(2) Page 6, lines 16 and 17, strike out [sec-

tion 202] and insert: section 2
(3) Page 8, line 21, strike out all after "(c))." down to and including "Act," in line 24 and insert: Any lands so transferred shall be held by the recipient thereof under the same terms and conditions as if transferred by the United States under such Act,

(4) Page 9, line 15, strike out [MINING] and

insert: MINERAL.

(5) Page 10, strike out all after line 6 over to and including line 5 on page 11 and insert: (b) LIMITATION ON PATENT ISSUANCE.—Subject to valid existing rights, no patent shall be issued after the date of enactment of this Act for any mining or mill site claim located under the general mining laws within the public lands referred to in sections 4 and 5.

(6) Page 11, line 10, strike out [title] and

insert: Act

(7) Page 11, line 17, strike out [title] and insert: Act

(8) Page 11, line 19, strike out [title] and

(9) Page 11, line 22, strike out [enactment of this Act] and insert: their transfer to the ownership of another party

(10) Page 11, strike out all after line 22, over to and including line 4 on page 12.

(11) Page 12, line 5, strike out [(d)] and insert: (c)

Amend the title so as to read: "An Act to provide for the transfer of certain public lands located in Clear Creek County, Colorado, to the Forest Service, the State of Colorado, and certain local governments in the State of Colorado, and for other purposes.".

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mrs. KENNELLY, recognized Mr. VENTO and Mr. HANSEN, each for 20 minutes. After debate,

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and agree to said amendments?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mrs. KENNELLY, announced that twothirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said amendments were agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and said amendments were agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶46.11 COLORADO LAND EXCHANGES

Mr. VENTO moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill of the Senate (S. 341) to provide for a land exchange between the Secretary of Agriculture and Eagle and Pitkin Counties in Colorado, and for other purposes.

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mrs. KENNELLY, recognized Mr. VENTO and Mr. HANSEN, each for 20 minutes.

After debate,

The question being put, viva voce,

Will the House suspend the rules and pass said bill?

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mrs. KENNELLY, announced that twothirds of the Members present had voted in the affirmative.

So, two-thirds of the Members present having voted in favor thereof, the rules were suspended and said bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby the rules were suspended and

said bill was passed was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

¶46.12 PROVIDING FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2442

Mr. BEILENSON, by direction of the Committee on Rules, called up the following resolution (H. Res. 420):

Resolved. That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 1(b) of rule XXIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2442) to reauthorize appropriations under the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, as amended, to revise administrative provisions of the Act to improve the authority of the Secretary of Commerce to administer grant programs, and for other purposes. The first reading of the bill shall be dispensed with. All points of order against consideration of the hill are waived. General debate shall be confined to the bill and the amendments made in order by this resolution and shall not exceed ninety minutes, with sixty minutes equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Public Works and Transportation and thirty minutes equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs. After general debate the bill shall be considered for amendment under the five-minute rule. In lieu of the committee amendments now printed in the bill, it shall be in order to consider as an original bill for the purpose of amendment under the fiveminute rule the amendment in the nature of a substitute printed in part 1 of the report of the Committee on Rules accompanying this resolution. The amendment in the nature of a substitute shall be considered as read. Before consideration of any other amendment it shall be in order to consider the amendment printed in part 2 of the report of the Committee on Rules, if offered by a Member designated in the report. All points of order against the amendments printed in the report are waived. At the conclusion of consideration of the bill for amendment the Committee shall rise and report the bill to the House with such amendments as may have been adopted. Any Member may demand a separate vote in the House on any amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole to the bill or to the amendment in the nature of a substitute made in order as original text. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and amendments thereto to final passage without intervening motion except one motion to recommit with or without instructions.

When said resolution was considered. After debate.

On motion of Mr. BEILENSON, the previous question was ordered on the resolution to its adoption or rejection and under the operation thereof, the resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider the vote whereby said resolution was agreed to was, by unanimous consent, laid on the table.

¶46.13 MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT— AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ACTIVITIES

The SPEAKER pro tempore, Mr. SCOTT, laid before the House a message from the President, which was read as follows:

To the Congress of the United States:

I am pleased to transmit this report on the Nation's achievements in aeronautics and space during fiscal year 1993, as required under section 206 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2476). Aeronautics and space activities involve 14 contributing departments and agencies of the Federal Government, as this report reflects, and the results of their ongoing research and development affect the Nation as a whole in a variety of ways.

Fiscal year 1993 brought numerous important changes and developments in U.S. aeronautics and space efforts. It included 7 Space Shuttle missions, 14 Government launches of Expendable Launch Vehicles [ELVs], and 4 commercial launches from Government facilities. Highlights of the Shuttle missions included the first in a series of flights of the U.S. Microgravity Payload that contained scientific and materials-processing experiments to be carried out in an environment of reduced gravity; the deployment of the Laser Geodynamic Satellite (a joint venture between the United States and Italy); the deployment of a Tracking and Data Relay Satellite; and, the second Atmospheric Laboratory for Applications and Science mission to study the composition of the Earth's atmosphere, ozone layer, and elements thought to be the cause of ozone depletion. The ELV missions carried a variety of payloads ranging from Global Positioning System satellites to those with classified missions.

I also requested that a redesign of the Space Station be undertaken to reduce costs while retaining science-user capability and maintaining the program's international commitments. To this end, the new Space Station is based on a modular concept and will be built in stages. However, the new design draws heavily on the previous Space Station Freedom investment by incorporating most of its hardware and systems. Also, ways are being studied to increase the Russian participation in the Space Station.

The United States and Russia signed a Space Cooperation Agreement that called for a Russian cosmonaut to participate in a U.S. Space Shuttle mission and for the Space Shuttle to make at least one rendezvous with the Mir. On September 2, 1993, Vice President Albert Gore, Jr., and Russian Prime Minister Victor Chernomyrdin signed a series of joint statements on cooperation in space, environmental observations/space science, commercial space launches, missile export controls, and

aeronautical science.

In aeronautics, efforts included the development of new technologies to improve performance, reduce costs, increase safety, and reduce engine noise. For example, engineers have been working to produce a new generation of environmentally compatible, economic aircraft that will lay the technological foundation for a next generation of aircraft that are superior to the products of other nations. Progress also contin-