# What A Federal Employee Should Do When Injured At Work



# 1. Report to Supervisor

Every job-related injury should be reported as soon as possible to your supervisor. To protect your rights and receive benefits timely, please do not delay in reporting work-related injuries. If you sustain a traumatic injury and require medical treatment, you may obtain a Form CA-16, Authorization for Examination and/or Treatment from your supervisor.

### 2. Obtain Medical Care

Before you obtain medical treatment, ask your supervisor to authorize medical treatment by use of Form CA-16. You may initially select the physician to provide necessary treatment. Emergency medical treatment may be obtained without prior authorization. On occupational disease claims, Form CA-16 may not be issued without prior approval from OWCP.

# 3. Notify the Injury Compensation Program Administrator (ICPA)

Once an injury has been reported, the supervisor shall notify the ICPA, located at the Regional Human Resources Office, immediately at **DSN 243-8184 or 243-8187** or via e-mail to: <a href="mailto:cNFJ.ICPA@fe.navy.mil">CNFJ.ICPA@fe.navy.mil</a>.

### 4. File Written Notice

Your supervisor will work with you to complete the Form CA-1, Federal Employee's Notice of Traumatic Injury and Claim for Continuation of Pay/Compensation, or Form CA-2, Federal Employee's Notice of Occupational Disease and Claim for Compensation, electronically using Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) as soon as possible, but not later than 30 days after your injury. Complete a Form CA-1 if your injury results from a specific event or a series of events during one day or shift. If you develop a condition due to prolonged exposure lasting more than one day or shift, complete a Form CA-2. Your supervisor will transmit these forms to the ICPA using EDI.

## 5. Obtain A Receipt of Notice of Injury

Your supervisor should complete the receipt and return it to you for your records.

### 6. Submit Claim for COP

If disabled due to traumatic injury, you may claim continuation of pay (COP) not to exceed 45 calendar days or use leave. A claim for COP must be submitted no later than 30 days following the injury (the Form CA-1 is designed to serve as a claim for continuation of pay). If disabled and claiming COP, submit ICPA medical evidence to support the disability within 10 calendar days of submitting the Form CA-1. If disabled beyond the COP period, or if you are not entitled to COP, you may claim compensation on Form CA-7 or use leave.

7. For more information, please call DSN 243-8184 or email CNFJ.ICPA@fe.navy.mil.