

NEWS RELEASE



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UNION MEMBERSHIP IN OREGON – 2011

In 2011, the number of workers belonging to a union was 270,000 in Oregon, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Regional Commissioner Richard J. Holden noted that union members accounted for 17.1 percent of wage and salary workers in Oregon in 2011 compared with 16.2 percent reported in 2010. (See chart 1.) Nationally, members accounted for 11.8 percent of employed wage and salary workers and 11.9 percent a year earlier. Since 1989, when comparable state data became available, Oregon has had union membership rates above the U.S. average, peaking at 21.6 percent at the start of the series.

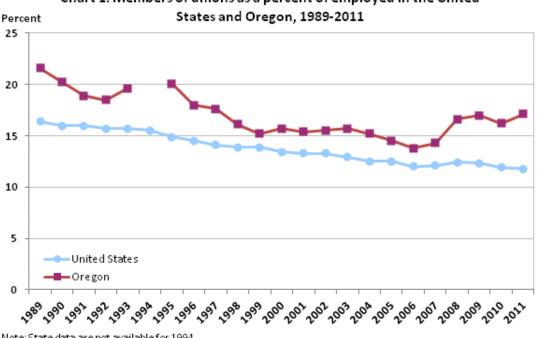


Chart 1. Members of unions as a percent of employed in the United

Note: State data are not available for 1994 Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

In addition to the 270,000 wage and salary workers in Oregon who were union members in 2011, another 16,000 workers were represented by a union on their main job or covered by an employee association or contract while not being union members themselves. (See table A.) Nationwide, 1.5 million wage and salary workers were not affiliated with a union but had jobs covered by a union contract.

Table A. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers in Oregon, annual averages,

1989-2011 (Numbers in thousands)

1707 201	Total employed		pers of unions ¹	Represented by unions ²			
Year		Total	Percent of employed	Total	Percent of employed		
1989	1,151	248	21.6	282	24.5		
1990	1,167	236	20.2	272	23.3		
1991	1,193	225	18.9	259	21.7		
1992	1,197	221	18.5	246	20.6		
1993	1,252	246	19.6	265	21.1		
1994	_	_	_	_	_		
1995	1,329	267	20.1	288	21.7		
1996	1,368	246	18.0	267	19.5		
1997	1,374	242	17.6	272	19.8		
1998	1,436	232	16.1	248	17.3		
1999	1,420	216	15.2	234	16.5		
2000	1,474	232	15.7	252	17.1		
2001	1,461	225	15.4	246	16.8		
2002	1,457	226	15.5	239	16.4		
2003	1,466	230	15.7	240	16.4		
2004	1,471	224	15.2	243	16.5		
2005	1,470	213	14.5	231	15.7		
2006	1,527	211	13.8	225	14.7		
2007	1,582	227	14.3	243	15.4		
2008	1,566	259	16.6	272	17.4		
2009	1,471	250	17.0	272	18.5		
2010	1,515	245	16.2	268	17.7		
2011	1,574	270	17.1	286	18.1		

¹ Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

- Not available.

NOTE: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full-and part-time workers. All self-employed workers are excluded, both these with incorporated businesses as well as those with unincorporated businesses. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

In 2011, 21 states had union membership rates above the U.S. average, 11.8 percent, of which 12 had rates above 15 percent. (See table 1.) Of the 12 states with the highest rates, 4 were located in the Northeast, 3 in the Midwest, and the remaining 5 bordered the Pacific Ocean. (See chart 2.) New York had the highest rate, followed by Alaska (22.1 percent), Hawaii (21.5 percent), and Washington (19.0 percent). In fact, New York has had the highest membership rate in the nation for 15 of the past 17 years.

Twenty-nine states and the District of Columbia had union membership rates below the national average of 11.8 percent in 2011. Seven of these states, all in the South, had union membership rates below 5.0 percent, with North Carolina having the lowest, 2.9 percent. The next lowest rates were recorded in South Carolina (3.4 percent), Georgia (3.9 percent), Arkansas (4.2 percent), Louisiana (4.5 percent), and Tennessee and Virginia (4.6 percent each).

² Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union, as well as workers who are not members but whose jobs are covered by a union or employee association contract.

Over half of the 14.8 million union members in the United States lived in just seven states (California, 2.4 million; New York, 1.9 million; Illinois, 0.9 million; Pennsylvania, 0.8 million; Michigan, 0.7 million; and New Jersey and Ohio, 0.6 million each), though these states accounted for only one-third of wage and salary employment nationally.

State union membership levels depend on both the union membership rate and the employment level. For example, despite having 2.3 million fewer wage and salary employees statewide, New York had over four times as many union members as Texas. North Carolina and Hawaii, on the other hand, had comparable numbers of union members (105,000 and 113,000, respectively), though North Carolina's wage and salary employment level (3.6 million) was nearly seven times that of Hawaii's (525,000).

Technical Note

The estimates in this release are obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), which provides the basic information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment. The survey is conducted monthly for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau from a scientifically selected national sample of about 60,000 households. The union membership and earnings data are tabulated from one-quarter of the CPS monthly sample and are limited to wage and salary workers. All self-employed workers are excluded.

Union membership data, particularly for levels, are not strictly comparable with data for earlier years because of the introduction of updated population controls used in the CPS. These updated controls have little or no effect on unemployment rates and other ratios, such as union membership rates. For technical documentation and related information, including reliability of the CPS estimates, see www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm.

For personal assistance or further information on union membership, as well as other Bureau data, contact the West Information Office at (415) 625-2270. Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200, TDD message referral phone number: 1-800-877-8339.

Definitions

The principal definitions used in this release are described briefly below.

Union members. Members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

Represented by unions. Union members, as well as workers who have no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

Wage and salary workers. Workers who receive wages, salaries, commissions, tips, payment in kind, or piece rates. The group includes employees in both the private and public sectors, but, for the purposes of the union membership and earnings series, excludes all self-employed persons, regardless of whether or not their businesses are incorporated.

Table 1. Union affiliation of employed wage and salary workers by state, 2010-2011 annual averages (Numbers in thousands)

	2010					2011				
State	Total	Members of unions ¹		Represented by unions ²		Total	Members of unions ¹		Represented by unions ²	
State	Employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total	Percent of employed	Employed	Total	Percent of employed	Total	Percent of employed
Alabama	1,809	183	10.1	203	11.2	1,781	178	10.0	193	10.8
Alaska	295	68	22.9	73	24.8	306	68	22.1	73	23.7
Arizona	2,507	161	6.4	203	8.1	2,493	149	6.0	183	7.3
Arkansas	1,082	44	4.0	59	5.4	1,116	47	4.2	57	5.1
California	13,892	2,431	17.5	2,578	18.6	13,931	2,379	17.1	2,532	18.2
Colorado	2,130	140	6.6	171	8.0	2,186	179	8.2	203	9.3
Connecticut	1,549	258	16.7	270	17.4	1,542	259	16.8	272	17.7
Delaware	352	40	11.4	44	12.5	370	39	10.5	42	11.2
District of Columbia	287	26	9.0	30	10.5	281	23	8.3	28	9.9
Florida	7,033	392	5.6	488	6.9	7,283	460	6.3	557	7.6
Georgia	3,792	153	4.0	191	5.0	3,876	153	3.9	185	4.8
Hawaii	511	111	21.8	120	23.5	525	113	21.5	118	22.5
Idaho	584	42	7.1	50	8.6	594	31	5.1	36	6.1
Illinois	5,434	844	15.5	891	16.4	5,408	876	16.2	929	17.2
Indiana	2,554	279	10.9	313	12.2	2,681	302	11.3	333	12.4
Iowa	1,393	158	11.4	192	13.8	1,386	155	11.2	187	13.5
Kansas	1,222	84	6.8	111	9.1	1,268	97	7.6	128	10.1
Kentucky	1,642	147	8.9	166	10.1	1,678	150	8.9	173	10.3
Louisiana	1,742	76	4.3	96	5.5	1,717	77	4.5	91	5.3
Maine	543	63	11.6	71	13.0	554	63	11.3	74	13.4
Maryland	2,558	296	11.6	329	12.9	2,549	316	12.4	348	13.7
Massachusetts	2,866	415	14.5	446	15.6	2,882	422	14.6	445	15.4
Michigan	3,806	627	16.5	659	17.3	3,838	671	17.5	703	18.3
Minnesota	2,468	385	15.6	397	16.1	2,461	371	15.1	390	15.8
Mississippi	1,037	46	4.5	58	5.6	1,081	54	5.0	73	6.8
Missouri	2,469	244	9.9	274	11.1	2,531	275	10.9	316	12.5
Montana	364	46	12.7	52	14.4	377	49	13.0	55	14.6
Nebraska	813	75	9.3	96	11.8	828	65	7.9	83	10.0
Nevada	1,012	151	15.0	170	16.8	1,050	154	14.6	175	16.6
New Hampshire	622	63	10.2	73	11.7	617	68	11.1	77	12.5
New Jersey	3,734	637	17.1	660	17.7	3,816	615	16.1	641	16.8
New Mexico	750	55	7.3	72	9.7	726	49	6.8	65	9.0
New York	8,078	1,959	24.2	2,099	26.0	7,920	1,906	24.1	2,068	26.1
North Carolina	3,686	117	3.2	180	4.9	3,589	105	2.9	149	4.1
North Dakota	313	23	7.4	28	9.1	318	20	6.3	27	8.6
Ohio	4,787	655	13.7	702	14.7	4,813	647	13.4	706	14.7
Oklahoma	1,418	77	5.5	99	6.9	1,458	94	6.4	113	7.7
Oregon	1,515	245	16.2	268	17.7	1,574	270	17.1	286	18.1
Pennsylvania	5,224	770	14.7	831	15.9	5,348	779	14.6	846	15.8
Rhode Island	456	75	16.4	79	17.4	453	79	17.4	81	17.9
South Carolina	1,713	80	4.6	107	6.2	1,726	59	3.4	86	5.0
South Dakota	357	20	5.6	24	6.6	359	18	5.1	23	6.5
Tennessee	2,477	115	4.7	142	5.8	2,504	115	4.6	139	5.6
Texas	10,025	545	5.4	677	6.7	10,214	534	5.2	643	6.3
Utah	1,144	75	6.5	96	8.4	1,150	67	5.8	82	7.1
Vermont	289	34	11.8	40	13.6	290	35	12.0	39	13.5
Virginia Washington	3,473	161	4.6	196	5.7	3,550	163	4.6	198	5.6 20.4
Washington	2,837 677	552 100	19.4 14.8	605 111	21.3 16.5	2,727 672	517 93	19.0 13.8	557 102	20.4 15.2
West Virginia Wisconsin	2,508	355	14.8	380	16.5	2,538	339	13.8	358	15.2 14.1
Wyoming	2,308	18	7.4	21	8.4	2,338	18	7.2	21	8.4
1 Data refer to member					0.4		10	1.4	Z1	0.4

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WASH. MONT. N.D. MINN. ORE. IDAHO WIS. MASS. S.D. WYO. CONN. R.I. IOWA NEB. NEV. OHIO - DEL. UTAH IND. ILL. CALIF COLO MD. KAN. MO. KY. N.C. D.C. TENN. OKLA. ARIZ. ARK. N.M. S.C. MISS. ALA. GA. **TEXAS** LA. (U.S. rate = 11.8 percent) 20.0% or more 15.0% to 19.9% 10.0% to 14.9% 5.0% to 9.9% 4.9% or less HAWAII ALASKA

Chart 2. Union membership rates by state, 2011 annual averages

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics