

# Mineral Industry Surveys

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#### **IRON AND STEEL SCRAP IN OCTOBER 2012**

On a daily average basis in October 2012, estimated consumption of iron and steel scrap decreased by12%, net receipts of purchased scrap increased 9%, and home scrap production increased 14% from that of September 2012. Stocks of purchased and home scrap at the end of October 2012 increased slightly from those at the end of September 2012. These observations are based upon responses from about 28% of the companies surveyed that manufacture pig iron and semifinished steel products, which represent about 32% of the total scrap consumption in those sectors, and estimates for nonrespondents to this survey.

On a daily average basis, pig iron production was about the same as that in September 2012 and consumption decreased 8% in October 2012 from that in September 2012. Stocks of pig iron at the end of October 2012 decreased 9% from those at the end of September 2012.

Exports of iron and steel scrap for the month of October 2012 decreased by 11% from those of September 2012. Turkey was the leading country of destination, accounting for 30% of the total tonnage of exports, followed by Taiwan with 17% and the Republic of Korea with 17% (table 6). Los Angeles, CA, was the leading U.S. Customs district for tonnage of exports, accounting for 21% of the total, followed by New York, NY, with 13% and San Francisco, CA, with 8% (table 7).

Imports of iron and steel scrap for October 2012 were slightly more than those of September 2012. Canada was the leading country of origin, accounting for 92% of the total tonnage of imports, followed by Mexico with 6%, and Sweden with 1% (table 9). Detroit, MI, was the leading U.S. Customs district for tonnage of imports, accounting for 31% of the total, followed by Seattle, WA, with 29% and Buffalo, NY, with 20% (table 10).

The daily average domestic raw steel production for October 2012, as calculated from the American Iron and Steel Institute's (AISI) monthly production data, was 219,000 metric tons, down by 4% less than that in September 2012 and down by 5% less than that in October 2011 (table 12). The electric furnace portion of raw steel production for October 2012 was 60%, the same as that in September 2012 and and increase of 58% in October 2011.

Raw steel production capability utilization (AISI data) in October 2012 was 68%, a decrease of 70% from that in September 2012 and a decrease of 72% from that in October 2011 (table 12). Continuous cast steel production in October 2012 accounted for 99% of total raw steel production, compared with 98% for that in September 2012 and 98% for that in October 2011.

 ${\it TABLE~1}$  IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, PIG IRON, AND DIRECT-REDUCED IRON STATISTICS FOR STEEL PRODUCERS  $^{1,\,2}$ 

#### (Thousand metric tons)

		October 2012			January-October	3
	·	Electric			Electric	
	Integrated	furnace	Total for	Integrated	furnace	Total for
	steel	steel	steel	steel	steel	steel
	producers4	producers <sup>5</sup>	producers	producers4	producers <sup>5</sup>	producers
Scrap:						
Receipts from dealers and other sources	1,700	1,990	3,690	17,900	20,600	38,600
Receipts from other own company plants	45	247	292	490	2,460	2,950
Production recirculating scrap	370	233	603	4,240	2,330	6,570
Production obsolete scrap	W	W	10	W	W	116
Consumption (by type of furnace):						
Blast furnace	W	W	W	W	W	W
Basic oxygen process	W	W	421	W	W	6,440
Electric furnace	1,350	2,230	3,580	13,300	23,600	36,900
Other (including air furnace) <sup>6</sup>	W	W	W	W	W	W
Total consumption	1,940	2,370	4,310	21,600	25,200	46,800
Shipments	82	17	99	992	182	1,170
Stocks, end of period	1,930	1,760	3,690	1,930	1,760	3,690
Pig iron (includes hot metal):	<del></del>					
Receipts	515	85	600	5,480	849	6,320
Production	2,080		2,080	23,300		23,300
Consumption (by type of furnace):						
Basic oxygen process	W	W	2,000	W	W	24,600
Direct castings <sup>7</sup>	W	W	W	W	W	W
Electric furnace	W	W	W	W	W	W
Total consumption	2,590	73	2,670	28,700	834	29,500
Shipments	<del></del>			$\mathbf{W}$		54
Stocks, end of period	W	W	367	$\mathbf{W}$	W	367
Direct-reduced iron: <sup>8</sup>	<del></del>					
Receipts	91	88	179	1,020	581	1,610
Total consumption	224	54	278	2,160	534	2,700
Stocks, end of period	139	75	214	139	75	214

W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total for steel producers" and (or) "Total consumption." -- Zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings. October 2012 data are based on returns from 28% of consumer surveys, representing 32% of scrap consumption during this month, and estimates for nonrespondents of this survey.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>May include revisions to previously published data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Includes data for electric furnaces operated by integrated steel producers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Includes minimill and specialty steel producers; includes data for other furnaces operated by these steel producers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Includes vacuum melting furnaces and miscellaneous uses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Includes ingot molds and stools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Includes direct-reduced iron, hot-briquetted iron, and iron carbide. Domestic production data are included in "Receipts."

 ${\it TABLE~2}$  RECEIPTS FROM OUTSIDE SOURCES, PRODUCTION, CONSUMPTION, AND STOCKS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, BY GRADE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS  $^{1,2}$ 

		October 2012				January–October <sup>p, 3</sup>	
Item	Receipts of scrap from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources	Production of home scrap (recirculating scrap resulting from current operations)	Consumption of purchased and home scrap <sup>4</sup>	Ending stocks	Receipts of scrap from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources	Production of home scrap (recirculating scrap resulting from current operations)	Consumption of purchased and home scrap <sup>4</sup>
Carbon steel:	_						
Low-phosphorus plate and							
punchings	55	$\mathbf{W}$	58	137	554	W	580
Cut structural and plate	315	48	379	248	3,310	555	4,000
No. 1 heavy melting steel	382	79	460	331	3,940	781	4,850
No. 2 heavy melting steel	413	23	443	329	4,630	223	4,940
No. 1 and electric furnace	_						
bundles	192	W	238	271	1,970	W	2,720
No. 2 and all other bundles	70	W	74	36	809	W	830
Electric furnace 1 foot and	=						
under (not bundles)	2	W	W	W	15	W	W
Railroad rails	23	W	25	23	204	W	256
Turnings and borings	182	4	198	140	1,900	40	2,080
Slag scrap	72	89	114	128	789	923	1,290
Shredded and fragmentized	1,130	W	1,210	1,120	11,800	W	13,300
No. 1 busheling	372	14	356	343	3,630	158	3,850
Steel cans (post consumer)	10		10	3	96		96
All other carbon steel scrap	243	106	345	186	2,410	1,350	3,770
Stainless steel scrap	73	27	108	47	723	271	1,090
Alloy steel scrap	31	18	52	164	366	191	584
Ingot mold and stool scrap	W	W	8	15	W	W	105
Machinery and cupola cast iron	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Cast iron borings	12	W	20	W	W	W	W
Other iron scrap	62	17	75	59	758	278	997
Other mixed scrap	43	37	118	93	398	386	1,140
Total	3,690	603	4,310	3,690	38,600	6,570	46,800

Preliminary. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total." -- Zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>May include revisions to previously published data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Includes recirculating scrap and home-generated obsolete scrap.

### TABLE 3 RECEIPTS FROM OUTSIDE SOURCES, PRODUCTION, AND CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, BY REGION AND STATE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS $^{1,2}$

		October 2012			January-October <sup>p, 3</sup>	
Region and State	Receipts of scrap from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources	Production of home scrap (recirculating scrap resulting from current operations)	Consumption of purchased and home scrap <sup>4</sup>	Receipts of scrap from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources	Production of home scrap (recirculating scrap resulting from current operations)	Consumption of purchased and home scrap <sup>4</sup>
Mid-Atlantic and New England:			•			•
New Jersey, New York,	<del></del>					
Pennsylvania	403	145	606	4,160	1,430	6,140
North Central:						
Illinois and Indiana	438	142	575	4,530	1,410	5,910
Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska,	<del></del>					
Wisconsin	253	13	281	2,550	131	2,790
Michigan	142	91	157	1,530	1,020	2,040
Ohio	418	70	493	4,530	808	5,430
Total	1,250	316	1,510	13,100	3,360	16,200
South Atlantic:						
Delaware, Maryland, Virginia,	<del></del>					
West Virginia	167	21	185	2,150	490	2,840
Georgia, North Carolina,						
South Carolina	273	14	286	3,250	185	3,470
Total	440	35	471	5,390	675	6,310
South Central:						
Alabama, Kentucky,						
Mississippi, Tennessee	737	39	757	7,280	397	7,850
Arkansas, Louisiana,						
Oklahoma, Texas	599	46	642	6,040	481	7,230
Total	1,340	85	1,400	13,300	878	15,100
Mountain and Pacific:						
Arizona, California, Colorado,						
Oregon, Utah, Washington	256	22	324	2,560	223	3,160
Grand total	3,690	603	4,310	38,600	6,570	46,800

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>p</sup>Preliminary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>May include revisions to previously published data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Includes recirculating scrap and home-generated obsolete scrap.

 ${\it TABLE~4}$  RECEIPTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, BY REGION AND GRADE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS  $^{1,\,2,\,3,\,4}$ 

		O	ctober 2012				Janu	ary–October <sup>p,</sup>	5	
	Mid-Atlantic				Mountain	Mid-Atlantic				Mountain
	and	North	South	South	and	and	North	South	South	and
Item	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific
Carbon steel:	_									
Low-phosphorus plate and										
punchings	19	W		W	W	188	W	4	W	W
Cut structural and plate	41	85	55	113	W	407	976	636	1,090	W
No. 1 heavy melting steel	63	95	33	166	24	679	1,010	368	1,640	242
No. 2 heavy melting steel	10	131	40	192	W	101	1,610	464	2,070	W
No. 1 and electric furnace										
bundles	8	144	4	32	W	84	1,340	178	341	W
No. 2 and all other bundles	12	33	W	W	W	132	343	W	W	W
Electric furnace 1 foot and										
under (not bundles)		W		W			W		W	
Railroad rails	W	W	W	7	W	W	W		47	W
Turnings and borings	15	55	18	86	9	147	601	256	808	85
Slag scrap	11	38	W	19	W	110	319	W	184	W
Shredded and fragmentized	77	269	189	449	145	800	2,870	2,100	4,570	1,450
No. 1 busheling	57	140	21	153	W	569	1,380	309	1,360	W
Steel cans (post consumer)	6	W				60	W			W
All other carbon steel scrap	38	129	14	60	3	411	1,220	133	615	27
Stainless steel scrap	W	W		W		W	W		W	
Alloy steel scrap	W	W		W		W	W		W	
Ingot mold and stool scrap	W	W				W	W			
Machinery and cupola cast iron	W	W	W	W		W	W	W	W	
Cast iron borings	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Other iron scrap	4	28	W	8	W	49	306	W	78	W
Other mixed scrap	W	7	W	3	W	W	59	W	23	W
Total	403	1,250	440	1,340	256	4,160	13,100	5,390	13,300	2,560

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>p</sup>Preliminary. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total." -- Zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Scrap received from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>A breakout of the States within each region is provided in Table 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>May include revisions to previously published data.

### ${\it TABLE~5}$ CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY REGION AND GRADE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS $^{1,\,2,\,3}$

		O	ctober 2012				Jar	uary-October	1	
	Mid-Atlantic and	North	South	South	Mountain and	Mid-Atlantic and	North	South	South	Mountain and
Item	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific
Carbon steel:										
Low-phosphorus plate and	_									
punchings	19	W	1	W	W	192	W	10	W	W
Cut structural and plate	50	102	96	110	W	512	1,190	955	1,130	W
No. 1 heavy melting steel	111	118	31	175	26	1,090	1,250	385	1,870	255
No. 2 heavy melting steel	16	147	34	206	W	160	1,620	490	2,260	W
No. 1 and electric furnace	_									
bundles	20	181	6	28	W	203	1,960	179	346	W
No. 2 and all other bundles	11	35	W	17	W	131	344	W	177	W
Electric furnace 1 foot and	_									
under (not bundles)		W		W			W		W	
Railroad rails	W	W		6	W	W	W		63	W
Turnings and borings	32	63	12	82	9	310	630	250	805	86
Slag scrap	17	59	W	33	W	166	617	W	327	W
Shredded and fragmentized	105	277	186	479	161	1,080	3,070	2,340	5,220	1,610
No. 1 busheling	59	151	28	116	W	626	1,490	306	1,410	W
Steel cans (post consumer)	- 6	W				60	W			
All other carbon steel scrap	66	177	16	84	3	683	1,810	414	833	29
Stainless steel scrap	55	W		W		549	180		W	
Alloy steel scrap	13	29		W		136	345		W	
Ingot mold and stool scrap	W	7		W		W	61		W	
Machinery and cupola cast iron		W	W	W			W	W	W	
Cast iron borings	W	W	W		W	W	W	W		W
Other iron scrap	11	33	23	7	W	119	427	364	82	W
Other mixed scrap	W	38	W	2	W	W	394	W	20	W
Total	606	1,510	471	1,400	324	6,140	16,200	6,310	15,100	3,160

W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total." -- Zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>A breakout of the States within each region is provided in Table 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>May include revisions to previously published data.

 ${\rm TABLE}~6$  U.S. EXPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY SELECTED REGION AND COUNTRY  $^{1,\,2}$ 

er 2012	tober	per 2012	Januar	y–October <sup>3</sup>
Value	y	Value	Quantity	Value
	1	1	3 1	244
23,	0'	23,9	0 1,020	349,000
			31	11,900
	4)		9 2	910
			30	13,100
28,	34	28,9	0 648	251,000
11,	1	11,5	0 121	47,700
	2	1	4 2	370
4	1	4	5 7	3,400
65,	9	65,1	0 1,860	678,000
;	2	8	7 3	2,410
	4)	2	2 7	6,330
			373	151,000
			6	11,500
	4)	2	2 3	4,160
	4)	1	0 33	19,000
			25	10,700
2,	2	2,3	0 12	18,000
			81	35,800
1,3	1	1,3	0 16	30,200
151,	3	151,0	0 5,510	2,190,000
	4)	1	7 3	994
	4)	2	6 2	3,300
:	1	5	4 14	11,400
157,	9	157,0	0 6,090	2,490,000
1,	3	1,2	0 36	16,900
91,	2	91,6	0 1,640	1,140,000
4,	5	4,2	0 54	41,900
42,	4	42,9	0 1,070	477,000
	4	34,7		155,000
5,9	3	5,9	0 42	72,700
86,	-3	86,5	0 2,620	1,100,000
2,0	4	2,0	0 625	260,000
13,	1	13,6	0 184	113,000
			4	1,710
	4)	1	4 4	1,870
	2	99,6		1,330,000
	3	7		140,000
	26	9,6		169,000
	4)	3		
	.0	393,0		5,020,000
				8,190,000
	0	616,0		

<sup>--</sup> Zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ships, boats, and other vessels for scrapping. Export valuation is on a free-alongside-ship basis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>May include revisions to previously published data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Less than ½ unit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Includes countries with January–October 2012 quantities of less than 500 metric tons.

## TABLE 7 $\mbox{U.s. EXPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY REGION AND SELECTED CUSTOMS DISTRICT}^{1,\,2}$

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	October	2012	January–	January–October <sup>3</sup>	
Region and customs district	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
Canada–United States border:					
Buffalo, NY	12	5,270	229	89,800	
Chicago, IL	(4)	23	2	930	
Detroit, MI	23	7,440	277	90,400	
Duluth, MN	1	363	17	7,390	
Great Falls, MT	1	351	9	3,000	
Ogdensburg, NY	2	566	22	7,410	
Pembina, ND	20	7,160	366	143,000	
Other	4	710	53	9,980	
Total	63	21,900	974	352,000	
East coast:					
Baltimore, MD	14	6,190	249	108,000	
Boston, MA	2	1,260	1,080	442,000	
Charleston, SC	8	6,180	109	66,800	
Charlotte, NC	2	2,740	12	18,100	
Miami, FL	36	15,100	403	168,000	
New York, NY	194	82,900	2,580	1,190,000	
Norfolk, VA	48	21,800	576	263,000	
Philadelphia, PA	74	26,000	777	322,000	
Portland, ME	43	15,300	159	64,500	
Providence, RI	47	16,800	530	211,000	
Savannah, GA	20	12,400	299	174,000	
St. Albans, VT	- 5	1,810	50	17,800	
Washington, DC	(4)	19	(4)	49	
Total	494	208,000	6,820	3,040,000	
Gulf coast and Mexico-United States	_				
border (includes Caribbean territories):					
El Paso, TX	4	1,260	28	9,860	
Houston-Galveston, TX	120	51,500	1,150	512,000	
Laredo, TX	41	14,500	354	138,000	
Mobile, AL	4	2,200	176	83,300	
New Orleans, LA	- 88	30,400	813	312,000	
San Juan, PR	16	4,970	286	100,000	
Tampa, FL	- 5	2,980	294	127,000	
U.S. Virgin Islands	- 5	893	17	2,930	
Other	1	732	1	936	
Total	284	109,000	3,120	1,290,000	
West coast and Hawaii:	_	<u> </u>	•		
Columbia–Snake, OR	- 66	24,800	1,130	471,000	
Honolulu, HI, and Anchorage, AK	- 8	2,600	143	56,500	
Los Angeles, CA	301	147,000	3,540	1,820,000	
San Diego, CA	- 8	2,660	23	6,770	
San Francisco, CA	123	52,300	1,650	725,000	
Seattle, WA	120	46,600	1,000	428,000	
Total	626	276,000	7,480	3,510,000	

<sup>--</sup> Zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ships, boats, and other vessels for scrapping. Export valuation is on a free-alongside-ship basis.

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mathrm{Data}$  are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>May include revisions to previously published data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Less than ½ unit.

TABLE 8 U.S. EXPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP AND OTHER FERROUS PRODUCTS BY GRADE  $^{\rm 1,\,2}$ 

	October	r 2012	January-October	
Item	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
No. 1 heavy melting steel	509	178,000	6,450	2,570,000
No. 2 heavy melting steel	94	32,100	965	372,000
No. 1 bundles	14	4,720	397	146,000
No. 2 bundles		218	9	2,250
Shredded steel scrap	395	139,000	5,550	2,240,000
Borings, shovelings and turnings	6	1,930	76	27,800
Cut plate and structural	73	26,400	867	350,000
Tinned iron or steel	10	4,080	126	61,200
Remelting scrap ingots		1,820	27	30,400
Cast iron	33	13,400	485	203,000
Other iron and steel	205	91,400	2,360	1,060,000
Total carbon steel and cast iron	1,340	493,000	17,300	7,070,000
Stainless steel	61	70,900	519	675,000
Other alloy steel	63	52,000	570	448,000
Total stainless and alloy steel	124	123,000	1,090	1,120,000
Total carbon, stainless, alloy steel and cast iron	1,470	616,000	18,400	8,190,000
Ships, boats, and other vessels for				
breaking up (for scrapping)			4	872
Used rails for rerolling and other uses	9	8,490	30	30,700
Total scrap exports	1,480	624,000	18,400	8,220,000
Exports of manufactured ferrous products:				
Pig iron < or = 0.5% phosphorus	1	428	9	4,840
Pig iron > 0.5% phosphorus		210	3	279
Alloy pig iron	(3)	265	75	1,790
Total pig iron	3	903	88	6,910
Direct-reduced iron (DRI)	(3)	10	(3)	53
Spongy iron products, not DRI	(3)	156	4	3,090
Granules for abrasive cleaning and other uses		4,930	33	43,600
Powders of alloy steel	1	2,940	10	37,000
Other ferrous powders	5	6,260	72	82,300
Total DRI, granules, powders	10	14,300	120	166,000
Grand total	1,490	639,000	18,609	8,400,000

<sup>--</sup> Zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Export valuation is on a free-alongside-ship basis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Less than ½ unit.

TABLE 9  $\label{eq:U.S. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY SELECTED COUNTRY^{1,2}$ 

	Octobe	r 2012	January–	October <sup>3</sup>	
Country	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
Bahamas, The	(4)	86	7	1,430	
Canada	243	96,600	2,530	1,070,000	
Cayman Islands	(4)	19	6	1,600	
France			16	6,950	
Germany	(4)	79	48	21,300	
Guatemala	1	32	1	215	
Japan	(4)	169	2	821	
Korea, Republic of			4	1,570	
Mexico		8,700	191	102,000	
Netherlands			135	59,400	
Panama	(4)	5	1	303	
Sweden		853	72	31,800	
United Kingdom	(4)	204	103	48,100	
Other <sup>5</sup>	(4)	256	10	8,110	
Total	265	107,000	3,130	1,350,000	

<sup>--</sup> Zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ships, boats, and other vessels for scrapping. Import valuation is on a Customs basis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>May include revisions to previously published data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Less than ½ unit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Includes countries with January–October 2012 quantities of less than 500 metric tons.

TABLE 10  $\mbox{U.S. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY SELECTED CUSTOMS DISTRICT } ^{1,2}$ 

	October 2012		January–	January–October <sup>3</sup>	
Customs district	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
Buffalo, NY	54	33,000	523	349,000	
Charleston, SC	(4)	79	187	82,200	
Chicago, IL	(4)	222	24	2,740	
Columbia-Snake, OR	- 8	3,190	43	15,100	
Detroit, MI	81	31,100	878	367,000	
Duluth, MN	_ 2	1,680	25	10,400	
El Paso, TX	3	1,570	35	15,200	
Great Falls, MT	14	4,650	120	43,100	
Laredo, TX	9	5,430	68	55,000	
Los Angeles, CA	1	74	15	7,400	
Miami, FL	(4)	144	7	1,820	
Mobile, AL	_ 2	860	35	16,300	
New Orleans, LA			121	49,600	
New York, NY	(4)	16	4	4,240	
Nogales, AZ	2	472	23	9,280	
Ogdensburg, NY	3	1,640	30	26,600	
Pembina, ND	3	1,810	59	23,500	
Portland, ME	(4)	174	9	3,440	
San Diego, CA	4	1,210	54	16,600	
Seattle, WA	76	19,200	821	229,000	
Tampa, FL	(4)	30	8	2,260	
Wilmington, NC	(4)	4	36	16,600	
Other	(4)	409	6	6,420	
Total	265	107,000	3,130	1,350,000	

<sup>--</sup> Zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ships, boats and other vessels for scrapping. Import valuation is on a Customs basis.

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mbox{Data}$  are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>May include revisions to previously published data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Less than ½ unit.

## TABLE 11 U.S. IMPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP AND OTHER FERROUS PRODUCTS BY GRADE $^{1,2}$

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	Octobe	r 2012	January-October	
Item	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
No. 1 heavy melting steel	25	8,310	213	75,600
No. 2 heavy melting steel	7	1,980	80	24,700
No. 1 bundles	67	21,100	889	369,000
No. 2 bundles	1	128	16	4,010
Shredded steel scrap	27	4,990	344	90,100
Borings, shovelings and turnings	7	1,660	73	18,000
Cut plate and structural	18	5,090	226	67,700
Tinned iron or steel	8	2,550	80	26,800
Remelting scrap ingots			(3)	201
Cast iron	12	3,870	176	56,100
Other iron and steel	50	14,600	507	150,000
Total carbon steel and cast iron	222	64,300	2,600	881,000
Stainless steel	10	15,300	128	207,000
Other alloy steel	33	27,400	400	264,000
Total stainless and alloy steel	43	42,700	527	471,000
Total carbon, stainless, alloy steel and cast iron	265	107,000	3,130	1,350,000
Ships, boats, and other vessels for	<del></del>			
breaking up (for scrapping)			(3)	22
Total scrap imports	265	107,000	3,130	1,350,000
Imports of manufactured ferrous products:				
Pig iron < or = 0.5% phosphorus	433	181,000	3,550	1,610,000
Pig iron > or = 0.5% phosphorus			(3)	200
Alloy pig iron	(3)	103	(3)	196
Total pig iron	433	181,000	3,560	1,610,000
Direct-reduced iron (DRI)	237	82,300	2,070	784,000
Spongy iron products, not DRI	33	11,300	222	82,600
Granules for abrasive cleaning and other uses		1,780	18	18,100
Powders of alloy steel	4	7,970	46	83,100
Other ferrous powders	4	6,350	72	71,700
Total DRI, granules, powders	279	110,000	2,420	1,040,000
Grand total	977	397,000	9,110	4,000,000

<sup>--</sup> Zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Import valuation is on a Customs basis.

 $<sup>^2\</sup>mbox{\sc Data}$  are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Less than ½ unit.

TABLE 12 U.S. RAW STEEL PRODUCTION, RAW STEEL CAPABILITY UTILIZATION, AND CONTINUOUS CAST STEEL PRODUCTION  $^{\rm I}$ 

	Raw steel p		Raw steel o		Continuous	
	-	Year	Year			Year
Period	Monthly	to date <sup>2</sup>	Monthly	to date <sup>2</sup>	Monthly	to date <sup>2</sup>
2011:						
October	7,160	71,900	71.9	74.5	97.9	97.7
November	7,040	78,900	73.0	74.4	98.0	97.7
December	7,490	86,400	75.2	74.4	98.0	97.8
2012:						
January	7,710	7,710	77.6	77.6	98.4	98.4
February	7,550	15,300	80.7	79.1	98.3	98.4
March	7,970	23,200	79.6	79.3	98.4	98.4
April	7,830	31,100	80.9	79.7	98.4	98.4
May	7,920	39,000	79.2	79.6	98.7	98.5
June	7,240	46,200	74.8	78.8	98.6	98.5
July	7,330	53,600	73.3	78.0	98.8	98.5
August	7,630	61,200	76.3	77.8	98.7	98.6
September	6,810	68,000	70.4	77.0	98.4	98.5
October	6,800	74,800	68.0	76.1	98.7	98.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits.

Source: American Iron and Steel Institute.

 ${\it TABLE~13}$  COMPOSITE PRICES FOR NO. 1 HEAVY MELTING STEEL SCRAP AND PIG IRON

Period	American Metal Market No. 1 HMS		Scrap Price Bulletin <sup>1</sup>			
			No. 1 HMS		Pig Iron <sup>2</sup>	
	\$/lt	\$/t	\$/lt	\$/t	\$/lt	\$/t
2011:						
September	416.83	410.25	416.83	410.25	558.80	549.97
October	405.95	399.54	408.30	401.85	553.21	544.47
November	379.75	373.75	373.33	367.43	497.84	489.98
December	396.41	390.15	339.50	334.14	497.84	489.98
Average, January–December	410.99	404.49	398.20	391.91	528.37	520.02
2012:						
January	424.42	417.72	428.17	421.41	516.13	507.98
February	406.16	399.75	401.17	394.83	520.70	512.48
March	402.76	396.40	401.92	395.57	520.70	512.48
April	395.08	388.84	399.17	392.87	520.70	512.48
May	398.55	392.26	399.17	392.87	520.70	512.48
June	356.34	350.71	357.08	351.44	520.70	512.48
July	315.32	310.34	316.83	311.83	439.42	432.48
August	356.84	351.20	359.59	353.91	448.31	441.23
September	349.79	344.27	312.84	307.90	458.22	450.98
October	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

NA Not available.

Note: Long tons = lt; metric tons = t.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>May include revisions to previously published data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Formerly Iron Age.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Prices are Brazilian basic pig iron, f.o.b. New Orleans, LA.