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<b>Table 12.1</b>	Illicit Drug Use in Past Month and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month in Hawaii
	among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on
	2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Illicit Dru	g Use in Past Month	Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	
Hawaii	7.71	(6.48 - 9.14)	2.89	(2.27 - 3.66)	
Hawaii Island	10.03	(7.30 - 13.64)	2.95	(1.99 - 4.34)	
Honolulu	6.89	(5.59 - 8.45)	2.85	(2.14 - 3.80)	
Kauai and Maui <sup>**</sup>	9.53	(7.31 - 12.35)	2.99	(2.17 - 4.10)	
Maui	10.25	(7.59 - 13.70)	3.06	(2.11 - 4.42)	

\*\*A separate Kauai estimate is not being reported because of low precision. See Table D12 of Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health* for more details.

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

### Perceptions of Great Risk Marijuana Use **Average Annual Rate of** of Smoking Marijuana in Past Month First Use of Marijuana<sup>1</sup> **Once a Month** 95% Prediction 95% Prediction 95% Prediction Interval Estimate Estimate State/Substate Region Interval Estimate Interval Hawaii 5.88 (4.85 - 7.12)1.73 (1.45 - 2.06)38.03 (35.04 - 41.11)8.57 (6.08 - 11.95)1.99 (32.25 - 43.46)(1.43 - 2.77)37.69 Hawaii Island 4.99 (3.97 - 6.26)1.64 (1.34 - 2.01)39.02 (35.56 - 42.60)Honolulu Kauai and Maui\*\* 7.73 (5.73 - 10.34)(1.47 - 2.59)1.95 33.86 (29.21 - 38.84)

<b>Table 12.2</b>	Marijuana Use in Past Month, Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana, and Perceptions of
	Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month in Hawaii among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by
	Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

\*\*A separate Kauai estimate is not being reported because of low precision. See Table D12 of Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health* for more details.

(6.00 - 11.60)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.* 

1.90

(1.38 - 2.61)

32.27

(26.99 - 38.03)

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

<sup>1</sup> Average annual rate =  $100^{*}\{[X_1 \div (0.5 * X_1 + X_2)] \div 2\}$ , where  $X_1$  is the number of marijuana initiates in the past 24 months and  $X_2$  is the number of persons who never used marijuana. Both of the computation components,  $X_1$  and  $X_2$ , are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach. Note that the age group is based on a respondent's age at the time of the interview, not his or her age at first use. The prediction intervals for Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana use a simultaneous solution for First Use of Marijuana and Never Used Marijuana outcomes, which had age group-specific random effects that were allowed to be correlated across the two outcomes. The associated Markov Chain Monte Carlo chains were used to calculate the posterior variance.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

8.39

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Maui

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<b>Table 12.3</b>	Marijuana Use in Past Year, Cocaine Use in Past Year, and Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past
	Year in Hawaii among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages
	Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Marijuana Use in Past Year		Cocaine U	U <b>se in Past Year</b>	Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year	
State/Substate Region	95% Prediction Estimate Interval		Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Hawaii	10.55	(9.15 - 12.13)	1.99	(1.50 - 2.64)	3.49	(2.83 - 4.30)
Hawaii Island	13.13	(9.98 - 17.08)	2.08	(1.37 - 3.16)	3.95	(2.83 - 5.50)
Honolulu	9.70	(8.24 - 11.40)	2.03	(1.46 - 2.82)	3.29	(2.56 - 4.23)
Kauai and Maui <sup>**</sup>	12.27	(9.70 - 15.40)	1.75	(1.19 - 2.56)	4.02	(3.01 - 5.35)
Maui	12.63	(9.62 - 16.41)	1.78	(1.15 - 2.74)	4.13	(2.97 - 5.72)

\*\*A separate Kauai estimate is not being reported because of low precision. See Table D12 of Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health* for more details.

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.* 

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

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 Table 12.4
 Alcohol Use in Past Month, Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week in Hawaii among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Alcohol Use in Past Month				Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Hawaii	46.81	(43.85 - 49.79)	21.94	(19.70 - 24.36)	39.85	(36.93 - 42.85)
Hawaii Island	47.84	(41.77 - 53.97)	23.97	(19.80 - 28.70)	41.02	(35.96 - 46.29)
Honolulu	46.02	(42.60 - 49.47)	21.50	(18.99 - 24.24)	39.29	(35.94 - 42.73)
Kauai and Maui <sup>**</sup>	49.53	(44.00 - 55.08)	22.33	(18.77 - 26.33)	41.45	(36.96 - 46.09)
Maui	48.77	(42.30 - 55.29)	22.00	(17.98 - 26.64)	41.16	(36.02 - 46.50)

\*\*A separate Kauai estimate is not being reported because of low precision. See Table D12 of Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health* for more details.

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

, <b>.</b>	8	8 / 8		, ,	
		e in Past Month among ons Aged 12 to 20	Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20 <sup>1</sup>		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	
Hawaii	23.81	(21.50 - 26.29)	17.03	(14.98 - 19.29)	
Hawaii Island	24.16	(20.05 - 28.81)	18.94	(15.23 - 23.31)	
Honolulu	23.82	(21.05 - 26.83)	16.48	(14.09 - 19.18)	
Kauai and Maui <sup>**</sup>	23.49	(19.88 - 27.53)	17.82	(14.79 - 21.32)	
Maui	23.04	(18.95 - 27.70)	17.50	(14.06 - 21.56)	

## Table 12.5 Alcohol Use in Past Month and Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20 in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

\*\*A separate Kauai estimate is not being reported because of low precision. See Table D12 of Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health* for more details.

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

<sup>1</sup> Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

### **Perceptions of Great Risk Cigarette Use Tobacco Product Use** of Smoking One or More in Past Month in Past Month<sup>1</sup> Packs of Cigarettes Per Day 95% Prediction 95% Prediction 95% Prediction State/Substate Region Estimate Interval Estimate Interval Estimate Interval Hawaii 19.68 (17.62 - 21.92)22.36 (20.13 - 24.77) 74.25 (71.76 - 76.59) (17.78 - 25.67) 21.46 24.12 (20.20 - 28.52)75.65 (71.48 - 79.39)Hawaii Island Honolulu 19.28 (17.01 - 21.78)22.01 (19.47 - 24.78)73.92 (71.06 - 76.59)Kauai and Maui\*\* 20.03 (17.01 - 23.44)22.55 (19.33 - 26.14)74.62 (70.90 - 78.02)20.22 (16.80 - 24.13)22.86 (19.16 - 27.03)75.21 (70.94 - 79.04)Maui

<b>Table 12.6</b>	Cigarette Use in Past Month, Tobacco Product Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk of
	Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day in Hawaii among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by
	Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

\*\*A separate Kauai estimate is not being reported because of low precision. See Table D12 of Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health* for more details.

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

<sup>1</sup> Tobacco Products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

 Table 12.7
 Alcohol Dependence in Past Year and Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year in Hawaii among Persons

 Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006

 NSDUHs

	Alcohol De	pendence in Past Year	Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year <sup>1</sup>		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	
Hawaii	3.74	(2.90 - 4.81)	1.66	(1.24 - 2.23)	
Hawaii Island	4.03	(2.68 - 6.02)	1.59	(1.02 - 2.46)	
Honolulu	3.70	(2.78 - 4.92)	1.64	(1.16 - 2.30)	
Kauai and Maui <sup>**</sup>	3.65	(2.58 - 5.15)	1.84	(1.26 - 2.69)	
Maui	3.76	(2.54 - 5.55)	1.84	(1.19 - 2.84)	

\*\*A separate Kauai estimate is not being reported because of low precision. See Table D12 of Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health* for more details.

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.* 

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Dependence is based on the definition found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year			g Dependence or in Past Year <sup>1</sup>	Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year <sup>1</sup>		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Hawaii	7.28	(6.16 - 8.59)	2.54	(1.96 - 3.29)	8.49	(7.28 - 9.89)
Hawaii Island	7.47	(5.62 - 9.87)	2.42	(1.65 - 3.56)	8.68	(6.71 - 11.15)
Honolulu	7.24	(5.99 - 8.72)	2.54	(1.87 - 3.43)	8.43	(7.06 - 10.04)
Kauai and Maui**	7.34	(5.74 - 9.36)	2.66	(1.88 - 3.74)	8.62	(6.90 - 10.72)
Maui	7.73	(5.85 - 10.14)	2.61	(1.75 - 3.86)	8.89	(6.92 - 11.36)

<b>Table 12.8</b>	Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year, Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year, and
	Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year in Hawaii among Persons Aged 12 or
	Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

\*\*A separate Kauai estimate is not being reported because of low precision. See Table D12 of Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health* for more details.

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.* 

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

<sup>1</sup> Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

	Needing But M for Alcoh	Not Receiving Treatment ol Use in Past Year <sup>1</sup>	Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year <sup>2</sup>		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	
Hawaii	6.85	(5.80 - 8.08)	2.38	(1.83 - 3.09)	
Hawaii Island	6.90	(5.14 - 9.20)	2.26	(1.48 - 3.44)	
Honolulu	6.85	(5.68 - 8.23)	2.34	(1.72 - 3.17)	
Kauai and Maui <sup>**</sup>	6.82	(5.38 - 8.63)	2.63	(1.81 - 3.80)	
Maui	7.22	(5.50 - 9.43)	2.54	(1.66 - 3.86)	

# Table 12.9Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year and Needing But Not Receiving<br/>Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year in Hawaii among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate<br/>Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

\*\*A separate Kauai estimate is not being reported because of low precision. See Table D12 of Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health* for more details.

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.* 

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

<sup>1</sup> Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for alcohol, but not receiving treatment for an alcohol problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers).

<sup>2</sup> Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs, but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers). Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

State/Substate Region	Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year <sup>1</sup>		Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Past Year <sup>2</sup>	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Hawaii	9.39	(8.01 - 10.97)	6.05	(4.72 - 7.73)
Hawaii Island	10.15	(7.94 - 12.90)	6.61	(4.71 - 9.19)
Honolulu	9.32	(7.78 - 11.13)	5.93	(4.42 - 7.92)
Kauai and Maui**	9.10	(7.42 - 11.10)	6.12	(4.62 - 8.07)
Maui	9.05	(7.14 - 11.42)	6.33	(4.56 - 8.71)

### Table 12.10 Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year and Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Past Year in Hawaii among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

\*\*A separate Kauai estimate is not being reported because of low precision. See Table D12 of Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health* for more details.

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.* 

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

<sup>1</sup> Serious Psychological Distress (SPD) is defined as having a score of 13 or higher on the K6 scale. Because of questionnaire changes, these estimates are not comparable with estimates from the 2002-2004 substate report. For details, see Section B.7 of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*. Data for SPD are not defined for 12 to 17 year olds; therefore, the estimates reflect only those aged 18 or older.

<sup>2</sup> Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. There are minor wording differences in the questions in the adult and adolescent MDE modules. Therefore, data from youths aged 12 to 17 were not combined with data from persons aged 18 or older to get an overall estimate (12 or older).

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

Figure 12.1.1 *Illicit Drug Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

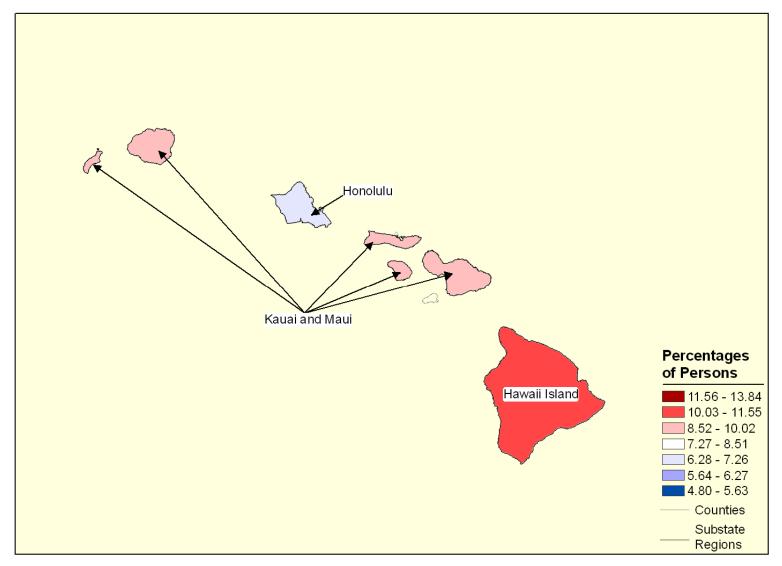


Figure 12.1.2 *Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

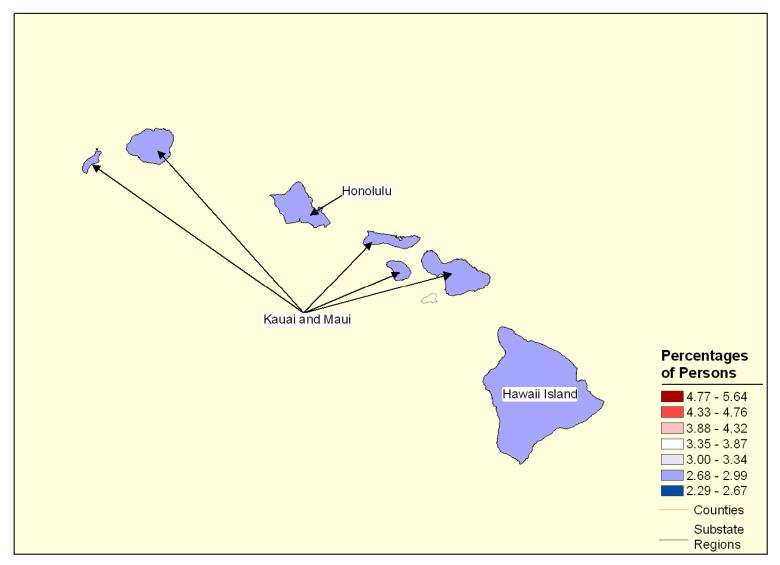


Figure 12.2.1 *Marijuana Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

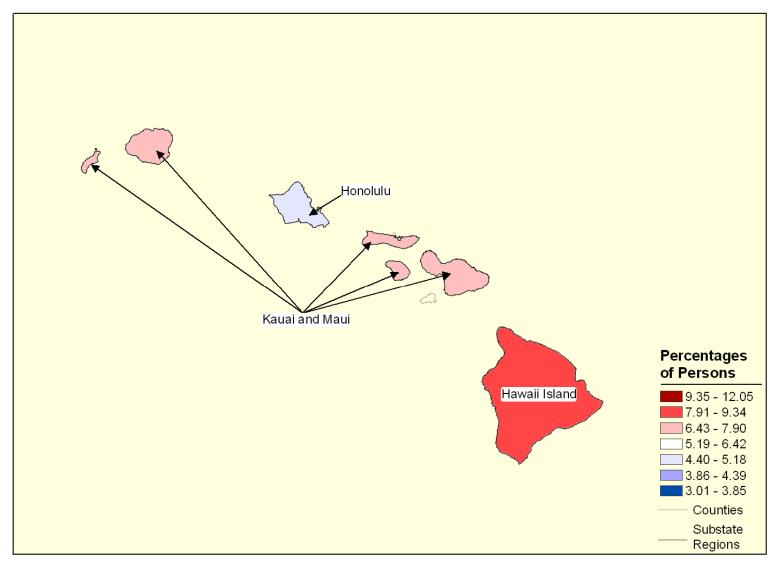


Figure 12.2.2 *First Use of Marijuana* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Average Annual Rates Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

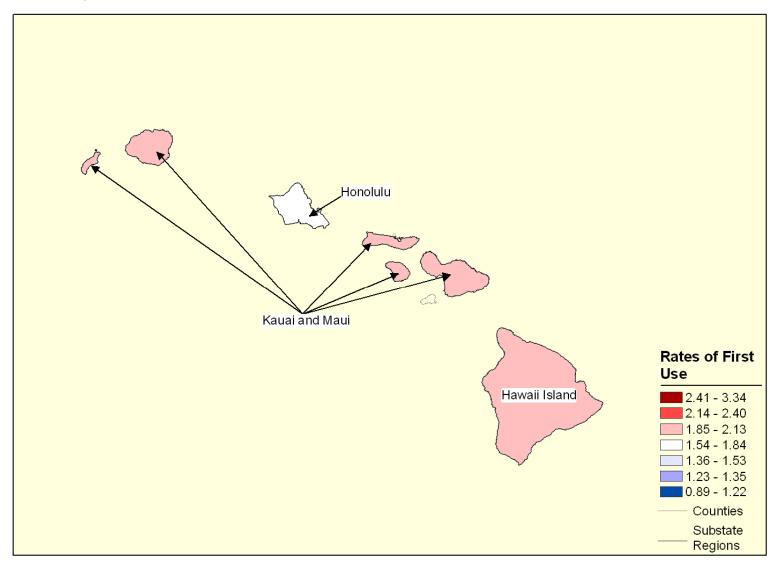


Figure 12.2.3 *Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

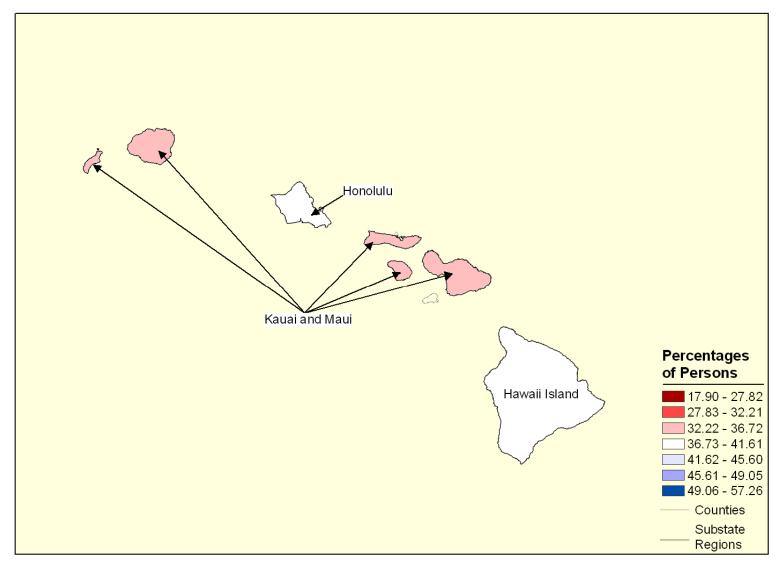


Figure 12.3.1 *Marijuana Use in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

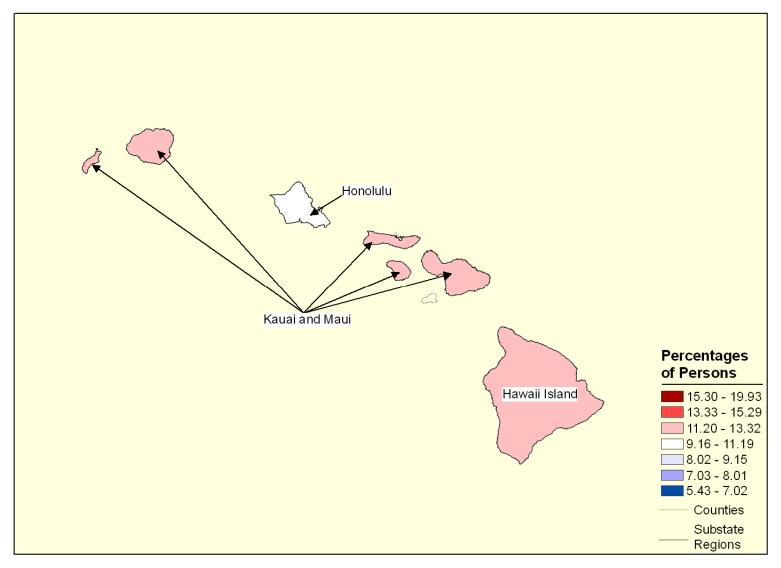


Figure 12.3.2 *Cocaine Use in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

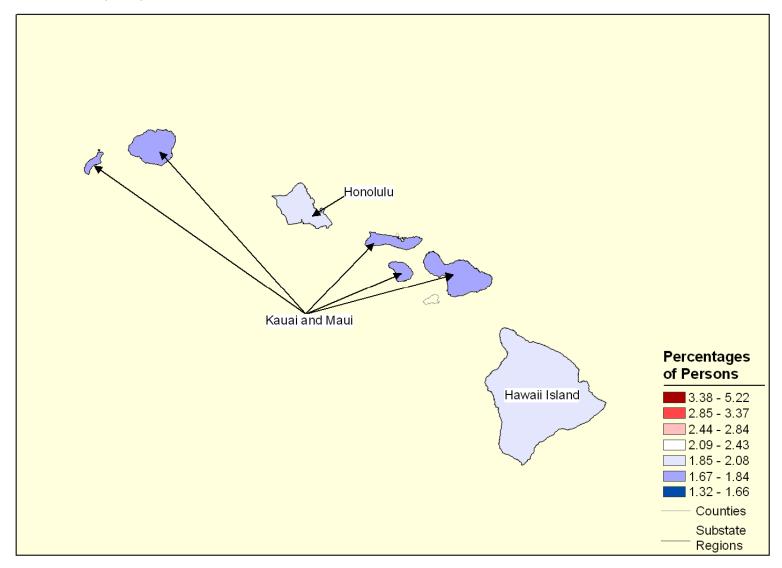


Figure 12.3.3 *Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

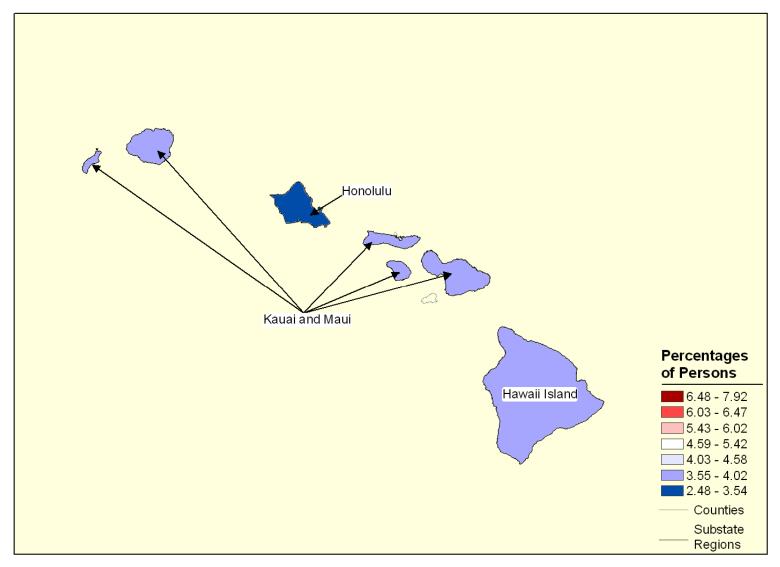


Figure 12.4.1 *Alcohol Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

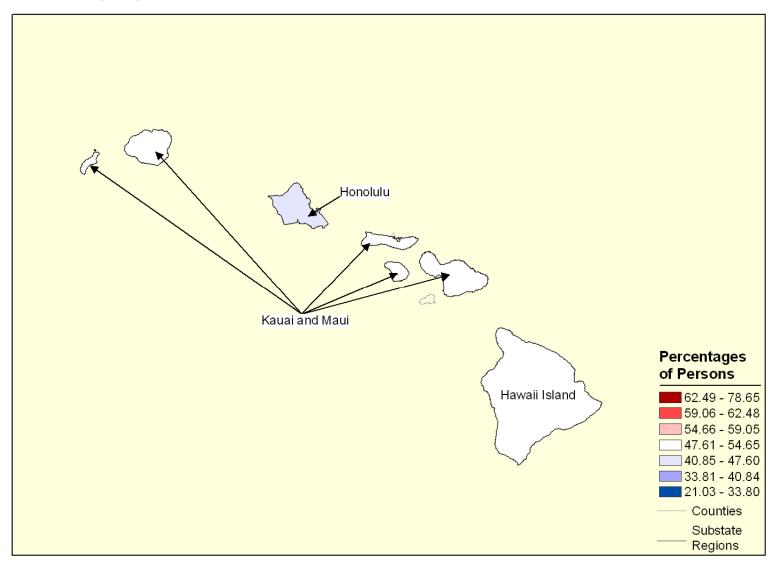


Figure 12.4.2 *Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

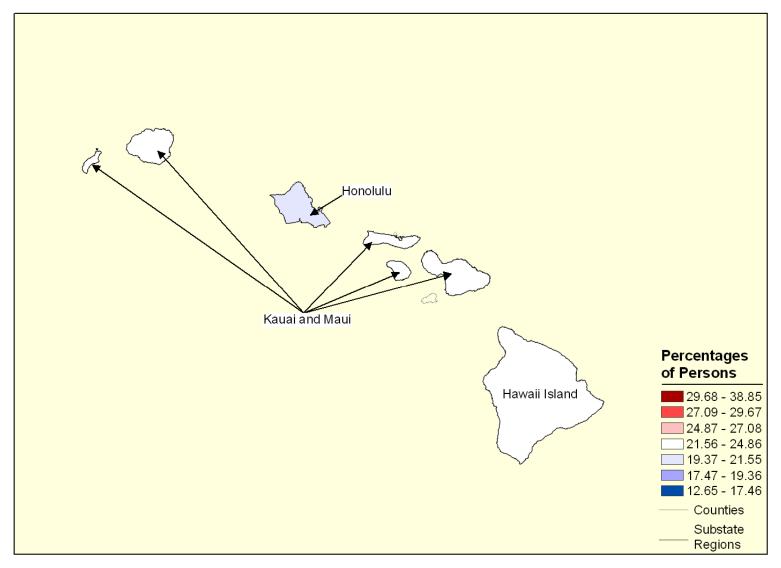


Figure 12.4.3 *Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

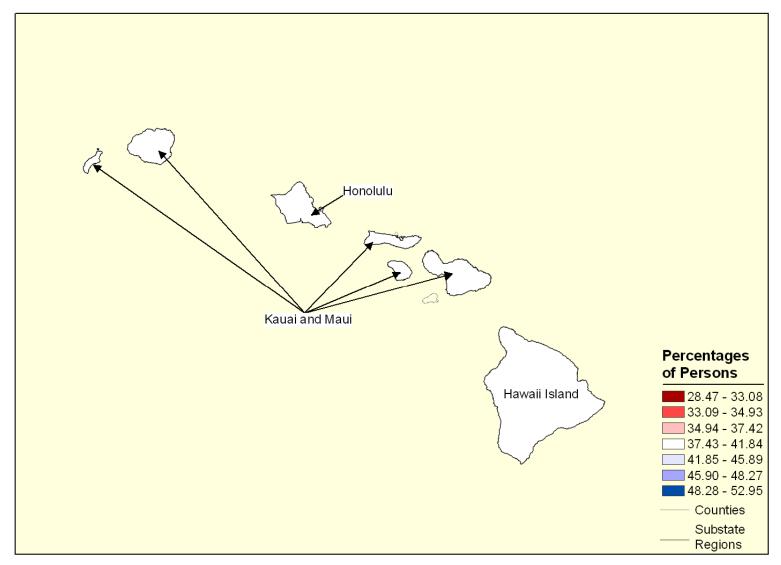


Figure 12.5.1 *Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20* in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

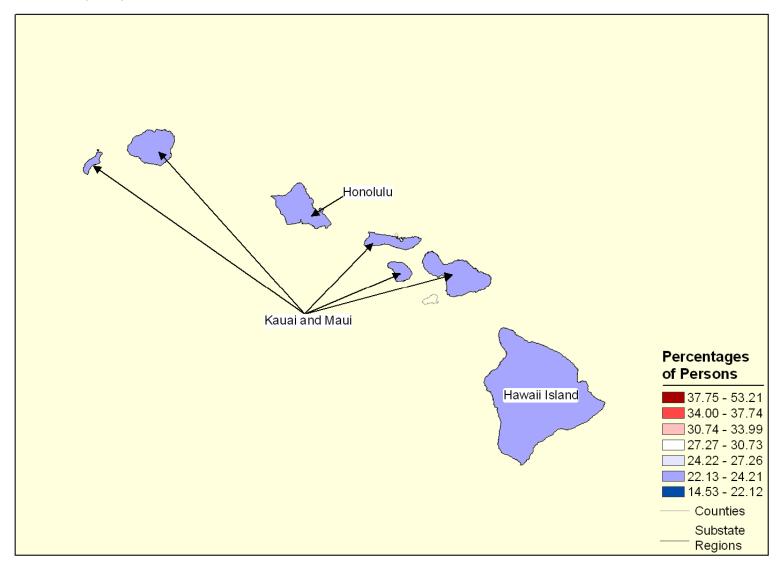


Figure 12.5.2 *Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20* in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

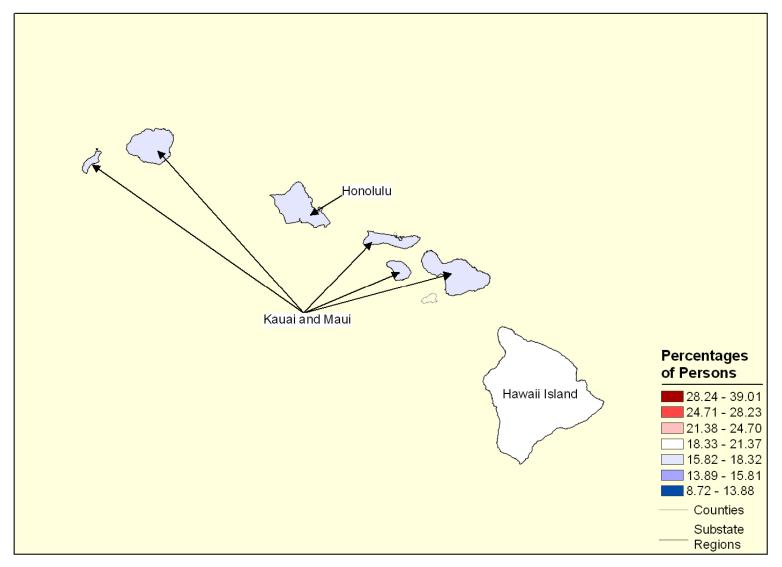


Figure 12.6.1 *Cigarette Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

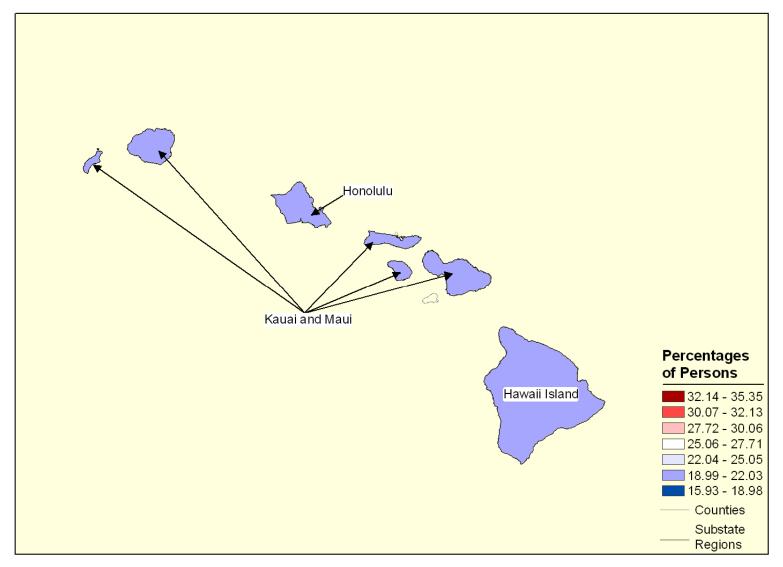


Figure 12.6.2 *Tobacco Product Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

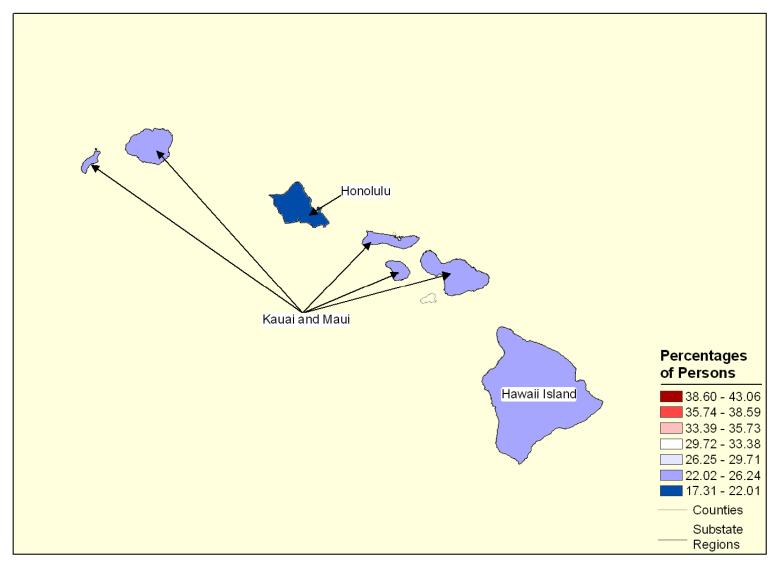


Figure 12.6.3 *Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

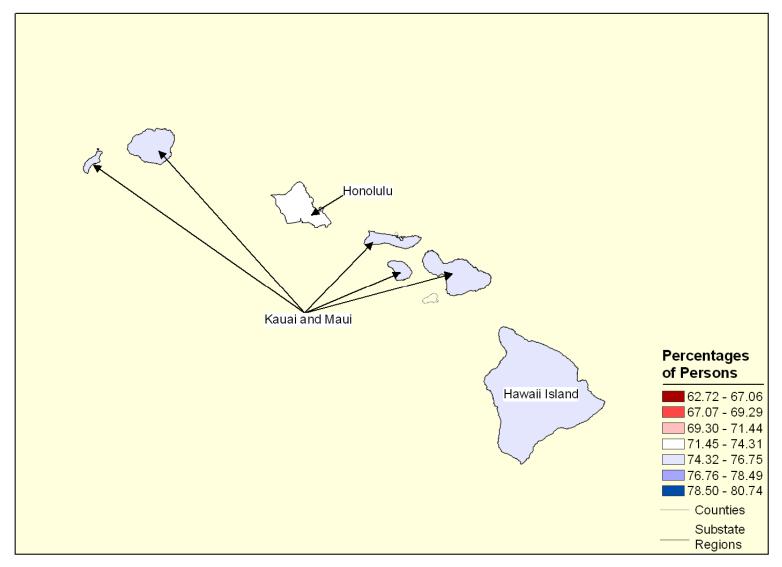


Figure 12.7.1 *Alcohol Dependence in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

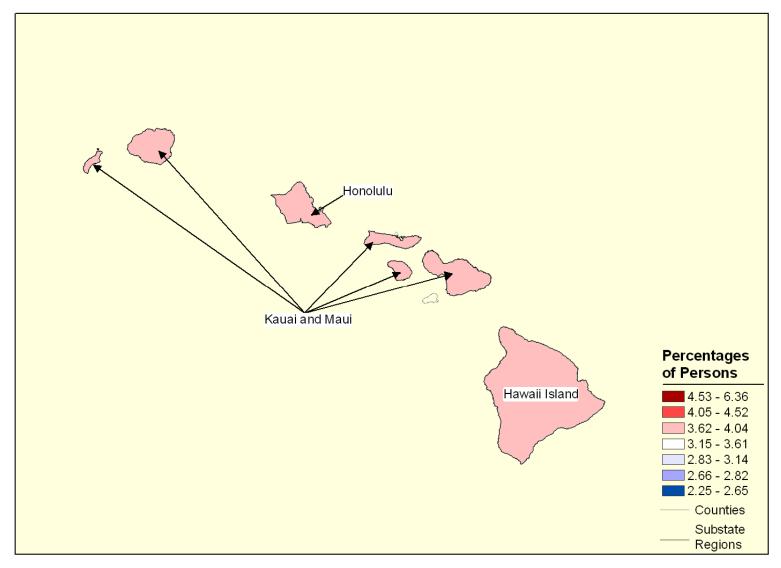


Figure 12.7.2 *Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

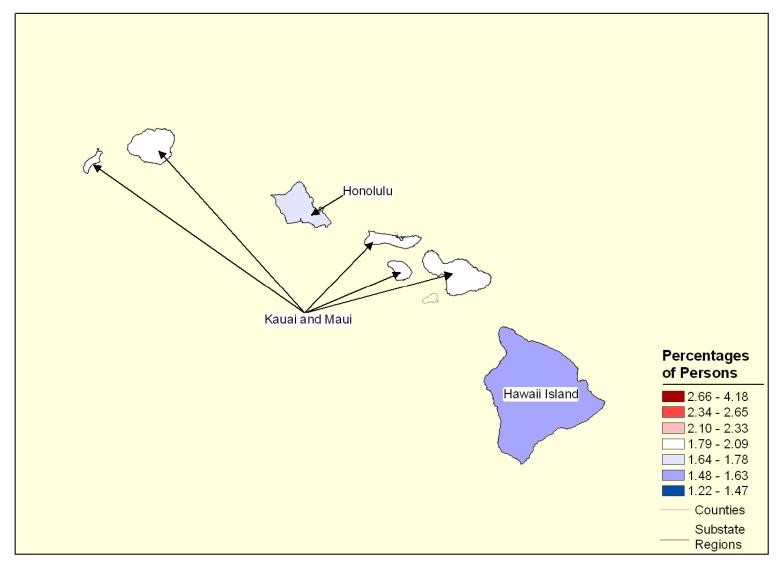


Figure 12.8.1 *Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

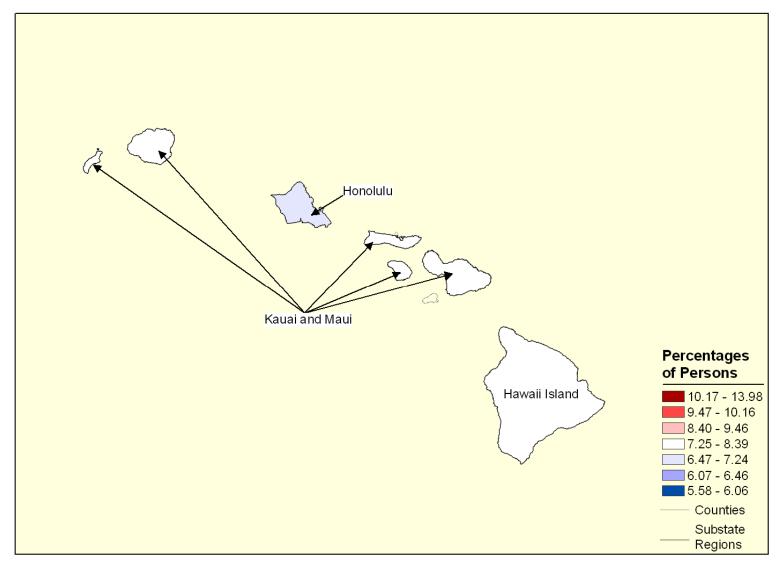


Figure 12.8.2 *Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

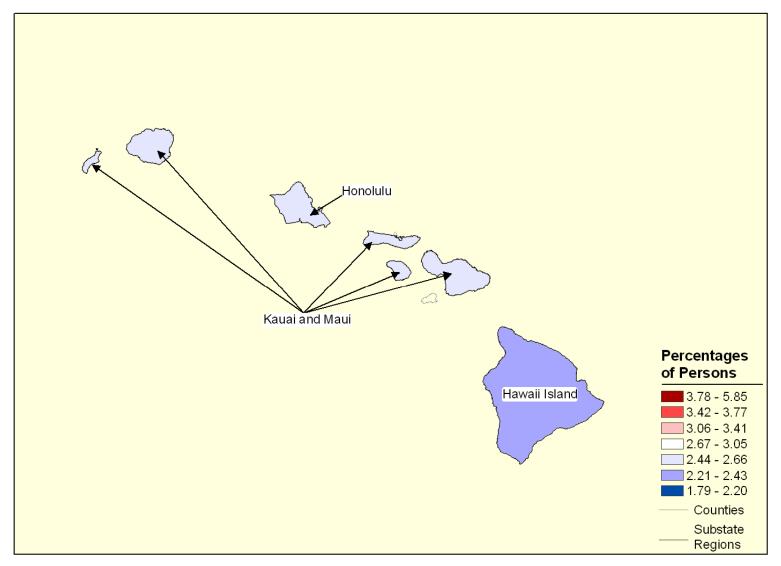


Figure 12.8.3 *Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

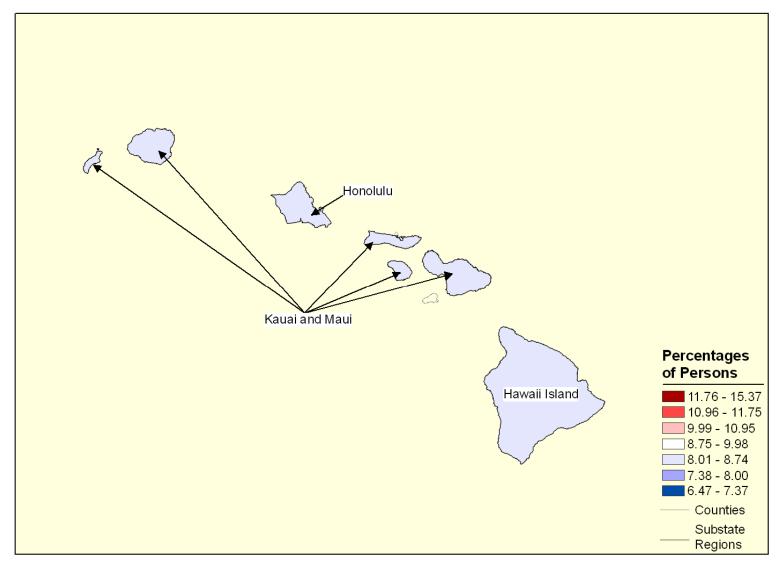


Figure 12.9.1 *Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

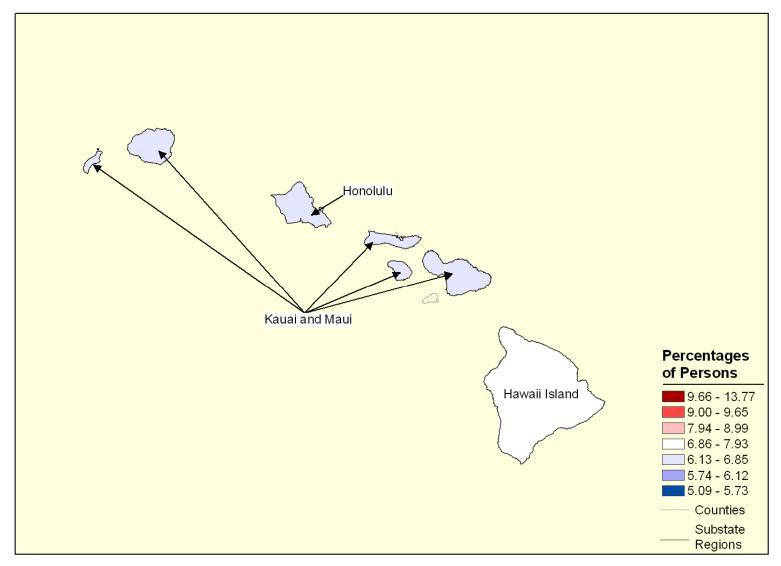


Figure 12.9.2 *Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

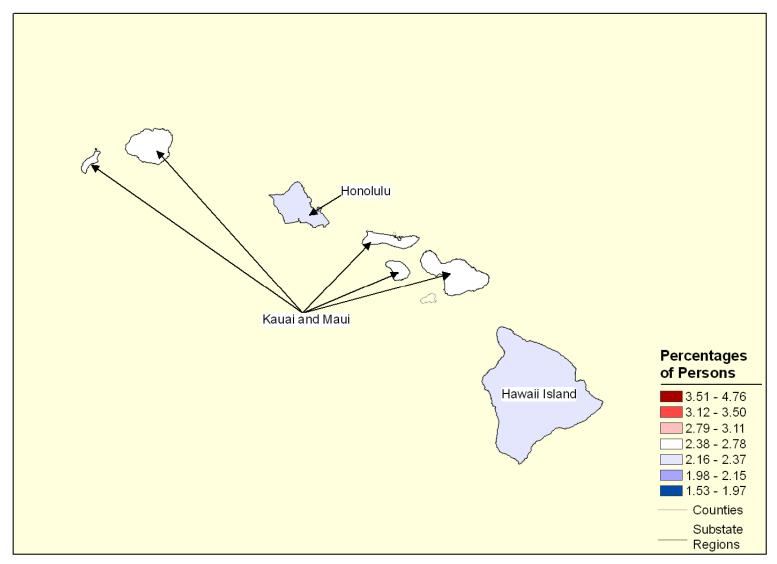


Figure 12.10.1 *Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year* among Persons Aged 18 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

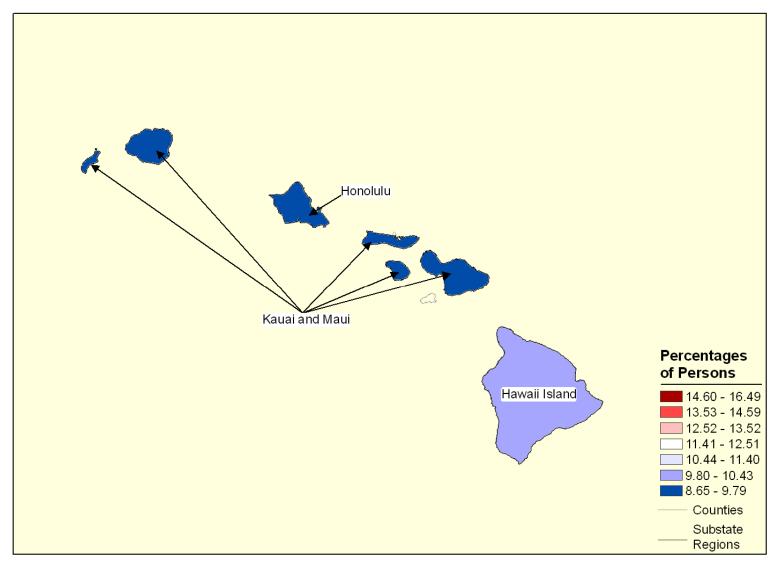


Figure 12.10.2 *Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Past Year* among Persons Aged 18 or Older in Hawaii, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

