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of the Senate on a voucher approved by the chairman of the Committee on Rules and Administration.

SEC. 2. The Committee on Rules and Administration is authorized to issue such regulations as it may determine necessary to carry out the provisions of this resolution.

[S. Res. 492, 97–2, Dec. 10, 1982.]

## ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS BY THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ADMINISTRATION 109

SEC. 4. The Senate Committee on Rules and Administration, on behalf of the Senate, may accept a gift if the gift does not involve any duty, burden, or condition, or is not made dependent upon some future performance by the United States Senate. The Committee on Rules and Administration is authorized to promulgate regulations to carry out this section.

[S. Res. 158, 104–1, July 28, 1995, effective Jan. 1, 1996.]

## DESIGNATION OF THE JEFFERSON DAVIS DESK

Resolved, That during the One Hundred Fourth Congress and each Congress thereafter, the desk located within the Senate Chamber and used by Senator Jefferson Davis shall, at the request of the senior Senator from the State of Mississippi, be assigned to such Senator, for use in carrying out his or her senatorial duties during that Senator's term of office.

[S. Res. 161, 104–1, Aug. 8, 1995.]

## ACCEPTANCE OF PRO BONO LEGAL SERVICES BY A MEMBER 11' OF THE SENATE

Resolved, That (a) notwithstanding the provisions of the Standing Rules of the Senate or Senate Resolution 508, adopted by the Senate on September 4, 1980, pro bono legal services provided to a Member of the Senate with respect to a civil action challenging the validity of a Federal statute that expressly authorizes a Member to file an action—

- (1) shall not be deemed a gift to the Member;
- (2) shall not be deemed to be a contribution to the office account of the Member; and
- (3) shall not require the establishment of a legal expense trust fund.
- (b) The Select Committee on Ethics shall establish regulations providing for the public disclosure of information relating to pro bono legal services performed as authorized by this resolution.

 $[S.\ Res.\ 321,\ 104–2,\ Oct.\ 3,\ 1996.]$ 

112 TO PERMIT AN INDIVIDUAL WITH A DISABILITY WITH ACCESS TO THE SENATE FLOOR TO BRING NECESSARY SUPPORTING AIDS AND SERVICES

Resolved, That an individual with a disability who has or is granted the privilege of the Senate floor under rule XXIII of the Standing Rules of the Senate may bring necessary supporting aids and services (including service dogs, wheelchairs, and interpreters) on the Senate floor, unless the Senate Sergeant at Arms determines that the use of such supporting aids and services would place a significant difficulty or expense on the operations of the Senate in accordance with paragraph 2 of rule 4 of the Rules for Regulation of the Senate Wing of the United States Capitol.

[S. Res. 110, 105-1, July 31, 1997.]

## 113 SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON THE YEAR 2000 TECHNOLOGY PROBLEM

- § 1. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE
- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a special committee of the Senate to be known as the Special Committee on the Year 2000 Technology Problem (hereafter in this resolution referred to as the "special committee").
  - (b) Purpose.—The purpose of the special committee is—
- (1) to study the impact of the year 2000 technology problem on the Executive and Judicial Branches of the Federal Government, State governments, and private sector operations in the United States and abroad;
- (2) to make such findings of fact as are warranted and appropriate; and
- (3) to make such recommendations, including recommendations for new legislation and amendments to existing laws and any administrative or other actions, as the special committee may determine to be necessary or desirable.

No proposed legislation shall be referred to the special committee, and the committee shall not have power to report by bill, or otherwise have legislative jurisdiction.

(c) Treatment as Standing Committee.—For purposes of paragraphs 1, 2, 7(a)(1)-(2), and 10(a) of rule XXVI and rule XXVII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, and section 202 (i) and (j) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, the special committee shall be treated as a standing committee of the Senate.