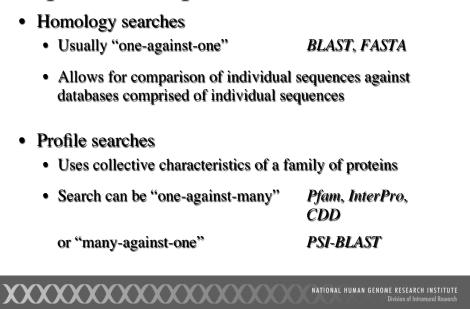


### Overview

- Week 2
  - Similarity vs. Homology
  - Global vs. Local Alignments
  - Scoring Matrices
  - BLAST
  - BLAT
- Week 4
  - Profiles, Patterns, Motifs, and Domains
  - Structures: VAST, Cn3D, and de novo Prediction
  - Multiple Sequence Alignment

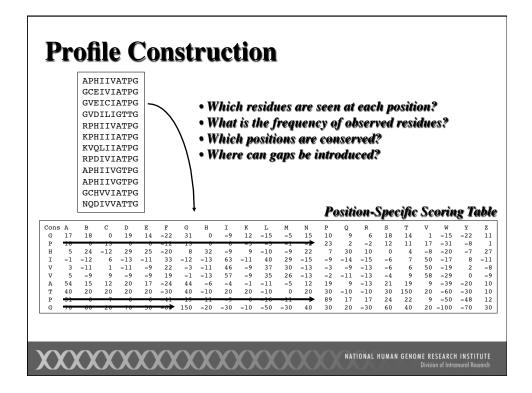


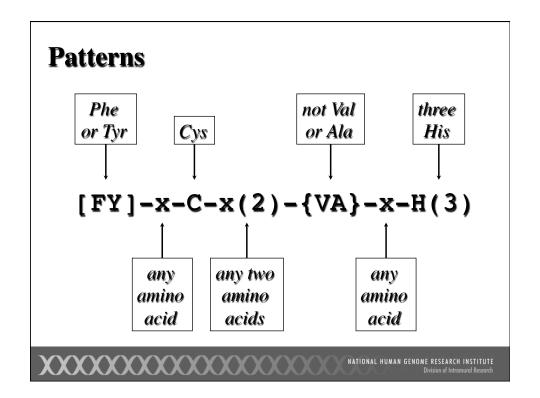
### **Sequence Comparisons**



### **Profiles**

- Numerical representations of multiple sequence alignments
- Depend upon patterns or motifs containing conserved residues
- Represent the common characteristics of a protein family
- Can find similarities between sequences with little or no sequence identity
- · Allow for the analysis of distantly-related proteins





### Pfam

- Collection of multiple alignments of protein domains and conserved protein regions (regions which probably have structural or functional importance)
- Each Pfam entry contains:
  - Multiple sequence alignment of family members
  - Protein domain architectures

- Species distribution of family members
- Information on known protein structures
- · Links to other protein family databases

### Pfam

- Pfam A
  - Based on *curated* multiple alignments ("seed alignment")
  - Hidden Markov models (HMMs) used to find all detectable protein sequences belonging to the family
  - Given the method used to construct the alignments, hits are highly likely to be true positives
- Pfam B
  - · Automatically generated from database searches
  - Deemed "lower quality", but can be useful when no Pfam A family is identified



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	The Pfam database is a large collection and hidden Markov models (HMMs)		ented by <b>multiple sequence alignments</b>	
	Proteins are generally composed of on combinations of domains give rise to that occur within proteins can therefor	he diverse range of proteins foun	d in nature. The identification of domains	
		es cover a large proportion of the prehensive coverage of known pr cally generated entries are called	sequences in the underlying sequence oteins we also generate a supplement using <b>Pfam-B</b> . Although of lower quality, Pfam-B	
	Pfam also generates higher-level group entries which are related by similarity		is <b>clans</b> . A clan is a collection of Pfam-A HMM.	
	QUICK LINKS	YOU CAN FIND DATA IN PFA	AM IN VARIOUS WAYS	L
	SEQUENCE SEARCH	Analyze your protein sequence	for Pfam matches	
	VIEW A PFAM FAMILY	View Pfam family annotation ar		
	VIEW A CLAN	See groups of related families		
	VIEW A SEQUENCE	Look at the domain organisatio	n of a protein sequence	
	VIEW A STRUCTURE	Find the domains on a PDB stru	ucture	
	KEYWORD SEARCH	Query Pfam by keywords		
	JUMP TO		Go Example	
		Enter any type of accession or ID to j UniProt sequence, PDB structure, etc	ump to the page for a Pfam family or clan,	
		Or view the <u>help</u> pages for mor	e information	
	Recent Pfam <u>blog</u> d <sup>2</sup> posts		⊠Hide this	1
http://irp.nih.gov/our-research	What are these new families with	2, 3, 4 endings? 27 (posted 19	January 2012)	3

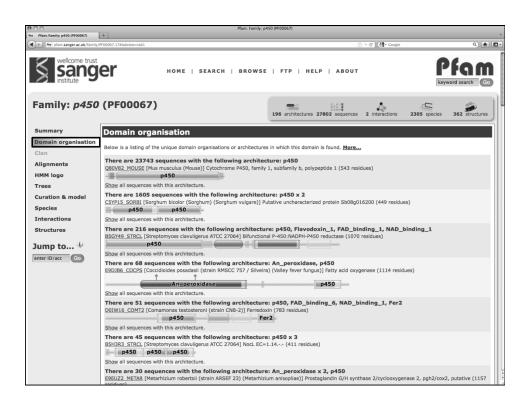
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	Pfam 26.0 (November 2011,	13672 families)	
	The Pfam database is a large collecti and hidden Markov models (HMM	on of protein families, each represented by multiple sequence alignments s). Less	
	combinations of domains give rise to	one or more functional regions, commonly termed <b>domains</b> . Different the diverse range of proteins found in nature. The identification of domains ore provide insights into their function.	
	families. Although these Pfam-A entr database, in order to give a more co the <u>ADDA</u> <sup>3</sup> database. These automa	Pfam-A and Pfam-B. Pfam-A entries are high quality, manually curated les cover a large proportion of the sequences in the underlying sequence mprehensive coverage of known proteins we also generate a supplement using tically generated entries are called Pfam-B. Although of lower quality, Pfam-B functionally conserved regions when no Pfam-A entries are found.	
		upings of related families, known as <b>clans</b> . A clan is a collection of Pfam-A y of sequence, structure or profile-HMM.	
	QUICK LINKS	ANALYZE YOUR PROTEIN SEQUENCE FOR PFAM MATCHES	
	SEQUENCE SEARCH	Paste your protein sequence here to find matching Pfam families.	
	VIEW A PFAM FAMILY	Go Example	
	VIEW A CLAN		
	VIEW A SEQUENCE		
	VIEW A STRUCTURE		
	KEYWORD SEARCH	This search will use and an E-value of 1.0. You can set your own search parameters and perform a range of other searches here.	
	JUMP TO		
	Recent Pfam <u>blog</u> <sup>ह</sup> posts	⊠Hide this	
	What are these new families with	n <b>2, 3, 4 endings?</b> 🖓 (posted 19 January 2012)	
	Some users have been contacting us	about the new families that are appeared in Pfam release 26.0. As pointed	
	out by one of our users: Pfam v26 in	cludes, in addition to DDF. Top. 1, the following new families:	

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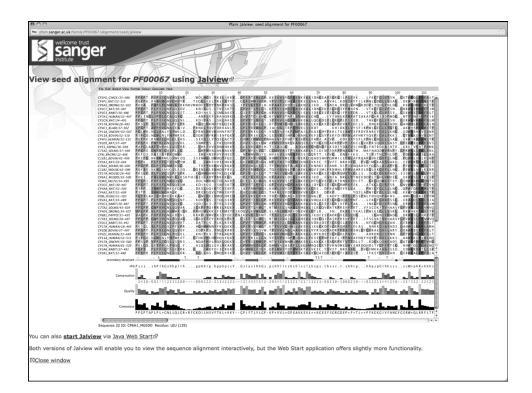
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Family: <i>p450</i>	(PF00067)	196 architectures 27802 sequences 2 interactions	2305 species 362 structures
Summary	Summary: Cytochrome P450		
Domain organisation			
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HMM logo	This tab holds the annotation information that is stored in the Pfa	m database. As we move to using Wikipedia as our main	source of annotation, the contents of
Trees	this tab will be gradually replaced by the Wikipedia tab.		
Curation & model	Cytochrome P450		
Species	Cytochrome P450s are haem-thiolate proteins [6] involved in the		
Interactions	particularly well known for their role in the degradation of enviror classes, according to the method by which electrons from NAD(P)		Second Second
Structures	conservation is relatively low within the family - there are only 3 topography and structural fold are highly conserved. The conserved		Sal State
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	<ol> <li>Nebert DW, Gonzalez FJ; , Annu Rev Biochem 1987;56:94 regulation. <u>PUBMED:3304150</u> 6<sup>3</sup></li> </ol>	5-993.: P450 genes: structure, evolution, and	
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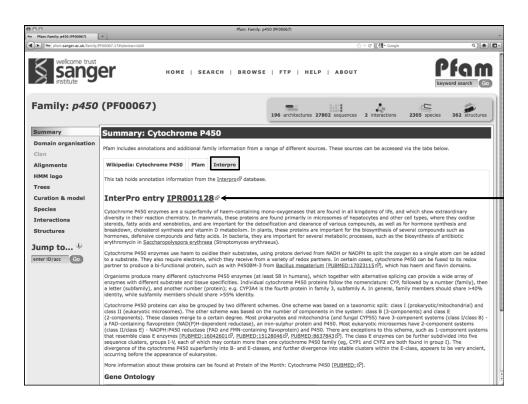
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Family: <i>p450</i>	(PF00067)		196 architectu	res 27802 sequences	2 interactions	2305 species	362 structures
Summary	Alignments						
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Family: p450	(PF00067)	196 architectures 27802 sequences 2 interactions	2305 species 362 structures
Summary	Summary: Cytochrome P450		
Domain organisation	Pfam includes annotations and additional family information fro	m a range of different sources. These sources can be accessed	via the tabs below.
Alignments	Wikipedia: Cytochrome P450 Pfam Interpro		
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Trees	this tab will be gradually replaced by the Wikipedia tab.	,	
Curation & model	Cytochrome P450		
Species	Cytochrome P450s are haem-thiolate proteins [6] involved in t		
Interactions	particularly well known for their role in the degradation of envi classes, according to the method by which electrons from NAD	(P)H are delivered to the catalytic site. Sequence	Real Section
Structures	conservation is relatively low within the family - there are only topography and structural fold are highly conserved. The conserved	erved core is composed of a coil termed the 'meander', a	San Starling
Jump to 🤃 enter ID/acc Go	four-helix bundle, helices J and K, and two sets of beta-sheets absolutely conserved cysteine that serves as the 5th ligand for absolutely conserved EXKR motif in helix K. While prokaryotic associated with microsomal membranes, their general enzyma oxidation of non-activated hydrocarbons at physiological temp	the haem iron), the proton-transfer groove and the 2450s are soluble proteins, most eukaryotic P450s are tic function is to catalyse regiospecific and stereospecific	
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Curation & model	Cytochrome P450		
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Interactions	particularly well known for their role in the degradation of environmental toxins and mutagens. They can classes, according to the method by which electrons from NAD(P)H are delivered to the catalytic site. Seq		1995
Structures	conservation is relatively low within the family - there are only 3 absolutely conserved residues - but their topography and structural fold are highly conserved. The conserved core is composed of a coil termed the		
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	Comments or questions on the site? Send a mail to <b>pfam-help@sanger.ac.uk</b> The Wellcome Trust		

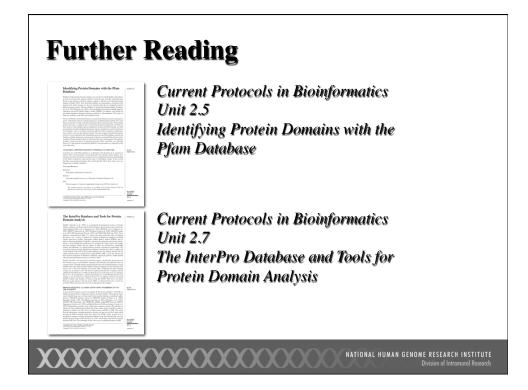
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Abstract @	Otochrome P450 enzymes are a superfamily of haem-containing mono-corporates the detainsity. In marmals, these provides are found primarily in microsomes of hepatocyt- important for the detaxification and clearance of various compounds, as well as for horr these proteins are important for the biosynthesis of several compounds such as hormor metabolic processes, such as the biosynthesis of several compounds such as a formor metabolic processes, such as the biosynthesis of several compounds, as well as for horr they also require electrons, which they receive from a variety of redox partners. In creat protein, such as with P4500BN-3 from Bacillas megativitant [1], which has heem and flav Organisms produce many different cycloritome P450 enzymes (at least 85 in humans), substrate and tissue specificities. Individual cytochrome P450 proteins follow the nomer (protein); a <u>0</u> ,	and other cell types, where they oxidise steroids, fatty acids and xonobic one synthesia and toreakdow, cholesterol synthesis and vitamin D metal se, defensive compounds and latty acids. In bacteria, they are important I syson any finctes (Stroptomyces entyrhausu). from NADH or NADPH to split the oxygen so a single atom can be added in cases, cytochrome P450 can be fused to its redox partner to produce a domains. which together with alternative splicing can provide a wide array of enzyme clarure: CPF (Jowed by a number (Laniv), candid clarure: CPF (Jowed by a number (Laniv), and later (sublamily), and	otics, and are bolism. In plants for several d to a substrate. a bi-functional nes with differen i another number re >55% identit
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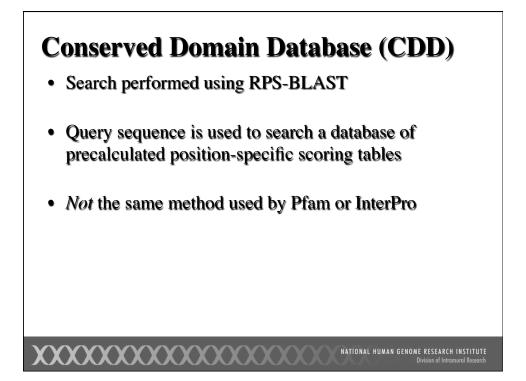
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# **Conserved Domain Database (CDD)**

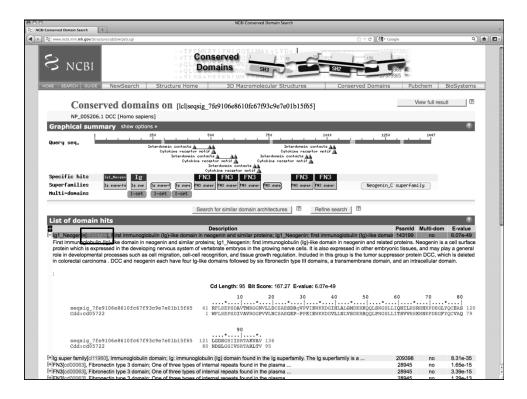
- Identify conserved domains in a protein sequence
- "Secondary database"
  - Pfam A (not Pfam B)

- Simple Modular Architecture Research Tool (SMART)
- COG (orthologous prokaryotic protein families)
- KOG (eukaryotic equivalent of COG)
- PRK ("protein clusters" of related protein RefSeq entries)
- TIGRFAM

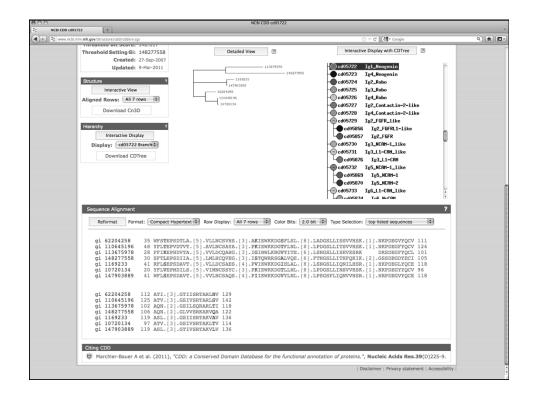


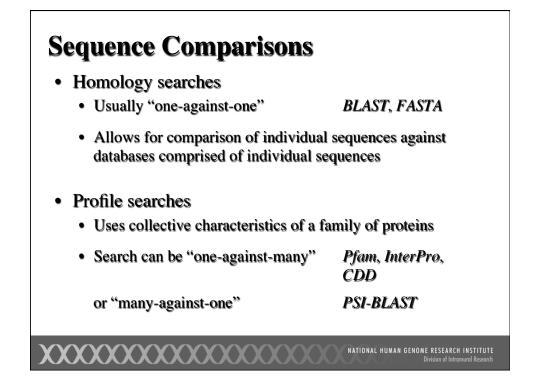
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Resources		Highlights
		What is a conserved domain?
Conserved Domain Database (CDD)	CDD is a protein annotation resource that consists of a collection of well-annotated multiple sequence alignment models for ancient domains and full-length proteins.	
	These are available as position-specific score matrices (PSSMs) for fast identification	En a se
	of conserved domains in protein sequences via RPS-BLAST. CDD content includes NCBI-curated domains, which use 3D-structure information to explicitly to define	The second se
	domain boundaries and provide insights into sequence/structure/function relationships, as well as domain models imported from a number of external source	Atuse.
	databases (Pfam, SMART, COG, PRK, TIGRFAM).	
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CD-Search	CD-Search is NCBI's interface to searching the Conserved Domain Database with	
& Batch CD-Search	protein query sequences. It uses RPS-BLAST, a variant of PSI-BLAST, to quickly scan a set of pre-calculated position-specific scoring matrices (PSSMs) with a protein	3-D structures and conserved core motifs:
Batch CD-Search	query. The results of CD-Search are presented as an annotation of protein domains	
	on the user query sequence (illustrated example), and can be visualized as domain multiple sequence alignments with embedded user queries. High confidence	X THIT
	associations between a query sequence and conserved domains are shown as	Sold La
	Specific hits.	
	Submit Query) Search Database CDD v3.03 - 42251 PSSMs \$	
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CDART:	Conserved Domain Architecture Retrieval Tool (CDART) performs similarity searches	(binding and catalytic sites)
Domain Architectures	of the Entrez Protein database based on domain architecture, defined as the	Conserved Europeuties :     Conserve States Industries     Conserve States Industries     Conserve States Industries
	sequential order of conserved domains in protein queries. CDART finds protein similarities across significant evolutionary distances using sensitive domain profiles	Contraction     Contracti
	rather than direct sequence similarity. Proteins similar to the query are grouped and	
	scored by architecture. You can search CDART directly with a query protein sequence, or, if a sequence of interest is already in the Entrez Protein database,	
	simply retrieve the record, open its "Links" menu, and select "Domain Relatives" to see the precalculated CDART results (illustrated example). Belving on domain profiles	

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(+)FN3[cd00063], Fibronectin type 3 domain; One of three types of internal repeats found in the plasma (+)Ig[cd00096], Immunoglobulin domain; Ig; immunoglobulin (Ig) domain found in the Ig superfamily. The Ig superfamily is a	143165	no	5.72e-13
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(+) Is super family[cl11960], Immunoglobulin domain; Ic: immunoglobulin (Ig) domain found in the plasma		no	1.17e-08
(+) g super anning(c) (1960), inimunogiobalin domain, ig: inimunogiobalin (ig) domain found in the ig superianning. The ig superianning is a . (+) FN3[cd00063], Fibronectin type 3 domain; One of three types of internal repeats found in the plasma	209398	no	1.70e-08
(+)Nogenin_C super family[cl05875], Neogenin C-terminus; This family represents the C-terminus of eukaryotic neogenin precursor pro			2.20e-119
(*)Neogenin_C super family[cl00675], Neogenin C-terminus; This family represents the C-terminus of eukaryotic neogenin precursor pro [+]FN3 super family[cl00065], Fibronectin type 3 domain; One of three types of internal repeats found in the plasma	206813	no	6.22e-06
(+)FN3 super family[cl000bb], Fibronectin type 3 domain; One of three types of internal repeats found in the plasma (+)I-set(pfam07679), Immunoalobulin I-set domain;		no	9.51e-21
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### **PSI-BLAST**

• <u>Position-Specific Iterated BLAST search</u>

- Easy-to-use version of a profile-based search
  - Perform BLAST search against protein database
  - Use results to calculate a position-specific scoring matrix
  - PSSM replaces query for next round of searches
  - May be iterated until no new significant alignments are found
    - · Convergence: all related sequences deemed found
    - Divergence: query is too broad, make cutoffs more stringent

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	Enter a descriptive title for your BLAST search	Θ			
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# Swiss-Prot Goal: Provide a single reference sequence for each protein sequence Distinguishing Features Non-redundancy Ongoing curation by EBI staff and external experts Expert annotation includes editing/updates of KN Keyword lines CC Comment lines FT Feature table Distinct accession series



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WH       Ø0200021.       RecName: Full=High mobility group B protein 9; AltName: Full=Hugh mobility 45.1       45.8       34%       86-05       32%       GL         WH       Ø0200021.       RecName: Full=Mon-histone protein 10; AltName: Full=High mobility 45.1       45.1       22%       GL       45.6       12%       86-05       33%       GL       45.6       45.6       12%       86-05       33%       GL       45.6       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12%       12% </th <th>NEW</th> <th>Q293F6.2</th> <th>RecName: Full=FACT complex subunit Ssrp1; AltName: Full=Facilitate</th> <th>47.0</th> <th>47.0</th> <th>18%</th> <th>5e-05</th> <th>51%</th> <th>G</th> <th></th>	NEW	Q293F6.2	RecName: Full=FACT complex subunit Ssrp1; AltName: Full=Facilitate	47.0	47.0	18%	5e-05	51%	G	
WM       #0021331 RecName: Full=Non-histone protein 10; AltName: Full=High mobility e       45.1 45.1 45.1 45.1 45.1 45.1 45.1 45.1	NEW	<u> № P40623.1</u>	RecName: Full=Mobility group protein 1B	43.9	43.9	18%	6e-05	49%		
NSN       Pendagzil       RecName: Full=Mobility group protein 1A       43.5       43.5       18%       10-04       45%         NSN       Pendagzil       RecName: Full=SWI/SNF-related matrix-associated actin-dependent n       45.4       45.4       28%       10-04       45%       6         NSN       Pendagzil       RecName: Full=SWI/SNF-related matrix-associated actin-dependent n       45.1       5.1       28%       10-04       45%       6       77%       6         NSN       Pendagzil       RecName: Full=SWI/SNF-related matrix-associated actin-dependent n       45.1       45.1       28%       10-04       45%       6       77%       6       6       77%       6       6       77%       6       6       77%       6       6       77%       6       6       77%       6       6       77%       6       6       77%       6       6       77%       6       6       77%       6       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%       6       77%<	NEW		RecName: Full=High mobility group B protein 9; AltName: Full=Nucleo	<u>45.8</u>	45.8	34%	8e-05	32%		
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### Overview

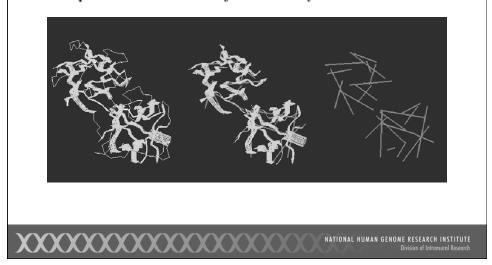
- Week 2
  - Similarity vs. Homology
  - Global vs. Local Alignments
  - Scoring Matrices
  - BLAST
  - BLAT
- Week 4
  - Profiles, Patterns, Motifs, and Domains
  - Structures: VAST, Cn3D, and de novo Prediction
  - Multiple Sequence Alignment

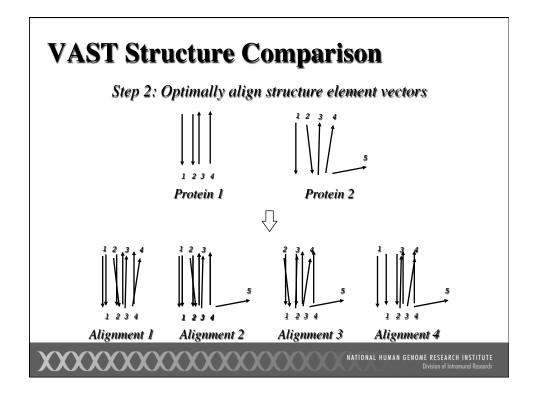
### **Predicting Tertiary Structure**

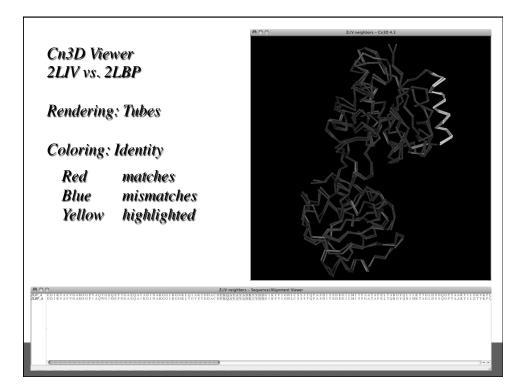
- Sequence specifies conformation, *but* conformation does *not* specify sequence
- Structure is conserved to a much greater extent than sequence
- Similarities between proteins may not necessarily be detected through "traditional" methods

## VAST Structure Comparison

Step 1: Construct vectors for secondary structure elements





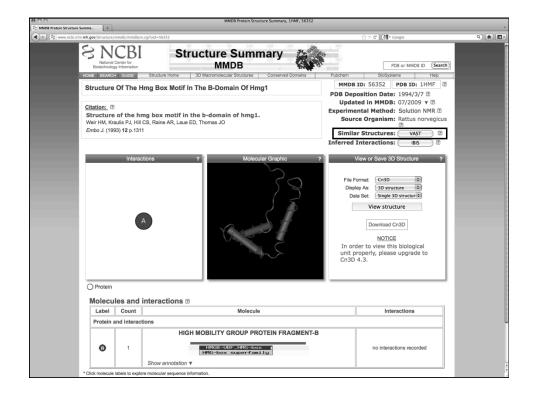


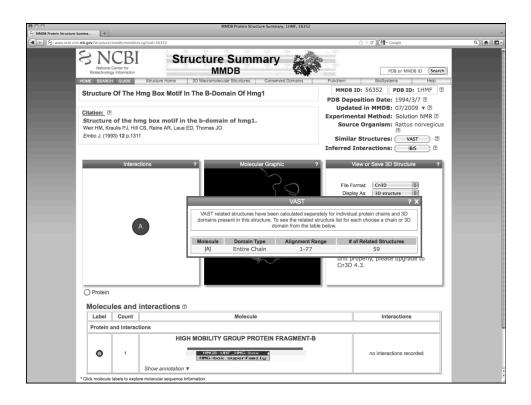
### **VAST Shortcomings**

- Not the best method for determining structural similarities
- Reducing a structure to a series of vectors necessarily results in a loss of information (less confidence in prediction)
- Regardless of the "simplicity" of the method, VAST provides a simple and fast first answer to the question of structural similarity

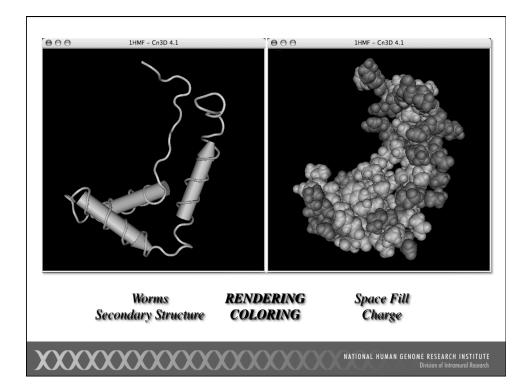
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Genes & Expression	<ul> <li>Downloads: Get NCBI data or software</li> <li>How-To's: Learn how to accomplish specific tasks at NCBI</li> </ul>	PubChem
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Genomes & Maps		SNP
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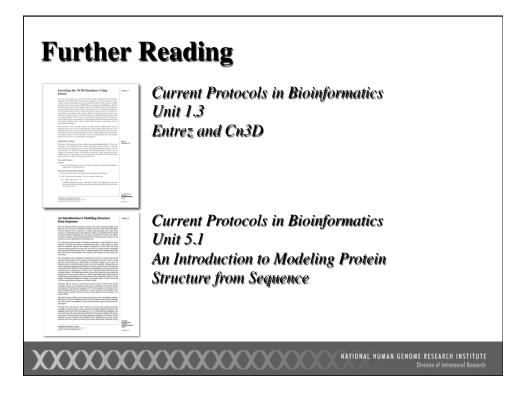
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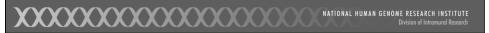
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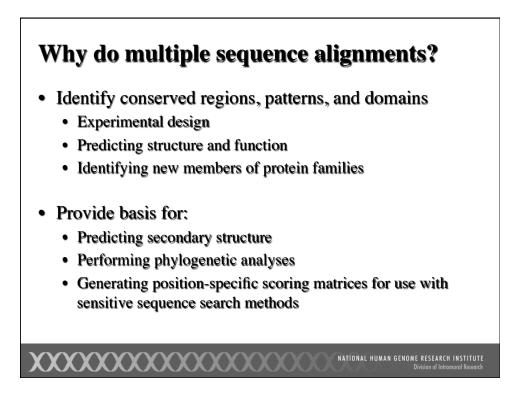


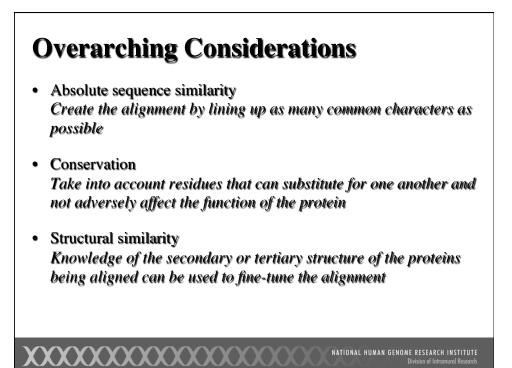


### Overview

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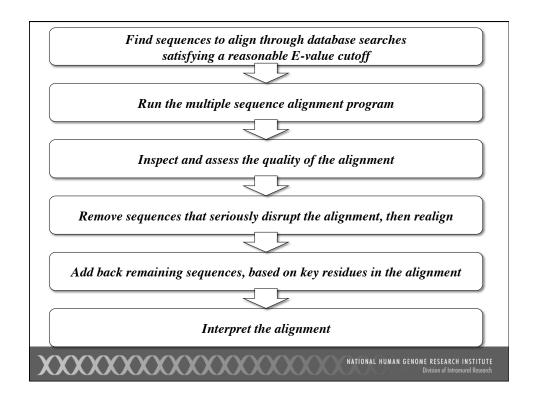


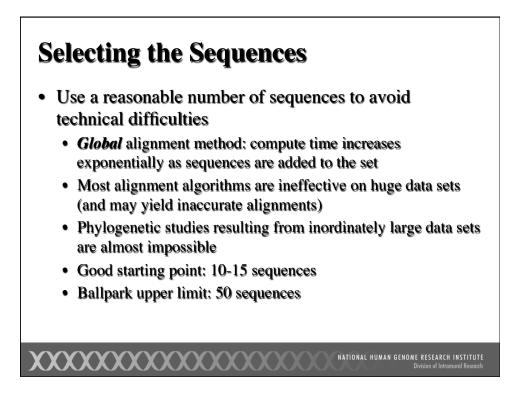




### **General Guidelines**

- Concentrate on the protein level rather than on the nucleotide level
  - More informative
  - Less prone to inaccurate alignment ("20 vs. 4")
  - Can "translate back" to nucleotide sequences *after* doing the alignment





### **Selecting the Sequences**

- Sequences should be of about the same length
- Trim sequences down, so as to only use regions that have been deemed similar by either:
  - Pairwise search methods (e.g., BLAST)
  - Profile-based search methods (e.g., PSI-BLAST)

### **Selecting the Sequences**

 Use closely-related sequences to determine "required" amino acids

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- Use more divergent sequences to study evolutionary relationships
- Good starting point: use sequences that are 30-70% similar to most of the other sequences in the data set
- The most informative alignments result when the sequences in the data set are not "too similar", but also not "too dissimilar"

### **Inspection: An Iterative Process**

- Perform alignment on small set of sequences
- Examine the quality of the alignment, looking for:
  - · Conservation of residues across alignment
  - Conservation of physicochemical properties
  - Relatively neat block-type structure
  - Excessive numbers of gaps
- If alignment good, can add new sequences to data set, then realign
- If alignment not good, remove any sequences that result in the inclusion of long gaps, then realign



### **Inspection: An Iterative Process**

- Use visualization tools to identify "key residues" and "problem regions" (e.g., JalView)
- Cross-check against "expertly created" multiple sequence alignments available online
- Use any available information from solved X-ray or NMR structures to nail down structurally important regions and to assess where gaps can (or cannot) be tolerated

### Interpretation

- Absolutely-conserved positions are *required* for proper structure and function
- Relatively well-conserved positions are able to tolerate limited amounts of change and not adversely affect the structure or function of the protein
- Non-conserved positions may "mutate freely," and these mutations can possibly give rise to proteins with new functions

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### Interpretation

- Gap-free blocks probably correspond to regions of secondary structure
- Gap-rich blocks probably correspond to unstructured or loop regions

### ClustalW2

- Allows for automatic multiple alignment of nucleotide or amino acid sequences
- Can align data sets quickly and easily
- Uses scoring matrices as a series
- Can bias the location of gaps, based on known structural information

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• Works with Jalview, Java applet for viewing and manipulating results

### **Progressive Alignment**

- Align two sequences at a time
- Gradually build up the multiple sequence alignment by merging larger and larger sub-alignments, clustering on the basis of similarity
- Uses protein scoring matrices and gap penalties to calculate alignments having the best score
- Major advantages of method

- Generally fast
- Alignments generally of high quality

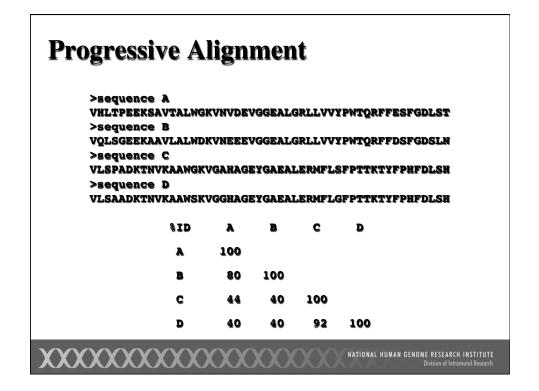
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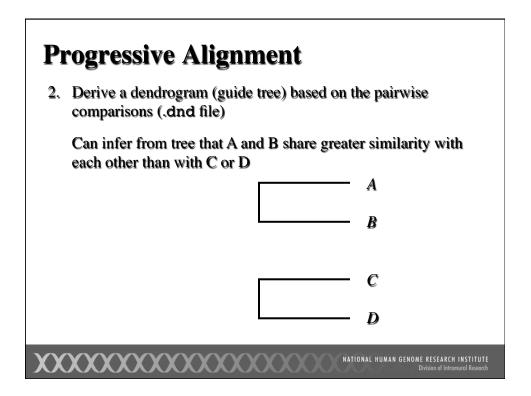
### **Progressive Alignment**

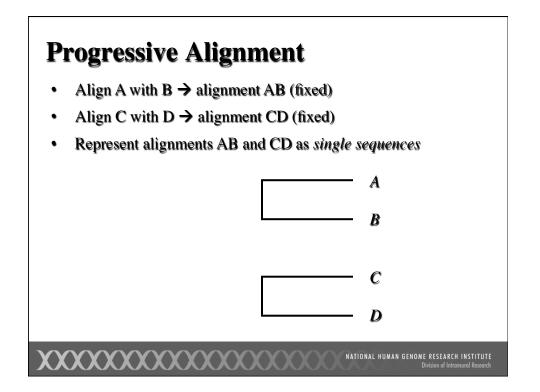
1. Calculate a similarity score (percent identity) between every pair of sequences to drive the alignment

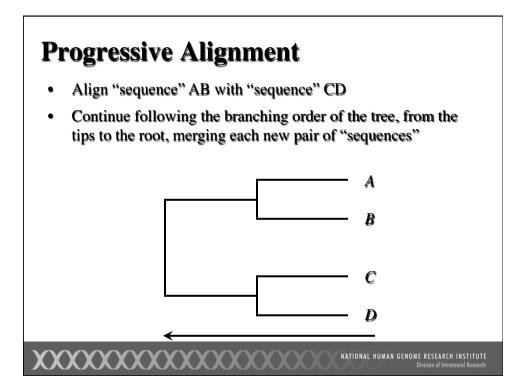
For N sequences, this requires the calculation of  $[N \times (N - 1)] / 2$  pairwise alignments

Sequences	Alignments	
4	6	
10	45	
25	300	
50	1,225	
100	4,950	
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# **Progressive Alignment: Advantages**

• Do "easier" alignments between highly-related sequences first

• Use information regarding conservation at each position to help with more difficult alignments between more distantly related sequences later on in process

### **Progressive Alignment: Disadvantages**

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- If initial alignments are made on distantly related sequences, there may be errors in the initial alignments
- Once an alignment is "fixed", it is not reconsidered, so any errors in the early alignments may propagate through subsequent alignments
- New version of ClustalW2 does provide a "remove first" iteration scheme to attempt to improve alignments

# **ClustalW2** Output

- Pairwise scores
- Multiple sequence alignment, in ClustalW alignment format

Alternative formats available:

GCG PHYLIP NEXUS NBRF/PIR GDE FASTA

# **ClustalW2 Output**

- Cladogram
  - Tree that is assumed to be an estimate of a phylogeny
  - Branches are of equal length
  - Cladograms show common ancestry, but do not provide an indication of the amount of "evolutionary time" separating taxa

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### Phylogram

- Tree that is assumed to be an estimate of a phylogeny
- Branches are not of equal length

• Branch lengths proportional to the amount of inferred evolutionary change

### **ClustalW2 Conservation Patterns**

Conservation patterns in multiple sequence alignments usually follow the following rules:

[WYF] Aromatics
-----------------

- [KRH] Basic side chains (+)
- [DE] Acidic side chains (-)
- [GP] Ends of helices
- [HS] Catalytic sites

[C] Cysteine cross-bridges

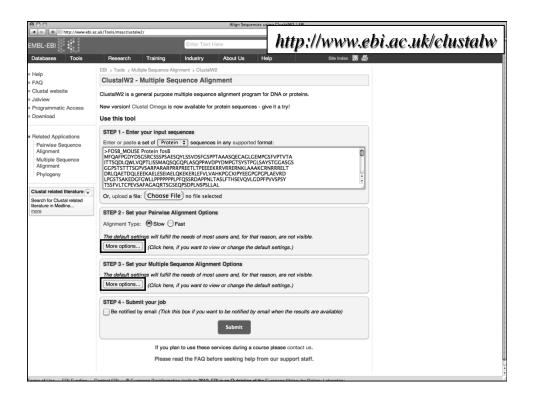
# **ClustalW2 Conservation Patterns**

Interpretation is empirical — there is no parallel to the E-values seen in BLAST searches to assess "significance"

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- entirely conserved column
   (want in at least 10% of positions)
- "conserved" (strongly similar properties)
- "semi-conserved"
   (weakly similar properties)



000	Align Sequences using ClustalW2   EBI		
+ Chttp://www.ebi.a	nc.uk/Tools/msa/clustalw2/	C Q- Google	
= Clustal website = Jalview = Programmatic Access = Download	ClustalW2 is a general purpose multiple sequence alignment program for DNA or proteins. New version! Clustal Omega is now available for protein sequences - give it a try! Use this too!		
<ul> <li>Related Applications</li> <li>Pairwise Sequence Alignment</li> <li>Multiple Sequence Alignment</li> <li>Phylogeny</li> <li>Clustal related Iterature (~ Search for Clustal related Iterature in Medire mon</li> </ul>	STEP 1 - Enter your input sequences         Enter or pasts a set of Protein 3 sequences in any supported format:         >FOSS_MOUSE Protein foss         MFQAFEODYDSCRCSSSPASSYLSSVDSFCSPTAASQECAGLCEMPCSFVPTVTA         ITTSQDLQWLVQPTLISSMADSQCQPLASQPAX0PPOMPCTSYSTPCLSAYSTGCASCS         CGFSTSTTSPCSAPSAARPARPRETLTTEELEKRARVRERNKLAAKAACKRNRRRLT         DRLQAFTOQLEEKAALSEAALQKEKELEVLVAHKPCCKPPECPCPCPLAVAD         UCSTSAECHONLAPPENPUSSSADAMULASCINSPELLAL         Or, upload a file:       Choose File) no file selected         STEP 2 - Set your Pairwise Alignment Options         Alignment Type:       Slow Pairwise Alignment Options         Protein Weight Matrix       GAP OPEN         STEP 3 - Set your Multiple Sequence Alignment Options         Protein Weight Matrix       GAP OPEN         GAP EXTENSION       Protein Options	D GAPS	PAM BLOSUM Gonnet (default) DNA Identity
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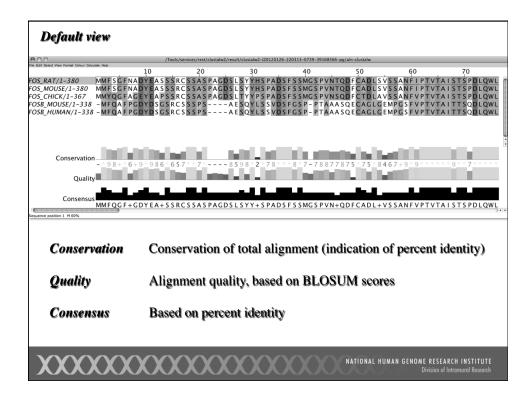
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# Jalview

- Java applet available within ClustalW2 results
- Used to manually edit ClustalW2 alignments
- Color residues based on various properties
- Pairwise alignment of selected sequences
- Consensus sequence calculations
- Removal of redundant sequences
- Calculation of phylogenetic trees



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		Division of Intramural Research

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