

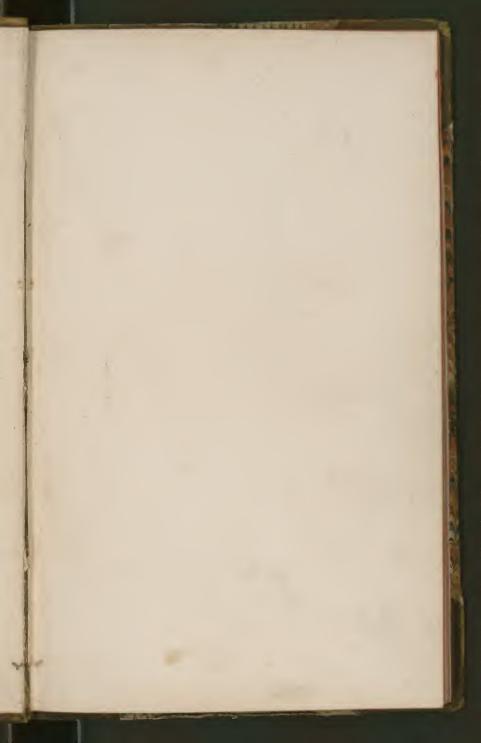
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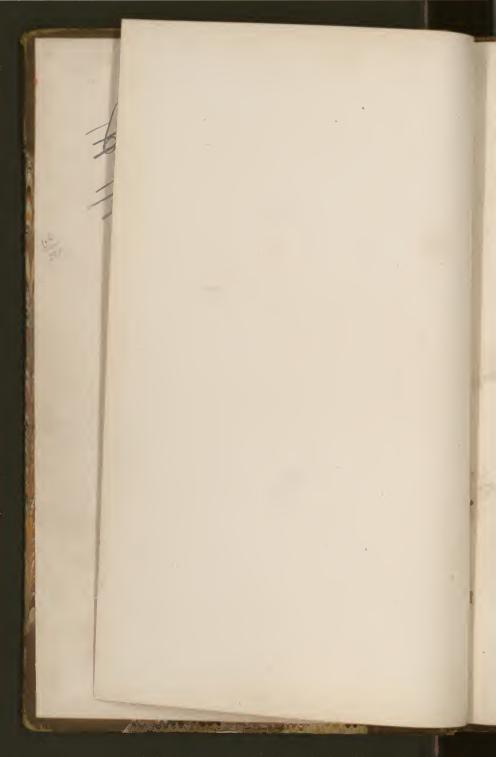
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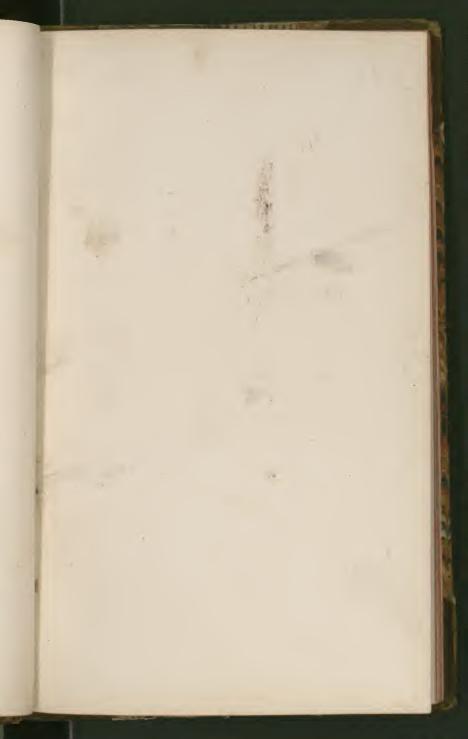
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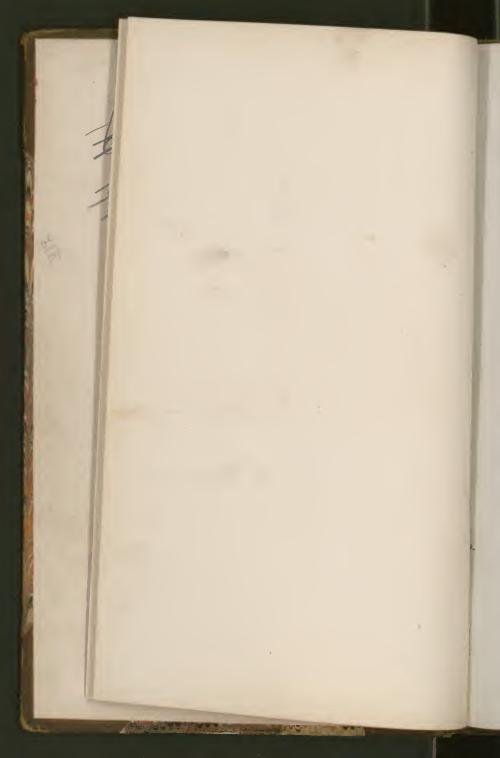
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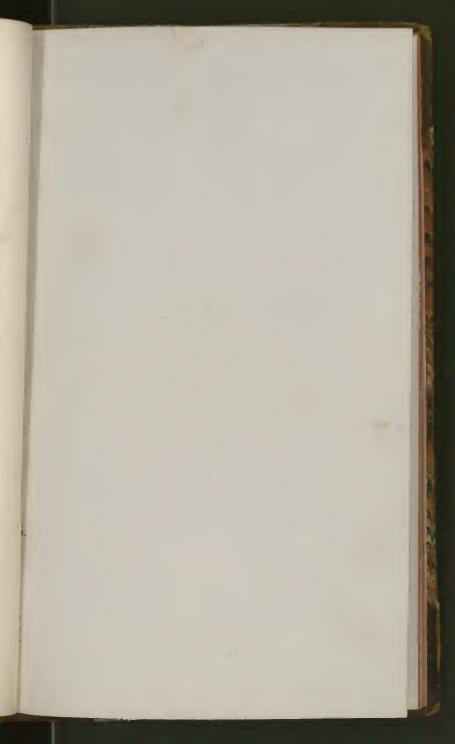
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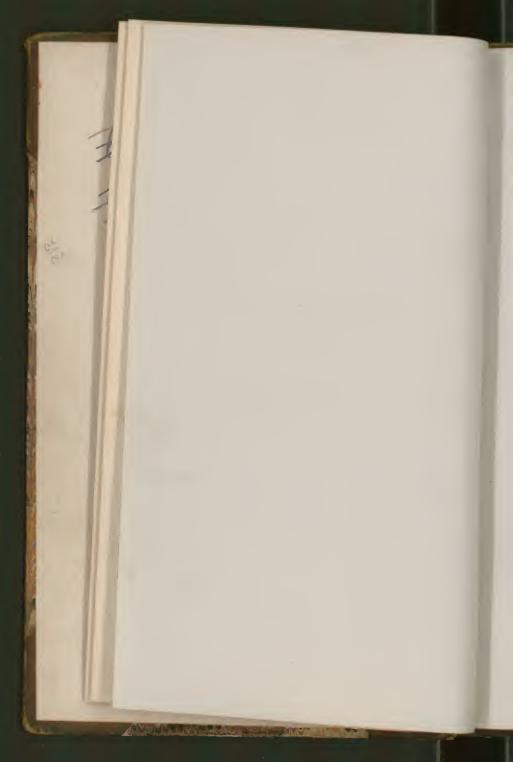






























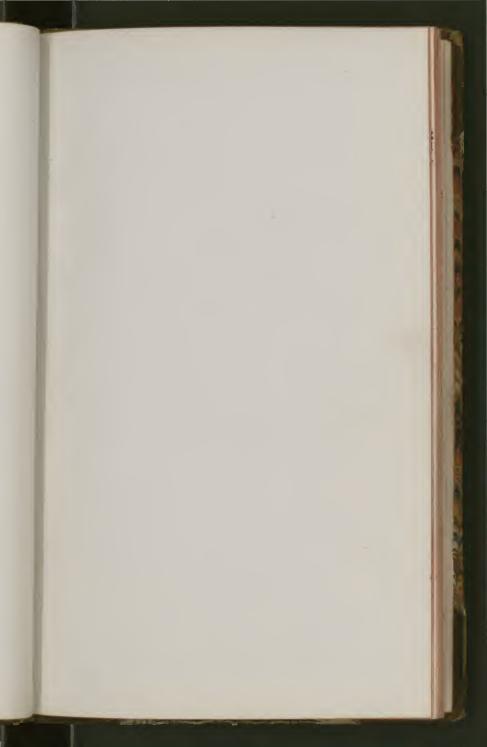




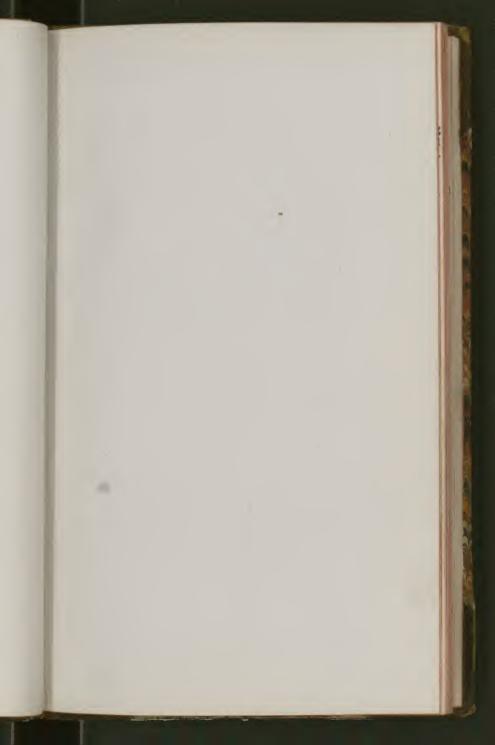


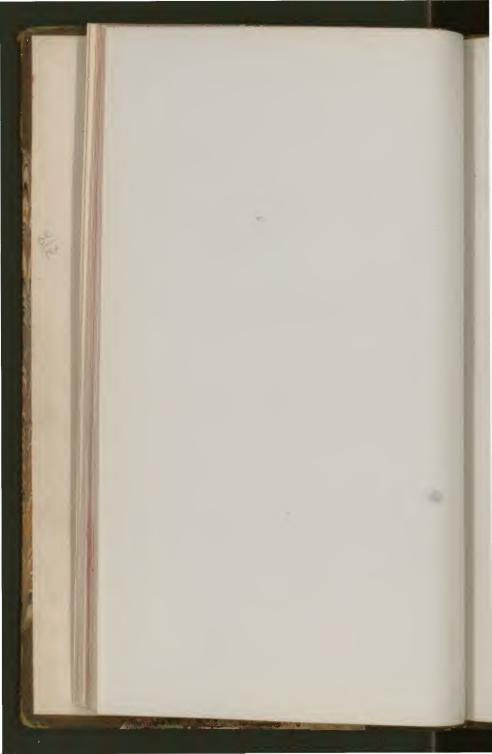




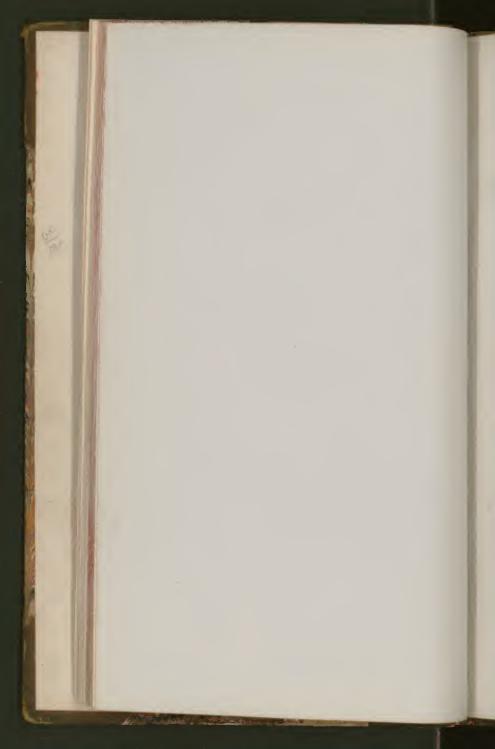


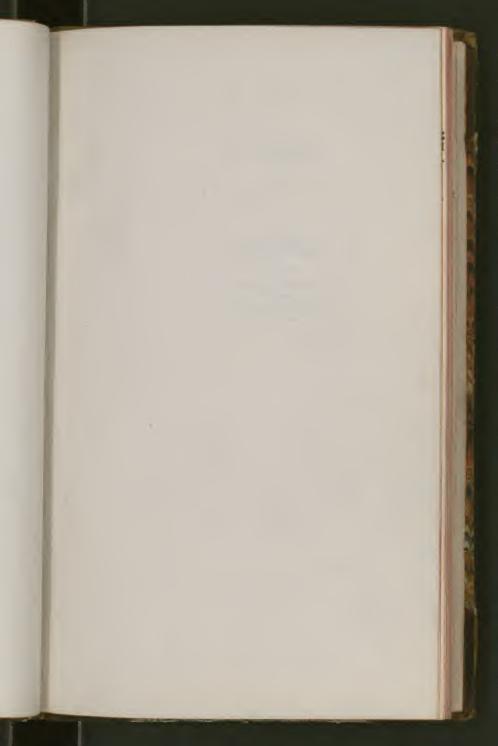
















The Tryal of MARY BUTLER, alias STRICKLAND, for Forgery; at the Old-Bailey, London; the 12th of Octo. ber, 11 W. III. 1699.

The Indictment for forging a Bond from Sir Rohert Clayton to herfelf, for the payment of 20000 /.

THE Indictment sets forth, That the said Mary Butler, maliciously intending to deceive and oppress Sir Robert Clayton, Knt. and " Alderman; Did, on the 1st Day of December, in the 7th Year of the King, cause a certain false Writing to be made, in Form of a Bond to her, of the penal Sum of 40000 l. for the payment of the Sum of 20000 l. by the Executors of the 66 said Sir Robert Clayton, within fix Months after "his Death. And for the payment of the Interest of the faid Money, by the faid Sir Robert Clayton, in the mean time. And that she, knowing "the faid Writing to be false and forg'd, subtily and deceitfully, did publish the same. To the ce great Damage of the faid Sir Robert Clayton, the

" evil Example of others, &c.

To which Indistment the pleaded Not Guilty. And the Jury being sworn, Mr. Montague open'd the Indictment, and Mr. Serjeant Wright open'd the Evidence, and took occasion to shew; That Mrs. Butler was very intimate with the late Duke of Buckingham; and either had, or pretended to have, a Bond from the said Duke, for the payment of 5000 l. to herself, after his Death; and an annual Interest, 'till the Principal should be paid. That Sir Robert Clayton being a Trustee of the Duke's Estate, for the payment of his Debts, Mrs. Butler came frequently to Sir Robert Clayton's, to follicit his Favour and Interest for the payment of this Debt; and so infinuated herself into him, and his Family: And pretended much Penitence for her Commerce with the Duke. But Sir Robert finding the was an ill Woman, notwithstanding all her Pretences, about Twelve Years since, forbid her

his

Page 445.

Mrs. Butler kept by the Duke of Buckingham.

his House. And in the Year 1605, he had some Notice of the Practices mentioned in the Indiament.

Mr. Woodmard Sworn:

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He depos'd, That Mrs. Butler had been his Client many Years; and about three Years fince, the her producing brought him a Bond, fign'd Robert Clayton, and at- the abovefaid refled by four Witnesses. That it was dated in the Bond, and gi Year 1687, and of the Penalty of 40000 l. and con- ving Infirmdition'd for the Payment 1200 l. yearly, by quar-clions for terly Payments, during Sir Rob. Clayton's Life; and drawing and-20000 l. fix Months after Sir Robert's Death. That ther Bond the told the Deponent the 40000 l. Bond was to be from Sir Rodeliver'd up, because the Thing had taken Air, and given my Lady Clayton some disquiet: And for my payment of Lady's Satisfaction, a Bill in Chancery was to be exhibited. And she (Mrs. Butler) was to disclaim any Bond or Interest, or any pretence she had upon Sir Robert Clayton. And that Sir Robert Clayton would, thereupon, give her a new Bond; and add the Interest that was in Arrear, upon the old Bond. And therefore, she defir'd the Deponent to compute the Interest, and draw another Bond of the Tenor of the old One. And accordingly. having cast up the Interest, which amounted to 7000 l. He made a Bond, of the Penalty of 54000 l. for Payment of 27000 l. after Sir Robert's Death; and the Interest, in the mean time, to be paid by proportionable quarterly Payments. That when the Deponent had drawn the Bond, he told Mrs. Butler it was a very great Sum, and it concern'd her to have Witnesses of Credit: For no body would believe Sir Robert Clayton did give her this Bond, after his Death, unless it was well attested; and offer'd himself to be a Witness. But the told him, Sir Robert did not care he should: And she took both the Bonds away. That the Deponent had first made a Copy of the 40000 1. Bond, which he exhibited and attested to be a true Copy in Court.

Page 446. Evidence of bert, for the

[Here the Copy of the 40000 l. Bond was read.

Page 447-

Seri. Wright. Did she bring you the Bond, of which this is a Copy, as a true Bond?

Woodmard. Yes.

then?

Serj. Wright. Had you a Charge from her, to keep this Matter secret?

Woodward. Yes; and that I would write the Bond with my own Hand.

Serj. Wright. How came this Matter to be known

Woodward. Mr. Nicholas Baker came to me, and told me Sir Robert Clayton had information that there was such a Bond drawn by me. I told him there was such a Bond brought to me, and that I made a Bond for Mrs. Butler; and had taken a Copy of the first Bond, which I had by me.

Mr. Hall. Was it Seal'd or Cancell'd?

Woodward. It was feal'd, I am very positive; and the Seal was then on.

Page 448.

The Defence

cil.

Mr. Baker Sworn. He depos'd, That Mr. Woodward produc'd this

Copy of the 40000 l. Bond, before my Lord Chief Justice Holt, at his Chamber. And Mrs. Butler own'd, she order'd Mr. Lewkar, a Scrivener in Bi-Shopsgate street, to make the Bond, of which that was a Copy; and to fet Sir Robert Clayton's Name

to it, and the Witnesses Names to it.

Mr. Mallet. The Bond of 54000 l. is not in the made by Mrs. Indicement; and it is several Years since this of Eutler's Coun- 40000 l. was shewn Mr. Woodward; and it's strange he should be so very exact, when, he says, he did not examine it. And, possibly, he might mistake in Copying it; and it may not be the very Bond in the Indiament. Now we have a Bond of 5000 l. from the Duke of Buckingham, and are fuing Sir Robert Clayton for the Money. And now, when we are like to have a Decree for this Sum, against this Trustee of the Duke of Buckingham's Estate; he would, under pretence of a Bond that we disclaim'd, when he preferr'd his Bill against us, take off our Credit in this Matter.

Here Mrs. Butler call'd two or three Witnesses to her Reputation, (Obscure People) who said little more, than that they knew no Harm by her.

Page 449.

L. C. 7.

L. C. J. Holt, Mrs. Butler, Will you say any Thing for your Self?

Mrs. Butler. I am altogether Innocent; I never wrong'd Sir Robert Clayton, nor any body else,

in my Life,

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Then the Chief Justice having summ'd up the Page 450. Evidence, the Jury withdrew; and on their re- She is Conturn, brought Mrs. Butler in Guilty.

And the Court adjudg'd, That Mrs. Butler The Judgshould pay a Fine of 500 l. to the King, and remain ment against

in Prison'till she paid it.

The Tryal of Captain WILLIAM KIDD, Page 451. for Murder and Pyracy, upon Six Several Indictments. As also, the Tryals of Nicholas Churchill, JAMES HOW, ROBERT LAMLEY, WILLIAM JENKINS, GABRIEL LOFF, HUGH PARROT, RICHARD BARLICORN, ABEL OWENS, and DARBY MULLINS. for Pyracy; at the Admiralty Sessions held at the Old-Bailey, the 8th and 9th of May, 13 W. III. 1701.

THE first Indictment against William Kidd, Page 453.

Was for Murder, and sets forth; "That the different and diff " said William Kidd, not having the Fear of God " before his Eyes, Gc. the 30th of October, in for murdering " the oth Year of the King, by Force and Arms, William Moor " upon the High Sea, near the Coast of Mala- his Gunner. " bar, in the East-Indies, and within the Jurisdi-" Stion of the Admiralty of England; in a cer-" tain Ship, call'd the Adventure Galley, whereof " the said William Kidd was then Commander; " did, of his Malice aforethought, then, and there, " make an Assault, in and upon one William " Moor, then belonging to the said Adventure " Galley: And the said William Kidd, with a cet-" tain wooden Bucket, bound with Iron Hoops, Vol. IV. Part I.

Page 453. dictment against Kidd, "did feloniously, and of his Malice aforethought,"
beat, and strike, the said William Moor, upon
the Right part of his Head, a little above the
Right Ear; giving him thereby, one Mortal
Bruise: Of which Mortal Bruise, the said William Moor languish'd from the said 30th of Otto.
ber, until the 31st, and then died. And so the
said William Kidd, seloniously, voluntarily, and
of his Malice aforethought, did Kill and Murder the said William Moor upon the High Sea,
within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty aforesaid. Against the King's Peace, his Crown and
Dignity, &c.

To which Indictment, the faid William Kidd pleaded Not Guilty: And defir'd Dr. Oldish, and Mr. Lemmon, might be affign'd his Counsel.

Just. Powel. They may be of Council for him,

if he has any Matter of Law to plead.

Dr. Oldish. My Lord, He moves, that his Tryal for Pyracy may be put off; for that one Davis, who was a Passenger in the Ship, and a material Witness for him, now stands Indicted: So thathe is deprived of his Evidence.

Mr. Coniers. He is not Indicted? He may call

him if he thinks fit.

Just. Powel. If he be Indicted, he may be a

Witness.

Dr. Oldish. He desires also, that his Tryal may be delay'd, because he is charg'd with Pyracy, for taking some Ships that had French Passes. Now, if they had French Passes, it was a lawful Seizure; and this Pass, my Lord Bellamont took from him; as may be prov'd by a Letter, which he cannot at present come at. We desire that Davis may be brought into Court, who can make this Matter out.

Sol. Gen. They have had a Fortnights Notice of

Tryal.

Dr. Oldish. We petition'd for Money, and the Court order'd 50 l. but we had none of it 'till last Night.

Page 454.

Kidd. I had no Money, or Friends permitted to come to me, 'till last Night.

Sol. Gen. My Lord, Let him be try'd for the Murder; wherein, there is no pretence of want

of Witnesses or Papers.

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Then the Pannel was call'd over, and Captain His Tryal for Kidd making no Challenges, a Jury was fworn, the Murder and charg'd with him. And the King's Council comes on. having open'd the Indiament for the Murder,

Foseph Palmer was Sworn.

He depos'd, That William Moor (the Deceased) The Evidence was Gunner on board Capt. Kidd's Ship; and that against him. about a Fortnight before this Murder, they met with a Ship, call'd the Loyal Captain, Capt. Hoare Commander; and that Hoare came on board Captain Kidd's Ship, and Captain Kidd went on board him. And some of Captain Kidd's Men, were for taking Capt. Hoare; but Kidd himself was against

it, and so it was not done.

About a Fortnight after this, William Moor. (the Deceased) was grinding a Chisel upon Deck; and Captain Kidd came to him, and faid; Which Way could you have put me in a Way to have taken this Ship, and been clear? To which Moor reply'd, I never said such a Thing, nor thought such a Thing. Upon which, Captain Kidd call'd him a Lowfy Dog. Says Moor, If I am a Lowfy Dog, you have made me so: You have brought me to ruin, and many more. Captain Kidd reply'd, Have I ruin'd you, you Dog? And having walk'd two or three Turns, backward and forward, upon the Deck; Captain Kidd took up a Bucket, bound with Iron Hoops, and struck Moor on the Right Side of the Head. And as Moor was carried down into the Gun-Room, he said, Farewel! Farewel! Captain Kidd has given me my last. And Captain Kidd stood on the Deck, and faid, You are a Villain: And Moor died the next Day, of the Blow. That,

After he was dead, the Chirurgeon, was call'd to open his Head; and Captain Kidd faid, You are

damn'd buisy without Orders.

Page 455.

Page 456.

The TRTAL of

Mr. Comper. How did his Head appear? Was he bloody?

Palmer. There was not much Blood came from

him.

L. C. J. Ward. Was Moor in good Health before this Blow?

Palmer. Yes, my Lord; and after the Blow was firuck, he complained.

Mr. Comper. And you faw him when he was

dead?

Palmer. Yes; And I felt of his Head, and in one place I could feel the Skull give way; and about the Wound, there was a Bruife.

Sol. Gen. Do you know of any other Provocation Capt. Kidd had, to strike Moor, besides those Words?

Palmer. I know of no other Provocation.

Robert Braddinham, Surgeon of Kidd's Ship, Sworn.

He depos'd, That he was sent sor to Moor, the Gunner, after Captain Kidd had given him the Blow. And asking Moor how he did, he answer'd, He was a dead Man; Captain Kidd had given him his last Blow. That the Deponent was also in the hearing of Moor, when he said, Farewel! Farewel! Captain Kidd has given me my last Blow. And Captain Kidd said, Damn him, he is a Villain.

Mr. Comper. How long did he live after the Blow?

Braddinham. He died the next Day: The Wound was but small, but the Skull was fractur'd; and I believe he died of that Wound.

Mr. Comper. Had you any Discourse with Captain Kidd, after this, of this Man's Death?

Braddinham. About two Months after this, on the Coast of Malabar, Captain Kidd said, I do not care so much for the Death of my Gunner, as for other Passages of my Voyage; for I have good Friends in England, that will bring me off of that.

Kidd. Did he know of any Difference between the Gunner and me, before this happened?

Braddinham. I knew of none?

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319:

Mr. Cowper. Mr. Palmer, Was there any Mutiny in the Ship, when this Man was kill'd?

Palmer. There was none.

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L. C. B. Ward. What have you to fay for your felf?

Kidd. I have some Witnesses, but they are Prifoners.

L. C. B. Whatever other Crimes they may be guilty of, they may be Witnesses for him in this Cafe?

Abel Owens call'd.

Kidd. Can you tell which Way this Bucket was Kidd calls his thrown? Witneffes.

Just. Powel. What was the Provocation for

throwing this Bucket?

Owens. I was in the Cook-Room, and hearing some Difference on the Deck, I came out: And the Gunner was grinding a Chifel on the Grindstone; and the Captain and he had some Words. And the Gunner said to the Captain, You have brought us to Ruin, and we are defolate. Says the Captain, Have I brought you to Ruin? I have not brought you to Ruin; I have not done an ill Thing to ruin you: You are a fawcy Fellow to give me those Words. And then the Captain took up the Bucket, and gave him the Blow.

Kidd. Was there not a Mutiny among the

Men?

Owens. Yes; And the bigger Part were for taking a Dutch Ship we met with. And the Captain said, You that will take the Dutchman, You are the strongest: You may do what you plcase; but if you go from on board, you shall never come a-board again.

L. C. B. When was this Mutiny?

Owens. About a Month before this Accident.

Just. Powel. But did Moor, the Gunner, endeavour to make any Mutiny, when the Blow was given?

Owens. None at all.

Juryman. Did he throw the Bucket, or strike him with it? Mm 3

Owens.

Page 457.

Omens. He took it by the Strap, and struck him with it.

Richard Barlicorn call'd.

He deposed, That several of the Men were for taking the *Dutch* Ship, but that the Captain was against it, and *Moor* was one who was for taking it.

L. C. B. How long was this before Moor

died.

Barlicorn. I believe, a Month or Three Weeks.

Kidd. Was there not a Dutch Man close by us when this Blow was given?

Barlicorn. Yes Sir.

Kidd. He was going to make another Mutiny, but I prevented him.

Bar. Hatsel. Was there any Mutiny about the

Dutch Ship?

Barlicorn. Not that I know of; but there was about the Loyal Captain, some time before; and William Moor had lain sicke a long time before the Blow was given; and the Doctor said, the Blow was not the Cause of his Death.

L. C. J. Do you hear Braddenham, what he

fays?

Page 458.

Braddinham. My Lord, I never faid so; nor had Moor been sick before the Blow.

Sol. Gen. How long did Moor live after the Blow?

Barlicorn. I believe about a Week.

L. C. B. And the other Two Witnesses swear, he dy'd the next Day.

Hugh Parrot call'd.

He depos'd, That the Gunner told Captain Kidd, he could have put him in a way to have taken the Ship, and been never the worse for it; and the Captain was in a Passion at Moor's saying so, and that was the Occasion of his striking him; but the Deponent did not see the Blow given.

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Capt. WILLIAM KIDD, &c. An. 1701.

Kidd. I had all the Provocation in the World. but I did not design to kill him: I had no Malice

or Spleen against him.

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My Lord Chief Baron, in his Directions to the The Chief Tury, tells them, "That if one Man kills and- Baron's Dire-" ther, without Provocation, the Law implies clions to the " Malice, and then fuch killing was Murder; turv. " but where there was a fulden falling out and " fighting, and one was kill'd in Heat of Blood, " then the Law call'd it but Manslaughter: But kills another, " fuch flight Words as these, could never be rea-" fonable Caufe to kill him; and if they believ'd "them to be no reasonable Provocation, and " that the Blow was given by the Prisoner, and " that the Blow was the Occasion of Moor's " Death, he did not fee any thing to extenuate " the Offence, fo as to reduce it to Manshaughter; " but that the Prisoner was guilty of Murder: "Indeed had there been a Mutiny at that time, " the Prifoner might have urg'd it in his Defence " as a reasonable Cause; but it appeared that

"the Mutiny was at least a Fortnight before. Then the Jury withdrew, and returning about Kind is conan Hour afterwards, they brought the Prisoner visted of the

in Guilty.

Page 459. Where one without fufficient Provocation the Law implies Malice.

Page 460.

Murder.



The Tryal of WILLIAM KIDD, NICHO. LAS CHURCHILL, JAMES HOW, RO. BERT LAMLEY, WILLIAM JENKINS. GABRIEL LOFF, HUGH PARROT, RICHARD BARLICORN, ABEL OW-ENS, and DARBY MULLINS, for Pyracy and Robbery; in taking a Ship called the Quedah Merchant.

The Indictment against other Prisoners, for Pyracy, in taking the Quedab Merchant.

COTHE Indictment sets forth, That the Prifoners, the 30th of January, in the 9th Ridd, and the "Year of the King, upon the High Seas, about "Ten Leagues from Cutcheen in the East-Indies, " and within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England; did pyrattically and feloniously " let upon, board, break, and enter a certain "Ship called the Quedah Merchant; and pyrattically and felonioully did affault the Mariners of the faid Ship, and put them in corporeal Fear of their Lives, and did pyrattically and felo-" niously steal, take, and carry away the said 66 Ship, with the Apparrel and Tackle thereof, or the Value of Four Hundred Pound, Seventy cc Chests of Opium, of the Value of One Thouco sand, Four Hundred Pound, Oc. being the "Goods and Chattels of certain Persons to the " Jurors unknown: Against the King's Peace, his " Crown and Dignity, &c.

To this Indictment, the Prisoners having refpectively pleaded Not Guilty, a Jury was fworn, and charg'd with them.

How, Churchill, and Mullins said, they surrendered themselves upon the King's Proclamation,

and defired they might have the Benefit of it. Then the Court order'd the Proclamation to be read.

This Proclamation was dated the 8th Day of December, 10 W. III. 1698, and did impower Capt, Thomas Warren, Commander of a Squa-

Page 461. Some of the Prisoners lay hold of a . Proclamation Offering Pardon to fuch Pyrates as Should furrender.

dron

dron of Men of War sent to the East-Indies, to Suppress the Pyrates there; Israel Hayes, Peter Delanoy, and Christopher Pollard, Esquires, Commissioners on board the Squadron, to offer Pardon to all fuch Pyrates as should surrender themselves within the Times therein limitted; excepting only, Henry Avery, alias Bridgman, and William Kidd.

Mr. Moxon. My Lord, Capt. Warren coming to St. Mary's, and delivering out these Proclamations, the Prisoners came and acknowledged themselves Pyrates, and surrendered to the Governour.

L. C. B, Ward. The Proclamation fays, They must surrender to such Persons by Name, and if they would have the Benefit of the Proclamation, they must shew they have pursued the Directions in it.

Then the following Affidavit was read, viz.

Charles Hally, Gent. maketh Oath, That in the Year 98, there being Notice of His Majesties Gracious Pardon, to such Pyrates as should surrender themselves: James Howe, Nicholas Churchill, and Darby Mullins, in may 1699, did surrender themselves to Jeremiah Bass, and he did admit them to Bail.

L. C. B. If you would have the Benefit of The Court this Proclamation, you must bring your selves un- tell them der the Condition of it; now there are Four they must Commissioners mentioned that you ought to have shew they furrendered to, but you have not furrendered to furrendered to any of those, but to Colonel Bass; and there is named in the no fuch Man mentioned in this Proclamation.

Mr. Moxon. But my Lord, consider the Na- or it would ture of this Proclamation, and what was the De- not avail sign of it; which was to invite Pyrates to come in. them.

Mr. Coniers. We must keep you to the Proclamation, this is not sufficient to put off the Tryal.

Then Mr. Knap opened the Indiament, and Dr. Newton, Advocate of the Admiralty, open'd the Evidence; and aggravated the Offence: He shew'd that Capt. Kidd went from England in April, ticular Ag-1696, with a Commission, dated the 26th of Ja- gravations of

Page 462.

Proclamation,

Dr. Newton shews the pernicious Effects of Piracy, and the parnuary, Kidd's Offence

Page 463.

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nuary, preceding, to take, and feize, Pyrates in the Indian Seas, which were then very much infested with them: But Capt. Kidd was so far from being true to his Trust, and making good the Ends of his Commission, that he had acted with the greatest Treachery and Falseness that ever Man had done. He shew'd, That Pyracy was the growing Trouble and Disturbance of the trading World, and the peaceable Part of mankind: The Scandal and Reproach of the European Nations, and of the Christian Name, and the Kidds and the Averys, had made it more particularly for of the English, amongst Mahometans and Pagans. in the extremest Parts of the Earth. That Pyracy was not only to the Disadvantage of the immediate Sufferers, but that all, who traffick'd in these Countries, suffer'd with them for the Villanies of those whom they, and all mankind, equally and justly detested and abhorr'd. That if the Facts prov'd true, he hop'd the Jury would do Justice to the injured World, and to the English Nation in particular; whose Interest and Welfare fo much depended on the Encrease and Security of of Trade.

Page 464.

Braddinham, the Surgeon of Capt. Kidd's Ship, Sworn.

Braddinbam's Narrative of of Kidd's Voyage.

He deposed, That in the beginning of May 1606, he fail'd from Plymouth, with Capt. Kidd, in the Adventure Galley, having about Seventy or Eighty Men on board, and Thirty Guns; that they defign'd for New York, and in their Way met with a French Ship and took her; and when they came to New York, Capt. Kidd put up Articles, that if any Men would enter themselves on board his Ship, they should have their Shares of what was taken, and he himfelf would have Forty Shares: That there came in fo many Men upon this, that they fail'd from New York with One Hundred and Fifty Five Men, and came to the Madera's, from thence they went to St. Jago, then to Madagascar, from thence to Nahala, and from thence to the Red Sea; where they waited for for the Moca Fleet, about a Fortnight or Three Weeks. - That Capt. Kidd fent his Boat Three times to Moca, to fee if they could make any Discovery, and the Two first Times they could make none; but at the third time, Word was brought, that the Ships were ready to fail, and accordingly they came, and Kidd fail'd after them, and fell in with, and fir'd at them; but finding they were under Convoy, he left them, and steer'd for the Coast of Malabar, and by the Way met with Capt. Parker, Commander of a Moorish Ship that came from Bombay; and that Capt. Kidd took Parker for a Pilot, and a Portugueze for an Interpreter: And he took out of the Ship a Bale of Coffee, a Bale of Pepper, and about Twenty Pieces of Arabian Gold; and ordered some of the Men to be hoisted up by the Arms. and drubb'd with a naked Cutlace, to make them confess what Money they had.

Mr. Coniers. Were those Men French Men that

were so us'd? .

Braddinham. No, they were Moors. [Indian

Mahometans.]

Mr. Coniers. Was there not a Demand made

of Capt. Parker and the Portuguese?

Mr. Coniers. What happened afterwards?.

Page 465.

Braddinham. Then we cruifed on the Malabar Coast, and in October, 1697, Kidd kill'd his Gunner, William Moor, and in November following he took a Moorish Ship, off Surat, and there were two Dutch Men belong'd to ther, the rest were Moors; and when the Dutch Men perceived Capt. Kidd chased them under French Colours. they put up French Colours too: And Capt. Kidd came up with them, and commanded them on board, and he order'd a French Man to come upon Deck and pretend himself Captain: Then the Dutch Men produc'd a French Pass; says, C. Kidd, By God, have I catch'd you! You are free Prize to England: That he took Two Horses, and some Quilts, &c. and carried the Ship to Madagascar; and in December, 1697, they took a Moorish Ketch, and they took out of her Thirty Tubs of Sugar, a Bale of Coffee, &c. and then turn'd her a drift.

In January, Capt. Kidd took a Portuguese, and took out of her some Chests of Opium and East-India Goods, &c. and kept the Ship about Seven Days; but being chased by Eight Sail of Dutch. he left her.

Mr. Coniers. Now give a particular Account of the taking the Ship on which the Indicament is founded.

Evidence of Quedab Mer--bant-

Braddinham. Some time in January, Capt. the taking the Kidd put up French Colours, and gave Chase to the Quedah Merchant, and when he came up with her he commanded the Master on board, and there came first an old French Man, who was the Gunner: Then Kidd fent for the Captain, who was one Wright, an English Man, and when he was brought on board, Kidd told him he was his Prifoner, and ordered his Men to go aboard and take Possession of the Ship; and he dispos'd of the Goods on that Coast, to the Value of Seven or Eight Thousand Pounds.

> Mr. Coniers. What Persons were aboard her? There were Capt, Wright and Braddinham. Two Dutch Men, and a French Man, and some Armenians, and the rest Moors; and they offer'd

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Twenty Thousand Rupees for the Ransom of the Ship and Cargo; but Capt. Kidd told them the Cargo was worth a great deal more.

Mr. Coniers. What did Kidd do with the Pro-

ceed of the Goods he fold?

Braddinham. He shar'd the Money: All the Men had Shares.

Mr. Coniers. How did Kidd behave himself to the other Ships and Boats upon the Coast?

Braddinham. He boarded feveral, and took out what was for his Turn.

Mr. Coniers. How did he use those he traded

with?

Braddinham. Some of them, as he was coming away, he plundered, and fent them ashoar without any Goods: They were Mahometans, and he took from them about Five Hundred Pieces of Eight.

Just. Powel. They are indicted for the Quedah Merchant, Were all the Prisoners at the taking of her, and had a Share in the Booty?

Braddinham. They were all at the taking that Ship; and when we came to Madagascar, Capt. Kidd ordered the Goods to be carried ashoar and shar'd, and he had Forty Shares himself; and every one of the other Prisoners had a Share.

And when we came to Madagascar there came off a Canoe to us, with some English Men, who were formerly acquainted with Capt. Kidd; and they told him, they heard he was come to take them and hang them.

Mr. Coniers. Who did they come from?

Braddinham. From the Moco Frigate, Capt. Culliford Commander, and Capt. Kidd told them he was as bad as they; and afterwards Captain Kidd went on board them, and swore to be true to them and assist them, and he actually assisted Capt. Culliford with Guns and an Anchor, to sit him out to Sea.

Mr. Coniers. What became of the Adventure

Galley afterwards?

Braddinham: She was leaky, and Capt. Kidd left her and went on board the Quedah Merchant.
Kidd.

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Page 467.

Kidd. Did you see any Passes on board the Quedah Merchant?

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Ch. B. T. G. tl. A. C. a

Braddinham. You told me you had French

Passes, but I never saw them.

Jenkins. Was not I a Servant?

Braddinham. He was Servant to George Bullen. Barlicorn. Was not I the Captain's Servant? Braddinham. Yes, he was.

Just. Powel. What was the Reason some had

whole Shares, and some half Shares?

Braddinham. Some were able Seamen, and some were Landmen or Servants; the Landmen

and Servants had but half Shares.

Mr. Comper. You say, he took a French Ship going to New York, and he condemn'd her there as Prize; Did he offer to carry any other Ships to be condemned?

Braddinham. No, never.

Joseph Palmer Sworn.

He deposed, That he was on board the Adventure Galley, Capt. Kidd Commander, and that either the last of April, or the beginning of May, 1696, they fail'd from Plymouth, to New York, and they took a French Banker by the way; that it was in July when they came to New-York, and Capt. Kidd offered any Man that would come aboard, a Share of what he took, and he was himself to have Forty Shares; and they were to give him Six Pound a Man for their Arms: That about the 6th of February, they fet Sail from New-York, with about One Hundred and Sixty Men on board, for the Madera's, and so pursued their Voyage, as the last Witness depos'd, 'till they arrived at Babskey, in the Mouth of the Ked Sea, in July, 1697. That there they waited for the Moco Fleet, about Three Weeks; and Capt. Kidd faid, Come Boys, I will make Money enough out of that Fleet. That he lent his Boat in Three times, for Intelligence, and the third time they brought him Word, there were Fourteen or Fifteen Ships ready to fail, with English Dutch, and Moorish Colours, and that there was a great Ship with Red Colours,

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Colours, with her Fore-topfail loofe, ready to fail; and Capt. Kidd ordered his Men to look out for the coming down of this Fleet, and one Evening, ahout the 14th or 15th of August, they came by, and the next Morning Capt. Kidd went after them, and fell into the middle of the Fleet, and fir'd a Gun after a Mooresh Ship, and there being a Dutch and English Convoy they fired at him again; so he left the Fleet and went to Caramar. sand having given the same Account of the other Ships they met with, as the other Witness did, he proceeded to give an Account of taking the Ship mentioned in the Indistment] He deposed, That about the last of January, they took the Quedah Merchant, and that they fold Goods out of her, to the Banians, upon the Coast, to the Value of Ten or Twelve Thousand Pounds. That the rest of the Goods were carried to Madagascar and shar'd with the Money, as the other Witness had deposed: And he also gave the same Account of meeting Captain Culliford, the Pyrate, at Madagascar, and affifting him, as Braddinham had done.

L. C. B. Ward. Whose Goods where they supposed to be, which were taken out of the Que-

dah Merchant?

Palmer. The Armenian Merchants.

Clerk of Arraignment. Will the Prisoners ask this Witnessany Questions?

Kidd. 'Tis in vain to ask any Questions.

L. C. B. Ward. Then what have you to fay

in your Defence?

Kidd. I had a Commission to take the French and Pyrates, and in order to that I came up with Two Ships, who had French Passes, and I call'd king the gar you all upon Deck to consult; and you know Mr. dab Merchant. Palmer, I would have given them these Ships again but you would not, you all voted against it.

Palmer. This Man [pointing to the Armenian in Court] offer'd you 20000 Rupees for the Ship, and you refus'd it. ____ Says Captain Kidd to his Men, These Armenians make such a Noise for the Ship, that I must say my Men Will not part with her; but there were not a Quarter of the

Page 469.

Page 470.

Kidd's Defence as to the taPage 472.

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Men concerned in it. The Armenians came crying and wringing their Hands, and so indeed, some few of the Men went upon the Forecastle, and pretended they would not give them the Ship.

L. C. B. Ward. Since the Goods belong'd to the Armenians, What was the Pretence of a

French Pass?

Palmer. I have heard of a French Pass, but I never saw any.

L. C. B. You speak of a Commission you had,

you may have it read if you please.

Page 471. Then Kidd's Commission, for making Reprifals on the French, was read, which was dated the 11th of December, 7 W. III. 1695.

Captain Kidd's other Commission, for cruising on the Pyrates, was also read; being dated the 26th of January, 7 W. III. 1695.

L. C. B. Well, What Use do you make of

these Commissions to justify your self?

Kidd. The Quedah Merchant was under a French Commission, the Master kept a Tavern at Surat.

L. C. B. But then you should have condemned this Ship.

Kidd. I was not at the sharing of the Goods,

I knew nothing of it.

L. C. B. Both the Witnesses swear you sold part of the Goods upon the Coast, and receiv'd the Money; and that Money, and the rest of the Goods you shar'd at Madagascar, pursuant to the Articles you set up.

Just. Powel. You have produc'd Letters Patents, which impowered you to take Pyrates; Why did you not take Culliford? When the Question was put, Are you come to take us and hang us? You answered, I will fry in Hell before I will do you any Harm.

Kidd. That is only what these Witnesses say, I was not on board Culliford; I desire Mr. Davis

may be call'd.

Davis appear'd.

Kidd. Pray give an Account, If you did not fee a French Pass.

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Davis. I saw the Captain give some Passes to Captain Elms, to read at Ambayna; which the Captain said, were French Passes.

L. C. B. You can't fay they had any relation to

the Quedah Merchant?

Davis. No not I.

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Bar. Hatsel. Have you any more to say, Captain Kidd?

Kidd. I have some Papers, but my Lord Bellamont keeps them from me; that I cannot bring them into Court.

L. C. B. What have you to fay, Churchill? Churchill. I defire Col. Bass may be call'd.

Col. Bass appear'd.

Churchill. I desire the Colonel would give an Ac-ners, as to the

count of my furrendering to him?

Col. Bass. About the 29th of May, 1699, I had an Account of some Persons, who were supposed Pyrates; and on my Landing in West-Jersey, the 4th of June, Churchill and How came and surrendered to me.

Dr. Oxenden. How came they here?

Col. Bass. I left them under Bail; they were fent over Prisoners, by my Successor?

L. C. B. What did they say to you, when they

furrendered?

Col. Bass. They said, they had been in the Indies, and committed several Pyracies; and desired they might have the Benefit of the King's Proclamation. And they mentioned the Moco Frigate, and Capt. Kidd.

L. C. B. Did you take your felf impowered to

receive their Surrender?

Col. Bass. No, my Lord, I did not.

Clerk of the Arraignments. Robert Lamley, What have you to fay?

Lamley. I was Servant to Mr. Opens, here is

my Indenture; (which was read.)

Clerk of the Arraignments. What have you to fay?

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Nn

Jenkins.

The Defence made by the other Prifoners, as to the Quedah Merchant.

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Jenkins. I was a Servant to Mr. Buller, as the King's Witnesses can prove.

Clerk of the Arraignments. Gabriel Loff, What

have you to say?

Loff. I went to serve His Majesty, under Captain Kidd's Commission.

L. C. B. Did Captain Kidd take Notice of his Commission, in his Articles?

Palmer. Yes, my Lord, I have a Copy of the

Articles.

L. C. B. But how came you to take part of the Money? You must needs imagine, when Captain Kidd did these extravagant Things, and divided the Money and Goods; he did not act according to his Commission.

Loff. I had but what they pleased to give me. Clerk of the Arraignments. Hugh Parrot, What have you to say for your self?

Parrot. I came on board Captain Kidd, at Madagascar, understanding he had the King's Commission; and have been with him ever since.

L. C. B. You have acted with him, and shared with him. Could you imagine he was acting according to his Commission, when he did these Things.

Parrot. I thought I was safe, where the King's

Commission was

L. C. B. Richard Barlicorn, What have you

to fay?

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Barlicorn. I beg leave to produce some Evidence for my Reputation: Here is a Certificate from the Parish where I was born.

L. C. B. We cannot read Certificates.

Barlicorn. Then I defire Benjamin Bond may

speak to my Reputation?

Bond. My Lord, I liv'd near him, 'till he was Thirteen or Fourteen Years old; and he behav'd himself very civily, and came of very honest Parents.

L. C. B. What have you to fay further?

Barlicorn. My Lord, I was Servant to Captain

Kidd, and have been so fix Years.

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Clerk of the Arraignments. Abel Owens, What

fay you for your felf?

Abel Owens. I furrendered my felf to Mr. Ricles, a Justice of Peace in Southwark, within the Time mentioned in the Proclamation: And then enter'd my self on Board, in His Majesty's Service, where I was seiz'd.

L. C. B. A Justice of Peace is not within the Proclamation; but this may commend him to the

King's Mercy:

Clerk of the Arraignments. Darby Mullins, What

do you say for your felf?

Mullins. I came in upon the King's Proclamation: Indeed, I was ready to die of the Bloody Flux, and could not go my felf; but I fent my Name in, to the Governour.

Dr. Oxenden. How came you to leave Captain

Kidd?

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Mullins. He us'd me very hardly, and therefore I left him.

L. C. B. You had a Dividend of the Money and Goods.

Mullins. He gave it me, and afterwards took it from me.

L. C. B. Though you quitted Captain Kidd's Ship, you went into Culliford's.

Then Captain Kidd call'd Mr. Say, as a Witness for him.

He depos'd, That he heard Captain Kidd's Sur- Kidd calls geon fay, That Capt. Kidd had done nothing but Witnesses to what he could answer:

Captain Humphreys call'd.

He depos'd, That he knew Captain Kidd in the West-Indies, in the beginning of the late War; and Indies. he had the Applauses of the General there, for his Page 47%; good Services.

L. C. B. That was before he turn'd Pyrate.

shew he had done the Government good Service in the Wifts

* The Chief

Baron directs

the Jury, as

on the Que-

to the Piracy

dab Merchant.

He tells them,

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Captain Bond call'd.

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He depos'd. That Kidd was very useful in the West-Indies, in the beginning of the late War.

Bar. Hatsel. To be sure they had a good Opinion of him in 1695, when they granted him his Commission.

Kidd. It can't be made appear I have been Guiltv of Pyracy, I never defigned any fuch Thing; and had French Passes to have justified what I did, if my Lord Bellamont had not taken them from me.

L. C. B. But you should have Condemn'd the

Ships, if they had been Prize.

Kidd. I could not, because of the Mutiny in my

Ship.

* Then the Lord Chief Baron directed the Jury, and told them, " That to make the Fact Piracy, "there must be a practical and felonious taking " upon the High Sea, within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, the Goods of a " Friend; viz. Such as are in Amity with the long'd to Per- 66 King. That if this Quedah Merchant had befons in Amity " long'd to the French, or the Ship had been Gailed under French Passes; then it was lawful C Prize, and liable to Confiscation. But if they were the Goods of Persons in Amity with the "King, and the Ship was not Navigated under " French Paffes; then it was very plain, it was a " Piratical Taking. And he did not observe, there was any manner of Proof of a French Pass: "And if there had, he ought to have condemned the Ship, before he divided the Goods, as dom of Choice " his Commission required him. But instead of that, he had taken upon him to share the Efto denominate " fects; and continued in the Ship, 'till he was a Fact, either a taken in it, by my Lord Bellamont, in the West-

cc Indies. should be difrom the reft.

As to those who were Servants on board Captain Kidd's Ship, the Lord Chief Baron told the Jury, " There must be Freedom of Will to de-" nominate a Fact, either Felony or Piracy; and if these Men did go under the Compulsion of

" their Masters, and not voluntarily, it might " distinguish their Case from the rest. That it " appeared, indeed, by the Evidence, that those " Perfons received their Shares; but then, they " faid, they accounted for them to their respec-" tive Masters. It was true, a Servant was not " bound to obey his Master, but in lawful Things; "but these Servants urged, they thought this " was fo; they knew nothing to the contrary, " but that their Masters acted according to the "King's Commission; and therefore, he recom-" mended their Cafe to the Consideration of the " Jury.

" As to those who would excuse themselves, as That as to " being under Captain Kidd's Command; that those, who "would justify them in nothing, but the obey- would screen " ing his lawful Commands. And it was not con- themselves, as "tested, but that these Men knew, and were sen- being under " fible of what was done; and did take part in it, Kidd's Com-"and shar'd what was taken. And if the taking mand, they " of this Ship, and Goods, was unlawful, then the the terprize to be " these Men could claim no Advantage from act-unlawful, and "ing under Kidd's Commissions: Because those shar'd the "Commissions gave them no Authority to act Booty with " what they did. They acted quite contrary to him. " them.

" As to those, who said they surrendered on That as to "the King's Proclamation; they had not brought those who " themselves within the Benefit of it: And there- surrendered, " fore, that Matter could not be considered in a they had not "Course of Law; but they must apply another " Way for the King's Mercy. This Court must " proceed according to the Rules of Law and Ju- and could " stice.

Then the Jury withdrew, and after half an here. Hours Recess, brought in their Verdiat: Viz. Page 478. That Lamley, Jenkins, and Barlicorn, the Three The Prifoners Servants, were Not Guilty. And that Capt. Kidd, are all Conand the other Six, were Guilty.

done it purfuant to the Proclamation, claim no Benesir by it

victed, but

the three Ser-

After vants.

After which, they were all Ten Arraign'd upon Four other Indistments, for Piracy.

d Indicttents for Pi- cc actically tak- cc ag a Moorish cc hip. cc

The first of which Indicaments sets forth, "That the Prisoners, the 20th Day of September, in " the oth Year of the King, by Force and Arms, upon the High Sea; in a certain Place, about c Fifty Leagues distant from the Port of Carawar, in the East-Indies, and within the Juris-" diction of the Admiralty of England; Did, Pi-" ratically and Feloniously, set upon, board, break, and enter, a Moorish Ship, belonging to cercc tain Persons, to the Jurors unknown: And Piratically, and Feloniously, did make an Assault " upon the Marriners in the faid Ship; then in the Peace of God, and of our Sovereign Lord the King being; and did put them in Corporal " Fear of their Lives. And did Piratically and "Feloniously take, steal, and carry away, out of " the faid Ship, One Hundred Pound Weight of " Coffee, of the Value of Five Pound; Sixty " Pound Weight of Pepper, of the Value of Three "Pound, &c. Being the Goods, Chattels, and " Monies, of certain Persons, to the Jurors unknown: And took them out of the Custody of the Mariners of the said Ship, at the Time and C Place aforefaid. Against the King's Peace, his " Crown and Dignity, &c.

To which Indictment, the Prisoners respectively pleaded Not Guilty.

3d Indictinext For Pyracy on another Moorish Ghip.

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The Prisoners were likewise Arraign'd upon another Indictment; for Piratically and Feloniously taking another *Moorish* Ship near *Callicut*, in the Esse-Indies; on the 27th of *November*, in the 9th Year of the King.

To which they respectively pleaded Not Guilty.

4th Indictment For Pyracy on a Moorish Kerch.

They were also Arraign'd upon another Indictment, for Piratically and Feloniously taking a Moorish Ketch, near Callicut, in the East-Indies; on

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Capt. WILLIAM KIDD, &c. An. 1701. on the 28th of December, in the 9th Year of the King.

To which they feverally pleaded Not Guiltv.

They were again Arraign'd upon an Indict- 5th Indictment, For Piratically and Feloniously taking a ment, For Py-Portuguese Ship, near Callicut, in the East Indies; racy on a Poron the 20th of January, in the 9th Year of the tuguefe Ship.

To which Indictment, they also, severally, Page 480. pleaded Not Guilty; and then the Court adjourn'd.

The 6th of May, 1701, the Court being fet, a The Tryal on Jury was Sworn, and charg'd with the Prisoners, the 2d and 3d on the two first of these Indictments; which were Indictments open'd by Mr. Knapp. And then.

Robert Braddinham was Sworn.

Mr. Braddinham depos'd, (as he had done before) that they failed from Plymouth, in the Adventure-Galley, under the Command of Captain Kidd; in the beginning of May, 1606. they continued some time at New-York, and from thence they failed to the Madera's, to Madagafcar, and from thence, to an Island call'd Babskey, in the Mouth of the Red Sea; where they fell in with the Fleet from Moco, and were repuls'd .-That from Babskey, they fail'd for Caranar; and Evidence of in their Way, in September, 1697, they met with taking the a Moorist Ship, commanded by Captain Parker; first Moorists (which is the Ship mentioned in the first of these Ship. two Indictments) That they took Captain Parker out of this Ship, for a Pilot; and a Portuguese for an Interpreter. And Captain Kidd order'd some of the Moors to have their Hands bound behind them; and to be drubb'd with a naked Cutlace. And he took out of the Ship, some Pepper, Coffee, Arabian Gold, and other Things: And let the Ship, and the rest of the Men go; who were about Thirty in Number.

for Piracy, comes on.

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Dr. Oxenden. What Country-man was Captain Parker?

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Braddinham. He told me, he was an English Man. Mr. Knapp. Were all the rest of the Prisoners, at the taking of this Ship?

Braddinham. Yes, Every one of them.

Just. Turton. What Goods did they take out of this Ship?

Braddinham. Several Bales of Pepper and Coffee, and some Myrrh; which is a Gum.

Sol. Gen. What did they do with it? Braddinham. Captain Kidd made Pitch of the Myrrh.

Sol. Gen. Where did they go, after taking of

this Ship? Braddinham. To Caramar, which is an English Factory: And the Factory fent some Men on board, and demanded Captain Parker, and the Portuguefe. And Kidd kept them in the Hold, and denied they were a-board. I suppose, the Factory had Notice from the Mariners we let go, of their being aboard; for they went to Bombay, which is about Forty Leagues from Carawar.

Evidence of Moorish Ship.

Afterwards, Captain Kidd cruifed on the Coast taking the 2d of Malabar; and on the 17th of November, took another Moorish Ship, commanded by Skipper Mitchel, a Dutchman; (which is the Ship mentioned in the second of these two Indicaments) being about One Hundred and Fifty Tun. In this Ship, there were two Horses, and eleven or twelve Bails of Cotton. And Captain Kidd having fet the Men ashoar, kept the Ship, and carried her to Madagascar.

Bar. Hatsel. How do you know this Skipper

Mitchel was a Dutchman?

Braddinham. He told me so: He came a-board us, and took Arms under Captain Kidd.

Sol. Gen. Were all these Prisoners on board, Page 493. when this Ship was taken?

Braddinham. Yes.

Sol. Gen. What did they do with that Ship, after they came to Madagascar?

Braddiaham,

Braddinham. They funk her in the Harbour, that the might be convenient for Vessels to careen by. And when we came to Madagascar, there came off a Canoe from the Moco Frigate, Captain Culliford Commander; (who was a Pirate) and they said, they heard Captain Kidd was come to take and hang them. And Kidd said, It was no such Thing; and swore he would be true to them, and do them no Harm. And Captain Kidd, and Culliford, became very friendly, and made Presents to one another: And Kidd supply'd Culliford with two Guns.

Dr. Newton. Was there any Division of the

Goods, or Money taken?

Braddinham. After we came to Madagascar, Captain Kidd ordered the Goods to be hoisted out, and shar'd; and Captain Kidd had Forty Shares himself, and the rest of the Crew, had some a whole Share, and others half Shares, according to the Articles?

Kidd. Had you any Share?

Braddinham. Yes.

Kidd. Did not you come a-board, and rob the Surgeon's Cheft?

Braddinham. No, I did not.

Kidd. You are a Rogue: I did not divide the Goods, but the Men did what they pleas'd; and you took your Share, and faw the French Passes. This Fellow us'd to sleep five or six Months together, in the Hold.

Just. Turton. I affure you, he gives a very good

Account of the Matter.

Bar. Hatfel. Why did you give him a Share then?

Kidd. Because he was Surgeon. As for the Goods, they did what they pleas'd, and took them amongst them. They went to the Island, and left me with about Forty Men in the Ship; and they laid wait for me, to kill me.

Mullins. My Lord, I was a Passenger a-board

Capt. Shelly's Ship.

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Sol. Gen. How came he to leave Captain Kidd

at Madagascar?

Braddinham. He went a-board Captain Culliford's Ship: There were Sixty or Seventy Men. went a-board Culliford.

Palmer was Sworn.

He repeated the Evidence he had given at the Page 485. former Tryal, which was agreeable to what Braddinham had sworn in both. And,-

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Palmer added, That at the English Factory at Caramar, some of Kidd's Men left him; and others being about to get away with the Boat, he prevented them, and had them whipp'd at the Gan. And that when they came to the Malabar Island: (where his Cooper had his Throat cut) Kidd fent his Men ashoar, and order'd them to divide themfelves into Parties, and burn all the Houses they came near, except those that had white Flags upon them. And he faved those Houses, because the People helped him to Water the Ship.

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Just. Turton. You may make your Defence, Captain Kidd, First, as to the Ship taken in Septem-

ber: Then, for that in November.

Kidd. What is it the nearer for me to speak, I have no Witnesses for these Things. Here are all these Men saw the French Pass.

Palmer. Indeed Captain, I never faw it.

Kidd. You left my Ship, with Ninety Five Men more, and went a Rogueing afterwards.

Sol. Gen. Why did you go on board Culliford,

the Pyrate?

I had a Defign to take that Frigate; but was threatned to be shot in the Cabbin, by such Villains as these.

Palmar. I know nothing of that; but I'm fure I fav'd your Life on the Malabar Island, when you

burnt the Boat.

Then Kidd called Colonel Hemfon to his Reputation.

He depos'd, That Kidd was with him in two Ingagements against the French, about Nine Years ago; 200 5 Frenc. That ratee upon he cc thous Bella: rern' Rive

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re no

ago; and fought as well as any Man. That the French were fix Ships, and they were but two: That Captain Kidd's Men would have gone a Pirateering once, and he refused it; and they seiz'd upon the Ship. And when Kidd went this Voyage, he consulted the Deponent; who told him, he thought he had enough already. But my Lord Bellamont told Kidd, there were Great Men concern'd, and they would stop his Brigantine in the River, if he did not go.-- That he had heard Kidd say, he would be shot to Death before he would turn Pirate: And that he was very serviceable in the West-Indies.

Thomas Cooper, was also call'd to Kidd's Reputation.

He depos'd, That Kidd brought his Ship into the King's Service, in the beginning of the late War; and that he, and the last Witness, fought Mr. Du Case a whole Day, and got the better of him: And that Kidd behav'd himself very well, in the Face of the Enemy.

Davis appear'd.

Kidd. Did not you see the French Passes?

Davis. Yes, I saw them.

Sol. Gen. How do you know they were French Passes.

Davis. He told me they were French Passes, I did not know, I could not read them.

Kidd. My Lord, in pursuance of my Commission I took those Ships which had French Passes on board, and my Lord Bellamont took them by Force from me.

Just. Turton. But, Why did you not condemne the other Ships as well as the French Banker?

Kidd. I could not carry these Ships home, by reason my Men left me: Mr. Braddinham, Are not you promised your Life to take away mine?

Just. Turton. He is not bound to answer that Question: Perhaps there can be no other Witnesses, had, than Persons in his Circumstances.

Page 489

Page 492. mers convicted on the Two laft Indictments, but the Servants.

Then Mr. Justice Turton directed the Jury in All the Priso- every Point, as the Lord Chief Baron Ward had done in the former Tryal for Pyracy; after which the Jury withdrew, and within half an Hour brought in their Verdict : That Lamley, Jenkins, and Barlicorn were Not Guilty, and that Captain Kidd and the other Six were Guilty.

Page 493. The Tryal on the 4th and 5th Indictments for Piracy, comes QIL.

Then they were all Ten arraign'd upon Two other Indiaments, for Piracy; the one for taking a Moorish Ship, Four Leagues from Calicut, and the other for taking a Portuguese Ship, Twelve Leagues from Calicut.

To which Indicements, they severally pleaded Not Guilty, and a Jury was charg'd with them.

Three of them retract their Plea. and plead Guilty.

Afterwards, Churchill, How, and Owens retraced their Plea, and pleaded Guilty.

Then Mr. Knapp, and Mr. Sollicitor opened both these Indiaments, and the Evidence against the rest of the Prisoners. And,

Page 494.

Mr. Braddinham, the Surgeon, was Sworn again.

Evidence of taking the Vessel in the 4th Indictment.

He gave the same Evidence, as to their sailing from England and New-York, &c. 'till they came to the Coast of Malabar, as he had done in the former Tryals; and as to the Ketch mentioned in the Indictment, he deposed, That it was taken on the Malabar Coast, about December, 1697, and that one of the Boat's Crew was wounded at the taking it.

Sol. Gen. What was there in the Vessel?

Braddinham. Some Tubs of Sugar Candy, Tobacco, &c. and they were carried aboard and shar'd, Two Tubs and a half of Sugar Candy to a Mess.

Clerk of Arraignment. Had the Prisoners at the Bar any Share?

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Catt. WILLIAM KIDD, &c. An. 1701.

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Braddinham. Yes, It was divided into Shares and half Shares, according to the Articles; and after they had divided the Goods they burnt the Ship, and the Mariners, who were Moors, were driven ashoar.

Knapp. What did you meet with afterwards? Page 495.

Braddinham. In January, 1697, We met with Evidence of the Portuguese Ship on the Coast of Malabar, and thetaking the took out of her some Opium Powder, East India Portuguese Goods, &c. about the Value of Five Hundred Ship menti-Pound; and after Captain Kidd had plundered oned in the this Ship, several Dutch Ships gave him Chase, 5th Indicaand he was forc'd to leave her.

Sol. Gen. What did he do with the Goods?

Braddinham. He fold the Opium on the Coast, and the rest he kept for Provision; and all the Prisoners had their Share of the Money. After this Capt. Kidd took the Quedah Merchant, and another Moorish Ship; and he plunder'd about a Dozen Malabar Boats, and then let them go.

Foseph Palmer Sworn.

Page 4950

He gave the same Account of the Voyage he had done in the former Tryals, and agreed with Braddinham in the Evidence he gave of the taking the Moorish Ketch, and the Portuguese Ship mentioned in these Two Indicaments.

Then Mr. Justice Turton directed the Jury, and intimated to them, That the Case of the Three Servants ought to be distinguished from the rest; and the Jury being withdrawn, in a little time returned with their Verdict, viz.

Page 4979

That Kidd, Loffe, Parrot, and Mullins were Guilty; and that Lamley, Jenkins, and Barlicorn, Kidd, Loffe, (the Three Servants) were Not Guilty.

Page 498. Parrot, and Mullins convicted.

Robert

The TRYAL of &c.

Page 500.
The PrifoA ners who
netwere convictored, are conla demned with
m Hickman and
th Eldridge, Two
other Pirates.

Robert Hickman, and John Eldridge, having also been convicted of Piracy, were call'd to their Sentence, together with William Kidd, Nicholas Churchill, James Howe, Gabriel Loffe, Hugh Parrot, Abel Owens, and Darby Mullins; and having nothing material to offer, in Arrest of Judgment, Sentence of Death was pronounc'd upon them, by Dr. Oxenden.

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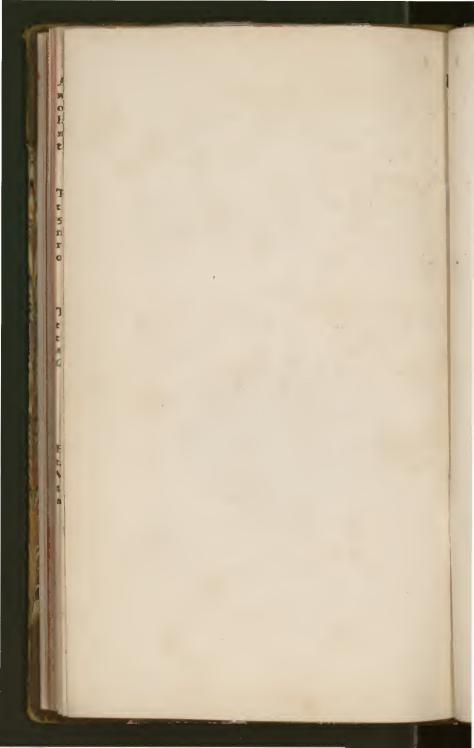
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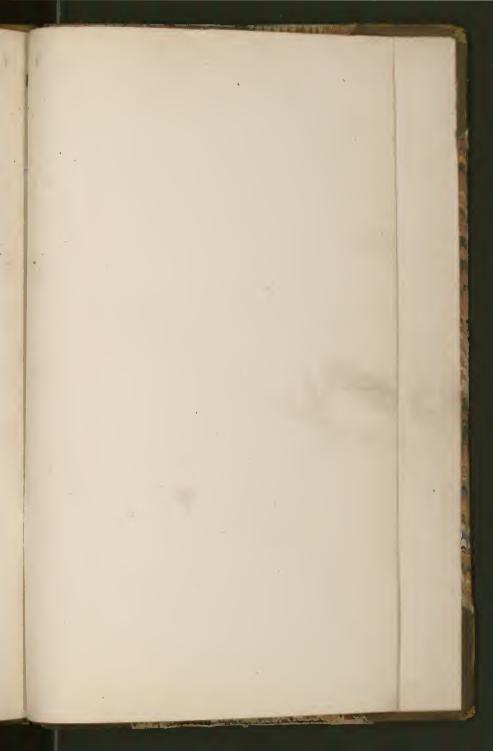
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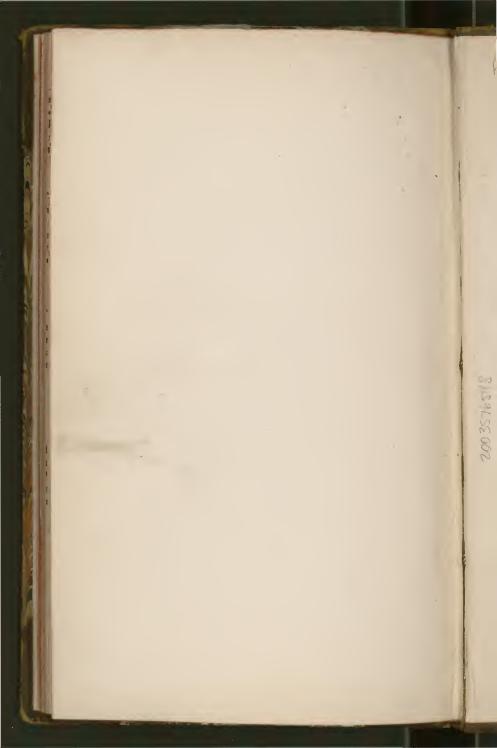
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