## U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief









## **Latest PEPFAR Program Results**

"It is clear that our nation's investments in HIV/AIDS are having an impact. President Obama and I are dedicated to enhancing America's leadership in the fight against global AIDS with PEPFAR serving as the cornerstone of our Global Health Initiative to promote better and more sustainable health outcomes."

- Secretary of State Hillary Rodham Clinton, November 30, 2009

The U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) was launched in 2003 by President George W. Bush to combat global HIV/AIDS, and is the largest commitment by any nation to combat a single disease in history. Under PEPFAR, the U.S. Government has committed approximately \$32 billion to bilateral HIV/AIDS programs, the Global Fund to Fight HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria, and bilateral TB programs through FY 2010. For FY 2011, President Obama has requested nearly \$7.0 billion, including \$5.74 billion for bilateral HIV/AIDS programs, \$1 billion for the Global Fund, and \$251 million for bilateral TB programs.

In launching his Global Health Initiative in May 2009, President Barack Obama credited President Bush for the program's successful initial phase and announced that his Administration would expand investments in PEPFAR and other global health priorities. As part of the Global Health Initiative, PEPFAR is moving from its initial emergency focus to a heightened emphasis on sustainability, and serving as a platform for expanded responses to a broader range of global health needs.

## **PEPFAR Latest Program Results**

- Through its partnerships with more than 30 countries, as of September 30, 2009, PEPFAR directly supported life-saving antiretroviral treatment for over 2.4 million men, women and children. They represent more than half of the estimated four million individuals in low and middle-income countries on treatment.
- In addition, through September 30, 2009, PEPFAR partnerships have directly supported care for **nearly 11 million** people affected by HIV/AIDS, including **3.6 million** orphans and vulnerable children.
- In FY 2009, PEPFAR directly supported prevention of mother-to-child transmission programs that allowed **nearly 100,000 babies of HIV-positive mothers to be born HIV-free**, adding to the nearly **240,000 babies** born without HIV due to PEPFAR support during FYs 2004-2008.
- In FY 2009, PEPFAR also directly supported HIV counseling and testing for nearly **29 million people**, providing a critical entry point to prevention, treatment, and care.
- From FY 2010 onward, PEPFAR will report on partner countries' national achievements in service delivery and health systems strengthening, as well as PEPFAR direct contributions to those achievements. The new national health systems indicators are being developed in collaboration with partner countries and multilateral organizations. Through September 30, 2009, the last point at which indirect results will be reported before this transition to national indicators, PEPFAR indirectly supported treatment for 539,700 people in the 15 original PEPFAR focus countries.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For country-specific treatment results and more information on PEPFAR's FY 2009 methodology, please visit www.pepfar.gov/2009results.