Records of the U.S. House of Representatives RG.233.10.House

10th Congress

Finding aid prepared by the Office of Art and Archives,
Office of the Clerk, U.S. House of Representatives

This finding aid was produced using the Archivists' Toolkit

August 30, 2012

Describing Archives: A Content Standard

Center for Legislative Archives, National Archives and Records Administration
700 Pennsylvania Avenue NW
Washington, DC, 20408
202-357-5350
legislative.archives@nara.gov

Table of Contents

Summary Information	3
Administrative Information	4
Collection Inventory	. 5
Records of Legislative Proceedings.	. 5
Records of the Office of the Clerk	18

Summary Information

Repository Center for Legislative Archives, National Archives and Records

Administration

Title House Records of the 10th Congress

Date [inclusive] 1807-1809

Extent 8.25 Cubic feet

Language English

Administrative Information

Publication Information

Center for Legislative Archives, National Archives and Records Administration

Conditions Governing Access note

The records are governed by Rule VII(3)b of the House Rules:

(b) (1) A record shall immediately be made available if it was previously made available for public use by the House or a committee or a subcommittee. (2) An investigative record that contains personal data relating to a specific living person (the disclosure of which would be an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy), an administrative record relating to personnel, or a record relating to a hearing that was closed under clause 2(g)(2) of rule XI shall be made available if it has been in existence for 50 years. (3) A record for which a time, schedule, or condition for availability is specified by order of the House shall be made available in accordance with that order. Except as otherwise provided by order of the House, a record of a committee for which a time, schedule, or condition for availability is specified by order of the committee (entered during the Congress in which the record is made or acquired by the committee) shall be made available in accordance with the order of the committee. (4) A record (other than a record referred to in subparagraph (1), (2), or (3)) shall be made available if it has been in existence for 30 years.

Collection Inventory

Records of Legislative Proceedings 1807-1809

Journals 1807-1809 0.5 Cubic feet (2 volumes)

Scope and Contents note

The journals series includes a legislative journal, 1st session (10A–A1) and 2d session (10A–A2).

Bills and Resolutions Originating in the House 1807-1809 0.04 Cubic feet

Scope and Contents note

The bills and resolutions originating in the House include original House bills (10A–B1); original concurrent resolution of February 5, 1808, to authorize the disposition of certain charts of the coast of North Carolina (10A–B2); a simple resolution, extracted from the journal, directing the Committee on Public Lands to inquire into the expediency of opening a wagon road from the Ohio River to join the Cincinnati–Fort Wayne road near Fort Recovery (10A–B3); and engrossed House bills (10A–B4).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged numerically within each group.

Committees 1807-1809

Committee on Accounts 1807-1809

Biographical/Historical note

The Committee on Accounts was created on December 27, 1803, and was made a standing committee in 1805. Its jurisdiction covered all subjects "touching the expenditure of the contingent fund of the House, [and] the auditing and settling of all accounts which may be charged therein to the House." In addition, the committee was responsible for the accountability of officers of the House, the procurement of rooms for the use of House committees and for the Speaker, and for recommending and authorizing the employment of such persons as stenographers, reporters of debates, janitors, and clerks and staff assistants for committees, members and senators. The Committee on Accounts existed from 1803-1946, and later was incorporated into the Committee on House Administration.

Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents Which Were Referred to Committees 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The petitions and memorials, resolutions of state legislatures, and related documents which were referred to the Committee on Accounts document various subjects (10A–F1.1).

Arrangement note

The subjects are arranged chronologically within each group, unless otherwise indicated.

Committee on Claims 1807-1809

Biographical/Historical note

The Committee on Claims is one of the oldest standing committees in the House of Representatives. It was established on November 13, 1794, having been preceded by Select Committees on Claims. The committee was to consider all petitions and matters or things touching on claims and demands on the United States and report appropriations of money for payment of claims it had authorized. Originally the Committee on Claims had jurisdiction over Revolutionary War and land claims as

well as pensions. In the years that followed, other committees were created to handle special types of claims such as war claims, pensions, and private land claims. Under the 1880 revised House Rules, subjects relating to "private and domestic claims and demands other than war claims against the United States" were to be referred to the Claims Committee. At the end of the 79th Congress the committee was abolished under the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, and jurisdiction over the subjects that had formerly been referred to it was transferred either to the Judiciary Committee or the executive departments.

Committee Reports and Papers 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The committee reports and papers of the Committee on Claims document various subjects (10A–C1.1).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged alphabetically.

Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents Which Were Referred to Committees 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The petitions and memorials, resolutions of state legislatures, and related documents which were referred to the Committee on Claims document various subjects (10A–F2.1).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged alphabetically by petitioner.

Committee on Commerce and Manufactures 1807-1809

Biographical/Historical note

The standing Committee on Commerce and Manufactures was created in 1795 to "take into consideration all such petitions and matters of things touching the commerce and manufactures of the United States, as shall be presented, or shall or may come into question, and be referred to them by the House, and to report their opinion thereupon, together with such propositions for relief therein, as to them shall be expedient." In 1819 the committee was divided to form the Committee on Commerce and the Committee on Manufactures.

Committee Reports and Papers 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The committee reports and papers of the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures document various subjects (10A–C2.1).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged chronologically.

Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents Which Were Referred to Committees 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The petitions and memorials, resolutions of state legislatures, and related documents which were referred to the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures include aids to navigation (10A–F3.1); duties and drawbacks (10A–F3.2); the embargo (10A–F3.3); fishing bounties (10A–F3.4); ports of entry (10A–F3.5); and various subjects. (10A–F3.6).

Arrangement note

The subjects are arranged chronologically within each group, unless otherwise indicated.

Committee on the District of Columbia 1807-1809

Biographical/Historical note

The Committee on the District of Columbia was established on January 27, 1808. The committee's duty was to consider all petitions and memorials relating to the affairs of the District of Columbia referred to them by the House. Jurisdiction consisted of various municipal concerns of the District of Columbia including those involving streets, schools and teachers, railroads, police and fire departments, claims against the District Government, insurance, taxes, health and safety, liquor sales, incorporation of organizations and societies, and other matters that were the normal concerns of city and State governments. Since its creation the committee has shared jurisdiction on District concerns with other committees, and in particular with the Committees on Education and Labor, Interior, Banking and Currency, Judiciary, and Public Works. The committee was known as the Committee on the District of Columbia from 1801-1995. The committee was split and absorbed by subcommittees of the Committee on Appropriations and by the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

Committee Reports and Papers 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The committee reports and papers of the Committee on the District of Columbia document various subjects (10A.C3.1).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged chronologically.

Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents Which Were Referred to Committees 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The petitions and memorials, resolutions of state legislatures, and related documents which were referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia document various subjects (10A–F4.1).

Arrangement note

The subjects are arranged chronologically within each group, unless otherwise indicated.

Committee on Elections 1807-1809

Biographical/Historical note

The Committee on Elections was established as the first standing committee of the U.S. House of Representatives to perform this function on April 13, 1789. The jurisdiction of the committee was to examine and report on the certificates of election and other election credentials, as well as election returns and proceedings for elections of House Members, and to contest elections of Members where these credentials and election proceedings were not deemed valid. The committee was known as the Committee on Elections from 1789 until 1895, when it was split into three separate election committees.

Controlled Access Headings

Personal Name(s)

- Barney, Joshua, 1759-1818
- Culpepper, John, 1761-1841
- Key, Philip Barton, 1757-1815
- McCreery, William, 1750-1814

Committee Reports and Papers 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The committee reports and papers of the Committee on Elections include the contested election cases of Joshua Barney v. William McCreery, Maryland (10A–C4.1); electors of the Third Congressional District of Maryland v. Philip B. Key (10A–C4.2); and Duncan McFarland v. John Culpepper, North Carolina (10A–C4.3). Also included is the examination of the credentials of Members returned to serve in the 10th Congress (10A–C4.4).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged by subject.

Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents Which Were Referred to Committees 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The petitions and memorials, resolutions of state legislatures, and related documents which were referred to the Committee on Elections document various subjects (10A–F5.1).

Arrangement note

The subjects are arranged chronologically within each group, unless otherwise indicated.

Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads 1807-1809

Biographical/Historical note

A Select Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads was established in 1806 and made a standing committee in 1808. The jurisdiction of the committee extended to all proposed legislation relating to the carrying of the mails, both foreign and domestic. It included the determination of the location, construction, and maintenance of post offices and post roads; the acquisition, lease, or transfer of realty or facilities for postal purposes; and certain aspects of the employment and management of postal employees, such as the pay and leave of letter carriers, and the settlement of claims brought

by employees or contractors. Also included was the regulation of the Postal Service, including postal rates, the franking privilege, and the printing of stamped envelopes. At various times, the Railway Mail Service, ocean mail service, pneumatic tube service, postal savings banks, postal telegraphy, the Air Mail Service, and Rural Free Delivery were included in its jurisdiction. As part of its responsibility, the committee investigated the management of postal facilities, contracts for carrying the mail, and other subjects such as the forgery of postal money orders. In 1885 the jurisdiction of the committee was expanded to include appropriation authority and prepared Post Office appropriations bills from that time until 1920 when the authority was revoked under a rule change. The committee functioned until 1946 when its jurisdiction was included in that of the new Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents Which Were Referred to Committees 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The petitions and memorials, resolutions of state legislatures, and related documents which were referred to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads document mail boats (10A–F6.1); post offices (10A–F6.2); and post roads (10A–F6.3).

Arrangement note

The subjects are arranged chronologically within each group, unless otherwise indicated.

Committee on Public Lands 1807-1809

Biographical/Historical note

The Committee on Public Lands was established in 1805 and given jurisdiction over matters relating to the lands of the United States. Jurisdiction of the committee included the sale and settlement of public lands, land claims, minerals and waters on public lands, irrigation, forest reserves and game living in them, national parks, conservation, land grants, foreign ownership of land, and administration of the lands of the public domain. The establishment of a land court and to provide

for the judicial investigation and settlement of private land claims in certain states and territories was also part of the committee's jurisdiction. Under the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, the committees on Indian Affairs; Territories, Mines and Mining; Irrigation and Reclamation; and Insular Affairs were abolished and their jurisdictions were combined with those of the Committee on Public Lands. On February 2, 1951, the name of the committee was changed to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs to more accurately reflect the full scope of its jurisdiction.

Committee Reports and Papers 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The committee reports and papers of the Committee on Public Lands document various subjects (10A–C5.1).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged chronologically.

Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents Which Were Referred to Committees 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The petitions and memorials, resolutions of state legislatures, and related documents which were referred to the Committee on Public Lands include claims (10A–F7.1), arranged alphabetically by petitioner; modification of the laws relating to the sale of public lands (10A–F7.2); and various subjects (10A–F7.3).

Arrangement note

The subjects are arranged chronologically within each group, unless otherwise indicated.

Committee on Ways and Means 1807-1809

Biographical/Historical note

The Committee on Ways and Means is the oldest standing committee in Congress. In 1795 another Select Committee on Ways and Means was formed, and was regularly reappointed in each session until it was defined as a standing committee in 1802. The jurisdiction of the committee includes customs revenue, collection districts, and ports of entry and delivery; reciprocal trade agreements; revenue measures generally; revenue measures relating to insular possessions; bonded debt of the United States, subject to the last sentence of clause 4(f); deposit of public monies; transportation of dutiable goods; tax exempt foundations and charitable trusts; and national social security (except health care and facilities programs that are supported from general revenues as opposed to payroll deductions and except work incentive programs).

Committee Reports and Papers 1807-1809

Arrangement note

The records are arranged chronologically.

Scope and Contents note

The committee reports and papers of the Committee on Ways and Means document various subjects (10A–C6.1).

Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents Which Were Referred to Committees 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The petitions and memorials, resolutions of state legislatures, and related documents which were referred to the Committee on Ways and Means document various subjects (10A–F8.1).

Arrangement note

The subjects are arranged chronologically within each group, unless otherwise indicated.

Select Committees 1807-1809

Committee Reports and Papers 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The committee reports and papers of select committees document various subjects (10A–C7.1).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged chronologically.

Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents Which Were Referred to Committees 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The petitions and memorials, resolutions of state legislatures, and related documents which were referred to the select committees include claims against the United States barred by the statute of limitations (10A–F9.1); claims which were referred to the Select Committee on the Petition of John Strother (10A–F9.2); erection of a bridge over the Potomac River (10A–F9.3); providing for persons who were disabled by known wounds in the Revolutionary War (10A–F9.4); and various subjects (10A–F9.5).

Arrangement note

The subjects are arranged chronologically within each group, except 10A–F9.1, 10A–F9.2, and 10A–F9.4, which are arranged alphabetically by petitioner.

Committee on the Whole House 1807-1809

Biographical/Historical note

The Committee of the Whole consists of the entire membership of the House and stems from a practice in the House of Commons, when the Speaker of the House of Commons was regarded as an agent of the King. The procedure allows the Speaker to remove himself/herself from the chairmanship in order for the body to elect its own chairman and debate matters without the normal restrictions of a House of Commons session.

Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents Which Were Referred to Committees 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The petitions and memorials, resolutions of state legislatures, and related documents which were referred to the Committee on the Whole House document the embargo (10A–F10.1); post roads (10A–F10.2); and various subjects (10A–F10.3).

Arrangement note

The subjects are arranged chronologically within each group, unless otherwise indicated.

President's Messages 1807-1809 0.58 Cubic feet (4 volumes)

Scope and Contents note

The president's messages include annual messages, with pertinent documents, 1807 and 1808; messages suggesting legislation or submitting specific information or documents; and messages transmitting reports and communications from executive departments (10A–D1).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged chronologically.

Reports and Communications Submitted to the House 1807-1809 2.0 Cubic feet

Scope and Contents note

The reports and communications submitted to the House are from the Secretary of State and the Postmaster General, 10th Congress, 1st session, to 11th Congress, 3d session, 1 volume (10A–E1); the Secretary of the Treasury, including five volumes (10A–E2); the Treasurer of the United States (10A–E3); and the Secretaries of War and the Navy, one volume (10A–E4). Also included are reports of the Secretary of State, 6th Congress, 2d session, to 10th Congress, 1st session, and 12th Congress, 1st session, to 15th Congress, 1st session (6A–E1).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged chronologically within each group.

Petitions and Memorials, Resolutions of State Legislatures, and Related Documents Which Were Tabled 1807-1809 0.25 Cubic feet

Scope and Contents note

The petitions and memorials, resolutions of state legislature, and related documents which were tabled include the support of the government in defense of the maritime rights of the United States (10A–G1.1); and various subjects (10A–G1.2).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged chronologically within each group.

Election Records 1807-1809 0.33 Cubic feet

Scope and Contents note

The election records include the credentials of Representatives and Delegates (10A–H1).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged alphabetically by state or territory.

Other Records 1807-1809 0.16 Cubic feet

Scope and Contents note

Other records include various papers (10A–J1).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged by subject.

Records of the Office of the Clerk 1807-1809

Index 1807-1809

Scope and Contents note

The index includes transcribed reports of the Committee on Claims, 3d Congress, 2d session, to 19th Congress, 1st session (3C–C1). For the index to committee reports and to reports and communications from executive departments, see 1C-D1, 1st Congress, 1st session, to 14th Congress, 2d session.

Record Book 1807-1809 0.16 Cubic feet (1 volume)

Scope and Contents note

The record book consists of a petition book, 10th Congress, 2d session, to 14th Congress, 2d session (10C–A1). Also included is a petition book, 7th Congress, 2d session, to 10th Congress, 1st session (7C–A1).

Records of Committee Reports 1807-1809 0.16 Cubic feet (1 volume)

Scope and Contents note

The records of committee reports include transcribed reports of the Committee on the District of Columbia, 10th Congress, 1st session, to 27th Congress, 1st session (10C–B1), arranged chronologically. Also included are transcribed reports of the Committee on Claims, 8th Congress, 2d session, to 11th Congress, 3d session (8C–A1); the Committee on Ways and Means, 8th Congress, 1st session to 18th Congress, 2d session (8C–A2); select committees, 8th Congress, 2d session, to 11th Congress, 3d session (8C–A3); and the Committee on Public Lands, 9th Congress, 1st session, to 19th Congress, 2d session (9C–A2).

Records of Reports from Executive Departments 1807-1809 0.16 Cubic feet (1 volume)

Scope and Contents note

The records of reports from executive departments include the Secretary of the Treasury (10C–C1), arranged chronologically. Also included are transcribed reports and communications from the Secretary of State, 5th Congress, 3d session to 11th Congress, 3d session (5C–B1); the Secretary of the Navy, 5th Congress, 3d session, to 12th Congress, 1st session (5C–B3); and the Secretary of War, 6th Congress, 1st session, to 13th Congress, 2d session (6C–A2).

Other Records 1807-1809 0.04 Cubic feet

Scope and Contents note

Other records include receipts for records withdrawn (10C–D1).

Arrangement note

The records are arranged alphabetically by subject.