their capacity as employees of the Senate; the resolution usually limits the nature of the testimony.¹

SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENTS

See "Amendments," pp. 24-125.

SUNDAY SESSIONS OF SENATE

Sunday is generally not considered a day in the Senate, and therefore the Senate may adjourn from Thursday until Monday without violating the provision of the Constitution prohibiting an adjournment of more than 3 days without the consent of the House. In this regard, it has been stated that "the Senate when it adjourns in the usual course of business on a Saturday adjourns until Monday, and sessions on Sunday are always by special order or motion." 1 However, if the Senate meets on a Sunday, that day will be considered the intervening day under the cloture rule, and cloture votes will occur during a Sunday session unless business is prohibited on that day.²

The Senate on various occasions has held Sunday sessions.³

 ¹See Nov. 15, 1954, 83-2, Record, pp. 16028-30, 16051-52; Nov. 16, 1954, 83-2, Record, p. 16052; Feb. 22, 1961, 87-1, Record, p. 2515; May 13, 1974, 93-2, Record, pp. 14324-25, June 27, 1974, 93-2, Record, pp. 21554-55; July 11, 1974, 93-2, Record, pp. 22864-65, Oct. 9, 1974, 93-2, Record, pp. 34670-71; Oct. 11, 1974, 93-2, Record, p. 35412; Nov. 22, 1974, 93-2, Record, p. 37085; Dec. 9, 1974, 93-2, Record, pp. 38517-18.
¹See Feb. 26, 1927, 69-2, Record, p. 4903.
²See Feb. 26, 1927, 69-2, Record, p. 4903; Feb. 28, 1927, 69-2, Record, p. 4975.
³See proceedings for Mar. 3, 1861, 36-2, Globe, p. 1374; Nov. 30, 1973, 93-1, Record, p. 39085; Dec. 2, 1973, 93-1, Record, pp. 39076-90; Mar. 4, 1923, Record, 67-4, p. 5574; Mar. 3, 1929, 70-2, Record, p. 1989; Dec. 130, 1980; and Oct. 7, 1990.

^{1985;} Dec. 20, 1987; Nov. 19, 1989; Sept. 30, 1990; and Oct. 7, 1990.