# HOUSE AND CONGRESSIONAL OFFICES

Members may send through the mails, under their frank, certain docu-

§1113. House Commission on Congressional Mailing Standards. ments and materials as provided by 39 U.S.C. 3210, subject to the limitations prescribed in rule XXIV, *supra*. The House Commission on Congressional Mailing Standards, composed of six Members, provides advice in connection with franking privileges (sec. 5, P.L. 93–191).

Rooms in the House Office Buildings are assigned pursuant to the Act \$1114. House Office Building Commission. Gee regulations promulgated Oct. 7, 1996). The com-

mission also issues regulations governing the House Office Buildings, House garages, and the Capitol Power Plant (see regulations promulgated December, 1995). The commission is composed of the Speaker and two Members of the House (traditionally the Majority and Minority Leaders) (2 U.S.C. 2001).

The preparation, utilization, and distribution (to committees and Mem-§1115. Government Accountability Office. bers) of reports by the Government Accountability Office, and its authority to assign its employees to duty

with congressional committees, are regulated by the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970, \$ 231–236 (84 Stat. 1140; 31 U.S.C. 711–720). This office was formerly known as the General Accounting Office (31 U.S.C. 702 note).

The Office of Compliance was established by the Congressional Account-

§1116. Office of Compliance. ability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1381). The office is composed of five individuals appointed jointly by the Speaker, the Majority Leader of the Senate, and the Minority

Leaders of the House and the Senate. The office has regulatory, enforcement, and educational responsibilities under the Act. The office replaced the Review Panel of the Office of Fair Employment Practices at the beginning of the 105th Congress (see § 1101, *supra*). However, the review panel was reconstituted in the same form as at the end of the 104th Congress to provide for the completion of ongoing proceedings in the 105th Congress (Feb. 25, 1997, p. 2439).

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#### §1117-§1122

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§1117. Congressional **Research Service.** 

The organization of the Congressional Research Service of the Library of Congress and its responsibilities to assist Members and committees were provided in the Legislative Reorganization Acts of 1946 and 1970 (60 Stat. 836; 84 Stat. 1140; 2 U.S.C. 166).

The Office of the Legislative Counsel of the House of Representatives evolved from a Legislative Drafting Service established §1118. Legislative for the Congress by the Act of February 24, 1919 (40 Counsel.

Stat. 1057, 1141). The provisions of law setting forth the purpose and functions of the current office and providing for its administration are contained in title V of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970 (P.L. 91-510; 2 U.S.C. 281) as amended by the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 1972 (P.L. 92-51). As stated in section 502 of such title V, the purpose of the office is to advise and assist the House, and its committees and Members, in the achievement of a clear, faithful, and coherent expression of legislative policies.

The Congressional Budget Office was established by the Congressional

§1119. Congressional **Budget Office.** 

Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 601). The office is headed by a director, who is appointed by the Speaker and the President pro tempore. Section 202 of the Act (2 U.S.C.

602) outlines the functions of the office, which include providing assistance to the House and Senate Committees on the Budget and Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Finance in the discharge of matters within their jurisdiction and to other committees to assist them in complying with the provisions of the Act.

The Office of the Law Revision Counsel, to develop a codification of the

§1120. Law Revision Counsel.

laws of the United States, was authorized in the 93d Congress by the Committee Reform Amendments of 1974 (sec. 205, H. Res. 988, Oct. 8, 1974, p. 34470, made permanent law by P.L. 93-544 (2 U.S.C. 285)).

The Office of Technology Assessment, to assist the Congress in indicating

§1121. Technology Assessment.

the beneficial and adverse impacts of the application of technology, was authorized by the Technology Assessment Act of 1971 (2 U.S.C. 472). The office received

funding for 1996 to conduct an orderly shutdown (tit. I, P.L. 104–53) and has not received funding since then.

A Parliamentarian has been appointed by the Speaker in every Congress since 1927. Before 1927 the "Clerk at the Speaker's §1122. Office of the

Parliamentarian.

Table" performed the function of the Parliamentarian. In the 95th Congress the House formally and perma-

nently established an Office of the Parliamentarian to be managed, supervised, and administered by a nonpartisan Parliamentarian appointed by the Speaker (H. Res. 502, Apr. 20, 1977, p. 11415, made permanent law by sec. 115 of P.L. 95–94; see 2 U.S.C. 287). The compilation and preparation of the precedents of the House of Representatives were authorized

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§1123-§1125b

in the 93d Congress by the Committee Reform Amendments of 1974 (sec. 208, H. Res. 988, Oct. 8, 1974, p. 34470, made permanent law by P.L. 93–554, 2 U.S.C. 28a), and the printing and distribution of the precedents were authorized by Public Law 94–551 (2 U.S.C. 28b–e). See also 2 U.S.C. 28, 29.

At its organization the 104th Congress established an office to assist \$1123. Office of Floor Assistants. Assistants. Assistants. At its organization the 104th Congress established an office to assist the Speaker in the management of legislative activity on the floor of the House (Sec. 223(b), H. Res. 6, 104th Cong., Jan. 4, 1995, p. 469, enacted into permanent law

by the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 1996 (sec. 103, P.L. 104-53)).

This office is responsible for responding to inquiries from, and coordi-

§1124. Office of Interparliamentary Affairs. nating visits with, foreign legislative bodies; providing assistance to delegations of Members on official visits to foreign nations; coordinating the activities and responsibilities of the House in connection with participa-

tion in various interparliamentary exchanges and organizations; and enabling the House to host meetings with senior government officials and other dignitaries in order to discuss matters relevant to United States relations with other nations (2 U.S.C. 130–2).

The House Recording Studio was established by the Legislative Branch

§1125. House Recording Studio. Appropriations Act, 1957 (2 U.S.C. 123b) and provides Members with audio and video recording services. The studio is under the direction and control of the Com-

mittee on the House Recording Studio, which consists of three Members appointed by the Speaker (2 U.S.C. 123b(c)).

The United States Capitol Preservation Commission was established in

§1125a. United States Capitol Preservation Commission. 1988 (2 U.S.C. 2081) to provide improvements in, preservation of, and acquisitions for the Capitol and to provide works of fine art and other property for display in the Capitol. In the 106th Congress the Commission

was given responsibility for the planning, engineering, design, and construction of the Capitol Visitor Center (sec. 310, Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2000). Membership on the Commission consists of the Speaker, the President pro tempore (co-chairs), the chair and vice chair of the Joint Committee on the Library, the chairs and ranking minority members of the Committee on Rules and Administration and the Committee on House Administration, the Majority and Minority Leaders of the House and Senate, three Members of the Senate, and three Members of the House.

The General Counsel appointed under clause 8 of rule II is authorized

§1125b. Office of General Counsel. by law to appear in any proceeding before a State or Federal court (except the United States Supreme Court) without compliance with admission require-

ments of such court (2 U.S.C. 130f(a)). Furthermore, the law requires the

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## §1125c-§1125g

### HOUSE AND CONGRESSIONAL OFFICES

Attorney General to notify the General Counsel of various decisions and policies (2 U.S.C. 130f(b)).

This office is responsible for mitigation and preparedness operations,

§1125c. Office of **Emergency Planning**, Preparedness, and **Operations.** 

crisis management and response, resource services, and recovery operations (2 U.S.C. 130i). The Speaker, in consultation with the Minority Leader, provides policy direction for, and oversight of, the office. The Speaker may request the head of any Federal department or

agency to detail to the office, on a reimbursable basis, any of the personnel of the department or agency. The day-to-day operations of the office are carried out by the director, under the supervision of a House of Representatives Continuity of Operations Board, comprising the Clerk, the Sergeantat-Arms, and the Chief Administrative Officer. The Clerk chairs the board.

81125d. Office of Attending Physician.

This office was established in the 70th Congress when the House requested the Secretary of the Navy to detail a medical officer to be in attendance at the Hall of the House during sessions of the House (H. Res. 253, Dec. 5, 1928,

p. 101). Currently, the office provides primary care and emergency, environmental, and occupational health services in direct support of Members of Congress and the Supreme Court, staff, pages, visiting dignitaries, and tourists (Office of Attending Physician in the U.S. Congress, CRS, Dec. 12, 2001).

This office, which dates from 1793, operates and maintains the buildings and grounds of the Capitol complex. For a detailed ex-§1125e. Office of planation of the current duties and statutory evolution Architect of the of the office, see Architect of the Capitol: Appointment, Capitol. Duties, and Operations, CRS, March 17, 2005. Section

6701 of Public Law 110-28 established within the office a Chief Executive Officer for Visitor Services with responsibility for the operation and management of the Capitol Visitor Center.

Established for the 109th (H. Res. 135, Mar. 14, 2005, p. \_), 110th (H. Res. 24, Jan. 30, 2007, p. \_\_) and 111th Congresses (sec. §1125f. House 4(b), H. Res. 5, Jan. 6, 2009, p. \_\_), the commission **Democracy** Assistance Commission. provides advice and consultation to selected countries. The commission consists of 20 Members appointed by the Speaker and Minority Leader.

Established for the 110th (H. Res. 1451, Sept. 24, 2008, p. ) and 111th Congresses with modifications to its authority (sec. 4(c), §1125g. Tom Lantos H. Res. 5, Jan. 6, 2009, p. \_\_), the commission promotes **Human Rights** Commission.

internationally recognized human rights. Any Member may join the commission, which is lead by co-chairs

appointed by the Speaker and Minority Leader, respectively.

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§1125h

Established for the 110th (H. Res. 895, Mar. 11, 2008, p. \_) and 111th Congresses with a modification on its authority to en-§1125h. Office of §1125h. Office of Congressional Ethics.
gage consultants (sec. 4(d), H. Res. 5, Jan. 6, 2009, p. \_\_\_\_), the office investigates "self-initiated" alleged ethics violations and reports its recommendations to the Committee on Standards

of Official Conduct.

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