Department of Health & Human Services

Forms Manual

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FORMS MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

- I. REASON FOR ISSUE: This handbook establishes the procedures that implement the policies for forms management contained in the HHS Forms Management Manual.
- II. SUMMARY OF CONTENT/MAJOR CHANGES: This handbook describes the procedures for recommending, creating, managing, monitoring, and eliminating forms used Departmentwide. Major changes are:
 - A. An instruction for the transfer of forms from one Operating Division (OPDIV) to another.
 - B. Procedures for use of electronic, preprinted, standard, optional and OPDIV forms.

CERTIFIED BY:

FORMS MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

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FORMS MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

I. PURPOSE

This handbook describes the procedures for recommending, creating, managing, monitoring, and eliminating paper or electronic forms used within the Department. This handbook supplements the policies and responsibilities prescribed in the HHS Forms Management Manual. Together, the handbook and the manual establish the necessary tools required to accomplish an effective Health and Human Services (HHS) Forms Management Program.

II. SCOPE

These procedures apply to all HHS.

III. GENERAL

Forms management includes development, approval, management, and evaluation of forms that may be in either paper or electronic form. Use of established forms is required instead of developing and generating forms locally in a division, department, or group. Technical support regarding the design of forms (paper or electronic) is provided by the Media Arts Branch of the Program Support Center, HHS, telephone number: (301) 443-1090.

Each HHS Operating Division (OPDIV) has a designated Forms Management Officer and/or Liaison Officer. See the intranet form site http://forms.psc.gov for the FMO with whom to coordinate your forms activities.

A. Obtaining Forms.

- 1. Most Federal forms used within HHS may be obtained in paper format from the Personal Property Facility, 16071 Industrial Drive, Gaithersburg, MD. 20877; or the Cohen Building, 200 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C.
- 2. Unlimited quantities of forms may be obtained and downloaded and printed at your workstation from the following websites:

HHS http://forms.psc.gov/

OPM http://www.opm.gov/forms/index.htm

GSA http://www.gsa.gov/forms/forms.htm

- B. <u>Changes to Forms</u>. All changes made to forms should be cleared by the originating office through the agency Forms Management Officer (e.g., elimination of lines or inclusion of information, addition of spaces, etc.).
- D. <u>Clearance Procedures for Exceptions</u>. When a standard, optional, or other agency form does not serve the Department's purpose, the Forms Management Officer assists the program official in completing the SF-152, "Request for Clearance or Cancellation of a Standard or Optional Form or Exception." This is forwarded through the appropriate FMO to the Department's FMO, who in turn will then seek the exception from the promulgating agency and will advise the requestor of the action taken.
- E. <u>Initial Distribution</u>. The initial distribution of all new forms and the superseding revisions will be made through the Program Support Center (PSC) forms store, forms warehouse, originating office or the departments website. Electronic versions will be provided in paper and electronic media.

- F. <u>Reproduction of Forms</u>. The copies may be obtained through the Department's Reprographic Services Center. The form must be obtained from the agency FMO or the promulgating office to ensure the replication of the most current version. Authorized forms, including those that are not promulgated by HHS, e.g., Standard Forms, Optional Forms and other agency forms, should be reviewed by the appropriate FMO and the program office requiring the use of the form to ensure the current version prior to its reproduction.
- G. <u>Overprinting</u>. The data included on the form may not be modified without specific prior approval from the appropriate program office having jurisdiction over the form.

H. Replenishment of Stock.

- 1. Requests for forms stocked and stored at the HHS forms facilities should be forwarded to the warehouse forms' coordinator for restocking of the requestors form supply. The warehouse staff will notify the FMO when their stock levels should be replenished.
- 2. Forms may also be obtained from the Department's Forms Distribution Website at: http://www.forms.psc.gov/forms.htm This site will let you have access to both our downloadable Print-on-Demand (POD) forms and the intelligent on-line fillable forms.
- I. <u>Transfers</u>. Program officials must coordinate the transfer ownership of forms from one organization to another through their FMO's.
- J. <u>Discontinuances</u>. Program officials will promptly report obsolete and nonessential forms to the appropriate agency FMO. The FMO is responsible for notifying the warehouse forms coordinator, who in turn will notify field facilities of any discontinuances. All forms replaced or superseded by new or revised forms will be reported to the operational components by the agency's FMO.
- K. <u>Catalog</u>. A combined catalog of forms for all organizational elements is compiled by each agency and forwarded to the Department's FMO for final compilation

and will be issued through the department's forms stores and posted at the HHS Forms Directory link in the www.hhs.gov website.

Each OPDIV's electronic forms listings will be a part of the web page (both print-on-demand and electronic fillable forms). Each OPDIV FMO is responsible for monitoring and updating their website catalogs. This information should be provided to their website coordinator.

IV . PROCEDURES FOR REQUESTING A NEW OR REVISED FORM

When a program official determines that a form is needed for HHS operations, the following procedures will be followed for manual (paper) and electronic (print images of the form that reside on magnetic or optical media) form:

- A. Contact your agency FMO who will assist in determining if a form already exists to meet this need.
- B. If it is determined that a form exists, and modification is required to serve the purpose, coordination is necessary between the originating office and the appropriate FMO to revise the existing form.
- C. If a form does not exist, the appropriate FMO will assist the originator in the application of established policies and procedures and will help to determine essential, design specifications for the new form.
- D. When a new or revised form is necessary, the originator will prepare a HHS-398. A draft copy of the proposed form will accompany this request. The request will be routed to the appropriate HHS/OPDIV FMO to avoid duplication of procurement and stocking, and to ensure that there is a central reference point for information concerning use of the form.
- E. Privacy Act Clearances will be performed by the OPDIV Privacy Act Officers on all forms. See www.hhs.gov/contacts/privacy.html for your Privacy Act contact.

V. DISSEMINATION OF ELECTRONIC FORMS

- A. HHS organizations disseminating electronic forms must obtain approval from the forms management officer, and the office of primary responsibility, to ensure that the form is accurate and remains current.
- B. Electronic versions of standard and optional forms <u>must</u> implement the current version of the form, and contain all the wording, punctuation, instructions, and identifying information of the form. The specific parameters and cautions regarding electronically designed forms are contained in the General Services Administration (GSA) Information Resources Management Technical Guide, Electronic Forms Systems Analysis and Design (stock number is PB95250239/LP).
- C. The exceptions to standard and optional forms must be requested from the promulgating agency through the Department's Forms Management Officer.
- D. Electronic standard and optional forms with unique characteristics (e.g., forms that pertain to accounting and finance operations) must be cleared by GSA under the exception process.
- E. Specific guidelines for electronic HHS forms are as follows:
 - 1. An electronically disseminated form must be complete, containing all the wording and punctuation of all items in the original. Instructions and questions, and any other identifying information must match exactly.
 - 2. No data elements may be added or deleted.
 - 3. The sequence for each item on the form must match the sequence in the original.
 - 4. Whenever possible, each item must print on the page in approximately the same location as it appears on the equivalent page of the original form.

- 5. Forms printed front and back on the original may be printed on single sheets provided each page is identified with the form number, page number, and edition date.
- 6. Multiple part sets may be printed as single sheets.
- 7. All blocks must remain approximately the same size and lines must remain approximately the same length to the highest degree possible.
- 8. Contractors creating electronic versions of HHS forms must get clearance from the promulgating office and incorporate or place on the bottom of the face page, near the right corner, the software name and vendor or producer. Form users and agencies must have a way to identify electronic versions of forms from printed versions that are not produced by HHS. Non-owners must make a request in writing to the Departments' FMO.
- 9. A copy of all electronic versions of a HHS form must be submitted to the Departments Forms Management Officer before usage for final clearance. When submitting include software and environment in which the form is being used.

VI. APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS

All forms having an annual usage in excess of 100 will be part of the HHS/OPDIV's Forms Management Program. This will include forms approved by the OMB for information collections; internal, administrative, and operational forms; and standard, optional, and other governmental agency forms. The following categories of forms require approval prior to use:

- 1. Forms originating in HHS and Regional offices;
- 2. Forms originating in one activity which affect functions under the jurisdiction of another program office;
- 3. Forms which are subject to intra-agency use, i.e., standard forms, optional

forms;

- 4. Forms which are beyond the composition or reproduction capacity of regional facilities, or those which must be produced by special sources, such as carbon-interleaved or other specialty forms; and
- 5. Forms which are electronically generated for the reduction of waste and to facilitate faster transfer of information.

VII. FORM DESIGN AND SPECIFICATION

The following design specifications will apply to all HHS forms. **NOTE:** Eliminate carbon-set forms whenever possible particularly when converting from impact to non-impact or laser printing systems.

- A. All forms requiring name, address and other identifying information will follow this standard order: Last name, first name, middle initial; number and street or post office box; city, State, and Zip code; Social Security Number, or any other identification. Exceptions may be made to accommodate design format.
- B. Box design will be used to ensure that the best use of space and ease of data entry.
- C. Captions (upper left or centered) will be arranged in a logical sequence to ensure ease and accuracy of entries to and transcription of information from a form.
- D. "Check boxes" will be used to the maximum extent possible.
- E. Typewriter or other machine spacing will be the controlling factor in determining horizontal and vertical spacing of all entries.
- F. Each form will have a distinguishing title that is a concise description of its function. The title will be located at the top of the form unless filing or other equipment requirements dictate otherwise.

- G. Forms will conform to paper sizes determined by standard sheet sizes (8 ½ X 11), or by fixed requirements such as capabilities of processing machines. White paper and black ink will be used. Exceptions for colored paper or colored inks must be justified.
- H. Instructions for completing an internal HHS form that exceeds a quarter of a page will not be printed on the face of the form. Such instructions will appear on the reverse side of the form or in the corresponding Department directive. Instructions for one-page forms that exceed a quarter of a page will be printed on the reverse side of the form or on a separate page.
- I. Forms used to collect information as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) will be developed and placed on the form in an obvious and highlighted format showing the OMB number, expiration date and OMB statement, ensuring readability by the user.
- J. The Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (P.L. 105-220, 112 Stat. 936 Section 408 (b)) of that law included a revised version of Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 408 (b) Subsection 508, 112 Stat. 1203-06. This newly revised Section imposes strict requirements for any electronic information technology developed, maintained, procured, or used by Federal agencies. A workgroup (Web Accessibility Initiative (WAI), has been formed named W3C. They have recommended:
- "C.1. Only use technologies defined in a W3C specification and use them in an accessible manner. Where not possible, provide an accessible alternative page that does. Many non-HTML technologies (e.g., PDF, Shockwave, and other non-W3C data formats) used to encode information require either plug-ins or stand-alone applications that often create pages that cannot be viewed or navigated using standard Web access tools...."

Information is to be made more accessible to individuals with handicaps. Any document put on a website, must be available in text or HTML format, in addition to whatever format you would like to put it in. When transforming a document into TEXT,

a lot of the formatting techniques, like page numbering, indenting, bolding, etc., and possibly all your graphic presentations will be lost or altered in appearance.

K. Use of specialty forms, i.e., marginally punched, continuous, special construction, OCR (Optical Character Recognition), MICR (Magnetic Imaging Character Recognition), and forms printed on security paper, will be limited to applications where the added cost is clearly justified in terms of direct savings to the agency/department.

L. Preferrable Keywords to Use in Titling Forms

(Below are examples of keywords to use in titling your forms. Please work with your FMO when selecting form titles).

Keyword

Purpose of Form(s)

$\underline{\mathbf{A}}$

Abstract	To make a summary of
Account	To record debit and credit
Acknowledgment	To document the receipt of
Affidavit	To attest to the truth of
Agreement	To offer and accept in writing
Allotment	To distribute in parts
Appeal	To request the review of a decision
Application	To request something
Appointment	To constitute
Assignment	To specify
Authorization	To permit an action
Award	To bestow

 \mathbf{B}

Bid

Bill

Bond

To offer for a price

To itemize

To issue interest-bearing certificate

 $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$

Cancellation

Certificate

Claim

Commission

Communication

Complaint

Contract

To revoke

To verify the truth of

To ask as due

To grant powers

To interchange information

To formally allege

To agree to provide for a price

 $\mathbf{\underline{D}}$

Deed

Designation

Diary

Digest

Document

To convey real estate

To indicate or identify

To record daily

To classify and condense

To furnish information

 \mathbf{E}

Endorsement

Estimate

To write; to assign

To calculate approximately

F

Follow up

To seek completion of an action

 $\underline{\mathbf{G}}$

Guide

To direct the course

Ī

Identification

Index

Inquiry

Instruction

Inventory

Invoice

Itinerary

To name

To list

To seek to know

To furnish with direction

To itemize

To bill or charge for

To record a trip

J

Journal

To record daily transactions and status

 $\underline{\mathbf{L}}$

Lease

Ledger

List

Log

To rent

To record fiscal accounts

To catalog, enroll, or register

To record daily progress

M

Manifest
Memorandum
Memorial
Message

To list cargo

To record informally
To keep in mind
To communicate

 \mathbf{N}

Note

To assist the memory; to acknowledge a

debt

Notice Notification To announce information or directions A written or printed document by which

information is sent

 $\underline{\mathbf{o}}$

Order

To command

<u>P</u>

Pass

Payroll

Permit

Petition

To permit to come and go

To list persons receiving pay

To authorize a specific act

To request formally

 \mathbf{Q}

Questionnaire

To ask questions to obtain data

<u>R</u>

Receipt To acknowledge delivery or payment Recommendation To advise a course of action Record To retain an account of facts or events Register To list events or actions in sequence Release To set free Report To make an account of action or status Request To ask for Requisition To apply for formally Return To report on income and expenditures Roll To register events Roster To list names Routing To direct documents from one

 $\underline{\mathbf{S}}$

Schedule

To catalog recurring events; to publish a
plan of future action; to append

Specification

To state requirements; to particularize in
detail

Statement

To communicate a declaration or report

Summary

To contain the substance of a fuller account;
to brief

Survey

To inspect; to examine and report on
condition and value

office/individual to another

 $\underline{\mathbf{T}}$

Tabulation

To arrange in a systematic outline, usually

in columns

Telegram

To convey a written message by telegraph

Ticket

To attach to goods, giving information on nomenclature, size, or price; to entitle the

holder to specified privileges

Transmittal

To send out an attachment

Transcript

To provide a written copy

 $\underline{\mathbf{V}}$

Voucher

To bear witness; a receipt for payment

 $\underline{\mathbf{W}}$

Warrant

To guarantee anything; to answer for the genuineness of

FUNCTION - SUBJECT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

This system provides a glossary of forms functions and their definitions, followed by a list of forms subjects. Each subject has been further subdivided into secondary subjects, where they exist. The forms were gathered, examined, analyzed, and classified in a working file for the everyday use of HHS Forms Management Officers. The HHS Function-Subject Classification System was developed from an analysis of all forms used within HHS.

This Function-Subject Index is indispensable to forms management officers when they undertake to standardize, combine, and eliminate existing forms. The development of a functional file will aid each forms management officer to:

- Know the subject and/or function of a form and its location when the form number or title are not known..
- Locate all forms performing the same function under one subject.
- Locate all forms concerning one subject regardless of the function
- Locate all forms performing the same function regardless of the subject; or
- Be sure that there are not existing forms pertaining to a specific subject or function with which you
 may be concerned at the moment.

This system is intended to help in situations such as:

- When the number and title of a form are not known how can the form be located?
- It is desired to bring together all the forms used for a particular purpose, in order to make a comprehensive system analysis how can these forms be identified?
- A new form is being proposed will it overlap or duplicate the function being performed by an existing standardized form?

To develop a working Functional file, a copy of all forms used by your agency should be classified according to this index; marked with the classification code from this Subject-Function Index. The code, marked in red, should be placed in the upper-right corner of the form copy. An example of a classification code, L-10a, would be developed in this manner:

- L Report (This is the form's function)
- 10 Dentistry (This is the form's primary subject)
- a Examination (This is the form's secondary subject)

Thus, a form coded L-10a would be a report concerning a dental examination.

After the code has been entered each form should be filed in folders which identify the function and subject, including secondary subjects, if used. No more than one function, however, should be included in each folder.

This information is made available here for the benefit of everyone concerned with forms and forms management, throughout Health and Human Services. The Functional Classification System used by Food and Drug Administration differs from the HHS Function-Subject Classification System. It is included, however, as an addendum of this section.

FUNCTIONS AND DEFINITIONS

CODE	FUNCTION	DEFINITION	
A.	ACKNOWLEDGE	To recognize; to report receipt of.	
B.	AGREE	To come to terms or a common understanding; to concur; to offer and accept in writing.	
C.	APPLY	To ask for something which may or may not be granted, usually referring to intangibles.	
D.	AUTHORIZE	To empower; to permit; to establish by authority.	
E.	CERTIFY	To verify; to attest authoritatively; to testify to in writing.	
F.	CLAIM	To ask for, or seek to obtain, by virtue of authority, right or supposed right; to demand as due.	
G.	IDENTIFY	To establish or prove the identity of a person, place, or thing.	
H.	INSTRUCT	To furnish with directions or information on what to do or how to do something.	
I.	NOTIFY	To make known; to inform.	
J.	ORDER	To order (command) to travel, duty, etc.	
K.	RECORD	To commit information to writing for the purpose of retaining it as an account of facts or data.	
L.	REPORT	To send, present, or transmit, in writing, information of action	
M.	REQUEST	or status or an official account of facts. To ask for something wanted, usually referring to tangibles.	

N.	REQUISITION	To formally request, by authority, the acquisition (or procurement) of something required, usually referring to tangibles.
О.	ROUTE	To forward or transport by a prearranged itinerary or address, i.e., (routing slip, mailing label.
P.	TRANSMIT	To send or transfer an attachment from one person or place to another, i.e., a transmittal form or transmittal form letter.

SUBJECT SELECTION

Each form is classified directly under the primary subject only if it oes not fit into one of the secondary subject classifications.

1.	ACCIDENT	Pertains to accidents other than employee injuries. See "Personnel" for employee injuries and related compensation.
2.	ANIMAL EXPERIMENTS	Pertains to the utilization of animals for research and experimental purposes, including laboratory records maintained for this purpose. Example: Animal production Record; Animal Weight Report.
3.	BUDGET	Pertains to budget preparation and control, and includes program and operating budgets.
4.	BUILDINGS/GROUNDS	Pertains to the maintenance and management of buildings and grounds or any fixed part thereof. Example: Boiler Room Log; Building Pass.
5.	CENSUS	Pertains to the enumeration of things but does not include inventory forms. Example: Nursing Unit Census Report; Annual Census of Patients.
6.	CLOTHING/LAUNDRY	Pertains specifically to clothing or laundry (see also "Patient's Property/Valuables" under subject 28). Example: Laundry Production Report; Clothing and Property Record.
7.	COMMISSARY/MEALS	Forms peculiar to the functions of a commissary, and pertaining to employees and travelers' meals (see subject 28m for nutrition and dietary forms pertaining to patients). Example: Commissary Coupon Book; Meal Ticket.
8.	COMMUNICATIONS	Pertains to communications by mail, messenger, or any electronic means.
9.	CONTRACTS	Pertains to contracts and contract forms regardless of the contract subject. For example: Contract for Microfilm; Professional Services Contract.

10. DENTISTRY

- a. Examination Pertains to the examination of patients' and employees' teeth, and to examination results.
- b. Fluoride Pertains to the fluoride application in dentistry.
- c. Operations Pertains to dental operations in general (see "Treatment/Care" for those pertaining to individual patients).
- d. School Program Forms peculiar to school dental programs and studies, and not classified under a more specific subject within the "dentistry" category.
- e. Survey Summary Pertains to the summarization or tabulation of survey or study findings and results.
- f. Treatment/Care Pertains to the treatment and care of teeth of patients, employees, and study participants, as individuals. This includes treatment appointment records.

11. DISEASE CONTROL ACTIVITY

Pertains to the disease control activities of the various programs and facilities. These are program forms which do not readily fall within other subjects established. Example: Report of a Suspect or Case of VD; Report of Disease Outbreak; Semi-Annual State Cancer Control Activity Report.

DISEASE STUDY/SURVEY

Pertains to the specific disease studies or surveys listed below. Other diseases are classified under the primary subject.

- a. Cancer
- c. Heart
- e. Tuberculosis

- b. Diabetes
- d. Mental Illness f. Venereal Disease

13. DISTRIBUTION

Pertains to the distribution services of the Service. Example: Distribution Request; Form Distribution Schedule.

14. DRUGS

Pertains specifically to drugs and narcotics (see "Laboratory" for analysis of and manufacture of):

15.	GRANTS (PROJECTS/FORMULA)	Forms peculiar to all grant programs, including such areas as research; training; fellowships; trainee ships; construction, etc.	
		 a. Research (Application) b. Training (Applications/Trainee) c. Construction (Applications) d. Fellowships/Trainee ships e. Residencies/Internships f. Reports of Expenditures h. Vouchers/Requests for i. Federal/State Relationships 	
16.	EQUIPMENT	Pertains to equipment in general; requirements for; loan of, etc. See related subjects: Maintenance/Repair; Property Control.	
17.	FINANCE	Pertains to the fiscal management of financial resources. Financial forms of the various programs, because of their nature, are classified under more specific subjects whenever possible. The latter includes survey financial forms and financial forms submitted to the public.	
		a. Accounts b. Allotment/Appropriation c. Cost d. Disbursements/Collections e. Expenditures/Liquidations f. Obligations g. Patient's Funds h. Payroll i. Savings Bonds j. Vouchers k. Vouchers, Transportation	
18.	FORMS	Forms peculiar to the administration of a forms management program, and those pertaining specifically to blank forms. Example: Forms Status Notice; Forms Action Logs, etc.	
19.	GENERAL	Those blank forms which are considered of a general nature and carry no subject, they can be used for many purposes.	
20.	IDENTIFICATION (Person)	Any form whose primary purpose is to identify an individual. Example: Deceased Patient's ID Tag; Patient's Identification Card.	
21.	IMMUNIZATION	Pertains to vaccinations for disease immunity, inoculation vaccines, and related forms.	

22.	INVENTORY	Forms that list an inventory or subject matter pertaining to an inventory.		
23.	LABORATORY	Forms pertaining to or used in laboratory work, form pertaining to a patient are classified under "Examination, Laboratory (Patient)", subject 28.		
		a. Analysis b. Biologic Pro	oducts c. Culture Media	
24.	LIBRARY	Forms peculiar to the functions of Record; Records of Periodicals; l	of a library. Example: Borrower's Library Loan Request.	
25.	LICENSE	Pertains to the licensing of any pr	roduct, machine, or activity.	
26.	MAINTENANCE/REPAIR	Pertains specifically to the maintenance or repair of things. Example: Request for Equipment Repair, etc.		
27.	MEDICAL FACILITIES	Pertains to medical facilities in general, and not limited to any specific function of a facility. Example: Report of Personal Study of Mental Hospitals; Annual Report of Psychiatric Clinics.		
28.	MEDICAL TREATMENT CARE	Pertains specifically to the medical treatment and care of patients, and related activities. Classified here are forms that cannot be identified with one of the secondary subjects.		
		 a. Admissions/Discharge b. Appointments c. Blood Bank d. Clinical Brief e. "Clinical Records" (Those not classified under a More specific subject.) f. Employee Health g. Examination (Employee) h. Examination, Laboratory (Patients) i. Follow-up 	j. Index k. Medication/Treatment l. Nursing Care m. Nutrition/Diet n. Outpatients o. Patient's Property/Valuables p. Physician q. Social Service r. Specimens s. Surgery t. Therapy u. X-rays	

29.	MOTOR VEHICLES	Pertains specifically to motor vehi	cles. Example: Vehicle Trip Ticket.
30.	PERSONNEL	Pertains to personnel matters of HHS employees, civiliam and commissioned. This includes forms used in connection with personnel as individuals, and forms used in connection with groups of personnel without regard to names of individuals involved.	
		 a. Actions b. Allowances c., Appointments/Commissions d. Awards e. Compensation/Death Benefits f. Employee Health g. Examination (Employee) h. Examination, Laboratory (Patients) i. Follow-Up 	j. Examination (Non-Medical) k. Insurance l. Positions m. Promotions n. Qualifications o. Patient's Property/Valuables p. Physician r. Specimens s. Surgery t. Therapy u. X-rays
31.	PHARMACY	Forms peculiar to the functions of a pharmacy; its item control, operations, prescriptions, etc.	
		a. Item Controlb. Operations	c. Prescriptions d. Services and Supplies
32.	PRINTING AND REPRODUCTION	Forms peculiar to printing and reproduction operations, including the procurement. Example: Requisition for Duplicating; Printing and Binding Record.	
33.	PROPERTY CONTROL	Forms peculiar to the control and accountability of property. Example: Property Pass.	
34.	PUBLICATIONS/PUBLIC INQUIRIES	Pertains to publications and other informational materials and service.	

35.	PURCHASE/PROCUREMENT	Pertains to the purchase or procurement of any articles, material, equipment, supplies, or services. (This does not include contracts for services; see CONTRACTS. See SUPPLY for stores and stock activities.		
36.	QUARANTINE	Forms peculiar to the quarantine operations of the HHS. The secondary subjects describe these operations.		
		a. Aircraft c. Mat b., Maritime/Vessels d. Med	erial e. Mexican Border lical Examination/Certificate	
37.	RECORDS MAINTENANCE	Pertains to the maintenance of and charging of records, including their disposal. Example: Correspondence Charge-Out Record; File Document Charge Card, Clinical Record Charge-Out.		
38.	SAFETY	Pertains to safety in general and precautionary measures. Example: Fire Prevention Inspection Report; Radiation Hazard Notice.		
39.	SANITATION	Pertains to the sanitation activities of HHS. The secondary subjects describe the general areas of activity.		
		a. Dairy/Milkb. Establishmentsc. Interstate Carriersd. Municipal Water	e. Housing f. Plants/Laboratories g. Sewage and Waste h. Shellfish	
40.	SECURITY	Pertains to any phase of security and security information. Includes Safekeeping equipment, personnel security measures, and the protection of government property and equipment.		
41.	SERVICES (MISCELLANEOUS)	Pertains to miscellaneous services available to HHS offices and employees. Example: Request for Storage of Household Effects; Requests for Services; etc.		
42.	SHIPPING/RECEIVING	Forms peculiar to the functions involved in the shipping or receiving activities of a government agency: Example: shipping invoices, packing lists, receiving reports, etc.		

43.	SPACE	Pertains specifically to the building space owned or leased by the Federal Government, and includes space proposals and requirements.		
44.	STATISTICS	Pertains to the compilation and publication of vital statistics.		
		 a. Birth b. Death c. Disease d. General Processing e. General Work Sheets f. Marriage/Divorce 		
45.	STUDY/SURVEY	Those study or survey forms not already classified under a more specific subject.		
46.	SUPPLY (STORES & STOCK)	Pertains to the stores and stock of a supply issue point and its related activities.		
47.	TRAVEL/TRANSPORTATION	Pertains to the travel, transportation, and related accommodations for employees, patients, trainees, etc. (See MOTOR VEHICLES.)		
48.	VISUAL AIDS	Pertains to all visual aids and their presentation.		
49.	WORKLOAD	Forms which are indicative of the workload for a given period of time of a medical facility, office, or activity.		
50.	REPORTS CONTROL	Forms peculiar to the control of reports.		
51.	COMMITTEES	Forms pertaining to committees, specific or general.		
52.	LEGISLATION	Forms pertaining exclusively to legislative action.		
53.	INVENTIONS	Forms pertaining to inventions and patents.		

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

1000	ADMINISTRATION 1010 - Reproduction & Distribution 1020 - Copy Preparation 1030 - Workload Distribution & Manpower Control 1040 - Document Control & Transmittal 1050 - Records Maintenance	2000	INVESTIGATION 2010 - Foods 2020 - Drugs 2030 - Cosmetics 2040 - Therapeutic Devices
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2100	INFORMATION & EDUCATION (PUBLIC)
1100	PERSONNEL		
		2200	PLANNING & PROGRAMMING
1200	FACILITIES		
		2300	RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT
1300	FISCAL		
1.400		2400	LIBRARY
1400	PROCUREMENT		
1.500	CVIDDA AV	2500	SAFETY
1500	SUPPLY	• • • • •	
1600	DATA DEOCECCDIC	2600	SECURITY
1000	DATA PROCESSING	2700	TEGAY
1700	ANALYSIS AND EVALUATION	2700	LEGAL
1700	1710 - Foods	2000	DICACTED CONTROL
	1720 - Drugs	2800	DISASTER CONTROL
	1730 - Cosmetics	2900	TRANSPORTATION
	1740 - Therapeutic Devices	2700	TRAINSI ORTATION
		3000	MISCELLANEOUS
1800	INSPECTION	3000	·
	1810 - Foods		
	1820 - Drugs		
	1830 - Cosmetics		
	1840 - Therapeutic Devices		