1125	
1126	MEDICATION GUIDE
1127 1128 1129	CellCept® [SEL-sept] (mycophenolate mofetil capsules) (mycophenolate mofetil tablets)
1130 1131	CellCept® Oral Suspension (mycophenolate mofetil for oral suspension)
1132 1133	CellCept [®] Intravenous (mycophenolate mofetil hydrochloride for injection)
1134 1135 1136 1137	Read the Medication Guide that comes with CellCept before you start taking it and each time you refill your prescription. There may be new information. This Medication Guide does not take the place of talking with your healthcare provider about your medical condition or your treatment.
1138 1139	What is the most important information I should know about CellCept? CellCept can cause serious side effects:
1140 1141 1142 1143 1144	• Possible loss of a pregnancy and higher risk of birth defects. Women who take CellCept during pregnancy have a higher risk of losing a pregnancy (miscarriage) during the first 3 months (first trimester), and a higher risk that their baby will be born with birth defects
1177	If you are a female and are able to become pregnant
1145 1146 1147 1148 1149 1150 1151 1152 1153 1154 1155	 your healthcare provider must talk with you about effective birth control methods (contraceptive counseling) you should have a negative pregnancy test within 1 week before you start to take CellCept you must use 2 different types of effective birth control at the same time, for 4 weeks before you start taking CellCept, during your entire CellCept therapy and for 6 weeks after stopping CellCept, unless you choose to avoid sexual intercourse completely (abstinence). CellCept decreases blood levels of the hormones in birth control pills that you take by mouth. Birth control pills may not work as well while you take CellCept, and you could become pregnant
1156 1157 1158 1159 1160	If you plan to become pregnant, talk with your healthcare provider. Your healthcare provider will decide if other medicines to prevent rejection may be right for you. In certain situations, you and your healthcare provider may decide that taking CellCept is more important to your health than the possible risks to your unborn baby.
1161 1162 1163 1164	• If you get pregnant while taking CellCept, <u>do not</u> stop taking CellCept. Call your healthcare provider right away. You and your healthcare provider should report any cases of pregnancies to

1165 1166	 FDA MedWatch at 1-800-FDA-1088 Genentech at 1-888-835-2555
1167	- Genericen at 1-888-833-2333
1168	Talk to your healthcare provider about joining the National Transplantation
1169	Pregnancy Registry at 1-877-955-6877.
1170	• Increased risk of getting serious infections. CellCept weakens the body's
1171	immune system and affects your ability to fight infections. Serious infections can
1172	happen with CellCept and can lead to death. Types of infections can include:
1173	
1174	• Viral infections. Certain viruses can live in your body and cause active
1175	infections when your immune system is weak. Viral infections that can
1176	happen with CellCept include:
1177	 Shingles, other herpes infections, and cytomegalovirus (CMV).
1178	CMV can cause serious tissue and blood infections.
1179	 BK virus. BK virus can affect how your kidney works and cause
1180	your transplanted kidney to fail.
1181	
1182	 A brain infection called Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy
1183	(PML). In some patients, CellCept may cause an infection of the brain
1184	that may cause death. You are at risk for this brain infection because you
1185	have a weakened immune system. You should tell your healthcare
1186	provider right away if you have any of the following symptoms:
1187	 Weakness on one side of the body
1188	 You do not care about things that you usually care about (apathy)
1189	 You are confused or have problems thinking
1190	 You can not control your muscles
1191	
1192	• Fungal infections. Yeasts and other types of fungal infections can happen
1193	with CellCept and can cause serious tissue and blood infections (see
1194	"What are the possible side effects of CellCept?")
1195	
1196	Call your healthcare provider right away if you have any of the following signs and
1197	symptoms of infection:
1198	• Temperature of 100.5°F or greater
1199	 Cold symptoms, such as a runny nose or sore throat
1200	 Flu symptoms, such as an upset stomach, stomach pain, vomiting or
1200	diarrhea
1202	Earache or headache Dain during uningtion
1203	Pain during urination White patch as in the growth on threat.
1204	White patches in the mouth or throat
1205	Unexpected bruising or bleeding
1206	 Cuts, scrapes or incisions that are red, warm and oozing pus
1207	

1208	• Increased risk of getting certain cancers. People who take CellCept have a
1209	higher risk of getting lymphoma, and other cancers, especially skin cancer. Tell
1210	your healthcare provider if you have:
1211	
1212	 unexplained fever, prolonged tiredness, weight loss or lymph node
1213	swelling
1214	• a brown or black skin lesion with uneven borders, or one part of the lesion
1215	does not look like the other
1216	a change in the size and color of a mole
1217	a new skin lesion or bump
1218	 any other changes to your health
1219	Soo the section (What are the respible side effects of CallCant?)? for information
	See the section "What are the possible side effects of CellCept?" for information about other serious side effects.
1220	What is CellCept?
1221	CellCept is a prescription medicine to prevent rejection (antirejection medicine) in people
1222	who have received a kidney, heart or liver transplant. Rejection is when the body's
1223	immune system perceives the new organ as a "foreign" threat and attacks it.
1224	CellCept is used with other medicines called cyclosporine (Sandimmune®, Gengraf®,
1225	Neoral®) and corticosteroids. These medicines work together to prevent rejection to your
1225	transplanted organ.
1220	transplanted organ.
1227	CellCept has been used safely and works in children who received a kidney transplant as
1228	it does in adults. It is not known if CellCept is safe and works in children who receive a
1229	heart or liver transplant.
1230	Who should not take CellCept?
1231	Do not take CellCept if you are allergic to mycophenolate mofetil or any of the
1232	ingredients in CellCept. See the end of this Medication Guide for a complete list of
1233	ingredients in CellCept.
1234	What should I tell my healthcare provider before taking CellCept?
1235	
1255	Tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, if you:
1236	• have any digestive problems, such as ulcers
1237	• have Phenylketonuria (PKU). CellCept oral suspension contains aspartame (a
1238	source of phenylalanine)
1239	• have Lesch-Nyhan or Kelley-Seegmiller syndrome or another rare inherited
1240	deficiency hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyl-transferase (HGPRT). You
1241	should not take CellCept if you have one of these disorders
1242	 plan to receive any vaccines. People taking CellCept should not take live
1243	vaccines. Some vaccines may not work as well during treatment with CellCept
1244	• are pregnant or are planning to become pregnant. See "What is the most
1245	important information I should know about CellCept?"

1246 are breastfeeding. It is not known if CellCept passes into breast milk. You and 1247 your healthcare provider will decide if you will take CellCept or breastfeed. You 1248 should not do both without first talking with your healthcare provider 1249 1250 Tell your healthcare provider about all of the medicines you are taking including 1251 prescription and nonprescription medicines, vitamins and herbal supplements. 1252 Some medicines may affect the way CellCept works, and CellCept may affect how some 1253 medicines work. Especially tell your healthcare provider if you take: 1254 birth control pills (oral contraceptives). See "What is the most important 1255 information I should know about CellCept?" 1256 sevelamer (Renagel[®], Renvela[™]). These products should be taken 2 hours after 1257 taking CellCept acyclovir (Zovirax[®]), valacyclovir (Valtrex[®]), ganciclovir (CYTOVENE[®]-IV, 1258 Vitrasert[®]), valganciclovir (VALCYTEe[®]) 1259 rifampin (Rifater[®], Rifamate[®], Rimactane[®], Rifadin[®]) 1260 antacids that contain magnesium and aluminum (CellCept and the antacid should 1261 1262 not be taken at the same time) proton pump inhibitors (PPIs) (Prevacid[®], Protonix[®]) 1263 sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim (BACTRIM™, BACTRIM DS™) 1264 norfloxacin (Noroxin®) and metronidazole (Flagyl®, Flagyl® ER, Flagyl® IV, 1265 Metro IV, Helidac[®], Pylera™) 1266 ciprofloxacin (Cipro[®], Cipro[®] XR, Ciloxan[®], Proquin[®] XR) and amoxicillin plus 1267 clavulanic acid (Augmentin[®], Augmentin XR™) 1268 azathioprine (Azasan[®], Imuran[®]) 1269 cholestyramine (Questran Light[®], Questran[®], Locholest Light, Locholest, 1270 Prevalite[®]) 1271 1272 Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of them to show to your healthcare provider 1273 and pharmacist when you get a new medicine. Do not take any new medicine without 1274 talking with your healthcare provider. 1275 How should I take CellCept? 1276 Take CellCept exactly as prescribed 1277 1278 Do not stop taking CellCept or change the dose unless your healthcare provider 1279 tells you to 1280 1281 If you miss a dose of CellCept, or are not sure when you took your last dose, take

the regular amount of CellCept prescribed as soon as you remember. If it is time

Take CellCept capsules, tablets and oral suspension on an empty stomach, either 1

for your next dose, skip the missed dose. Do not take 2 doses at the same time.

hour before or 2 hours after a meal, unless your healthcare provider tells you

Call your healthcare provider if you are not sure what to do

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1288 1289	otherwise. With the approval of your healthcare provider, in stable kidney transplant patients, CellCept can be taken with food if necessary
1290 1291 1292	 Most people take CellCept by mouth either as blue and brown capsules or lavender tablets. Some people may get CellCept soon after their transplant surgery
1293 1294	as an infusion into a vein
1295 1296	Do not crush CellCept tablets. Do not open or crush CellCept capsules
1297 1298 1299 1300	 If you are not able to swallow CellCept tablets or capsules, your healthcare provider may prescribe CellCept Oral Suspension. This is a liquid form of CellCept. Your pharmacist will mix the medicine before giving it to you
1301 1302	Do not mix CellCept Oral Suspension with any other medicine
1303 1304 1305	• If you take too much CellCept, call your healthcare provider or the poison control center right away
1306	 What should I avoid while taking CellCept? Avoid pregnancy. See "What is the most important information I should know about CellCept?"
1307 1308	• Limit the amount of time you spend in sunlight. Avoid using tanning beds or sunlamps. People who take CellCept have a higher risk of getting skin cancer. (See "What is the most important information I should know about CellCept?") Wear protective clothing when you are in the sun and use a sunscreen with a high protection factor (SPF 30 and above). This is especially important if your skin is very fair or if you have a family history of skin cancer
1309	What are the possible side effects of CellCept?
	CellCept can cause serious side effects: • See "What is the most important information I should know about CellCept?"
1310	 Low blood cell counts. People taking high doses of CellCept each day may have a decrease in blood counts, including
1311 1312 1313 1314	• white blood cells, especially neutrophils. Neutrophils fight against bacterial infections. You have a higher chance of getting an infection when your white blood cell count is low. This is most common from 3 months to 6 months after your transplant
1315 1316 1317 1318	 red blood cells. Red blood cells carry oxygen to your body tissues. You have a higher chance of getting severe anemia when your red blood cell count is low platelets. Platelets help with blood clotting
1319 1320	Your healthcare provider will do blood tests before you start taking CellCept and during treatment with CellCept to check your blood cell counts.

1321 1322 1323 1324	Tell your healthcare provider right away if you have any signs of infection (see "What is the most important information I should know about CellCept?"), or any unexpected bruising or bleeding. Also, tell your healthcare provider if you have unusual tiredness, lack of energy, dizziness or fainting.
	• Stomach problems. Stomach and intestinal bleeding can happen in people who take high doses of CellCept. Bleeding can be severe and you may have to be hospitalized for treatment
1325 1326	Common side effects include:
1327 1328 1329 1330 1331 1332 1333	 diarrhea. Call your healthcare provider right away if you have diarrhea. Do not stop taking CellCept without first talking with your healthcare provider vomiting pain stomach area pain swelling of the lower legs, ankles and feet high blood pressure
1334 1335	Side effects that happen more often in children than in adults taking CellCept include:
1336 1337 1338 1339 1340 1341 1342 1343	 stomach area pain fever infection pain blood infection (sepsis) diarrhea vomiting sore throat colds (respiratory tract infections) high blood pressure low white blood cell count low red blood cell count
1344 1345	These are not all of the possible side effects of CellCept. Tell your healthcare provider about any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away.
1346 1347	Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to the FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or to Genentech at 1-888-835-2555.
1348	How should I store CellCept?
1349 1350 1351	• Store CellCept capsules and tablets at room temperature, between 59°F to 86°F (15°C to 30°C). Keep the container closed tightly
1352 1353 1354 1355 1356	• Store the prepared CellCept Oral Suspension at room temperature, between 59°F to 86°F (15°C to 30°C), for up to 60 days. You can also store CellCept Oral Suspension in the refrigerator at 36°F to 46°F (2°C to 8°C). Do not freeze CellCept Oral Suspension
1357 1358	• Keep CellCept and all medicines out of the reach of children

1360 1361 1362 1363	Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Medication Guide. Do not use CellCept for a condition for which it was not prescribed. Do not give CellCept to other people, even if they have the same symptoms that you have. It may harm them.
1364 1365 1366 1367 1368	This Medication Guide summarizes the most important information about CellCept. If you would like more information, talk with your doctor. You can ask your doctor or pharmacist for information about CellCept that is written for healthcare professionals. For more information, call 1-888-835-2555 or visit www.gene.com/gene/products/information/cellept.
1369 1370	What are the ingredients in CellCept? Active Ingredient: mycophenolate mofetil
1371	Inactive Ingredients:
1372 1373 1374 1375	<u>CellCept 250 mg capsules:</u> croscarmellose sodium, magnesium stearate, povidone (K-90) and pregelatinized starch. The capsule shells contain black iron oxide, FD&C blue #2, gelatin, red iron oxide, silicon dioxide, sodium lauryl sulfate, titanium dioxide, and yellow iron oxide.
1376 1377 1378 1379 1380	<u>CellCept 500 mg tablets:</u> black iron oxide, croscarmellose sodium, FD&C blue #2 aluminum lake, hydroxypropyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycol 400, povidone (K-90), red iron oxide, talc, and titanium dioxide; may also contain ammonium hydroxide, ethyl alcohol, methyl alcohol, n-butyl alcohol, propylene glycol, and shellac.
1381 1382 1383	<u>CellCept Oral Suspension:</u> aspartame, citric acid anhydrous, colloidal silicon dioxide, methylparaben, mixed fruit flavor, sodium citrate dihydrate, sorbitol, soybean lecithin, and xanthan gum.
1384 1385	<u>CellCept Intravenous:</u> polysorbate 80, and citric acid. Sodium hydroxide may have been used in the manufacture of CellCept Intravenous to adjust the pH.
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1387	This Medication Guide has been approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.
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General Information about CellCept

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