

#### Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events - Mapping Document (Version 2.0 to 3.0)

Public Health Service National Institutes of Health National Cancer Institute Bethesda, Maryland 20892

CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : ALLERGY/IMMUNOLOGY			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Allergic reaction/hypersensitivity (including drug fever)	ALLERGY/IMMUNOLOGY	Allergic reaction/hypersensitivity (including drug fever)	
Allergic rhinitis (including sneezing, nasal stuffiness, postnasal drip)	ALLERGY/IMMUNOLOGY	Allergic rhinitis (including sneezing, nasal stuffiness, postnasal drip)	
Autoimmune reaction	ALLERGY/IMMUNOLOGY	Autoimmune reaction	
Serum sickness	ALLERGY/IMMUNOLOGY	Serum sickness	
Vasculitis	ALLERGY/IMMUNOLOGY	Vasculitis	
Allergy-Other (Specify,)	ALLERGY/IMMUNOLOGY	Allergy/Immunology - Other (Specify,)	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : AUDITORY/HEARING	Ì			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify	
External Auditory Canal	AUDITORY/EAR	Otitis, external ear (non-infectious)		
Inner ear/hearing	AUDITORY/EAR	Hearing: patients without baseline audiogram and not enrolled in a monitoring program		
Middle ear/hearing	AUDITORY/EAR	Otitis, middle ear (non-infectious)		
Auditory/Hearing-Other (Specify,)	AUDITORY/EAR	Auditory/Ear - Other (Specify,)		

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0	
Category: Appendix IV RTOG/EORTC Late Radiation Morbidity Scoring Scheme (Use for adverse events occurring greater than 90 days after radiation therapy.)			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Bladder- Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Bladder- Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004114)
COMMENTS	•		
v2.0 Bladder- Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional them	apy trials are integrated into o	ne document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic, o	or permanent AEs.
Bone - Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Bone - Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004112)
COMMENTS	•	1	I
v2.0 Bone - Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional them	apy trials are integrated into o	ne document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic, o	or permanent AEs.
Brain- Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Brain- Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004130)
COMMENTS	•		'
v2.0 Brain- Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional them	apy trials are integrated into o	ne document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic, o	or permanent AEs.
Esophagus- Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Esophagus- Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004128)
COMMENTS			l
v2.0 Esophagus- Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional them	apy trials are integrated into o	ne document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic, o	or permanent AEs.
Eye- Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Eye- Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004104)
COMMENTS			•
v2.0 Eye- Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional there	apy trials are integrated into o	ne document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic, o	or permanent AEs.

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Category: Appendix IV RTOG/EORTC Late Radiation Morbidity Scoring Scheme (Use for adverse events occurring greater than 90 days after radiation therapy.)			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Heart- Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Heart- Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004116)
COMMENTS			•
v2.0 Heart- Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional thera	apy trials are integrated into o	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AEs.
Joint- Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Joint- Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004126)
COMMENTS		'	1
v2.0 Joint- Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional thera	apy trials are integrated into o	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AEs.
Kidney-Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Kidney-Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004118)
COMMENTS		•	1
v2.0 Kidney-Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional thera	apy trials are integrated into o	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AEs.
Larynx-Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Larynx-Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004124)
COMMENTS		•	1
v2.0 Larynx-Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional thera	apy trials are integrated into o	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AEs.
Liver-Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Liver-Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004096)
COMMENTS			ı
v2.0 Liver-Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional thera	apy trials are integrated into o	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AEs.
Lung-Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Lung-Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004122)

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Category: Appendix IV RTOG/EORTC Late Radiation Morbidity Scoring Scheme (Use for adverse events occurring greater than 90 days after radiation therapy.)			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
COMMENTS	•		
v2.0 Lung-Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional ther	apy trials are integrated into c	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AEs.
Mucous membrane-Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Mucous membrane-Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004098)
COMMENTS	•	'	ı
v2.0 Mucous membrane-Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional ther	apy trials are integrated into c	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AEs.
Salivary glands-Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Salivary glands-Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004120)
COMMENTS	I	I	,
v2.0 Salivary glands-Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional ther	apy trials are integrated into c	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AEs.
Skin-Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Skin-Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004108)
COMMENTS	'	'	ı
v2.0 Skin-Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional ther	apy trials are integrated into c	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AEs.
Small/Large intestine-Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Small/Large intestine-Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004110)
COMMENTS	I	1	
v2.0 Small/Large intestine-Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted	d.		
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional ther	apy trials are integrated into c	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic, o	or permanent AEs.

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0	
Category: Appendix IV RTOG/EORTC Late Radiation Morbidity Scoring Scheme (Use for adverse events occurring greater than 90 days after radiation therapy.)			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Spinal cord-Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Spinal cord-Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004100)
COMMENTS	•		'
v2.0 Spinal cord-Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional them	apy trials are integrated into o	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AEs.
Subcutaneous tissue-Late RT Morbidity Scoring	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Subcutaneous tissue-Late RT Morbidity Scoring (90004102)
COMMENTS	•	1	I
v2.0 Subcutaneous tissue-Late RT Morbidity Scoring deleted	d.		
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional there	apy trials are integrated into o	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AEs.
Radiation-Other(Specify,)	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Radiation- Other(Specify,) (90004106)
COMMENTS	•	'	1
v2.0 Radiation-Other (Specify,) deleted.			
v3.0 Site/organ specific criteria relevant to loco-regional then	apy trials are integrated into o	one document without distinguishing between acute, late, chronic,	or permanent AFs.

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : Appendix VI BMT Complex/Multicomponent Events				
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify	
Failure to engraft	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Failure to engraft (90004134)	
COMMENTS	•			
v2.0 Failure to engraft deleted.				
Graft versus host disease	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Graft versus host disease (10018651)	
COMMENTS	•	'	'	
v2.0 Graft versus host disease deleted.				
Stem cell infusion complications	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Stem cell infusion complications (90004132)	
COMMENTS	•			
v2.0 Stem cell infusion complications deleted.				
Veno-Occlusive Disease (VOD)	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	Veno-Occlusive Disease (VOD) (10052612)	
COMMENTS	•	•	'	
v2.0 Veno-Occlusive Disease (VOD) deleted.				

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : BLOOD/BONE MARROW			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Bone marrow cellularity	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Bone marrow cellularity	
CD4 count	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	CD4 count	
Haptoglobin	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Haptoglobin	
Hemoglobin	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Hemoglobin	
Hemoglobin for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/ myelophthisic processes, if specified in the protocol.	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Hemoglobin	
COMMENTS	•		1
v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for treatment type unless there are data to support such a differ leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Re	two reasons: 1. There was co rence. A Grade 3 platelet ass eporting of the same AE (e.g. E. The CTCAE development t	is, if specified in the protocol is deleted and merged into v3.0 Hemonous, if specified in the protocol is deleted and merged into v3.0 Hemonous that the grading schema used should be consistent and it essment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether for platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 IT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.	ndependent of disease or om chemotherapy, BMT, re often submitted under
Hemolysis (e.g., immune hemolytic anemia, drug related hemolysis, other)	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Hemolysis (e.g., immune hemolytic anemia, drug-related hemolysis)	
Leukocytes (total WBC)	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Leukocytes (total WBC)	
Leukocytes (total WBC) for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Leukocytes (total WBC)	
COMMENTS			
	two reasons: 1. There was co	ged into v3.0 Leukocytes (total WBC).  Insensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and it  is essment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether fr	•

#### COMMENTS

protocol.

v2.0 Leukocytes (total WBC) for pediatric BMT studies (using age, race and sex normal values), if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Leukocytes (total WBC).

leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria

Leukocytes (total WBC)

were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.

**BLOOD/BONE MARROW** 

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Leukocytes (total WBC) for pediatric BMT studies (using

age, race and sex normal values), if specified in the



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Category : BLOOD/BONE MARROW			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
COMMENTS	•		
treatment type unless there are data to support such a differ leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Re	rence. A Grade 3 platelet asse eporting of the same AE (e.g. p E. The CTCAE development to	nsensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and in essment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether fr platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data wern eam judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 T and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.	om chemotherapy, BMT, e often submitted under
Lymphopenia	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Lymphopenia	
Lymphopenia for pediatric BMT studies (using age, race and sex normal values), if specified in the protocol.	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Lymphopenia	
COMMENTS			
v2.0 Lymphopenia for pediatric BMT studies (using age, race	e and sex normal values), if s <sub>l</sub>	pecified in the protocol is deleted and merged into v3.0 Lymphope	าia.
treatment type unless there are data to support such a differ leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Re general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AI were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach	rence. A Grade 3 platelet asse eporting of the same AE (e.g. p E. The CTCAE development to decided is to collapse the BM	-	om chemotherapy, BMT, e often submitted under
Neutrophils/granulocytes (ANC/AGC)	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Neutrophils/granulocytes (ANC/AGC)	
Neutrophils/granulocytes (ANC/AGC) for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Neutrophils/granulocytes (ANC/AGC)	
COMMENTS			
v2.0 Neutrophils/granulocytes (ANC/AGC) for BMT studies,	if specified in the protocol dele	eted and merged into v3.0 Neutrophils/granulocytes (ANC/AGC).	
treatment type unless there are data to support such a differ leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Re	rence. A Grade 3 platelet asse eporting of the same AE (e.g. p E. The CTCAE development to	nsensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and in essment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether fro platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were eam judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 T and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.	om chemotherapy, BMT, e often submitted under
Neutrophils/granulocytes (ANC/AGC) for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol.	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Neutrophils/granulocytes (ANC/AGC)	
COMMENTS	•	•	
v2.0 Neutrophils/granulocytes (ANC/AGC) for leukemia stud Neutrophils/granulocytes (ANC/AGC).	ies or bone marrow infiltrative,	/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol deleted and me	rged into v3.0

v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or

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Adverse Event  Category  Adverse Event  Comments  Comments  Comment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leakemin or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia circlenia into other existing AEs.  Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Platelets  COMMENTS  v2.0 Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent for the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any none trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE, the CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Platelets or leukemia stu	CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
COMMENTS  treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE. PMT platelet AE. PMT platelet AE. PMT platelet AE. PMT platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AES.  Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Platelets.  V2.0 Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  V2.0 Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  V2.0 Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  V2.0 Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  V2.0 BMT and leukemia AES are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solice and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AES.  Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  V2.0 Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  V2.0 BMT and leukemia acside a	Category: BLOOD/BONE MARROW			
restment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, GMT platelet AE, or loukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team jurged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Platelets BLOOD/BONE MARROW Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.  BLOOD/BONE MARROW Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  v2.0 Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  v2.0 Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the acuse of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or loukemia platelet AE, expectively and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  v2.0 Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if	Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BIMT platelet AE, Der IDAE development Learn judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Platelets    BLOOD/BONE MARROW   Platelets   Platelets   Platelets   Platelets   Platelets	COMMENTS	•		
Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.  BLOOD/BONE MARROW Platelets  V2.0 Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  V2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia postidit tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria Into other existing AEs.  V2.0 BMT and leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  V2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general plateled AE, BMT platelet AE, The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Transfusion: Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Blood/Bon	leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Re general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE	porting of the same AE (e.g. <sub>l</sub> E. The CTCAE development t	platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were eam judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0	e often submitted under
COMMENTS  v2.0 Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, telukemia or solid lumor infilitration of the bone marrow. 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) macionsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the togical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow armount infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol.  COMMENTS  v2.0 Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, telukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow. 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into ot	Platelets	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Platelets	
v2.0 Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are date to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemin or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol.  Platelets for leukemia as take a deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Transfusion: Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  BLOOD/BONE MA	Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Platelets	
v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are date to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, DMT platelet platel	COMMENTS	I		
treatment type unless there are date to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol.  COMMENTS  v2.0 Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Transfusion: Platelets deleted. Transfusions are interventions not adverse events.  Transfusion: Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.  BLOOD/BONE MARROW Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,) Transfusion: Platelets for B	v2.0 Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol de	leted and merged into v3.0 Pl	atelets.	
infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol.  COMMENTS  v2.0 Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Transfusion: Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)  Transfusion: Platelets deleted. Transfusions are interventions not adverse events.  Transfusion: Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol. (90004004)	treatment type unless there are data to support such a different leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Regeneral platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE	ence. A Grade 3 platelet ass porting of the same AE (e.g., E. The CTCAE development t	essment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether fron platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were beam judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0	om chemotherapy, BMT, e often submitted under
v2.0 BMT and leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.  v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow? 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Transfusion: Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)  Transfusion: Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.  (90004004)	Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol.	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Platelets	
v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Transfusion: Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)  Transfusion: Platelets deleted. Transfusions are interventions not adverse events.  Transfusion: Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol. (90004004)	COMMENTS	•		
treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.  Transfusion: Platelets  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)  Transfusion: Platelets deleted. Transfusions are interventions not adverse events.  Transfusion: Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)  Transfusion: Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol. (90004004)	v2.0 Platelets for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative	e/myelophthisic process, if sp	ecified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Platelets.	
COMMENTS  v2.0 Transfusion: Platelets deleted. Transfusions are interventions not adverse events.  Transfusion: Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.  BLOOD/BONE MARROW   Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)   BMT studies, if specified in the protocol. (90004004)	treatment type unless there are data to support such a different leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Regeneral platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE	ence. A Grade 3 platelet ass porting of the same AE (e.g. <sub>l</sub> E. The CTCAE development t	essment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were be industrially the way CTC v2.0.	om chemotherapy, BMT, e often submitted under
v2.0 Transfusion: Platelets deleted. Transfusions are interventions not adverse events.  Transfusion: Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)  BMT studies, if specified in the protocol. (90004004)	Transfusion: Platelets	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)	
Transfusion: Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.  BLOOD/BONE MARROW  Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)  BMT studies, if specified in the protocol. (90004004)	COMMENTS	•		
protocol.  BMT studies, if specified in the protocol. (90004004)				
COMMENTS	Transfusion: Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)	BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.
	COMMENTS	•		

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#### Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events - Mapping Document (Version 2.0 to 3.0)

Public Health Service National Institutes of Health National Cancer Institute Bethesda, Maryland 20892

CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0	
Category : BLOOD/BONE MARROW			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
COMMENTS	•		
v2.0 Transfusion: Platelets for BMT studies, if specified in th	e protocol deleted. Transfusi	ons are interventions not adverse events.	
Transfusion: pRBCs	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)	Transfusion: pRBCs (10033359)
COMMENTS			
v2.0 Transfusion: pRBCs deleted. Transfusions are interver	ntions not adverse events.		
Transfusion: pRBCs for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)	Transfusion: pRBCs for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol. (90004016)
COMMENTS	•		1
v2.0 Transfusion: pRBCs for BMT studies, if specified in the	protocol deleted. Transfusion	ns are interventions not adverse events.	
Transfusion: pRBCs for pediatric BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)	Transfusion: pRBCs for pediatric BMT studies, if specified in the protocol. (90004012)
COMMENTS	-	•	•
v2.0 Transfusion: pRBCs for pediatric BMT studies, if specific	ied in the protocol deleted. Ti	ransfusions are interventions not adverse events.	
Blood/Bone Marrow-Other (Specify,)	BLOOD/BONE MARROW	Blood/Bone Marrow - Other (Specify,)	

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# Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events - Mapping Document (Version 2.0 to 3.0)

Public Health Service National Institutes of Health National Cancer Institute Bethesda, Maryland 20892

CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0	
Category : CARDIOVASCULAR (ARRHYTHMIA)			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Conduction abnormality/Atrioventricular heart block	CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA	Conduction abnormality/atrioventricular heart block	
		Select Conduction abnormality NOS	
Nodal/junctional arrhythmia/dysrhythmia	CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA	Supraventricular and nodal arrhythmia	
		Select Nodal/Junctional	
Palpitations	CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA	Palpitations	
Prolonged QTc interval (QTc > 0.48 seconds)	CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA	Prolonged QTc interval	
COMMENTS	1	1	
v3.0 Descriptions of Grade for Prolonged QTc interval are c	hanged to measurable param	neters.	
Sinus bradycardia	CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA	Supraventricular and nodal arrhythmia	
		Select Sinus bradycardia	
Sinus tachycardia	CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA	Supraventricular and nodal arrhythmia	
		Select Sinus tachycardia	
Supraventricular arrhythmias (SVT/atrial fibrillation/flutter)	CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA	Supraventricular and nodal arrhythmia	
		Select Supraventricular arrhythmia NOS	
Vasovagal episode	CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA	Vasovagal episode	
Ventricular arrhythmia	CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA	Ventricular arrhythmia	
(PVCs/bigeminy/trigeminy/ventricular tachycardia)		Select Ventricular arrhythmia NOS	
Cardiovascular/Arrhythmia-Other (Specify,)	CARDIAC ARRHYTHMIA	Cardiac Arrhythmia - Other (Specify,)	

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Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events - Mapping Document (Version 2.0 to 3.0)

**Public Health Service National Institutes of Health National Cancer Institute** Bethesda, Maryland 20892

CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0			
Category: CARDIOVASCULAR (GENERAL)				
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify	
Acute vascular leak syndrome	VASCULAR	Acute vascular leak syndrome		
Cardiac-ischemia/infarction	CARDIAC GENERAL	Cardiac ischemia/infarction		
Cardiac left ventricular function	CARDIAC GENERAL	Left ventricular systolic dysfunction		
Cardiac troponin I (cTnI)	CARDIAC GENERAL	Cardiac troponin I (cTnI)		
Cardiac troponin T (cTnT)	CARDIAC GENERAL	Cardiac troponin T (cTnT)		
Edema	CARDIAC GENERAL	Cardiac General - Other (Specify,)	Edema (10030114)	
COMMENTS	1		I	
		wo groups: 1). General or systemic, including CHF, hypoalbuminemi I prolonged dependency. Therefore depending on etiology, edema is		
Hypertension	CARDIAC GENERAL	Hypertension		
Hypotension	CARDIAC GENERAL	Hypotension		
Myocarditis	CARDIAC GENERAL	Myocarditis		
Operative injury of vein/artery	SURGERY/INTRA- OPERATIVE INJURY	Intra-operative injury Select Vein NOS		
COMMENTS	1		I	
v2.0 Operative injury of vein/artery split into v3.0 Intra-opera		3.0 Intra-operative injury -Artery NOS.		
Pericardial effusion/pericarditis	CARDIAC GENERAL	Pericardial effusion (non-malignant)		
COMMENTS	•	'		
v2.0 Pericardial effusion/pericarditis split into v3.0 Pericardi				
Peripheral arterial ischemia	VASCULAR	Peripheral arterial ischemia		
Phlebitis (superficial)	VASCULAR	Phlebitis (including superficial thrombosis)		
Thrombosis/embolism	VASCULAR	Thrombosis/thrombus/embolism		
COMMENTS	•	•	I	
v2.0 Thrombosis/embolism split into v3.0 Thrombosis/embo	lism (vascular access-relate	ed) and v3.0 Thrombosis/thrombus/embolism.		
Visceral arterial ischemia (non-myocardial)	VASCULAR	Visceral arterial ischemia (non-myocardial)		
Cardiovascular/General-Other (Specify,)	CARDIAC GENERAL	Cardiac General - Other (Specify,)		

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Coagulation-Other (Specify,

#### **Cancer Therapy Evaluation Program**

Public Health Service
National Institutes of Health
National Cancer Institute
Bethesda, Maryland 20892

#### Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events - Mapping Document (Version 2.0 to 3.0)

CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0			
Category : COAGULATION					
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify		
DIC (disseminated intravascular coagulation)	COAGULATION	DIC (disseminated intravascular coagulation)			
Fibrinogen	COAGULATION	Fibrinogen			
Fibrinogen for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltrative/myelophthisic process, if specified in the protocol.	COAGULATION	Fibrinogen			
COMMENTS	•		'		
v2.0 Fibrinogen for leukemia studies or bone marrow infiltra	tive/myelophthisic process, it	f specified in the protocol deleted and merged into v3.0 Fibrinogen.			
treatment type unless there are data to support such a different leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reference platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE	v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.				
Partial thromboplastin time (PTT)	COAGULATION	PTT (Partial Thromboplastin Time)			
Prothrombin time (PT)	COAGULATION	INR (International Normalized Ratio of prothrombin time)			
Thrombotic microangiopathy (e.g., thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura/TTP or hemolytic uremic syndrome/HUS)	COAGULATION	Thrombotic microangiopathy (e.g., thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura [TTP] or hemolytic uremic syndrome [HUS])			
Thrombotic microangiopathy (e.g., thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura/TTP or hemolytic uremic syndrome/HUS) for BMT studies, if specified by the protocol.	COAGULATION	Thrombotic microangiopathy (e.g., thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura [TTP] or hemolytic uremic syndrome [HUS])			
COMMENTS	•		ı		
v2.0 Thrombotic microangiopathy (e.g., thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura/TTP or hemolytic uremic syndrome/HUS) for BMT studies, if specified by the protocol is deleted and merged into v3.0 Thrombotic microangiopathy (e.g., thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura/TTP or hemolytic uremic syndrome/HUS).					
v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.					

Coagulation - Other (Specify, \_\_)

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COAGULATION



# Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events - Mapping Document (Version 2.0 to 3.0)

Public Health Service National Institutes of Health National Cancer Institute Bethesda, Maryland 20892

CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Fatigue (lethargy, malaise, asthenia)	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Fatigue (asthenia, lethargy, malaise)	
Fever (in the absence of neutropenia, where neutropenia is defined as AGC<1.0 x 10e9/L)	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Fever (in the absence of neutropenia, where neutropenia is defined as ANC <1.0 x 10e9/L)	
Rigors, chills	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Rigors/chills	
Sweating (diaphoresis)	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Sweating (diaphoresis)	
Weight gain	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Weight gain	
Weight gain - Veno-Occlusive Disease (VOD) for BMT studies if specified in the protocol.	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Weight gain	
COMMENTS		'	1
v2.0 Weight gain - Veno-Occlusive Disease (VOD) for BMT	studies if specified in the prote	ocol is deleted and merged into v3.0 Weight gain.	
treatment type unless there are data to support such a differ leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Re	ence. A Grade 3 platelet asso eporting of the same AE (e.g. <sub>l</sub> E. The CTCAE development t	nsensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and in essment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether fr platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data wer eam judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 T and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.	rom chemotherapy, BMT, re often submitted under
Weight loss	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Weight loss	
Constitutional Symptoms-Other (Specify,)	CONSTITUTIONAL	Constitutional Symptoms - Other (Specify,)	

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**SYMPTOMS** 



#### Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events - Mapping Document (Version 2.0 to 3.0)

Public Health Service National Institutes of Health National Cancer Institute Bethesda, Maryland 20892

CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0			
Category : DERMATOLOGY/SKIN				
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify	
Alopecia	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Hair loss/alopecia (scalp or body)		
Bruising (in absence of grade 3 or 4 thrombocytopenia)	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Bruising (in absence of Grade 3 or 4 thrombocytopenia)		
Dry skin	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Dry skin		
Erythema multiforme (e.g., Stevens-Johnson syndrome, toxic epidermal necrolysis)	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Rash: erythema multiforme (e.g., Stevens-Johnson syndrome, toxic epidermal necrolysis)		
Flushing	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Flushing		
Hand-foot skin reaction	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Rash: hand-foot skin reaction		
Injection site reaction	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Injection site reaction/extravasation changes		
Nail changes	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Nail changes		
Photosensitivity	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Photosensitivity		
Pigmentation changes (e.g., vitiligo)	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Hypopigmentation		
COMMENTS	ı			
v2.0 Pigmentation changes (e.g., vitiligo) split into v3.0 Hyp	oopigmentation and v3.0 Hyp	perpigmentation.		
Pruritus	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Pruritus/itching		
Radiation dermatitis	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Rash: dermatitis associated with radiation		
		Select Radiation		
Radiation recall reaction (reaction following chemotherapy	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Rash: dermatitis associated with radiation		
in the absence of additional radiation therapy that occurs in a previous radiation port)		Select Chemoradiation		
Rash/desquamation	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Rash/desquamation		
Rash/dermatitis associated with high-dose chemotherapy or BMT studies.	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Rash/desquamation		
	-			

#### **COMMENTS**

v2.0 Rash/dermatitis associated with high-dose chemotherapy or BMT studies is deleted and merged into v3.0 Rash desquamation.

v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : DERMATOLOGY/SKIN			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Rash/desquamation associated with graft versus host disease (GVHD) for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Rash/desquamation	
COMMENTS	•	'	
v2.0 Rash/desquamation associated with graft versus host of	disease (GVHD) for BMT stud	ies, if specified in the protocol is deleted and merged into v3.0 Ras	h desquamation.
treatment type unless there are data to support such a differ leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Re	rence. A Grade 3 platelet ass eporting of the same AE (e.g. E. The CTCAE development t	nsensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and in essment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were beam judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 Tand leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.	om chemotherapy, BMT, e often submitted under
Urticaria (hives, welts, wheals)	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Urticaria (hives, welts, wheals)	
Wound-infectious	INFECTION	Infection with unknown ANC Select Wound	
Wound-non-infectious	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Wound complication, non-infectious	
Dermatology/Skin-Other (Specify,)	DERMATOLOGY/SKIN	Dermatology/Skin - Other (Specify,)	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : ENDOCRINE			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Cushingoid appearance (e.g., moon face, buffalo hump, centripetal obesity, cutaneous striae)	ENDOCRINE	Cushingoid appearance (e.g., moon face, buffalo hump, centripetal obesity, cutaneous striae)	
Feminization of male	ENDOCRINE	Feminization of male	
Gynecomastia	SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION	Gynecomastia	
Hot flashes/flushes	ENDOCRINE	Hot flashes/flushes	
Hypothyroidism	ENDOCRINE	Thyroid function, low (hypothyroidism)	
Masculinization of female	ENDOCRINE	Masculinization of female	
SIADH (syndrome of inappropriate antidiuretic hormone)	ENDOCRINE	Neuroendocrine: ADH secretion abnormality (e.g., SIADH or low ADH)	
Endocrine-Other (Specify,)	ENDOCRINE	Endocrine - Other (Specify,)	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : GASTROINTESTINAL			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Anorexia	GASTROINTESTINAL	Anorexia	
Ascites (non-malignant)	GASTROINTESTINAL	Ascites (non-malignant)	
Colitis	GASTROINTESTINAL	Colitis	
Constipation	GASTROINTESTINAL	Constipation	
Dehydration	GASTROINTESTINAL	Dehydration	
Diarrhea patients without colostomy	GASTROINTESTINAL	Diarrhea	
COMMENTS	ı		I
v2.0 Diarrhea patients without colostomy is deleted and mer	ged into v3.0 Diarrhea.		
Diarrhea patients with a colostomy	GASTROINTESTINAL	Diarrhea	
COMMENTS	•		1
v2.0 Diarrhea patients with a colostomy is deleted and merg	ed into v3.0 Diarrhea.		
Diarrhea associated with graft versus host disease (GVHD) for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.	GASTROINTESTINAL	Diarrhea	
COMMENTS	•		I
v2.0 Diarrhea associated with graft versus host disease (GV	(HD) for BMT studies, if speci	fied in the protocol is deleted and merged into v3.0 Diarrhea.	
treatment type unless there are data to support such a differ leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Re	rence. A Grade 3 platelet ass eporting of the same AE (e.g. E. The CTCAE development i	onsensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and interessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.00 and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.	om chemotherapy, BMT, e often submitted under
Diarrhea for pediatric BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.	GASTROINTESTINAL	Diarrhea	

#### COMMENTS

v2.0 Diarrhea for pediatric BMT studies, if specified in the protocol is deleted and merged into v3.0 Diarrhea.

v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category: GASTROINTESTINAL			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Duodenal ulcer (requires radiographic or endoscopic documentation)	GASTROINTESTINAL	Ulcer, GI Select Duodenum	
Dyspepsia/heartburn	GASTROINTESTINAL	Heartburn/dyspepsia	
Dysphagia, esophagitis, odynophagia (painful swallowing)	GASTROINTESTINAL	Esophagitis	
Dysphagia-esophageal related to radiation	GASTROINTESTINAL	Dysphagia (difficulty swallowing)	
COMMENTS  v2.0 Dysphagia-esophageal related to radiation is deleted as  Dysphagia-pharyngeal related to radiation	nd merged into v3.0 Dyspha	agia (difficulty swallowing).  Dysphagia (difficulty swallowing)	' 
COMMENTS	l		
v2.0 Dysphagia-pharyngeal related to radiation is deleted ar	nd merged into v3.0 Dyspha	gia (difficulty swallowing).	
Fistula-esophageal	GASTROINTESTINAL	Fistula, GI Select Esophagus	
Fistula-intestinal	GASTROINTESTINAL	Fistula, GI Select Small bowel NOS	
Fistula-pharyngeal	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Fistula, pulmonary/upper respiratory Select Pharynx	
Fistula-rectal/anal	GASTROINTESTINAL	Fistula, GI Select Anus	
COMMENTS	1		I
v2.0 Fistula-rectal/anal split into v3.0 Fistula, GI-Anus and v			
Flatulence	GASTROINTESTINAL	Flatulence	
Gastric ulcer (requires radiographic or endoscopic documentation)	GASTROINTESTINAL	Ulcer, GI Select Stomach	
Gastritis	GASTROINTESTINAL	Gastritis (including bile reflux gastritis)	
Ileus (or neuroconstipation)	GASTROINTESTINAL	lleus, GI (functional obstruction of bowel, i.e., neuroconstipation)	
Mouth dryness	GASTROINTESTINAL	Dry mouth/salivary gland (xerostomia)	

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#### Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events - Mapping Document (Version 2.0 to 3.0)

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : GASTROINTESTINAL	Ì		
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Mucositis due to radiation	GASTROINTESTINAL	Mucositis/stomatitis (clinical exam)	
		Select Oral cavity	
Nausea	GASTROINTESTINAL	Nausea	
Pancreatitis	HEPATOBILIARY/PANCR EAS	Pancreatitis	
Proctitis	GASTROINTESTINAL	Proctitis	
Salivary gland changes	GASTROINTESTINAL	Salivary gland changes/saliva	
Sense of smell	NEUROLOGY	Neuropathy: cranial	
		Select CN I Smell	
Stomatitis/pharyngitis (oral/pharyngeal mucositis)	GASTROINTESTINAL	Mucositis/stomatitis (functional/symptomatic)	
		Select Oral cavity	
Stomatitis/pharyngitis (oral/pharyngeal mucositis) for BMT	GASTROINTESTINAL	Mucositis/stomatitis (functional/symptomatic)	
studies, if specified in the protocol.		Select Oral cavity	
COMMENTS	1	1	I
v2.0 Stomatitis/pharyngitis (oral/pharyngeal mucositis) for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol is deleted and merged into v3.0 Mucositis/stomatitis (functional/symptomatic)-Oral			

cavity.

v2.0 BMT and leukemia AEs are deleted in CTCAE v3.0 for two reasons: 1. There was consensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and independent of disease or treatment type unless there are data to support such a difference. A Grade 3 platelet assessment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from chemotherapy, BMT, leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Reporting of the same AE (e.g. platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were often submitted under general platelet AE, BMT platelet AE, or leukemia platelet AE. The CTCAE development team judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.0 leukemia and BMT criteria were set up. After review, the logical and efficient approach decided is to collapse the BMT and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.

Taste disturbance (dysgeusia)	GASTROINTESTINAL	Taste alteration (dysgeusia)	
Typhlitis (inflammation of cecum)	GASTROINTESTINAL	Typhlitis (cecal inflammation)	
Vomiting	GASTROINTESTINAL	Vomiting	
Gastrointestinal-Other (Specify,)	GASTROINTESTINAL	Gastrointestinal - Other (Specify,)	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : HEMORRHAGE			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Hemorrhage/bleeding with grade 3 or 4 thrombocytopenia	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN G	Hemorrhage/Bleeding - Other (Specify,)	Hemorrhage/bleeding with grade 3 or 4 thrombocytopenia (90004060)
COMMENTS	•	1	1
v2.0 Hemorrhage/bleeding with grade 3 or 4 thrombocytoper	nia deleted.		
Hemorrhage/bleeding without grade 3 or 4 thrombocytopenia	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN G	Hemorrhage/Bleeding - Other (Specify,)	Hemorrhage/bleeding without grade 3 or 4 thrombocytopenia (10018988)
COMMENTS			
v2.0 Hemorrhage/bleeding without grade 3 or 4 thrombocyto	penia deleted.		
CNS hemorrhage/bleeding	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN G	Hemorrhage, CNS	
Epistaxis	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN G	Hemorrhage, pulmonary/upper respiratory	
	ľ	Select Nose	
Hematemesis	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN G	Hemorrhage, GI	
		Select Stomach	
Hematuria (in the absence of vaginal bleeding)	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN	Hemorrhage, GU	
	G	Select Bladder	
Hemoptysis	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN	Hemorrhage, pulmonary/upper respiratory	
	G	Select Respiratory tract NOS	
Hemorrhage/bleeding associated with surgery	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN G	Hemorrhage/bleeding associated with surgery, intra-operative or postoperative	
Melena/GI bleeding	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN	Hemorrhage, GI	
	G	Select Lower GI NOS	
Petechiae/purpura (hemorrhage/bleeding into skin or mucosa)	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN G	Petechiae/purpura (hemorrhage/bleeding into skin or mucosa)	
Rectal bleeding/hematochezia	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN	Hemorrhage, GI	
	G	Select Rectum	
Vaginal bleeding	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN	Hemorrhage, GU	
	G	Select Vagina	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : HEMORRHAGE			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Hemorrhage-Other (Specify,)	HEMORRHAGE/BLEEDIN G	Hemorrhage/Bleeding - Other (Specify,)	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : HEPATIC			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Alkaline phosphatase	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Alkaline phosphatase	
Bilirubin	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Bilirubin (hyperbilirubinemia)	
Bilirubin associated with graft versus host disease (GVHD) for BMT studies, if specified in the protocol.	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Bilirubin (hyperbilirubinemia)	
COMMENTS			•
v2.0 Bilirubin associated with graft versus host disease (GV	HD) for BMT studies, if specifi	ed in the protocol is deleted and merged into v3.0 Bilirubin (hypert	oilirubinemia).
treatment type unless there are data to support such a differ leukemia or solid tumor infiltration of the bone marrow; 2. Re	rence. A Grade 3 platelet ass eporting of the same AE (e.g. E. The CTCAE development t	nsensus that the grading schema used should be consistent and it essment should be independent of the cause of the AE, whether from platelets) was inconsistent. For example, in any one trial, data were the eam judged this problem to be caused in part by the way CTC v2.00 T and leukemia criteria into other existing AEs.	om chemotherapy, BMT, e often submitted under
GGT (Gamma-Glutamyl transpeptidase)	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	GGT (gamma-Glutamyl transpeptidase)	
Hepatic enlargement	HEPATOBILIARY/PANCR EAS	Hepatobiliary/Pancreas - Other (Specify,)	Hepatic enlargement (10019842)
COMMENTS	•	'	1
v2.0 Hepatic enlargement deleted.			
Hypoalbuminemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Albumin, serum-low (hypoalbuminemia)	
Liver dysfunction/failure (clinical)	HEPATOBILIARY/PANCR EAS	Liver dysfunction/failure (clinical)	
Portal vein flow	VASCULAR	Portal vein flow	
SGOT (AST) (serum glutamic oxaloacetic transaminase)	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	AST, SGOT(serum glutamic oxaloacetic transaminase)	
SGPT (ALT) (serum glutamic pyruvic transaminase)	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	ALT, SGPT (serum glutamic pyruvic transaminase)	
Hepatic-Other (Specify,)	HEPATOBILIARY/PANCR EAS	Hepatobiliary/Pancreas - Other (Specify,)	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category: INFECTION/FEBRILE NEUTROPENIA			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Catheter-related infection	INFECTION	Infection with unknown ANC Select Catheter-related	
Febrile neutropenia (fever of unknown origin without clinically or microbiologically documented infection) (ANC <1.0 x 10e9/L, fever >=38.5 degrees C)	INFECTION	Febrile neutropenia (fever of unknown origin without clinically or microbiologically documented infection)(ANC <1.0 x 10e9/L, fever >=38.5 degrees C)	
Infection (documented clinically or microbiologically) with grade 3 or 4 neutropenia (ANC <1.0 x 10e9/L)	INFECTION	Infection - Other (Specify,)	Infection (documented clinically or microbiologically) with grade 3 or 4 neutropenia (ANC <1.0 x 10e9/L) (90004070)
COMMENTS	•	1	1
v2.0 Infection (documented clinically or microbiologically) v	vith grade 3 or 4 neutroper	nia (ANC <1.0 x 10e9/L) is v3.0 supra-ordinate term with Select AEs.	
Infection with unknown ANC	INFECTION	Infection - Other (Specify,)	Infection with unknown ANC (90004066)
COMMENTS	•	•	1
v2.0 Infection with unknown ANC is v3.0 supra-ordinate tel	m with Select AEs.		
Infection without neutropenia	INFECTION	Infection - Other (Specify,)	Infection without neutropenia (10021842)
COMMENTS	•	•	1
v2.0 Infection without neutropenia is v3.0 supra-ordinate te	rm with Select AEs.		
Infection/Febrile Neutropenia-Other (Specify,)	INFECTION	Infection - Other (Specify,)	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category: LYMPHATICS				
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify	
Lymphatics	LYMPHATICS	Lymphatics - Other (Specify,)	Lymphatics (10025222)	
COMMENTS	·	1	'	
v2.0 Lymphatics deleted.				
Lymphatics-Other (Specify,)	LYMPHATICS	Lymphatics - Other (Specify,)		

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category: METABOLIC/LABORATORY				
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify	
Acidosis (metabolic or respiratory)	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Acidosis (metabolic or respiratory)		
Alkalosis (metabolic or respiratory)	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Alkalosis (metabolic or respiratory)		
Amylase	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Amylase		
Bicarbonate	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Bicarbonate, serum-low		
CPK (creatine phosphokinase)	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	CPK (creatine phosphokinase)		
Hypercalcemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Calcium, serum-high (hypercalcemia)		
Hypercholesterolemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Cholesterol, serum-high (hypercholestremia)		
Hyperglycemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Glucose, serum-high (hyperglycemia)		
Hyperkalemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Potassium, serum-high (hyperkalemia)		
Hypermagnesemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Magnesium, serum-high (hypermagnesemia)		
Hypernatremia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Sodium, serum-high (hypernatremia)		
Hypertriglyceridemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Triglyceride, serum-high (hypertriglyceridemia)		
Hyperuricemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Uric acid, serum-high (hyperuricemia)		
Hypocalcemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Calcium, serum-low (hypocalcemia)		
Hypoglycemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Glucose, serum-low (hypoglycemia)		
Hypokalemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Potassium, serum-low (hypokalemia)		
Hypomagnesemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Magnesium, serum-low (hypomagnesemia)		

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0	
Category : METABOLIC/LABORATORY			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Hyponatremia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Sodium, serum-low (hyponatremia)	
Hypophosphatemia	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Phosphate, serum-low (hypophosphatemia)	
Lipase	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Lipase	
Metabolic/Laboratory-Other (Specify,)	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Metabolic/Laboratory - Other (Specify,)	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : MUSCULOSKELETAL				
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify	
Arthritis	MUSCULOSKELETAL/SO FT TISSUE	Arthritis (non-septic)		
Muscle weakness (not due to neuropathy)	MUSCULOSKELETAL/SO FT TISSUE	Muscle weakness, generalized or specific area (not due to neuropathy)  Select Whole body/generalized		
Myositis (inflammation/damage of muscle)	MUSCULOSKELETAL/SO FT TISSUE	Myositis (inflammation/damage of muscle)		
Osteonecrosis (avascular necrosis)	MUSCULOSKELETAL/SO FT TISSUE	Osteonecrosis (avascular necrosis)		
Musculoskeletal-Other (Specify,)	MUSCULOSKELETAL/SO FT TISSUE	Musculoskeletal/Soft Tissue - Other (Specify,)		

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : NEUROLOGY			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Arachnoiditis/meningismus/radiculitis	NEUROLOGY	Arachnoiditis/meningismus/radiculitis	
Ataxia (incoordination)	NEUROLOGY	Ataxia (incoordination)	
CNS cerebrovascular ischemia	NEUROLOGY	CNS cerebrovascular ischemia	
Cognitive disturbance/learning problems (for pediatrics)	NEUROLOGY	Cognitive disturbance	
Confusion	NEUROLOGY	Confusion	
Delusions	NEUROLOGY	Psychosis (hallucinations/delusions)	
COMMENTS	1		
v2.0 Delusions and v2.0 Hallucinations merged to v3.0 Psyc	chosis (hallucinations/delu	sions).	
Depressed level of consciousness	NEUROLOGY	Somnolence/depressed level of consciousness	
Dizziness/lightheadedness	NEUROLOGY	Dizziness	
COMMENTS	1		
v2.0 Dizziness/lightheadedness and v2.0 Vertigo merged to	v3.0 Dizziness.		
Extrapyramidal/involuntary movement/restlessness	NEUROLOGY	Extrapyramidal/involuntary movement/restlessness	
Hallucinations	NEUROLOGY	Psychosis (hallucinations/delusions)	
COMMENTS	1		I
v2.0 Hallucinations and v2.0 Delusions merged to v3.0 Psyc	chosis (hallucinations/delu	sions).	
Insomnia	CONSTITUTIONAL SYMPTOMS	Însomnia	
Irritability (children <3 years of age)	NEUROLOGY	Irritability (children <3 years of age)	
Leukoencephalopathy associated with radiological findings	NEUROLOGY	Leukoencephalopathy (radiographic findings)	
Memory loss	NEUROLOGY	Memory impairment	
Mood alteration-anxiety, agitation	NEUROLOGY	Mood alteration	
		Select Anxiety	
Mood alteration-depression	NEUROLOGY	Mood alteration	
		Select Depression	
Mood alteration-euphoria	NEUROLOGY	Mood alteration	
		Select Euphoria	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : NEUROLOGY				
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify	
Neuropathy - cranial	NEUROLOGY	Neurology - Other (Specify,)	Neuropathy - cranial (10048658)	
COMMENTS			,	
v2.0 Neuropathy-cranial deleted. All cranial nerves are v3.	0 select AEs.			
Neuropathy - motor	NEUROLOGY	Neuropathy: motor		
Neuropathy-sensory	NEUROLOGY	Neuropathy: sensory		
Nystagmus	OCULAR/VISUAL	Nystagmus		
Personality/behavioral	NEUROLOGY	Personality/behavioral		
Pyramidal tract dysfunction (e.g., increased tone, hyperreflexia, positive Babinski, decreased fine motor coordination)	NEUROLOGY	Pyramidal tract dysfunction (e.g., increased tone, hyperreflexia, positive Babinski, decreased fine motor coordination)		
Seizure(s)	NEUROLOGY	Seizure		
Speech impairment (e.g., dysphasia or aphasia)	NEUROLOGY	Speech impairment (e.g., dysphasia or aphasia)		
Syncope (fainting)	NEUROLOGY	Syncope (fainting)		
Tremor	NEUROLOGY	Tremor		
Vertigo	NEUROLOGY	Dizziness		
COMMENTS	•	'	1	
v2.0 Vertigo and v2.0 Dizziness/lightheadedness merged in	nto v3.0 Dizziness.			
Neurology-Other (Specify,)	NEUROLOGY	Neurology - Other (Specify,)		

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : OCULAR/VISUAL				
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify	
Cataract	OCULAR/VISUAL	Cataract		
Conjunctivitis	OCULAR/VISUAL	Ocular surface disease		
Dry eye	OCULAR/VISUAL	Dry eye syndrome		
Glaucoma	OCULAR/VISUAL	Glaucoma		
Keratitis (corneal inflammation/corneal ulceration)	OCULAR/VISUAL	Keratitis (corneal inflammation/corneal ulceration)		
Tearing (watery eyes)	OCULAR/VISUAL	Watery eye (epiphora, tearing)		
Vision-blurred vision	OCULAR/VISUAL	Vision-blurred vision		
Vision-double vision (diplopia)	OCULAR/VISUAL	Ophthalmoplegia/diplopia (double vision)		
Vision-flashing lights/floaters	OCULAR/VISUAL	Vision-flashing lights/floaters		
Vision-night blindness (nyctalopia)	OCULAR/VISUAL	Night blindness (nyctalopia)		
Vision-photophobia	OCULAR/VISUAL	Vision-photophobia		
Ocular/Visual-Other (Specify,)	OCULAR/VISUAL	Ocular/Visual - Other (Specify,)		

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : PAIN			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Abdominal pain or cramping	PAIN	Pain Select Abdomen NOS	
Arthralgia (joint pain)	PAIN	Pain Select Joint	
Bone pain	PAIN	Pain Select Bone	
Chest pain (non-cardiac and non-pleuritic)	PAIN	Pain Select Chest/thorax NOS	
Dysmenorrhea	PAIN	Pain - Other (Specify,)	Dysmenorrhea (10013935)
COMMENTS	•	'	1
v2.0 Dysmenorrhea is graded as v3.0 Pain select-Uterus.			
Dyspareunia	SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION	Vaginal dryness	
COMMENTS			
v2.0 Dyspareunia is graded as v3.0 Vaginal dryness Grade			1
Earache (otalgia)	PAIN	Pain Select Middle ear	
Headache	PAIN	Pain Select Head/headache	
Hepatic pain	PAIN	Pain Select Liver	
Myalgia (muscle pain)	PAIN	Pain Select Muscle	
Neuropathic pain (e.g., jaw pain, neurologic pain, phantom limb pain, post-infectious neuralgia, or painful neuropathies)	PAIN	Pain Select Neuralgia/peripheral nerve	
Pain due to radiation	PAIN	Pain Select Pain NOS	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : PAIN	Ì			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify	
Pelvic pain	PAIN	Pain		
		Select Pelvis		
Pleuritic pain	PAIN	Pain		
		Select Pleura		
Rectal or perirectal pain (proctalgia)	PAIN	Pain		
		Select Rectum		
Tumor pain (onset or exacerbation of tumor pain due to	PAIN	Pain		
treatment)		Select Tumor pain		
Pain-Other (Specify,)	PAIN	Pain - Other (Specify,)		

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : PULMONARY			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Adult respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS)	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Adult Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS)	
Apnea	NEUROLOGY	Apnea	
Carbon monoxide diffusion capacity (DL(co))	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Carbon monoxide diffusion capacity (DL(co))	
Cough	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Cough	
Dyspnea (shortness of breath)	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Dyspnea (shortness of breath)	
FEV (1)	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	FEV(1)	
Hiccoughs (hiccups, singultus)	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Hiccoughs (hiccups, singultus)	
Нурохіа	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Нурохіа	
Pleural effusion (non-malignant)	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Pleural effusion (non-malignant)	
Pneumonitis/pulmonary infiltrates	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Pneumonitis/pulmonary infiltrates	
Pneumothorax	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Pneumothorax	
Pulmonary fibrosis	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Pulmonary fibrosis (radiographic changes)	
Voice changes/stridor/larynx (e.g., hoarseness, loss of voice, laryngitis)	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Voice changes/dysarthria (e.g., hoarseness, loss or alteration in voice, laryngitis)	
Pulmonary-Other (Specify,)	PULMONARY/UPPER RESPIRATORY	Pulmonary/Upper Respiratory - Other (Specify,)	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : RENAL/GENITOURINARY			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Bladder spasms	RENAL/GENITOURINARY	Bladder spasms	
Creatinine	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Creatinine	
Dysuria (painful urination)	PAIN	Pain Select Bladder	
Fistula or GU fistula (e.g., vaginal, vesicovaginal)	RENAL/GENITOURINARY	Fistula, GU Select Vagina	
Hemoglobinuria	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Hemoglobinuria	
Incontinence	RENAL/GENITOURINARY	Incontinence, urinary	
Operative injury to bladder and/or ureter	SURGERY/INTRA- OPERATIVE INJURY	Intra-operative injury Select Bladder	
Proteinuria	METABOLIC/LABORATO RY	Proteinuria	
Renal failure	RENAL/GENITOURINARY	Renal failure	
Ureteral obstruction	RENAL/GENITOURINARY	Obstruction, GU Select Ureter	
Urinary electrolyte wasting (e.g., Fanconi's syndrome, renal tubular acidosis)	RENAL/GENITOURINARY	Urinary electrolyte wasting (e.g., Fanconi's syndrome, renal tubular acidosis)	
Urinary frequency/urgency	RENAL/GENITOURINARY	Urinary frequency/urgency	
Urinary retention	RENAL/GENITOURINARY	Urinary retention (including neurogenic bladder)	
Urine color change (not related to other dietary or physiologic cause e.g., bilirubin, concentrated urine, hematuria)	RENAL/GENITOURINARY	Urine color change	
Vaginitis (not due to infection)	SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION	Vaginitis (not due to infection)	
Renal/Genitourinary-Other (Specify,)	RENAL/GENITOURINARY	Renal/Genitourinary - Other (Specify,)	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : SECONDARY MALIGNANCY			
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify
Secondary Malignancy-Other (Specify,) excludes metastasis from initial primary	SECONDARY MALIGNANCY	Secondary Malignancy - possibly related to cancer treatment (Specify,)	

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CTCAE Version From 2.0	CTCAE Version To 3.0				
Category : SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION					
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify		
Erectile impotence	SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION	Erectile dysfunction			
Female sterility	SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION	Infertility/sterility			
COMMENTS					
v2.0 Female sterility and v2.0 Male infertility merged into v3.	0 Infertility/sterility.				
Irregular menses (change from baseline)	SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION	Irregular menses (change from baseline)			
Libido	SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION	Libido			
Male infertility	SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION	Infertility/sterility			
COMMENTS					
v2.0 Male infertility and v2.0 Female sterility merged into v3.0 Infertility/sterility.					
Vaginal dryness	SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION	Vaginal dryness			
Sexual/Reproductive Function-Other (Specify,)	SEXUAL/REPRODUCTIVE FUNCTION	Sexual/Reproductive Function - Other (Specify,)			

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CTCAE Version From 2.0		CTCAE Version To 3.0		
Category : SYNDROMES				
Adverse Event	Category	Adverse Event	Other Specify	
Tumor flare	SYNDROMES	Tumor flare		
Tumor lysis syndrome	SYNDROMES	Tumor lysis syndrome		
Syndromes-Other (Specify,)	SYNDROMES	Syndromes - Other (Specify,)		

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