Table 20.1 Illicit Drug Use in Past Month and Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month in Maine among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Illicit Dru	Illicit Drug Use in Past Month		se Other Than Marijuana n Past Month
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Estimate Interval		95% Prediction Interval
Maine	9.75	(8.61 - 11.03)	3.18	(2.63 - 3.84)
Aroostook/Downeast	8.53	(6.41 - 11.26)	3.14	(2.16 - 4.54)
Central	10.43	(8.19 - 13.19)	3.16	(2.25 - 4.43)
Cumberland	10.45	(8.38 - 12.97)	3.19	(2.29 - 4.44)
Midcoast	8.25	(6.30 - 10.72)	3.00	(2.10 - 4.27)
Penquis	10.22	(8.13 - 12.77)	3.14	(2.23 - 4.41)
Western	10.39	(8.23 - 13.03)	3.07	(2.20 - 4.29)
York	9.33	(7.42 - 11.68)	3.48	(2.47 - 4.88)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Table 20.2 Marijuana Use in Past Month, Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month in Maine among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Marijuana Use in Past Month		Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana ¹		Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Estimate Interval		95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Maine	8.66	(7.52 - 9.96)	2.04	(1.79 - 2.32)	32.53	(29.88 - 35.29)
Aroostook/Downeast	7.21	(5.27 - 9.77)	1.71	(1.28 - 2.28)	32.48	(27.10 - 38.37)
Central	9.21	(7.13 - 11.81)	2.04	(1.56 - 2.66)	34.69	(29.53 - 40.23)
Cumberland	9.67	(7.64 - 12.16)	2.29	(1.81 - 2.90)	28.51	(24.57 - 32.80)
Midcoast	7.01	(5.20 - 9.37)	2.22	(1.66 - 2.96)	33.03	(27.74 - 38.78)
Penquis	9.45	(7.41 - 11.98)	2.21	(1.69 - 2.89)	35.11	(29.98 - 40.62)
Western	9.29	(7.28 - 11.78)	2.21	(1.68 - 2.91)	33.30	(28.41 - 38.58)
York	7.99	(6.19 - 10.24)	1.59	(1.21 - 2.10)	33.04	(28.29 - 38.18)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Average annual rate = $100*\{[X_1 \div (0.5 * X_1 + X_2)] \div 2\}$, where X_1 is the number of marijuana initiates in the past 24 months and X_2 is the number of persons who never used marijuana. Both of the computation components, X_1 and X_2 , are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach. Note that the age group is based on a respondent's age at the time of the interview, not his or her age at first use. The prediction intervals for Average Annual Rate of First Use of Marijuana use a simultaneous solution for First Use of Marijuana and Never Used Marijuana outcomes, which had age group-specific random effects that were allowed to be correlated across the two outcomes. The associated Markov Chain Monte Carlo chains were used to calculate the posterior variance.

Table 20.3 Marijuana Use in Past Year, Cocaine Use in Past Year, and Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year in Maine among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

		Marijuana Use in Past Year		Cocaine Use in Past Year		ical Use of Pain rs in Past Year
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Maine	12.74	(11.37 - 14.26)	2.36	(1.92 - 2.91)	4.68	(3.99 - 5.50)
Aroostook/Downeast	10.20	(7.84 - 13.18)	2.03	(1.39 - 2.96)	4.49	(3.25 - 6.18)
Central	13.02	(10.36 - 16.26)	2.22	(1.54 - 3.20)	5.15	(3.83 - 6.89)
Cumberland	15.08	(12.35 - 18.29)	2.94	(2.11 - 4.08)	4.11	(3.09 - 5.45)
Midcoast	11.45	(8.92 - 14.58)	2.08	(1.41 - 3.07)	4.65	(3.45 - 6.23)
Penquis	12.61	(10.20 - 15.49)	2.70	(1.91 - 3.79)	4.51	(3.33 - 6.07)
Western	13.87	(11.17 - 17.10)	2.43	(1.70 - 3.45)	4.93	(3.72 - 6.50)
York	11.31	(9.04 - 14.06)	1.82	(1.26 - 2.64)	5.17	(3.94 - 6.75)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

Table 20.4 Alcohol Use in Past Month, Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week in Maine among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Alcohol Use in Past Month				Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Maine	52.63	(49.91 - 55.34)	22.00	(20.05 - 24.09)	37.83	(35.23 - 40.50)
Aroostook/Downeast	46.48	(40.21 - 52.87)	20.99	(17.12 - 25.45)	37.55	(32.75 - 42.61)
Central	45.77	(39.48 - 52.21)	20.24	(16.78 - 24.20)	36.80	(32.20 - 41.65)
Cumberland	60.94	(56.04 - 65.63)	23.79	(20.51 - 27.41)	37.31	(33.30 - 41.50)
Midcoast	52.12	(45.39 - 58.78)	20.20	(16.59 - 24.36)	40.52	(35.41 - 45.85)
Penquis	53.11	(47.00 - 59.14)	23.55	(19.99 - 27.52)	39.30	(34.56 - 44.24)
Western	49.80	(44.04 - 55.56)	22.38	(18.89 - 26.29)	38.05	(33.42 - 42.90)
York	54.61	(48.92 - 60.19)	21.59	(18.21 - 25.41)	36.19	(31.73 - 40.89)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Table 20.5 Alcohol Use in Past Month and Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20 in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Alcohol Use in Past M Persons Aged 1		Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20 ¹		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Estimate Interval I		95% Prediction Interval	
Maine	31.36	(29.13 - 33.68)	21.41	(19.50 - 23.46)	
Aroostook/Downeast	29.95	(25.29 - 35.07)	21.29	(17.29 - 25.93)	
Central	29.56	(25.17 - 34.36)	20.40	(16.72 - 24.64)	
Cumberland	34.47	(30.42 - 38.76)	23.57	(20.01 - 27.55)	
Midcoast	30.20	(25.52 - 35.32)	19.11	(15.18 - 23.76)	
Penquis	34.53	(30.04 - 39.32)	24.23	(20.22 - 28.76)	
Western	29.37	(24.77 - 34.44)	20.13	(16.38 - 24.50)	
York	29.84	(25.63 - 34.42)	19.90	(16.39 - 23.94)	

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

Table 20.6 Cigarette Use in Past Month, Tobacco Product Use in Past Month, and Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day in Maine among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Cigarette Use in Past Month		Tobacco Product Use in Past Month ¹		Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Estimate Interval		95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Maine	26.75	(24.60 - 29.01)	31.04	(28.70 - 33.47)	71.29	(68.94 - 73.54)
Aroostook/Downeast	27.20	(23.20 - 31.60)	31.77	(27.42 - 36.48)	70.66	(66.31 - 74.65)
Central	27.16	(23.50 - 31.17)	31.34	(27.25 - 35.75)	69.40	(65.13 - 73.35)
Cumberland	25.42	(21.98 - 29.18)	28.92	(25.41 - 32.70)	73.91	(70.45 - 77.10)
Midcoast	25.41	(21.75 - 29.46)	29.89	(25.81 - 34.31)	72.61	(68.35 - 76.50)
Penquis	26.39	(22.59 - 30.58)	30.45	(26.33 - 34.91)	71.59	(67.61 - 75.26)
Western	30.31	(26.29 - 34.65)	35.53	(31.11 - 40.21)	68.56	(64.48 - 72.38)
York	25.79	(22.38 - 29.53)	30.17	(26.51 - 34.10)	71.17	(67.24 - 74.80)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.*

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Tobacco Products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

Table 20.7 Alcohol Dependence in Past Year and Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year in Maine among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Alcohol De	pendence in Past Year	Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year ¹		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	
Maine	3.27	(2.66 - 4.01)	2.17	(1.77 - 2.66)	
Aroostook/Downeast	2.98	(2.05 - 4.32)	2.10	(1.42 - 3.09)	
Central	3.04	(2.13 - 4.31)	1.93	(1.33 - 2.80)	
Cumberland	4.08	(2.89 - 5.75)	2.32	(1.64 - 3.28)	
Midcoast	2.89	(2.00 - 4.17)	2.22	(1.52 - 3.25)	
Penquis	3.19	(2.26 - 4.48)	2.17	(1.53 - 3.09)	
Western	3.10	(2.14 - 4.47)	2.29	(1.62 - 3.24)	
York	3.06	(2.13 - 4.38)	2.06	(1.44 - 2.95)	

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Dependence is based on the definition found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Table 20.8 Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year, Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year, and Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year in Maine among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year			g Dependence or in Past Year ¹	Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year ¹	
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval
Maine	7.35	(6.29 - 8.58)	3.35	(2.81 - 3.99)	9.84	(8.69 - 11.14)
Aroostook/Downeast	6.91	(5.13 - 9.26)	3.14	(2.23 - 4.41)	9.30	(7.24 - 11.86)
Central	6.93	(5.30 - 9.03)	3.02	(2.16 - 4.21)	9.04	(7.14 - 11.39)
Cumberland	8.83	(6.95 - 11.17)	3.60	(2.67 - 4.85)	11.41	(9.24 - 14.01)
Midcoast	6.70	(5.11 - 8.75)	3.39	(2.36 - 4.83)	9.33	(7.32 - 11.81)
Penquis	6.92	(5.33 - 8.93)	3.41	(2.53 - 4.59)	9.43	(7.53 - 11.74)
Western	7.12	(5.47 - 9.21)	3.74	(2.77 - 5.04)	9.76	(7.80 - 12.16)
York	7.09	(5.45 - 9.18)	2.98	(2.20 - 4.03)	9.60	(7.74 - 11.86)

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Table 20.9 Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year and Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year in Maine among Persons Aged 12 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

	Needing But I for Alcoh	Not Receiving Treatment ol Use in Past Year ¹	Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year ²		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	
Maine	7.16	(6.12 - 8.36)	3.12	(2.60 - 3.73)	
Aroostook/Downeast	6.78	(5.05 - 9.04)	2.91	(2.03 - 4.16)	
Central	6.76	(5.20 - 8.74)	2.90	(2.06 - 4.07)	
Cumberland	8.64	(6.76 - 10.98)	3.40	(2.48 - 4.64)	
Midcoast	6.34	(4.77 - 8.39)	2.87	(2.02 - 4.07)	
Penquis	6.80	(5.27 - 8.75)	3.27	(2.37 - 4.49)	
Western	6.79	(5.23 - 8.77)	3.59	(2.59 - 4.97)	
York	7.02	(5.46 - 8.99)	2.70	(1.98 - 3.66)	

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for alcohol, but not receiving treatment for an alcohol problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers).

² Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs, but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers). Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically.

Table 20.10 Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year and Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Past Year in Maine among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

		sychological Distress n Past Year ¹	Having at Lea Episo	Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Past Year ²		
State/Substate Region	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval	Estimate	95% Prediction Interval		
Maine	12.20	(10.79 - 13.77)	9.08	(7.58 - 10.84)		
Aroostook/Downeast	12.03	(9.51 - 15.10)	8.18	(6.02 - 11.03)		
Central	12.78	(10.39 - 15.63)	9.11	(6.74 - 12.21)		
Cumberland	12.36	(10.17 - 14.94)	9.29	(6.99 - 12.25)		
Midcoast	11.16	(8.95 - 13.83)	9.57	(7.00 - 12.94)		
Penquis	12.43	(10.08 - 15.22)	9.30	(6.99 - 12.27)		
Western	12.75	(10.37 - 15.57)	9.49	(7.09 - 12.60)		
York	11.70	(9.48 - 14.35)	8.52	(6.42 - 11.22)		

NOTE: For Substate Region definitions, see Section D of the report on Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach, and the 95 percent prediction (credible) intervals are generated by Markov Chain Monte Carlo techniques.

¹ Serious Psychological Distress (SPD) is defined as having a score of 13 or higher on the K6 scale. Because of questionnaire changes, these estimates are not comparable with estimates from the 2002-2004 substate report. For details, see Section B.7 of the report on *Substate Estimates from the 2004-2006 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health*. Data for SPD are not defined for 12 to 17 year olds; therefore, the estimates reflect only those aged 18 or older.

² Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. There are minor wording differences in the questions in the adult and adolescent MDE modules. Therefore, data from youths aged 12 to 17 were not combined with data from persons aged 18 or older to get an overall estimate (12 or older).

Figure 20.1.1 *Illicit Drug Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

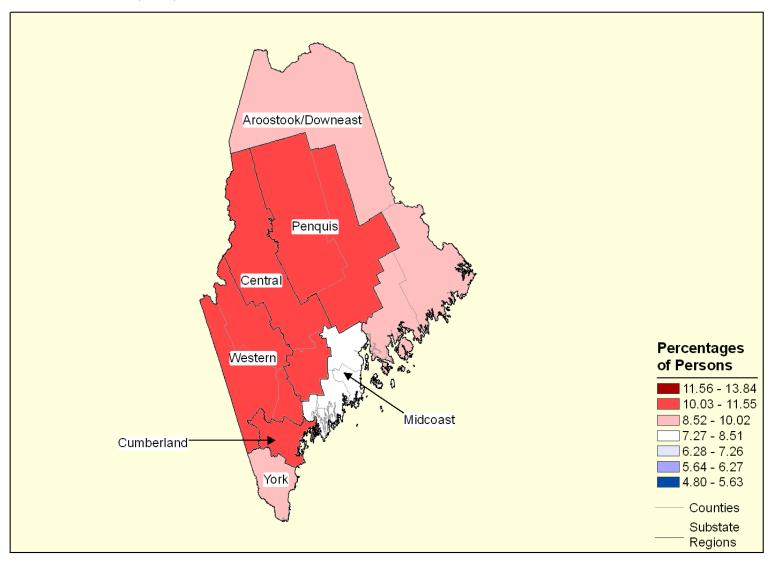


Figure 20.1.2 *Illicit Drug Use Other Than Marijuana in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

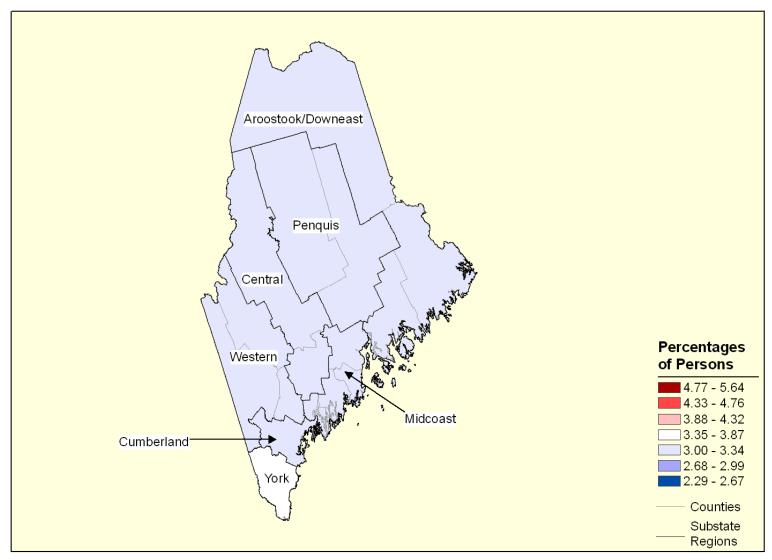


Figure 20.2.1 *Marijuana Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

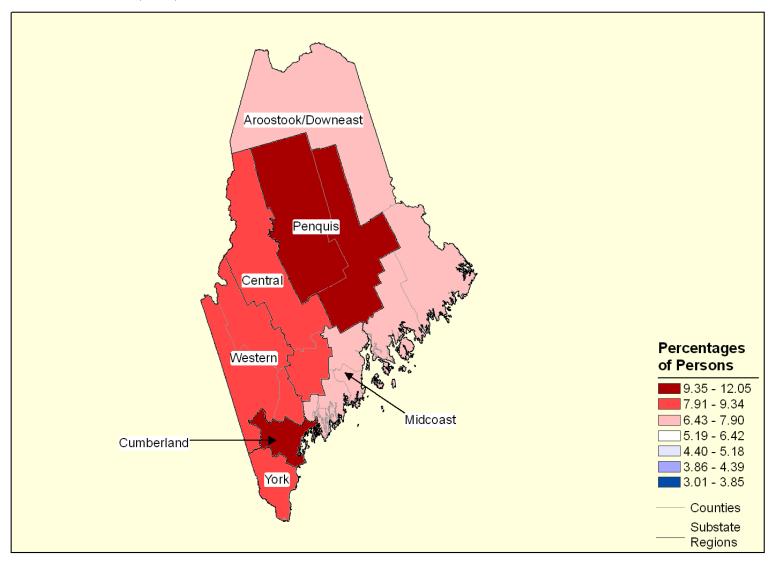


Figure 20.2.2 *First Use of Marijuana* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Average Annual Rates Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

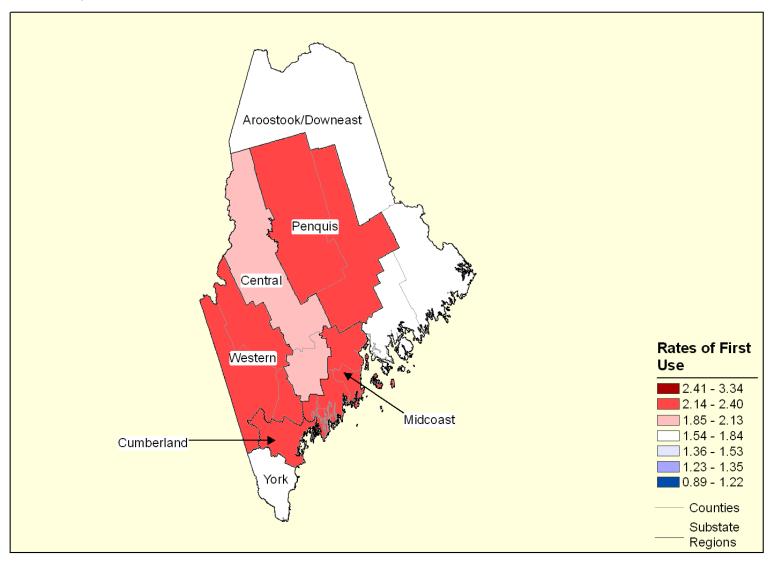


Figure 20.2.3 *Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

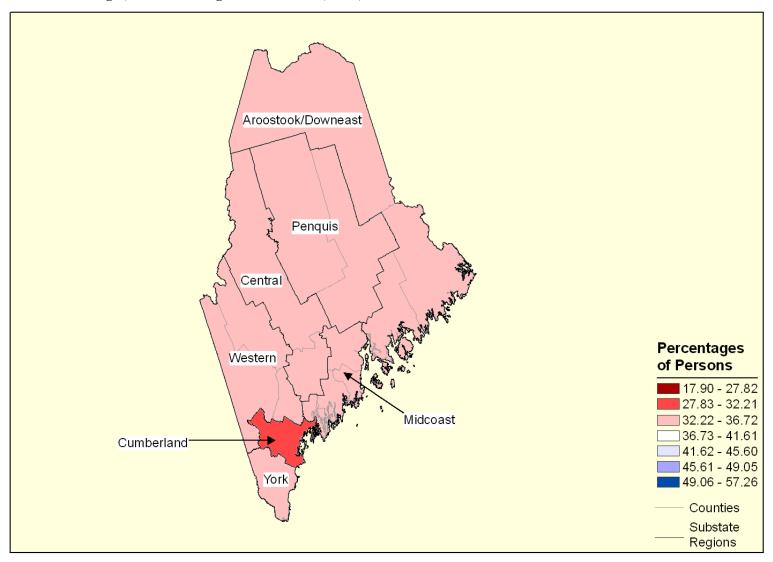


Figure 20.3.1 *Marijuana Use in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

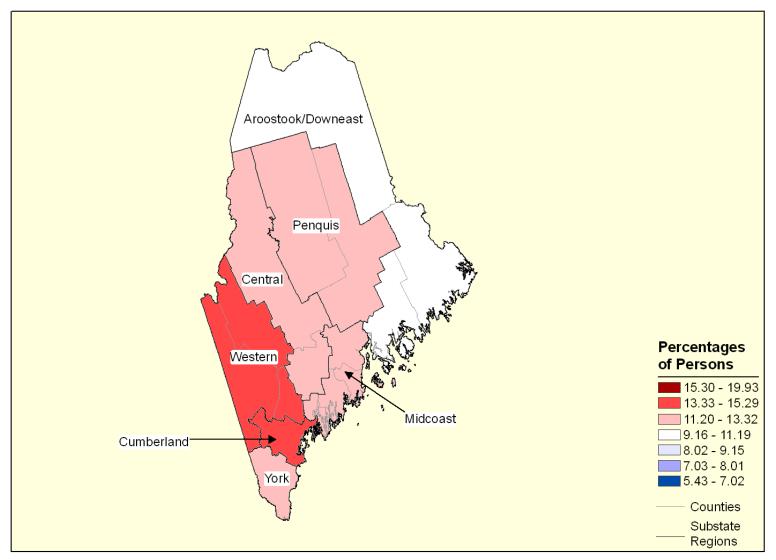


Figure 20.3.2 *Cocaine Use in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

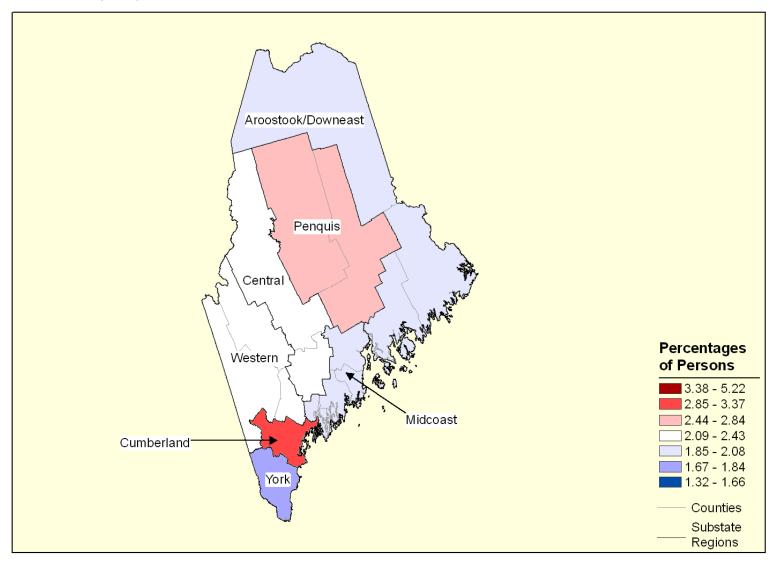


Figure 20.3.3 Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

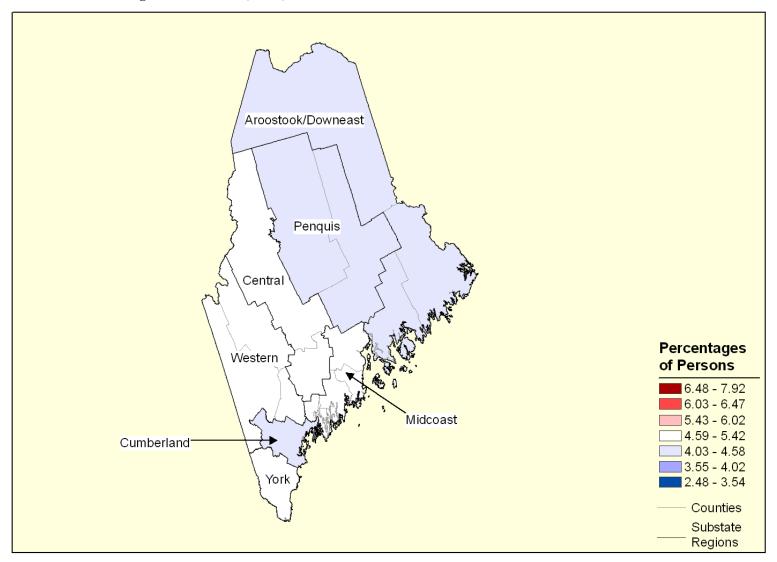


Figure 20.4.1 *Alcohol Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

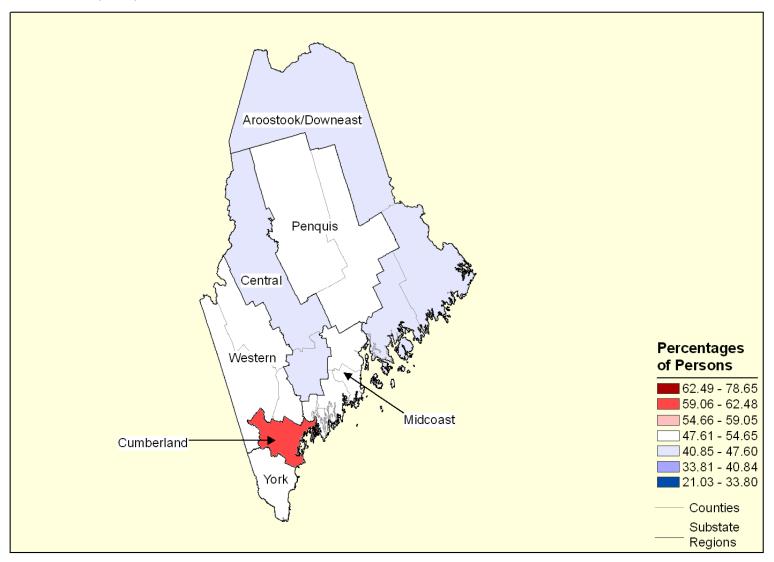


Figure 20.4.2 *Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

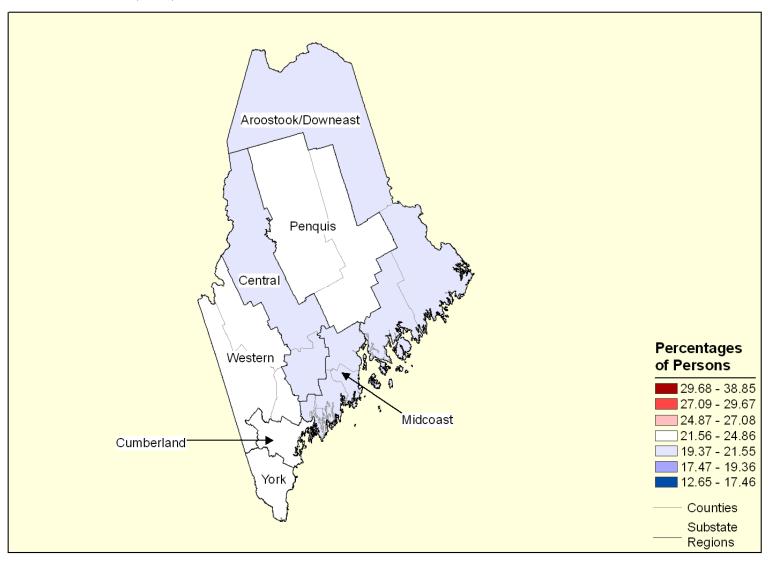


Figure 20.4.3 Perceptions of Great Risk of Having Five or More Drinks of an Alcoholic Beverage Once or Twice a Week among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

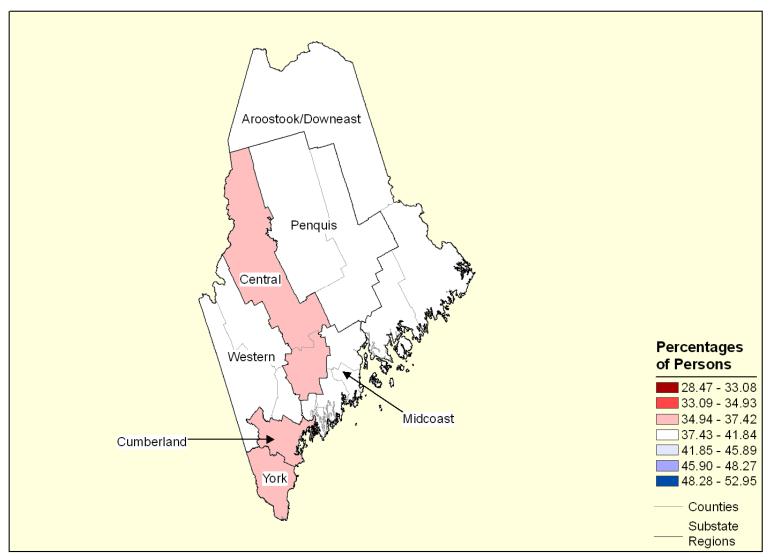


Figure 20.5.1 *Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20* in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

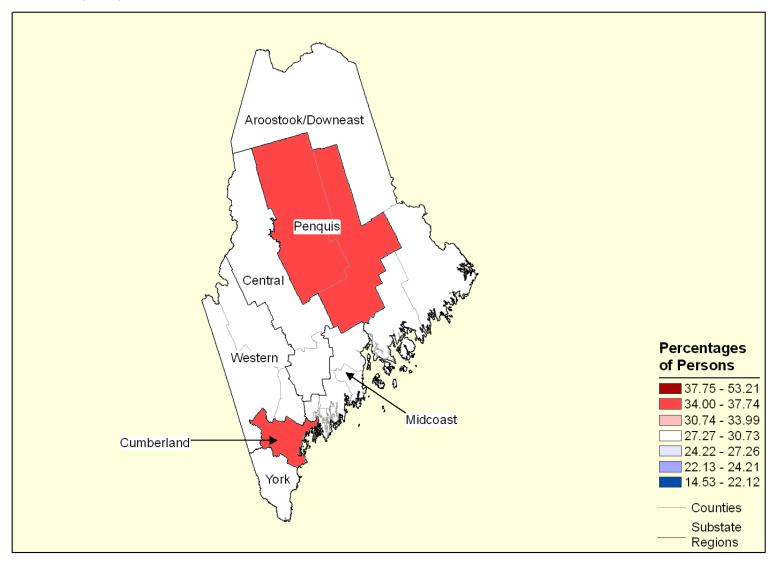


Figure 20.5.2 Binge Alcohol Use in Past Month among Persons Aged 12 to 20 in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

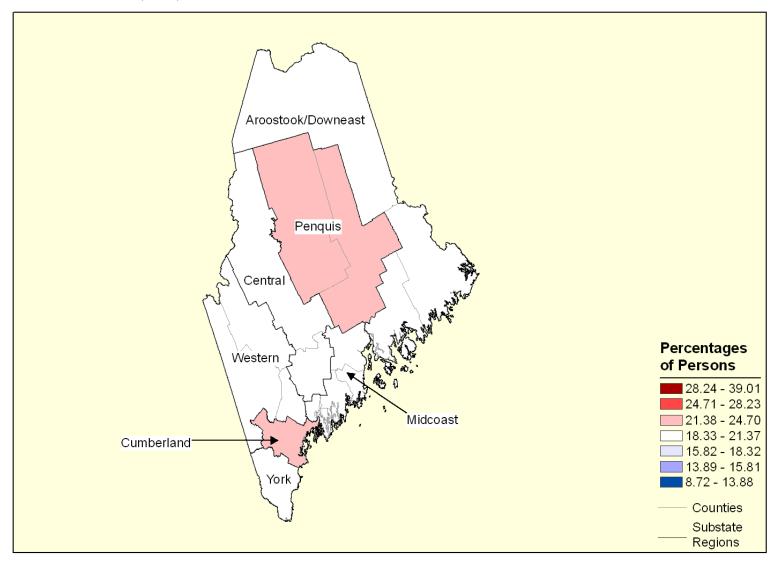


Figure 20.6.1 *Cigarette Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

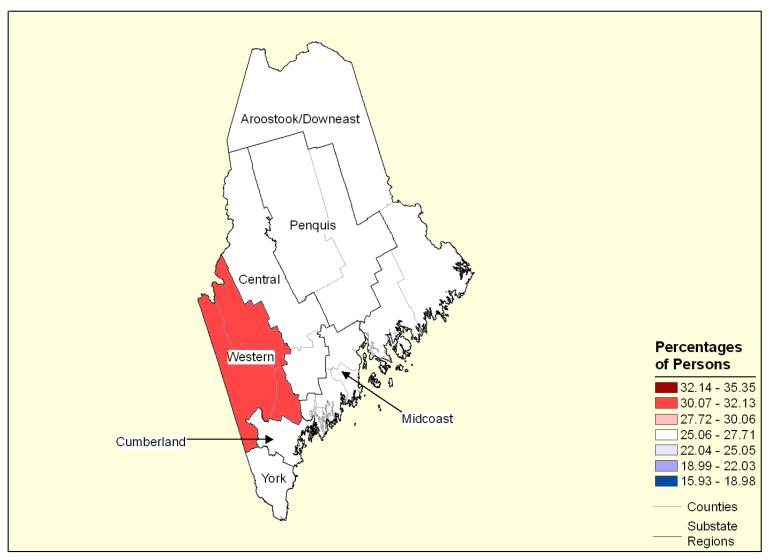


Figure 20.6.2 *Tobacco Product Use in Past Month* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

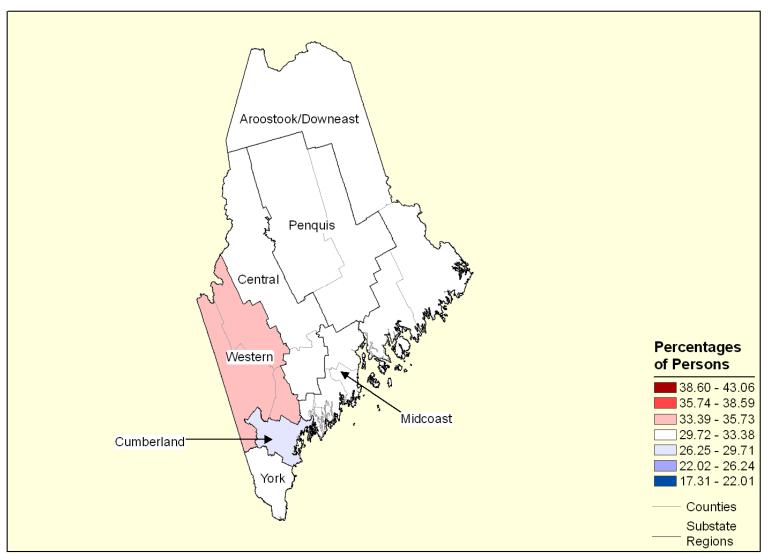


Figure 20.6.3 *Perceptions of Great Risk of Smoking One or More Packs of Cigarettes Per Day* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

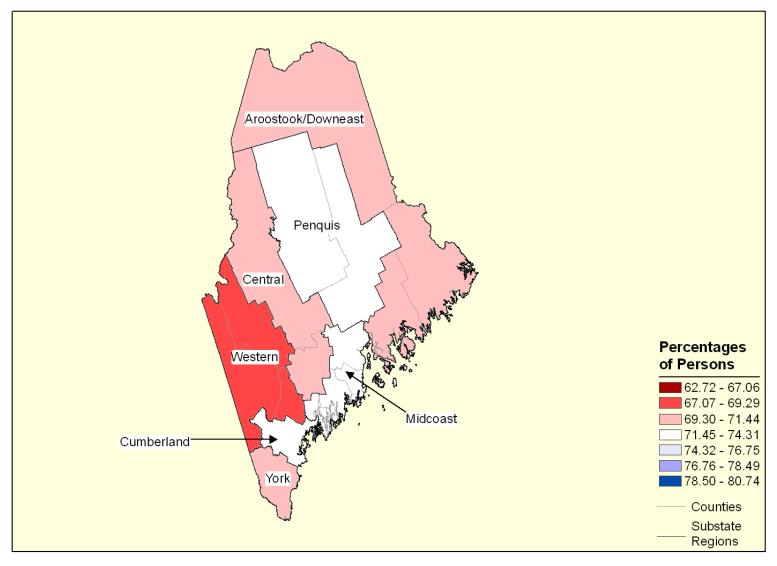


Figure 20.7.1 *Alcohol Dependence in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

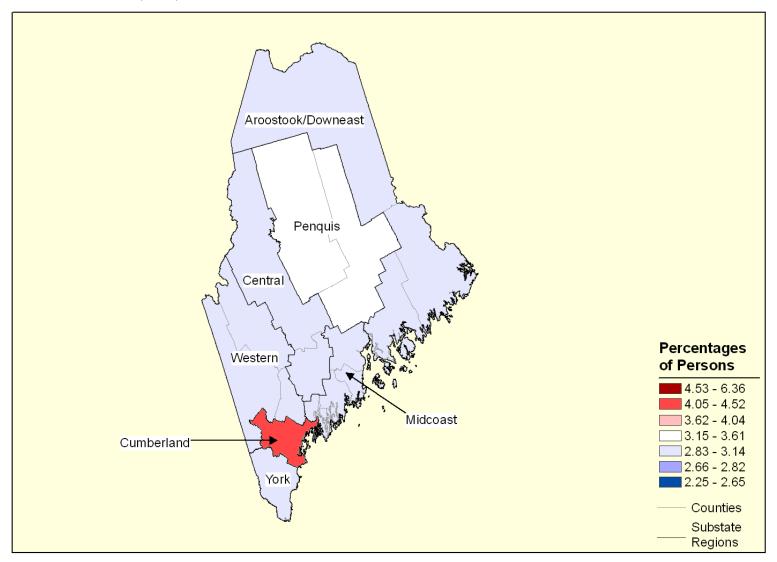


Figure 20.7.2 *Illicit Drug Dependence in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

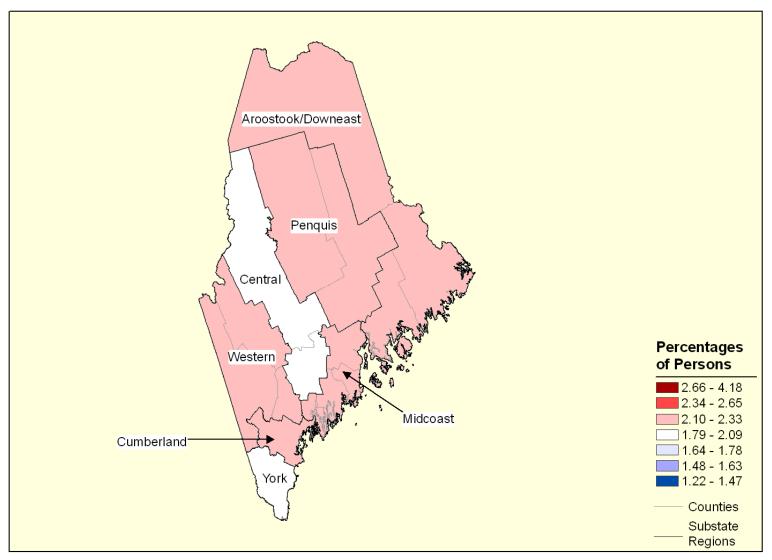


Figure 20.8.1 Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

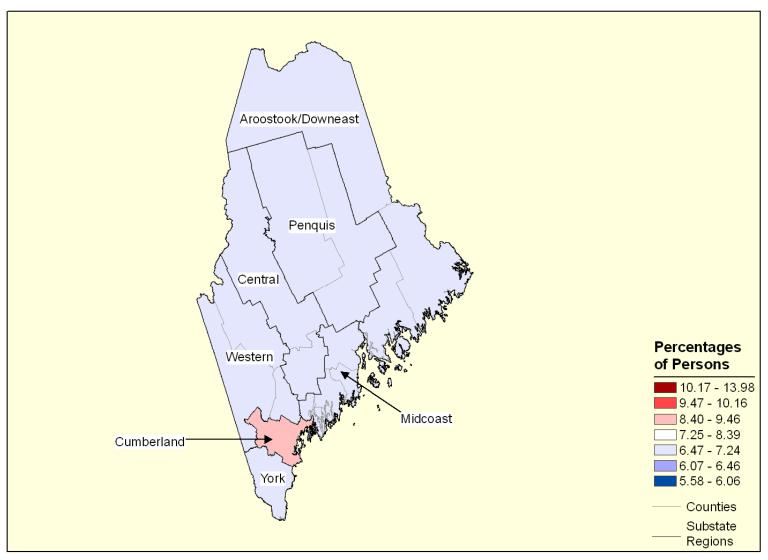


Figure 20.8.2 *Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in Past Year* among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

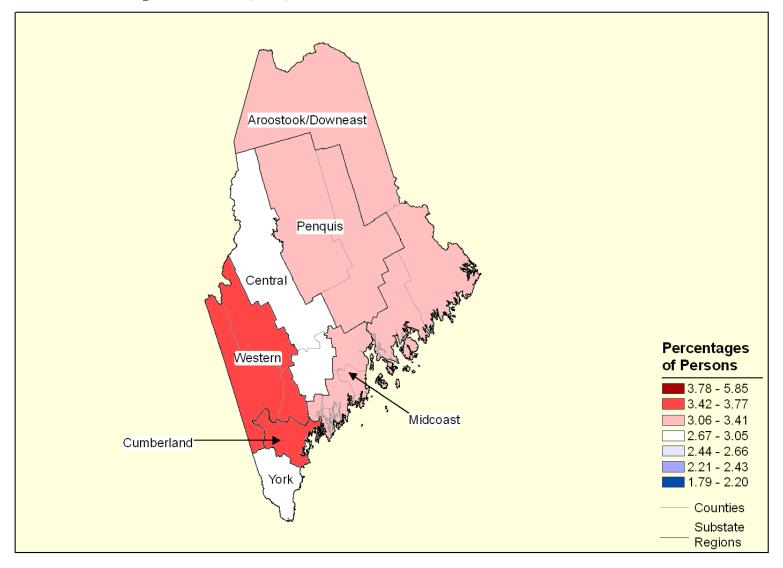


Figure 20.8.3 Dependence on or Abuse of Illicit Drugs or Alcohol in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

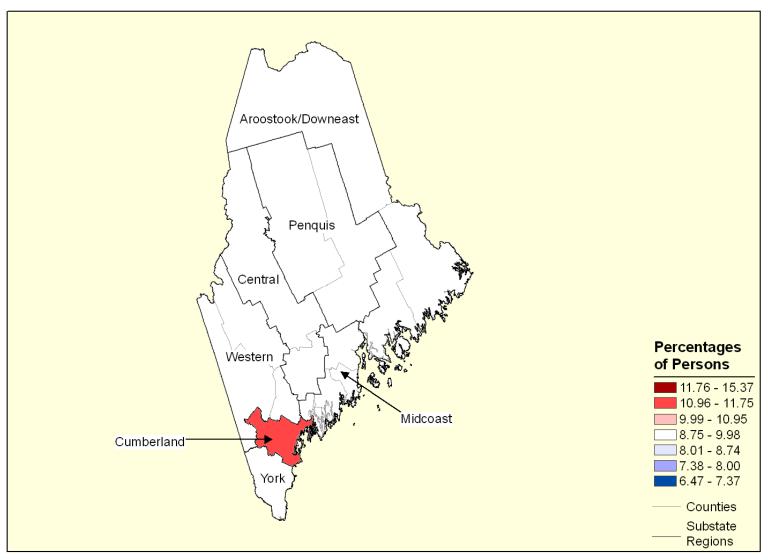


Figure 20.9.1 Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

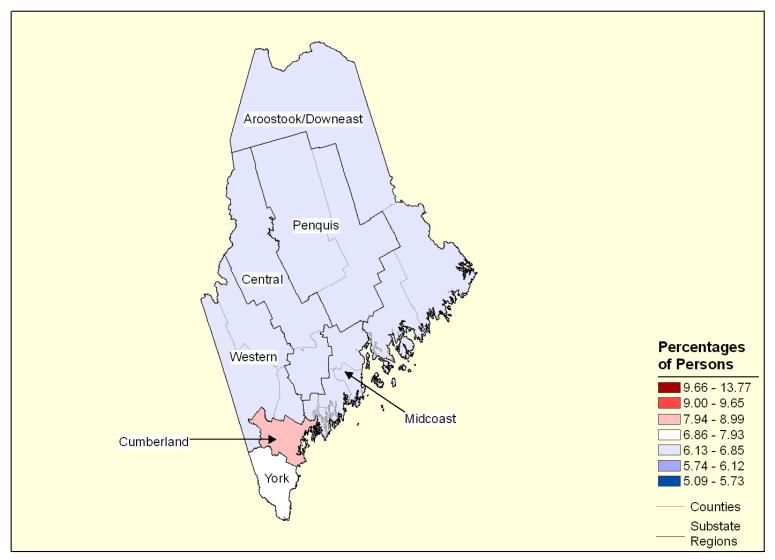


Figure 20.9.2 Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use in Past Year among Persons Aged 12 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

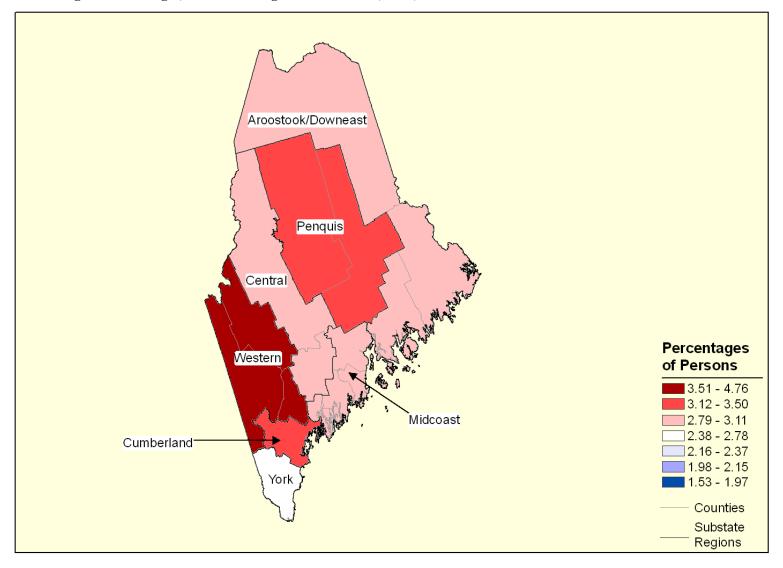


Figure 20.10.1 Serious Psychological Distress in Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

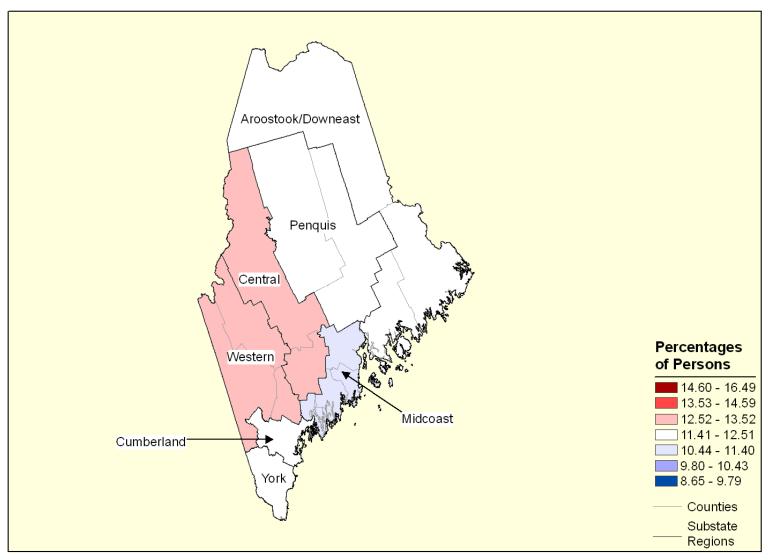


Figure 20.10.2 *Having at Least One Major Depressive Episode in Past Year* among Persons Aged 18 or Older in Maine, by Substate Region: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2004, 2005, and 2006 NSDUHs

