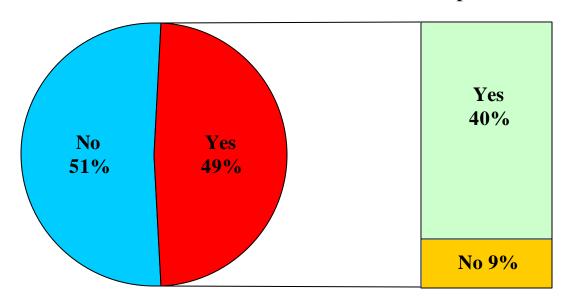


Figure 10 Law Enforcement Contact¹

January 1 - December 31, 2001

Prior to contacting the FTC, had the victim notified a police department?

If the victim had notified a police department, was a report taken?



¹This chart is based on reports from consumers who contacted the FTC directly (70,540 victims) because external data contributors generally do not provide this information. Of those victims reporting directly to the FTC, 95% (67,121) indicated whether or not they had notified any police departments. Approximately one percent of the 67,121 victims did not indicate if they had placed a report with a police department (i.e., "Not Reported"), when they had previously indicated that they had notified at least one police department. Additionally, less than one percent of the 67,121 victims indicated that they had attempted to place reports with mu ltiple police departments *and* had different outcomes, so they may be counted under both "Yes" and "No" in the bar chart in the right, as well as being present in the "Not Reported" category mentioned above.