

### **NEWS RELEASE**



## MOUNTAIN-PLAINS INFORMATION OFFICE Kansas City, Mo.

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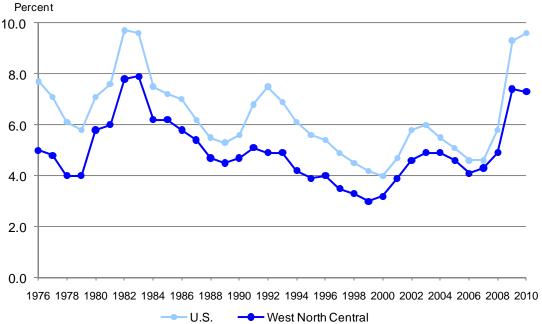
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## WEST NORTH CENTRAL AND STATE UNEMPLOYMENT - 2010 Division recorded unemployment rate significantly lower than the U.S. rate

The unemployment rate in the West North Central division declined 0.1 percentage point over the year to 7.3 percent in 2010, according to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Nationally, the U.S. jobless rate rose 0.3 percentage point from the prior year and reached 9.6 percent. (See table 1.) Regional Commissioner Stanley W. Suchman noted that the West North Central's unemployment rate was the lowest among the nine census divisions and was significantly below the national rate. It should also be noted that the jobless rate in the West North Central division has never exceeded the U.S. average in the 35 years that this data has been collected. (See chart 1. All division and state series begin in 1976.)

Chart 1. Unemployment rates for the U.S. and West North Central census division, 1976 - 2010



The West North Central is one of nine geographic divisions in the United States. Jobless rates in the divisions ranged from a low of 7.3 percent in the West North Central to a high of 11.7 percent in the Pacific in 2010. Four divisions, including the West North Central, recorded annual average unemployment rates that were significantly lower than that for the nation. Three divisions had rates that were significantly above the U.S. average—the Pacific, the East North Central, and the South Atlantic. (See table 2.)

Five of the 9 geographic divisions reported statistically significant over-the-year unemployment rate increases in 2010. The increases ranged from 0.4 percentage point in the Middle Atlantic to 0.9 percentage point in the Mountain.

Six of the 7 states that make up the West North Central division had jobless rates that were significantly lower than that for the nation in 2010. Three of these registered the lowest rates among the 50 states—North Dakota (3.9 percent), Nebraska (4.7 percent), and South Dakota (4.8 percent). Unemployment rates for Iowa (6.1 percent), Kansas (7.0 percent), and Minnesota (7.3 percent) were also appreciably lower than that for the nation. Missouri's unemployment rate of 9.6 percent matched the national average.

Nationwide, the highest rate among the states was recorded in Nevada (14.9 percent), followed by Michigan (12.5 percent), and California (12.4 percent). This was the first time since 2005 that Michigan did not post the highest unemployment rate among the states. Overall, 27 states reported unemployment rates measurably lower than the national average in 2010 and 10 states reported rates that were significantly higher.

Two of the seven West North Central states posted statistically significant jobless rate changes from 2009 to 2010. Iowa's unemployment rate rose 0.5 percentage point while Minnesota (-0.8 percentage point) was one of two states in the nation to record the largest rate decline over the year. The remaining five states in the West North Central division reported annual average unemployment rates for 2010 that were not appreciably different from those of the previous year.

Nationally, 18 states experienced statistically significant jobless rate increases over the year, the largest occurring in Nevada, up 2.4 percentage points followed by Idaho (1.6 points), New Mexico and West Virginia (1.4 points each), and Florida (1.3 points). Measureable rate decreases were recorded in four states with Michigan and Minnesota (-0.8 percentage point each) registering the largest declines.

#### **Technical note**

This release presents labor force and unemployment data from the Current Population Survey (CPS) and the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program. Estimates for the U.S. are obtained directly from the CPS, which is a monthly sample survey of approximately 60,000 households nationwide that is conducted for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the Census Bureau. All subnational estimates presented in this release were derived from updated time-series models with monthly benchmarking to national Current Population Survey (CPS) estimates. Subnational data reflect revised population controls and model reestimation. Historical data were revised back to 2006. Data for regions, divisions, states, and the District of Columbia are available back to 1976.

The LAUS program produces data for the nine geographic divisions in the United States: New England, Middle Atlantic, South Atlantic, East South Central, West South Central, East North Central, West North Central, Mountain, and Pacific. Data for all divisions, as well as the 50 states, are available in the Regional and State Unemployment release at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/lau/home.htm#news">www.bls.gov/lau/home.htm#news</a>.

Analysis in this news release reflects the use of model-based error measures when making comparisons with the U.S. and the prior year. BLS uses a 90-percent confidence level in determining whether changes or differences in subnational unemployment rates are statistically significant. Model-based error measures are available on the BLS Web site at <a href="https://www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm">www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm</a>.

#### **Additional information**

For personal assistance or further information on the Local Area Unemployment Statistics program, as well as other Bureau programs, contact the Mountain-Plains Information Office at 816-285-7000 from 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and 1:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 617-565-2072; Federal Relay Services: 1-800-877-8339.

Table 1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population for the U.S., West North Central, and West North Central states, 2009-10 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

Area	Civilian labor force		Employed		Unemployed		Unemployment rate		Error range
	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	of rate, 2010[2]
United States[1]	154,142	153,889	139,877	139,064	14,265	14,825	9.3	9.6	9.5 - 9.7
West North Central	10,969	10,942	10,163	10,146	806	796	7.4	7.3	7.0 - 7.5
lowa	1,665	1,671	1,572	1,568	94	103	5.6	6.1	5.7 - 6.6
Kansas	1,508	1,502	1,402	1,397	107	106	7.1	7.0	6.5 - 7.6
Minnesota	2,951	2,963	2,712	2,746	238	217	8.1	7.3	6.9 - 7.8
Missouri	3,051	3,014	2,768	2,726	283	289	9.3	9.6	8.8 - 10.3
Nebraska	981	977	934	931	47	45	4.8	4.7	4.2 - 5.1
North Dakota	369	370	353	356	16	15	4.3	3.9	3.5 - 4.4
South Dakota	444	444	422	423	22	21	5.0	4.8	4.5 - 5.2

<sup>[1]</sup> Data for the U.S. are obtained directly from the national Current Population Survey.

Note: Data refer to place of residence. Unemployment rates are in percent and are based on unrounded levels. Data for subnational areas reflect revised population controls and model reestimation.

<sup>[2]</sup> Error ranges are shown at the 90-percent confidence level and are based on unrounded data.

Table 2. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by region and division, 2009-10 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

(Numbers in thousands)									
	Civilian labor force		Employed		Unemployed		Unemployment rate		Error range of
Census region and divison	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	rate, 2010[1]
Northeast New England Middle Atlantic	28,321 7,733 20,587	28,243 7,770 20,473	25,950 7,100 18,850	25,784 7,109 18,675	2,370 633 1,737	2,459 660 1,799	8.4 8.2 8.4	8.5	
South South Atlantic East South Central West South Central	55,051 29,378 8,597 17,076	55,210 29,303 8,581 17,326	50,166 26,621 7,722 15,823	50,060 26,388 7,727 15,946	4,885 2,758 875 1,253	5,150 2,915 855 1,380		9.3 9.9 10.0 8.0	9.7 - 10.2 9.5 - 10.4
Midwest East North Central West North Central	34,637 23,667 10,969	34,480 23,538 10,942	31,317 21,155 10,163	31,237 21,091 10,146	3,319 2,513 806	3,243 2,448 796		9.4 10.4 7.3	
West Mountain Pacific	35,817 11,108 24,709	35,767 11,084 24,683	32,161 10,135 22,026	31,812 10,014 21,798	3,656 973 2,683	3,955 1,070 2,885	8.8	11.1 9.7 11.7	10.8 - 11.3 9.3 - 10.0 11.4 - 12.0

<sup>[1]</sup> Error ranges are shown at the 90-percent confidence level and are based on unrounded data.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Unemployment rates are in percent and are based on unrounded levels. Data for subnational areas reflect revised population controls and model reestimation. As a result, they will not add to U.S. totals.

Regions are defined as the four Census regions, comprised as follows:

**Northeast Region** includes the New England Division - Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont; and the Middle Atlantic Division - New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania.

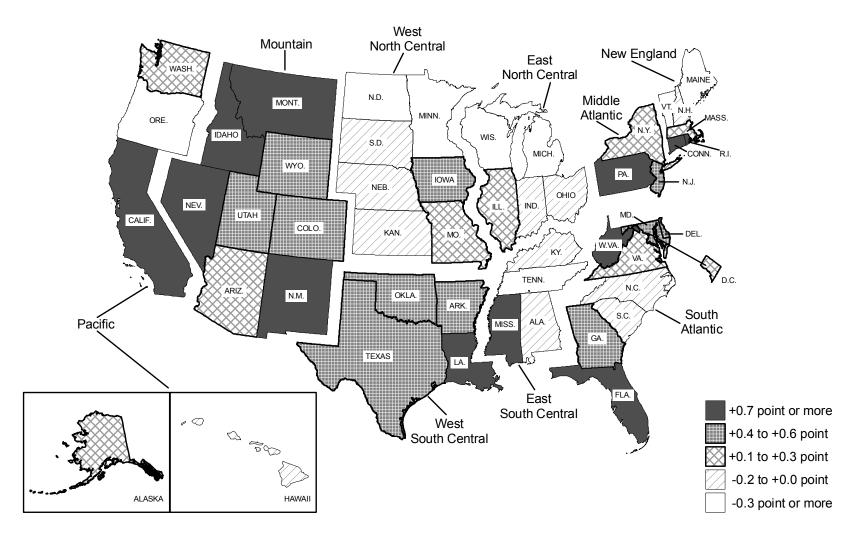
**South Region** includes the South Atlantic Division - Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia; East South Central Division - Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennessee; and West South Central Division - Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas.

Midwest Region includes the East North Central Division - Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin; and the West North Central Division - Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota.

**West Region** includes the Mountain Division - Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming; and the Pacific Division - Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, and Washington.

# Chart 2. Over-the-year change in unemployment rates by state, 2010 annual averages

(U.S. change = +0.3 percentage point)



## Chart 3. Unemployment rates by state, 2010 annual averages

(U.S. rate = 9.6 percent)

