	Illicit Dru	ıg Use in Past Month		Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuan in Past Month		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval		
Kentucky	7.88	(6.85 - 9.06)	3.82	(3.19 - 4.58)		
Adanta, Cumberland River, and Lifeskills	6.25	(4.73 - 8.21)	3.56	(2.55 - 4.96)		
Bluegrass, Comprehend, and North Key	8.77	(7.03 - 10.90)	4.12	(3.02 - 5.60)		
Communicare and River Valley	7.67	(5.83 - 10.03)	3.84	(2.73 - 5.38)		
Four Rivers and Pennyroyal	7.89	(5.92 - 10.44)	3.57	(2.45 - 5.16)		
Kentucky River, Mountain, and Pathways	6.19	(4.72 - 8.09)	3.75	(2.72 - 5.14)		

 Table 18.1
 Illicit Drug Use in Past Month and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month in Kentucky among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

(7.09 - 11.46)

3.78

(2.78 - 5.14)

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

9.04

80208

Seven Counties

	Marijuana Use in Past Month			Annual Rate of e of Marijuana ¹	Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month	
State/Substate Region	95% Prediction Estimate Interval		Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Kentucky	5.80	(4.91 - 6.84)	1.56	(1.36 - 1.77)	43.39	(40.77 - 46.04)
Adanta, Cumberland River, and Lifeskills	4.32	(3.14 - 5.91)	1.38	(1.07 - 1.79)	45.81	(40.89 - 50.82)
Bluegrass, Comprehend, and North Key	6.54	(5.11 - 8.33)	1.72	(1.37 - 2.16)	40.52	(36.17 - 45.02)
Communicare and River Valley	5.34	(3.86 - 7.35)	1.44	(1.06 - 1.94)	45.65	(40.25 - 51.17)
Four Rivers and Pennyroyal	5.45	(3.93 - 7.50)	1.45	(1.09 - 1.92)	47.49	(41.88 - 53.16)
Kentucky River, Mountain, and Pathways	4.26	(3.07 - 5.90)	1.25	(0.95 - 1.64)	49.70	(44.45 - 54.96)
Seven Counties	7.24	(5.52 - 9.44)	1.82	(1.43 - 2.31)	38.72	(34.31 - 43.31)

Table 18.2	Marijuana Use in Past Month, Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana, and Perceptions of
	Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month in Kentucky among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by
	Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on* Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Average annual rate = $100*{[X_1 \div (0.5 * X_1 + X_2)] \div 2}$, where X_1 is the number of marijuana initiates in the past 24 months and X_2 is the number of persons who never used marijuana. Both of the computation components, X_1 and X_2 , are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach. Note that the age group is based on a respondent's age at the time of the interview, not his or her age at first use. The prediction intervals for Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana use a simultaneous solution for First Use of Marijuana and Never Used Marijuana outcomes, which had age group-specific random effects that were allowed to be correlated across the two outcomes. The associated Markov Chain Monte Carlo chains were used to calculate the posterior variance.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

Table 18.3	Marijuana Use in Past Year, Cocaine Use in Past Year, and Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past
	Year in Kentucky among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual
	Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Marijuana Use in Past Year		Cocaine I	U se in Past Year	Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Kentucky	9.61	(8.49 - 10.85)	2.28	(1.83 - 2.85)	6.04	(5.22 - 6.97)
Adanta, Cumberland River, and Lifeskills	7.05	(5.37 - 9.19)	1.81	(1.24 - 2.64)	5.60	(4.28 - 7.29)
Bluegrass, Comprehend, and North Key	11.09	(9.07 - 13.48)	2.83	(2.03 - 3.93)	6.52	(5.12 - 8.27)
Communicare and River Valley	8.36	(6.37 - 10.89)	1.94	(1.31 - 2.88)	5.82	(4.42 - 7.63)
Four Rivers and Pennyroyal	9.11	(6.93 - 11.89)	1.91	(1.25 - 2.90)	6.02	(4.45 - 8.09)
Kentucky River, Mountain, and Pathways	7.85	(6.06 - 10.10)	1.97	(1.34 - 2.90)	5.35	(4.04 - 7.05)
Seven Counties	11.51	(9.27 - 14.21)	2.46	(1.73 - 3.49)	6.24	(4.86 - 7.97)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

Table 18.4Alcohol Use in Past Month, Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Having
Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week in Kentucky among Persons
Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006
NSDUHs

	Alcohol Use in Past Month				Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Kentucky	42.17	(39.50 - 44.88)	21.61	(19.74 - 23.60)	41.33	(38.75 - 43.97)
Adanta, Cumberland River, and Lifeskills	35.80	(30.41 - 41.57)	20.24	(16.93 - 24.02)	41.04	(36.42 - 45.82)
Bluegrass, Comprehend, and North Key	45.96	(41.45 - 50.54)	21.82	(18.88 - 25.08)	40.25	(36.32 - 44.31)
Communicare and River Valley	38.79	(33.14 - 44.76)	21.11	(17.54 - 25.20)	41.87	(37.12 - 46.78)
Four Rivers and Pennyroyal	40.88	(34.82 - 47.23)	21.23	(17.59 - 25.38)	43.18	(38.49 - 48.00)
Kentucky River, Mountain, and Pathways	28.83	(24.02 - 34.16)	17.85	(14.74 - 21.45)	42.60	(38.25 - 47.07)
Seven Counties	51.89	(46.92 - 56.82)	24.92	(21.32 - 28.90)	41.18	(36.88 - 45.62)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

Table 18.5 Alcohol Use in Past Month and Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20 in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

		in Past Month among ns Aged 12 to 20	Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20 ¹		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	
Kentucky	28.42	(26.22 - 30.72)	18.98	(17.12 - 20.98)	
Adanta, Cumberland River, and Lifeskills	26.92	(22.74 - 31.54)	18.07	(14.80 - 21.87)	
Bluegrass, Comprehend, and North Key	29.77	(25.97 - 33.87)	19.00	(15.90 - 22.54)	
Communicare and River Valley	27.90	(23.67 - 32.55)	19.29	(15.62 - 23.59)	
Four Rivers and Pennyroyal	29.39	(24.64 - 34.63)	19.04	(15.15 - 23.66)	
Kentucky River, Mountain, and Pathways	24.16	(20.16 - 28.67)	17.29	(13.93 - 21.25)	
Seven Counties	30.08	(26.02 - 34.49)	20.46	(16.97 - 24.46)	

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

	Cigarette Use in Past Month			o Product Use ast Month ¹	Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day	
State/Substate Region	95% Prediction Estimate Interval		Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Kentucky	30.97	(28.61 - 33.43)	38.32	(35.89 - 40.80)	66.62	(64.16 - 68.99)
Adanta, Cumberland River, and Lifeskills	34.08	(29.78 - 38.65)	42.44	(37.87 - 47.15)	64.67	(60.19 - 68.91)
Bluegrass, Comprehend, and North Key	29.54	(26.14 - 33.19)	35.20	(31.55 - 39.03)	67.04	(63.37 - 70.51)
Communicare and River Valley	32.57	(28.46 - 36.96)	39.75	(35.15 - 44.53)	66.62	(62.10 - 70.85)
Four Rivers and Pennyroyal	30.99	(26.87 - 35.43)	39.23	(34.44 - 44.23)	66.69	(62.32 - 70.80)
Kentucky River, Mountain, and Pathways	34.21	(30.03 - 38.65)	42.48	(37.97 - 47.13)	62.72	(58.58 - 66.67)
Seven Counties	27.78	(24.35 - 31.50)	35.73	(31.95 - 39.70)	69.75	(65.93 - 73.31)

Table 18.6	Cigarette Use in Past Month, Tobacco Product Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk of
	Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day in Kentucky among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by
	Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Tobacco Products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

Table 18.7 Alcohol Dependence in Past Year and Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year in Kentucky among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Alcohol De	pendence in Past Year	Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year ¹		
State/Substate Region	95% Prediction Estimate Interval		Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	
Kentucky	2.91	(2.36 - 3.59)	2.09	(1.67 - 2.60)	
Adanta, Cumberland River, and Lifeskills	2.71	(1.89 - 3.88)	1.93	(1.31 - 2.83)	
Bluegrass, Comprehend, and North Key	3.12	(2.25 - 4.29)	2.32	(1.64 - 3.29)	
Communicare and River Valley	2.76	(1.91 - 3.97)	2.08	(1.44 - 3.00)	
Four Rivers and Pennyroyal	2.71	(1.88 - 3.90)	1.93	(1.29 - 2.89)	
Kentucky River, Mountain, and Pathways	2.60	(1.83 - 3.67)	1.75	(1.18 - 2.59)	
Seven Counties	3.15	(2.23 - 4.43)	2.15	(1.51 - 3.05)	

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Dependence is based on the definition found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

Table 18.8Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year, Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year, and
Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year in Kentucky among Persons Aged 12
or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006
NSDUHs

	Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year			g Dependence or in Past Year ¹	Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year ¹	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Kentucky	6.70	(5.74 - 7.81)	2.91	(2.38 - 3.55)	8.38	(7.36 - 9.53)
Adanta, Cumberland River, and Lifeskills	6.48	(4.98 - 8.38)	2.63	(1.86 - 3.70)	7.71	(6.07 - 9.74)
Bluegrass, Comprehend, and North Key	7.17	(5.74 - 8.93)	3.09	(2.25 - 4.23)	8.95	(7.26 - 10.98)
Communicare and River Valley	6.43	(4.85 - 8.48)	2.90	(2.02 - 4.15)	8.18	(6.42 - 10.36)
Four Rivers and Pennyroyal	6.50	(4.87 - 8.61)	2.77	(1.92 - 3.97)	8.09	(6.29 - 10.33)
Kentucky River, Mountain, and Pathways	5.92	(4.55 - 7.67)	2.65	(1.86 - 3.75)	7.45	(5.83 - 9.48)
Seven Counties	6.93	(5.37 - 8.89)	3.09	(2.25 - 4.24)	8.93	(7.17 - 11.06)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

		Not Receiving Treatment ol Use in Past Year ¹	Needing But Not Receiving Treatmen for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year ²		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	
Kentucky	6.45	(5.50 - 7.55)	2.68	(2.20 - 3.27)	
Adanta, Cumberland River, and Lifeskills	6.18	(4.71 - 8.07)	2.47	(1.76 - 3.47)	
Bluegrass, Comprehend, and North Key	6.92	(5.49 - 8.69)	2.90	(2.07 - 4.06)	
Communicare and River Valley	6.23	(4.72 - 8.20)	2.70	(1.86 - 3.91)	
Four Rivers and Pennyroyal	6.37	(4.77 - 8.45)	2.55	(1.75 - 3.69)	
Kentucky River, Mountain, and Pathways	5.73	(4.35 - 7.53)	2.31	(1.59 - 3.33)	
Seven Counties	6.57	(5.10 - 8.44)	2.82	(2.01 - 3.94)	

Table 18.9Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year and Needing But Not Receiving
Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year in Kentucky among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by
Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for alcohol, but not receiving treatment for an alcohol problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers).

² Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs, but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers). Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

State/Substate Region	Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year ¹		Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Past Year ²	
	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Kentucky	13.78	(12.22 - 15.50)	8.62	(7.24 - 10.24)
Adanta, Cumberland River, and Lifeskills	14.85	(12.07 - 18.13)	9.11	(6.80 - 12.12)
Bluegrass, Comprehend, and North Key	13.19	(10.99 - 15.76)	8.41	(6.46 - 10.87)
Communicare and River Valley	13.99	(11.32 - 17.17)	8.32	(6.22 - 11.06)
Four Rivers and Pennyroyal	13.74	(11.14 - 16.83)	8.70	(6.50 - 11.55)
Kentucky River, Mountain, and Pathways	15.39	(12.50 - 18.80)	8.98	(6.73 - 11.88)
Seven Counties	12.73	(10.47 - 15.40)	8.42	(6.47 - 10.90)

Table 18.10 Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year and Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Past Year in Kentucky among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Serious Psychological Distress (SPD) is defined as having a score of 13 or higher on the K6 scale. Because of questionnaire changes, these estimates are not comparable with estimates from the 2002-2004 substate report. For details, see Section B.7 of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*. Data for SPD are not defined for 12 to 17 year olds; therefore, the estimates reflect only those aged 18 or older.

² Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. There are minor wording differences in the questions in the adult and adolescent MDE modules. Therefore, data from youths aged 12 to 17 were not combined with data from persons aged 18 or older to get an overall estimate (12 or older).

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004, 2005, and 2006.

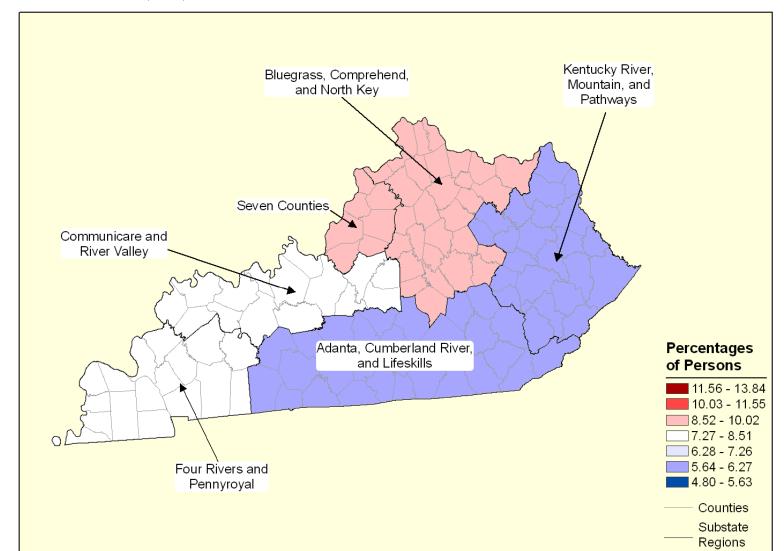


Figure 18.1.1 *Illicit Drug Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

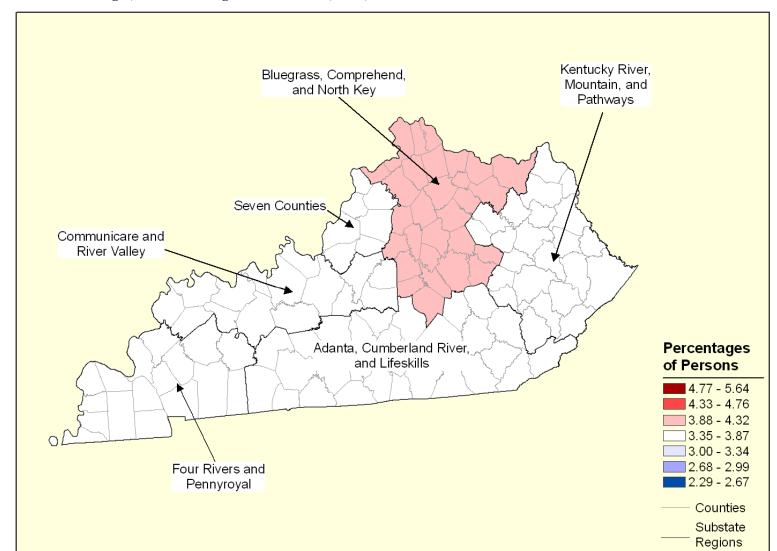


Figure 18.1.2 *Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

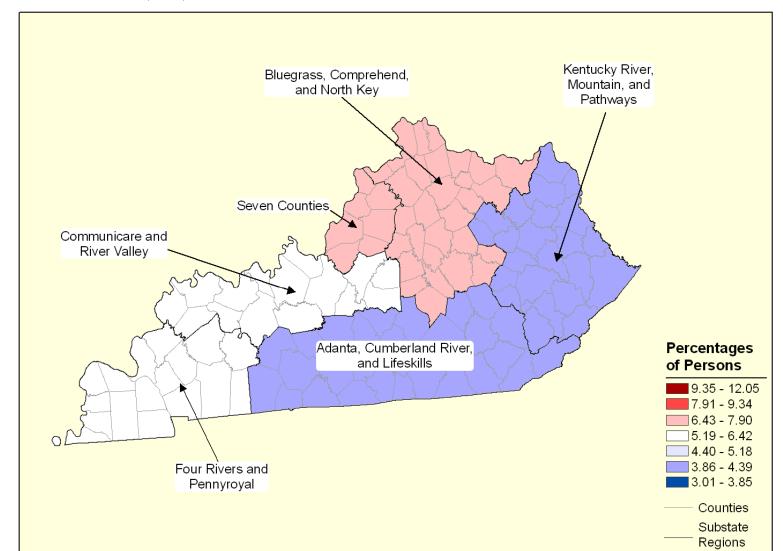


Figure 18.2.1 *Marijuana Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

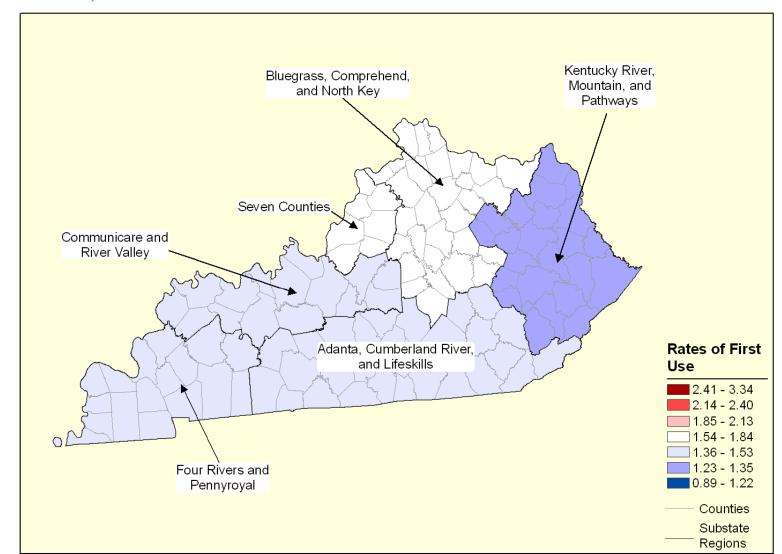


Figure 18.2.2 *First Use of Marijuana* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Average Annual Rates Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

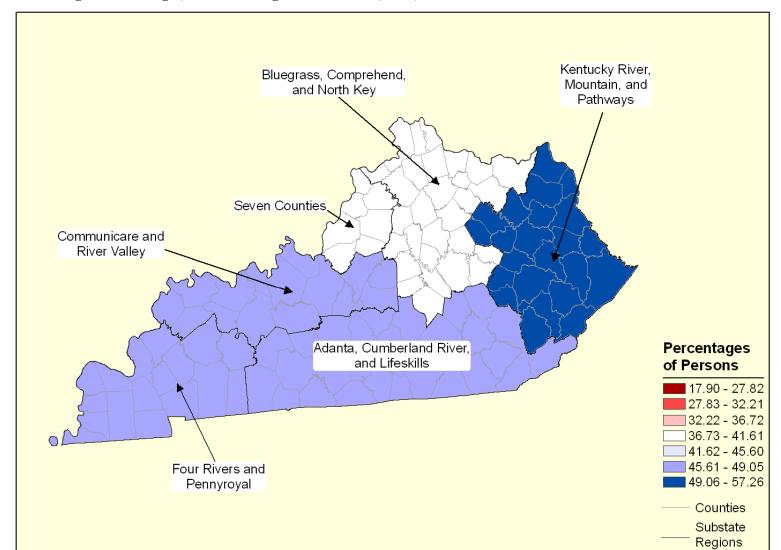


Figure 18.2.3 *Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

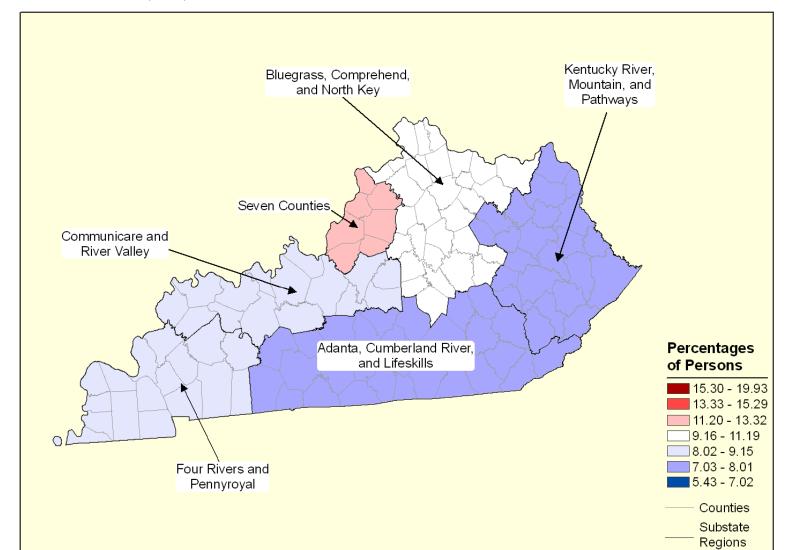


Figure 18.3.1 *Marijuana Use in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

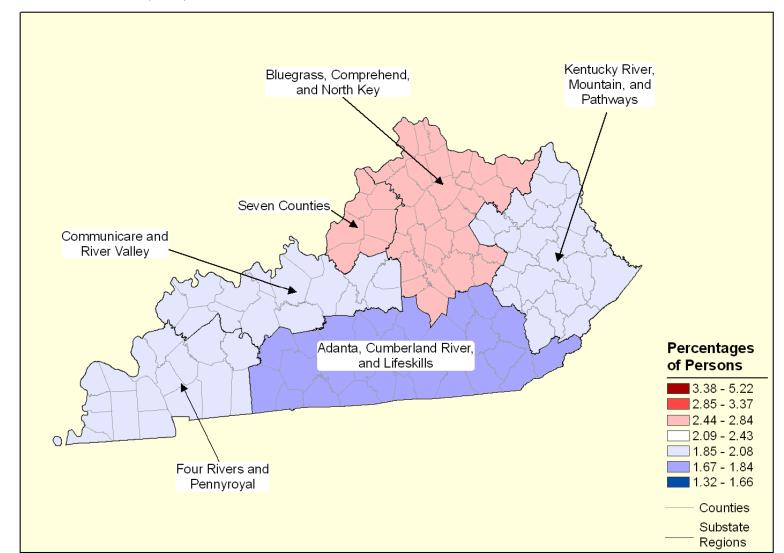


Figure 18.3.2 *Cocaine Use in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

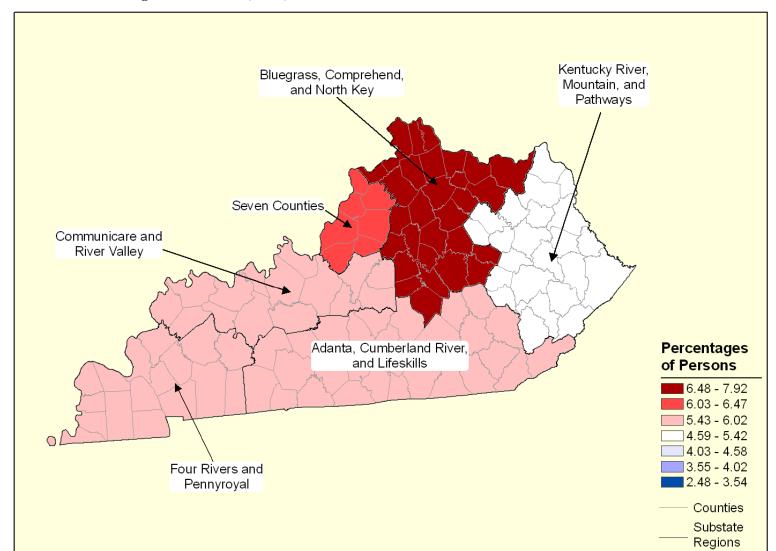


Figure 18.3.3 *Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

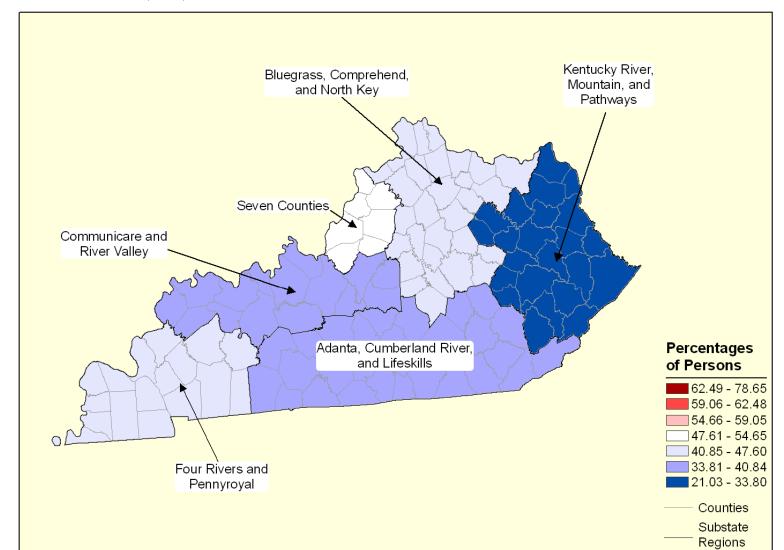


Figure 18.4.1 *Alcohol Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

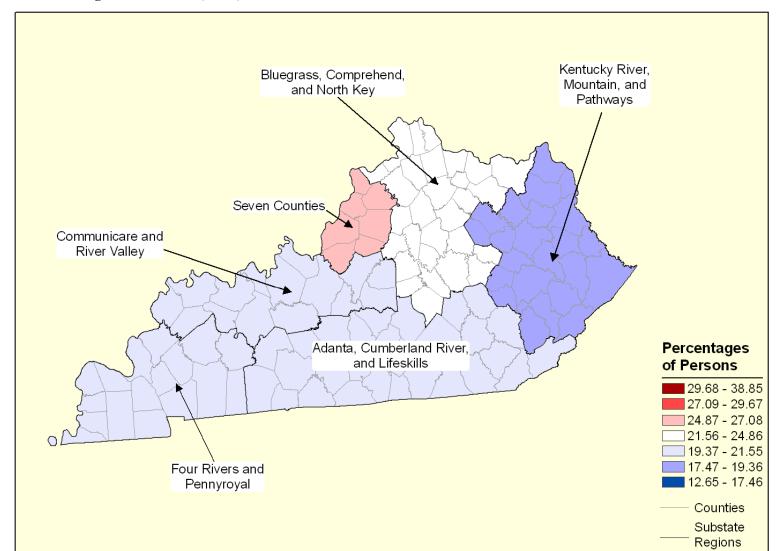


Figure 18.4.2 *Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

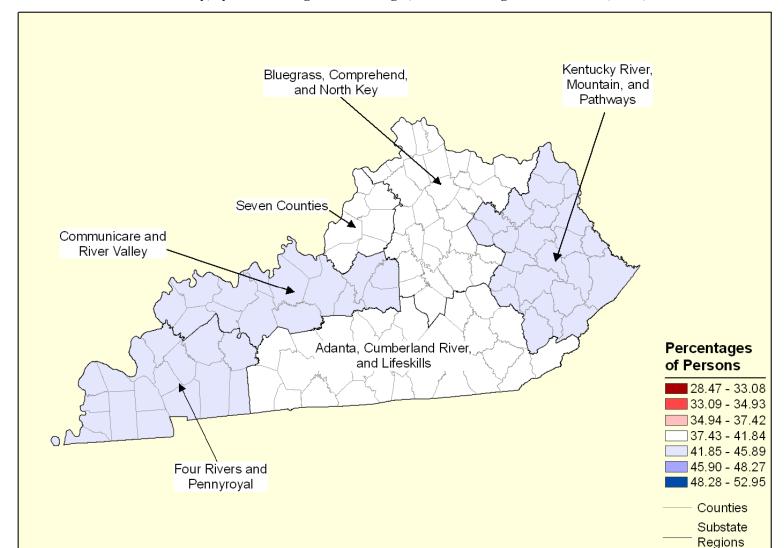


Figure 18.4.3 *Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

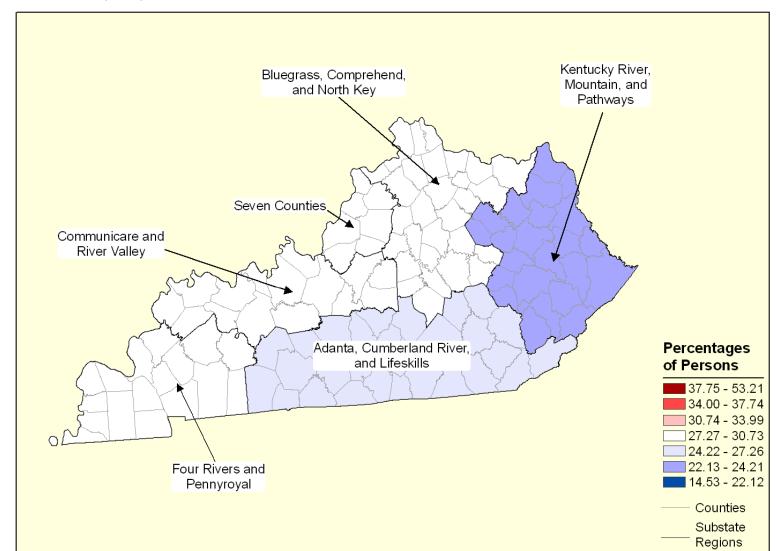


Figure 18.5.1 *Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20* in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

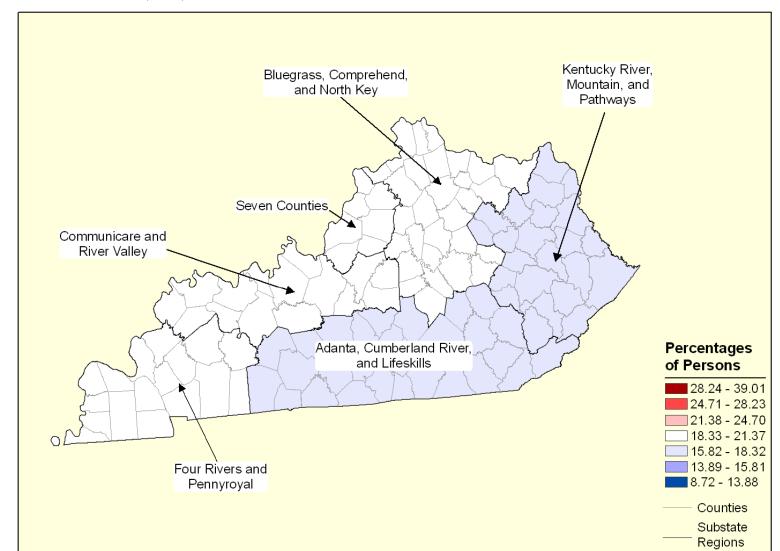


Figure 18.5.2 *Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20* in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

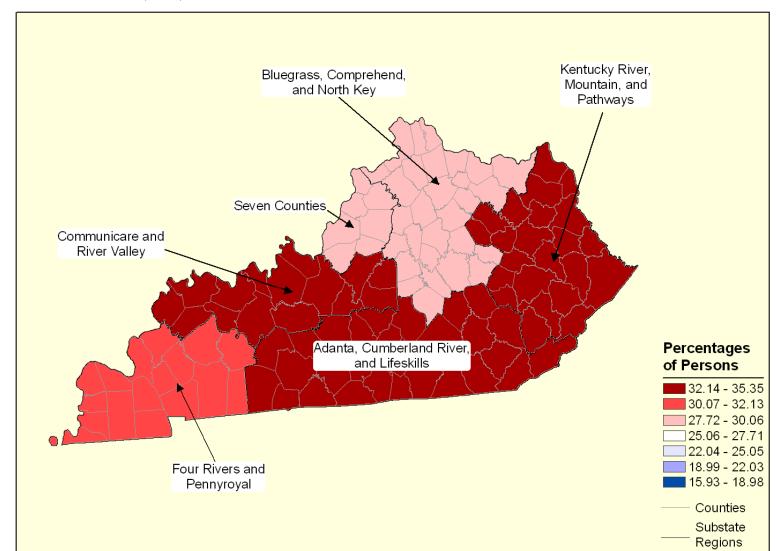


Figure 18.6.1 *Cigarette Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

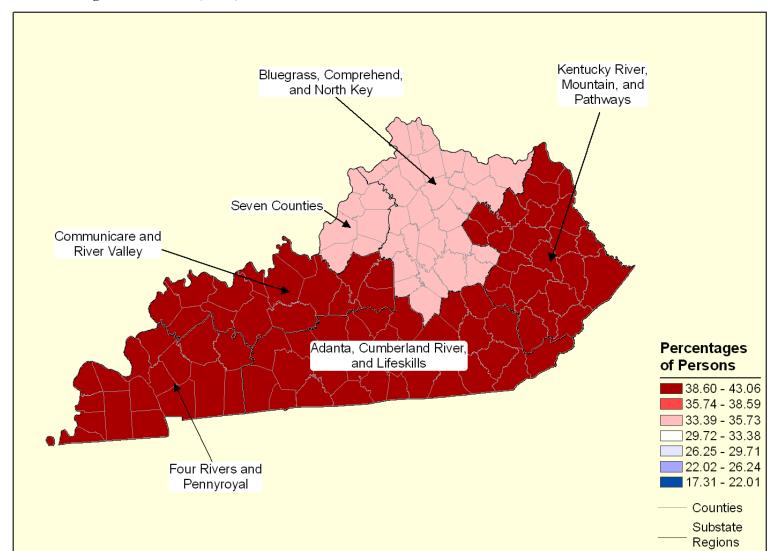


Figure 18.6.2 *Tobacco Product Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

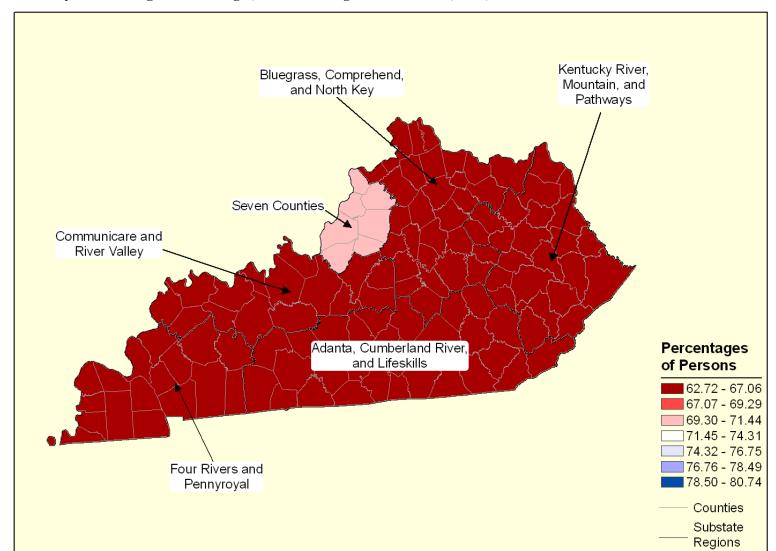


Figure 18.6.3 *Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

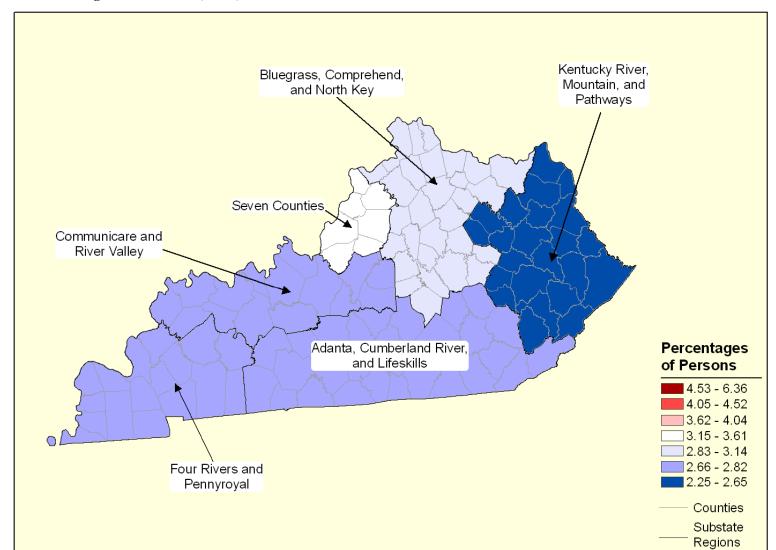


Figure 18.7.1 *Alcohol Dependence in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

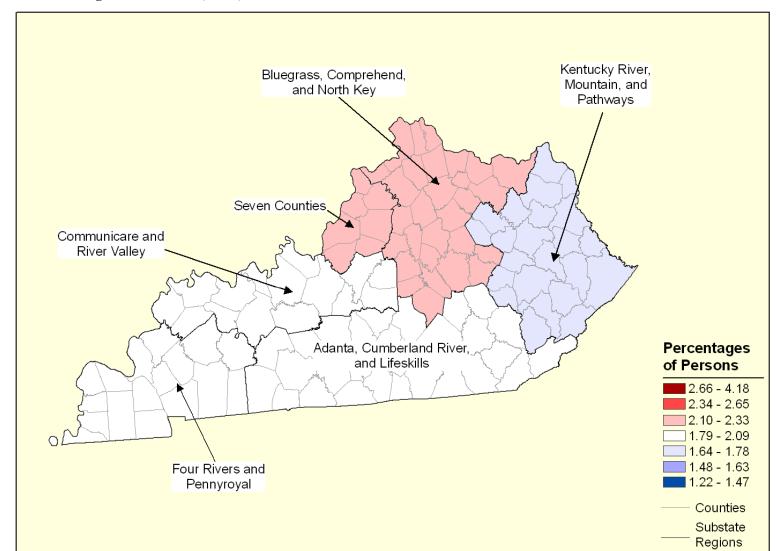


Figure 18.7.2 *Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

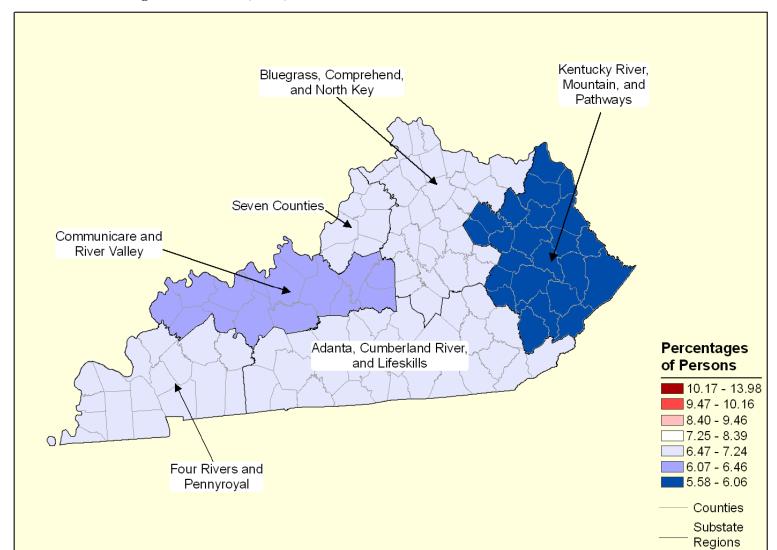


Figure 18.8.1 *Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

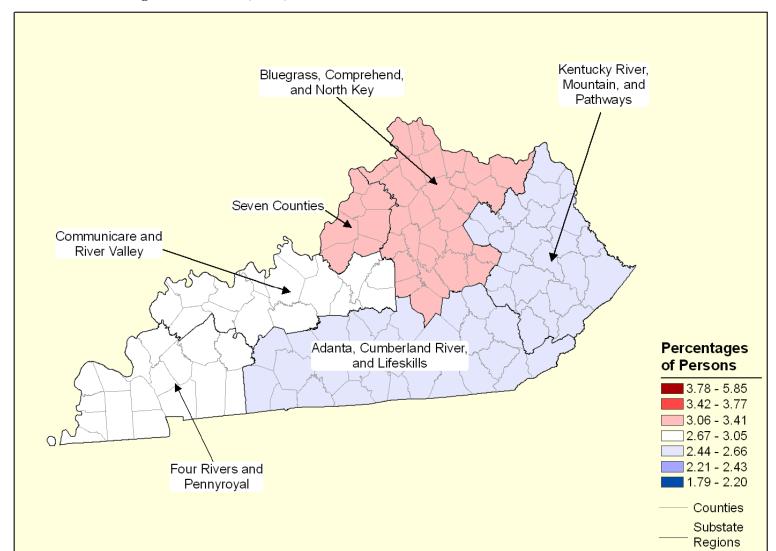


Figure 18.8.2 *Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

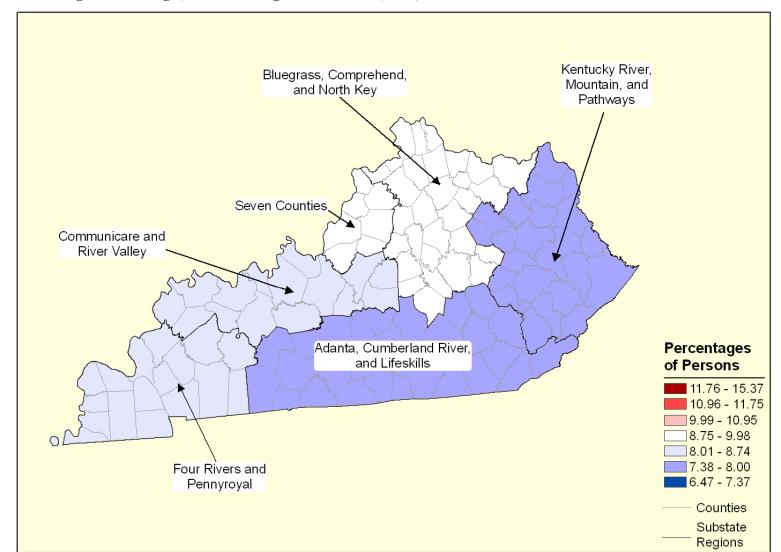


Figure 18.8.3 *Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

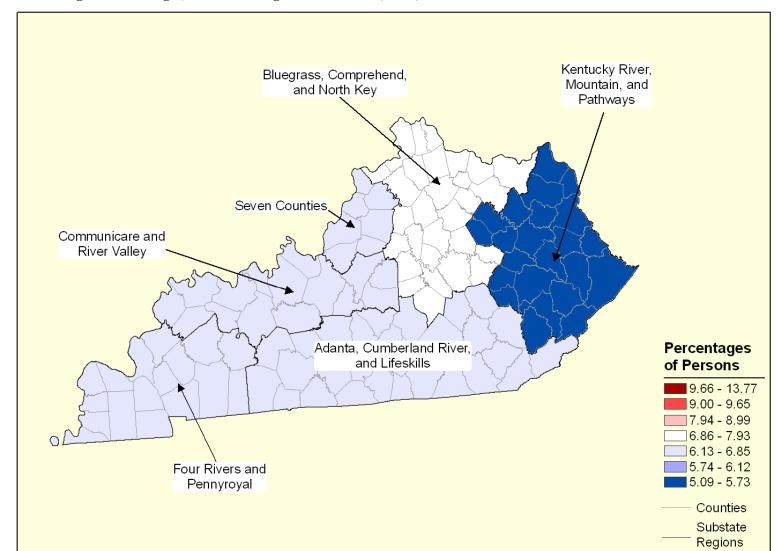


Figure 18.9.1 *Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

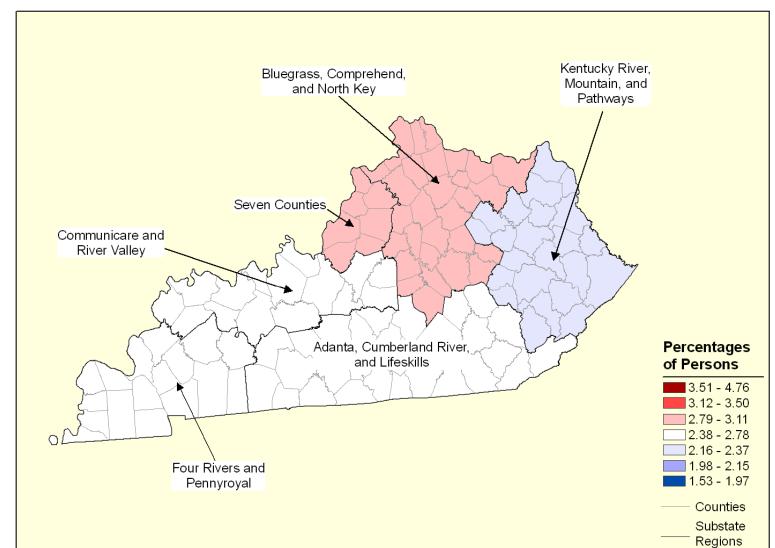


Figure 18.9.2 *Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

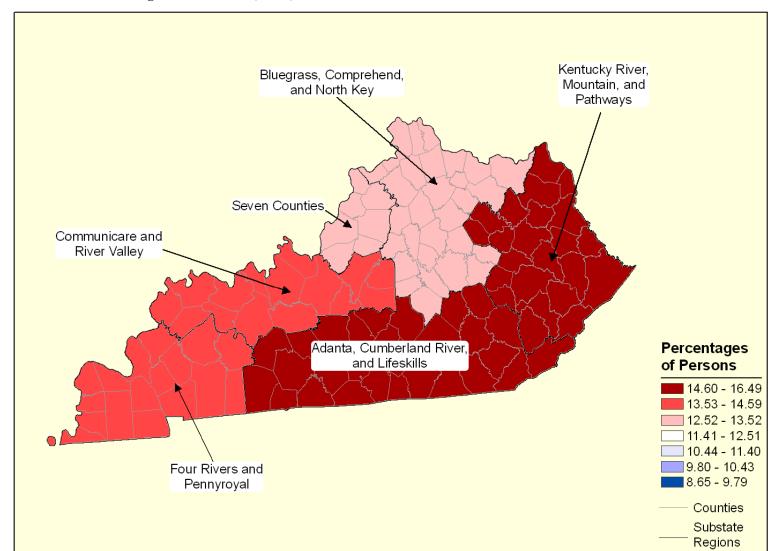


Figure 18.10.1 *Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year* among Persons Aged 18 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

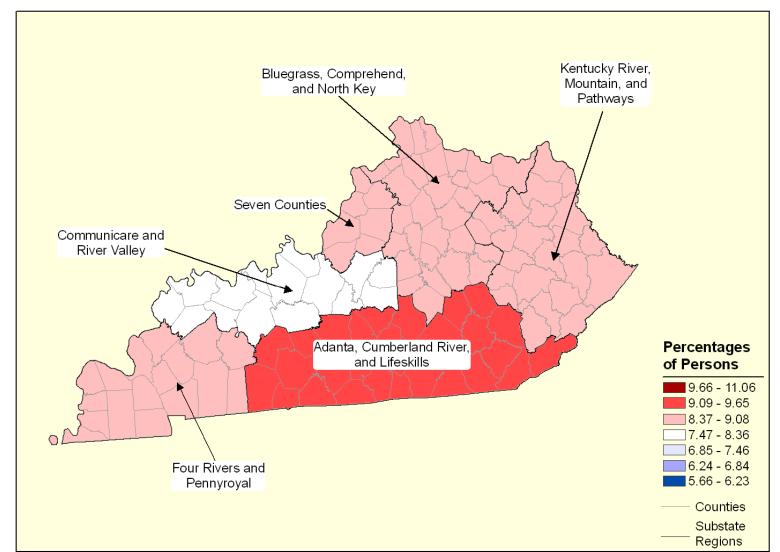


Figure 18.10.2 *Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Past Year* among Persons Aged 18 or Older in Kentucky, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs