

NEWS RELEASE



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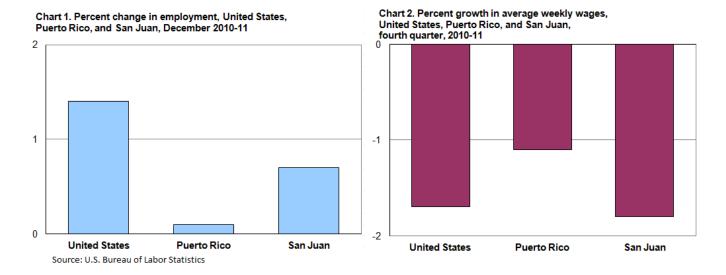
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COUNTY EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES IN PUERTO RICO – FOURTH QUARTER 2011

Puerto Rico's one large county, the municipio of San Juan, reported an employment gain of 0.7 percent from December 2010 to December 2011, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. (Large counties are defined as those with employment of 75,000 or more as measured by 2010 annual average employment.) Chief Regional Economist Martin Kohli noted that in December 2011, San Juan's employment level of 272,500 accounted for 28.4 percent of total employment in the Commonwealth.

In the United States, employment grew 1.4 percent over the year, as 266 of the 322 largest U.S. counties gained jobs. (See chart 1.) The 322 largest counties made up 70.7 percent of total U.S. employment.

The average weekly wage in San Juan was \$655 in the fourth quarter of 2011, 1.8 percent lower than one year prior. By comparison, the United States weekly wage declined 1.7 percent over the year to \$955. (See table 1 and chart 2.)





Round-the-clock recorded messages for the Consumer Price Index and a variety of other Bureau of Labor Statistics data are available by dialing the New York-New Jersey Information Office's main telephone number: (646) 264-3600. For recorded messages, press '2'.

Employment and wage levels (but not over-the-year changes) are also available for the 77 municipios in Puerto Rico with employment below 75,000. All 77 had wages below the United States' average of \$955. (See table 2.) Juncos, at \$820, had the highest average weekly wage, followed by Barceloneta, at \$733. None of the other municipios had a weekly wage above \$725. Overall, four municipios, including San Juan, had an average weekly wage ranging from \$600 to \$725; all of these were located on the eastern part of the island. Thirty-eight municipios had average weekly wages below \$475, with roughly half of these low-wage municipios located in the western end of the island, including Lajas (\$379), Aguada (\$366), and Lares (\$351). (See chart 3.)

In the neighboring Virgin Islands, average weekly wages were also below the United States average. However, the highest average weekly wage among Virgin Island counties, at \$850 on St. Croix, was 3.7 percent above the highest wage in any of Puerto Rico's municipios. Average weekly wages on St. Thomas were \$722 and \$630 on St. John.

Though employment on each island was below 25,000, more than half of the territory's 43,166 jobs in December 2011 were on St. Thomas, and an additional 18,185 were on St. Croix.

Additional statistics and other information

QCEW data for states have been included in this release in table 3. For additional information about quarterly employment and wage data, please read the Technical Note or visit the QCEW Web site at www.bls.gov/cew.

Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online features comprehensive information by detailed industry on establishments, employment, and wages for the nation and all states. The 2010 edition of this publication, which was published in November 2011, contains selected data produced by Business Employment Dynamics (BED) on job gains and losses, as well as selected data from the first quarter 2011 version of the national news release. Tables and additional content from Employment and Wages Annual Averages 2010 are now available online at www.bls.gov/cew/cewbultn10.htm. The 2011 edition of Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online will be available later in 2012.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200; TDD message referral phone number: 1-800-877-8339.

County employment and wage data for the first quarter 2012 are scheduled to be released on Thursday, September 27, 2012.

Technical Note

Average weekly wage data by county are compiled under the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) program, also known as the ES-202 program. The data are derived from summaries of employment and total pay of workers covered by state and federal unemployment insurance (UI) legislation and provided by State Workforce Agencies (SWAs). The 9.2 million employer reports cover 131.3 million full- and part-time workers. The average weekly wage values are calculated by dividing quarterly total wages by the average of the three monthly employment levels of those covered by UI programs. The result is then divided by 13, the number of weeks in a quarter. It is to be noted, therefore, that over-the-year wage changes for geographic areas may reflect shifts in the composition of employment by industry, occupation, and such other factors as hours of work. Thus, wages may vary among counties, metropolitan areas, or states for reasons other than changes in the average wage level. Data for all states, Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), counties, and the nation are available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cew/; however, data in QCEW press releases have been revised and may not match the data contained on the Bureau's Web site.

QCEW data are not designed as a time series. QCEW data are simply the sums of individual establishment records reflecting the number of establishments that exist in a county or industry at a point in time. Establishments can move in or out of a county or industry for a number of reasons—some reflecting economic events, others reflecting administrative changes.

The preliminary QCEW data presented in this release may differ from data released by the individual states as well as from the data presented on the BLS Web site. These potential differences result from the states' continuing receipt, review and editing of UI data over time. On the other hand, differences between data in this release and the data found on the BLS Web site are the result of adjustments made to improve over-the-year comparisons. Specifically, these adjustments account for administrative (noneconomic) changes such as a correction to a previously reported location or industry classification. Adjusting for these administrative changes allows users to more accurately assess changes of an economic nature (such as a firm moving from one county to another or changing its primary economic activity) over a 12-month period. Currently, adjusted data are available only from BLS press releases.

Table 1. Covered¹ employment and wages in the United States, Puerto Rico, and San Juan, fourth quarter 2011²

	<u>Emplo</u>	<u>oyment</u>	Average weekly wage ³		
Area	December 2011 (thousands)	Percent change, December 2010-11 ⁴	Average weekly wage	Percent change, fourth quarter 2010-11 ⁴	
United States ⁵	131,254.2	1.4	\$955	-1.7	
Puerto Rico	960.9	0.1	552	-1.1	
San Juan	272.5	0.7	655	-1.8	

¹ Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

² Data are preliminary.

³ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

⁴ Percent changes were computed from quarterly employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications.

⁵ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

Table 2. Covered¹ employment and wages in the United States and Puerto Rico, by county, fourth quarter 2011²

Area	Employment December 2011 (thousands)	Average weekly wage ³	Area	Employment December 2011 (thousands)	Average weekly wage ³
United States ⁴	131,254.2	\$955	Lajas	3.1	\$379
Office Otates	101,204.2	φοσο	Lajas	5.1	351
Puerto Rico	960.9	552	Las Marias	2.0	420
r derto Mico	300.9	332	Las Piedras	8.1	677
Adjuntas	2.1	409	Loiza	1.6	409
Aguada	4.7	366	Luquillo	2.5	521
Aguadilla	17.1	579	Manati	12.8	534
Aguas Buenas	1.9	424	Maricao	1.4	430
Aibonito	5.2	479	Maunabo	1.6	598
Anasco	5.7	505	Mayaguez	33.3	484
Arecibo	23.5	538	Mayaguez	33.3	404
	23.5	516	Moca	3.7	423
Arroyo Barceloneta	9.9	733	Morovis	2.5	425 405
	9.9 3.5	733 497		2.0	456
Barranquitas	3.3	497	Naguabo	3.3	435
Davaman	50.0	F00	Naranjito		
Bayamon	58.8	503	Orocovis	4.0	383
Cabo Rojo	6.4	388	Patillas	1.8	446
Caguas	49.2	487	Penuelas	2.8	510
Camuy	3.5	407	Ponce	54.1	487
Canovanas	6.8	486	Quebradillas	2.2	450
Carolina	53.3	491	Rincon	1.6	386
Catano	10.5	612	-		
Cayey	11.3	536	Rio Grande	6.1	458
Ceiba	1.3	459	Sabana Grande	2.9	415
Ciales	2.0	398	Salinas	4.4	548
			San German	9.2	483
Cidra	5.9	561	San Juan	272.5	655
Coamo	4.1	440	San Lorenzo	5.0	520
Comerio	1.8	476	San Sebastian	5.2	391
Corozal	3.9	424	Santa Isabel	6.6	417
Culebra	0.4	382	Toa Alta	3.7	401
Dorado	7.8	512	Toa Baja	13.3	512
Fajardo	11.9	509			
Florida	1.5	394	Trujillo Alto	11.1	380
Guanica	2.4	383	Utuado	3.9	475
Guayama	12.3	568	Vega Alta	5.0	444
			Vega Baja	8.8	529
Guayanilla	2.7	562	Vieques	1.7	467
Guaynabo	43.5	670	Villalba	3.5	477
Gurabo	6.7	581	Yabucoa	3.6	418
Hatillo	8.4	389	Yauco	6.4	435
Hormigueros	2.5	398			
Humacao	17.8	556			
Isabela	7.2	439			
Jayuya	2.9	499			
Juana Diaz	6.5	497			
Juncos	6.7	820			

¹ Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

² Data are preliminary.

³ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

⁴ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

Table 3. Covered¹ employment and wages by state, fourth quarter 2011²

Employment Average weekly wage³ Percent Percent change, National fourth December National change, Average ranking by 2011 December weekly ranking quarter percent State (thousands) 2010-11 by level4 2010-11 change4 wage United States⁵ 131,254.2 1.4 \$955 -1.7 Alabama 1,828.3 0.2 832 31 -0.8 14 Alaska 311.3 1.6 982 11 -0.5 10 Arizona 2,458.4 1.7 882 21 -1.1 17 0.9 Arkansas 1,157.1 736 47 -1.2 19 California 14,731.8 1.3 1,100 -2.7 47 6 975 Colorado 2,250.1 2.1 13 -2.6 46 Connecticut 1,642.0 0.9 1,188 4 -3.1 49 405.9 10 Delaware 0.4 984 -1.6 26 District of Columbia 708.0 1.3 1,668 -1.2 19 1 Florida 7,364.1 1.4 847 29 -2.8 48 1.0 885 20 -2.2 39 Georgia 3,826.9 Hawaii 607.0 1.4 845 30 -1.5 23 Idaho 606.4 8.0 717 50 -2.2 39 Illinois 5,635.9 1,013 8 -2.1 35 1.1 Indiana 2,799.2 2.0 789 41 -1.9 32 1,464.2 1.1 793 40 -0.8 14 Iowa 1,320.1 0.7 800 38 23 Kansas -1.5 Kentucky 1,770.2 1.3 786 42 -1.0 16 Louisiana 1,870.8 850 27 28 1.0 -1.7 Maine 580.9 0.4 755 46 -1.8 30 7 -2.0 33 Maryland 2,516.4 1.1 1,058 Massachusetts 3,230.8 1.3 1,192 3 -2.1 35 Michigan 3,911.8 2.4 933 18 -0.5 10 Minnesota 2,636.4 2.1 936 16 -3.9 51 Mississippi 1,083.8 0.3 699 51 -1.1 17 Missouri 2,617.0 8.0 825 32 -1.7 28 426.7 727 48 Montana 1.8 0.7 4 Nebraska 910.5 8.0 762 45 -1.3 21 Nevada 8.0 852 26 -3.2 50 1,124.1 New Hampshire 615.4 0.9 15 971 -0.713 **New Jersey** 3,811.6 0.6 5 -2.1 35 1,138 New Mexico 39 -0.3 -2.2 39 784.3 799 New York 8,618.4 1.4 1,197 2 -1.8 30 North Carolina 3,885.9 1.3 824 33 -2.0 33 23 North Dakota 397.0 7.6 871 7.7 1 25 Ohio 5,027.6 1.3 855 -1.3 21 Oklahoma 1,530.0 1.3 817 34 2.6 2 Oregon 1,629.8 1.2 850 27 -0.2 6 Pennsylvania 5,595.1 0.7 936 16 -1.6 26 Rhode Island 919 -2.1 35 451.9 0.1 19

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Covered¹ employment and wages by state, fourth quarter 2011²-Continued

Employment

Average weekly wage³

State	December 2011 (thousands)	Percent change, December 2010-11	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level ⁴	Percent change, fourth quarter 2010-11	National ranking by percent change ⁴
South Carolina	1,796.1	1.3	\$763	44	-1.5	23
South Dakota	397.0	1.5	724	49	1.4	3
Tennessee	2,654.9	2.1	858	24	-2.3	42
Texas	10,607.9	2.4	973	14	-0.3	8
Utah	1,202.8	2.8	806	37	-2.5	45
Vermont	303.9	1.3	809	36	-0.5	10
Virginia	3,625.0	1.3	1,004	9	-2.4	43
Washington	2,843.6	1.4	979	12	-0.2	6
West Virginia	714.0	2.2	776	43	-0.3	8
Wisconsin	2,689.6	0.7	817	34	-2.4	43
Wyoming	276.9	2.3	876	22	0.6	5
Puerto Rico	960.9	0.1	552	(⁶)	-1.1	(⁶)
Virgin Islands	43.2	-4.0	772	(⁶)	-3.4	(⁶)

¹ Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

² Data are preliminary.

³ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

⁴ Ranking does not include Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

⁵ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

⁶ Data not included in the national ranking.

