# Be Food Safe

Food handling safety risks at home are more common than most people think.

The four easy lessons of Clean, Separate, Cook, and Chill can help prevent harmful bacteria from making your family sick.



**WASH** hands, utensils, and cutting boards before and after contact with raw meat, poultry, seafood, and eggs.

## Separate



KFFP raw meat. poultry, and seafood apart from foods that won't be cooked.



USF a food thermometer – you can't tell food is cooked safely by how it looks.







CHILL leftovers and takeout foods within 2 hours and keep the fridge at 40 °F or below.



USDA United States Department of Agriculture Food Safety and Inspection Service www.fsis.usda.gov USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.



### When Cooking At Home

- Cook food to a safe minimum internal temperature. Use a food thermometer to check the internal temperature.
- When cooking food in a conventional oven, set the oven temperature to at least 325 °F.

Food	Safe Minimum Internal Temperature	
Ham	Fully Cooked Fresh or Cook Before Eating Reheated	140 °F 160 °F 165 °F
Pork: Chops, Roasts, and Steaks		160°F
Beef, Veal, and Lamb: Roasts, Chops, and Steaks		145°F
Ground Beef, Veal, Lamb, and Pork		160°F
Rolled, Tenderized, or Scored Cuts of Beef, Veal, and Lamb		160°F
Egg Dishes		160°F
Casseroles/Combination Dishes/ Leftovers (Including Gravy)		165°F
Ground Poultry (Turkey and Chicken)		165°F
Chicken, Turkey, Duck, and Goose		165°F
Stuffing (Cooked alone or in a bird)		165°F

#### **Got Food Safety Questions?**





Call the USDA Meat & Poultry Hotline: 1-888-MPHotline (1-888-674-6854)



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