NIH Scientific Managment Review Board

Scientific Opportunities and Emerging Public Health Issues at the NIH: A View from NIAID



Director

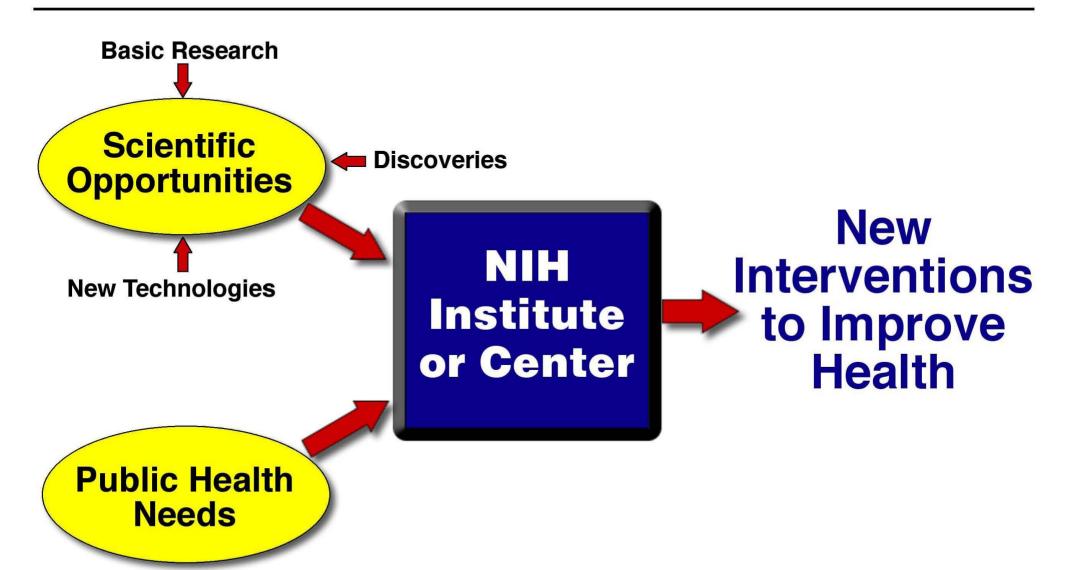
National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases

National Institutes of Health April 27, 2009

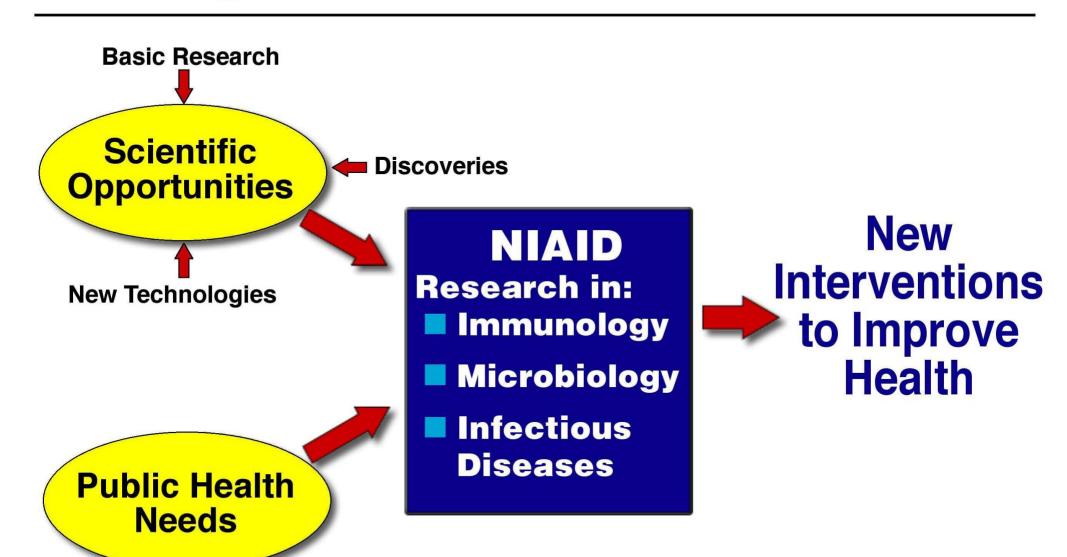


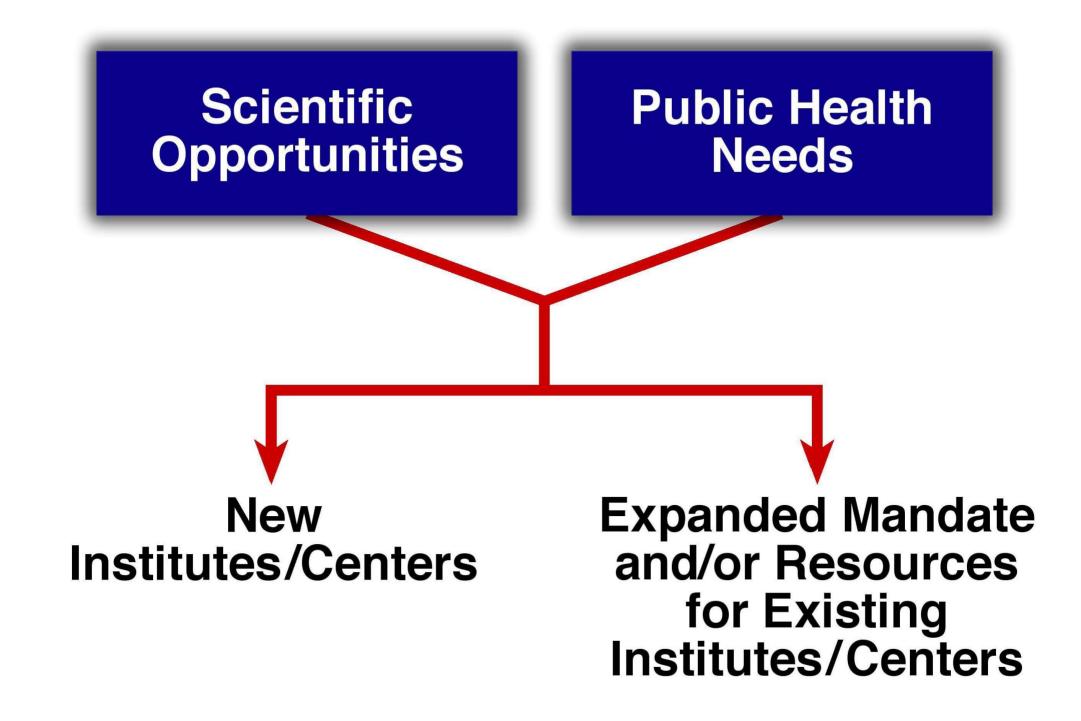


Paradigm for NIH Research



Paradigm for NIAID Research





Evolving Public Health Challenges



Shift from Acute to Chronic Conditions



Aging Population



Health Disparities



Emerging and Re-emerging Infectious Diseases



Emerging Non-communicable Diseases - Obesity

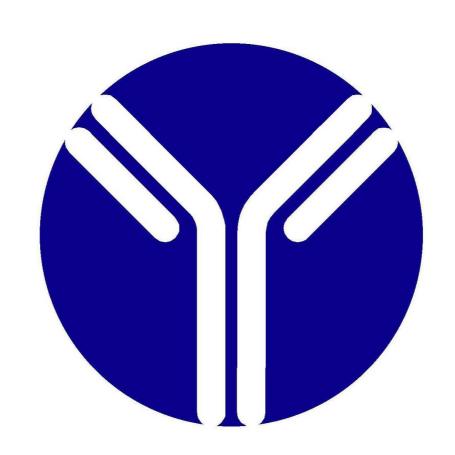
Examples of Key Issues that Have Shaped Individual ICs

NIDDK	Obesity epidemic
NHLBI	Discovery of modifiable risk factors for heart disease
NCI	Genomics to understand molecular basis of cancer
NIAMS	Arthritis in an aging population
NIA	Alzheimer's disease
NINR	Increase in chronic diseases and need for improved symptom management
NICHD	Understanding early developmental processes
NIBIB	Convergence between engineering and life sciences
FIC	Global Health
NIDCR	Relationship of oral health to overall health and well-being
NCRR	Clinical and Translational Science Award program to move research results rapidly from discovery to practice
NINDS	Identification of disease genes and their role in pathology
NIDA	Drug abuse treatment in criminal justice settings to improve public health/safety

Growth of the National Institutes of Health

- 1948: 6 Institutes
- 1950: 8 Institutes & Divisions
- 1960: 11 Institutes, Centers & Divisions
- 1965: 14 Institutes, Centers & Divisions
- 1975: 20 Institutes, Centers & Divisions
- **1990: 22 Institutes, Centers & Divisions**
- **2009: 27 Institutes & Centers**

National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases



NIAID in 1980

Budget: ~\$215 million

Sixth largest IC Immunology, Allergic & Microbiology & **Immunologic** Infectious **Diseases Diseases** \$87M \$128M 40% 60%

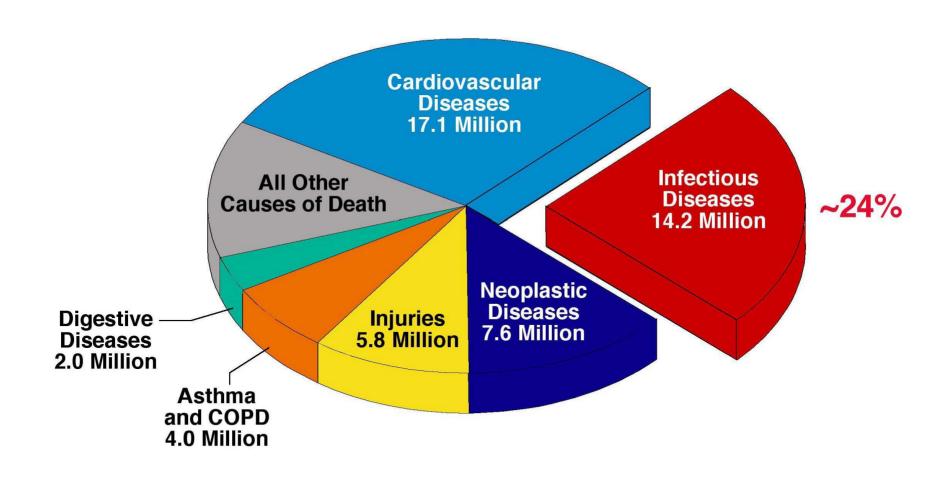
Total Budget: \$215M

A Premature Declaration of Victory Over Infectious Diseases

"We can look forward with confidence to a considerable degree of freedom from infectious diseases at a time not too far in the future. Indeed... it seems reasonable to anticipate that within some measurable time... all the major infections will have disappeared."

- Aidan Cockburn, *The Evolution and Eradication of Infectious Diseases*, 1963.

Infectious Diseases Cause ~24% of All Deaths Worldwide



Total Deaths: ~58.8 Million

Source: WHO, 10/2008

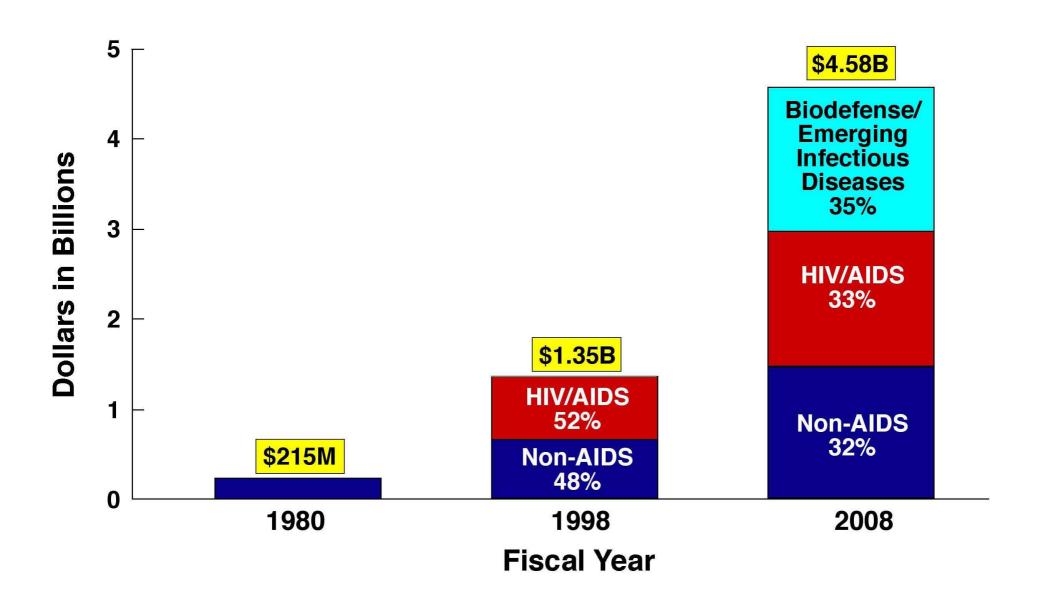
NIAID: Transforming Issues Since 1980

- HIV/AIDS
- Global Health
- Biodefense
- Other emerging/re-emerging infectious disease issues

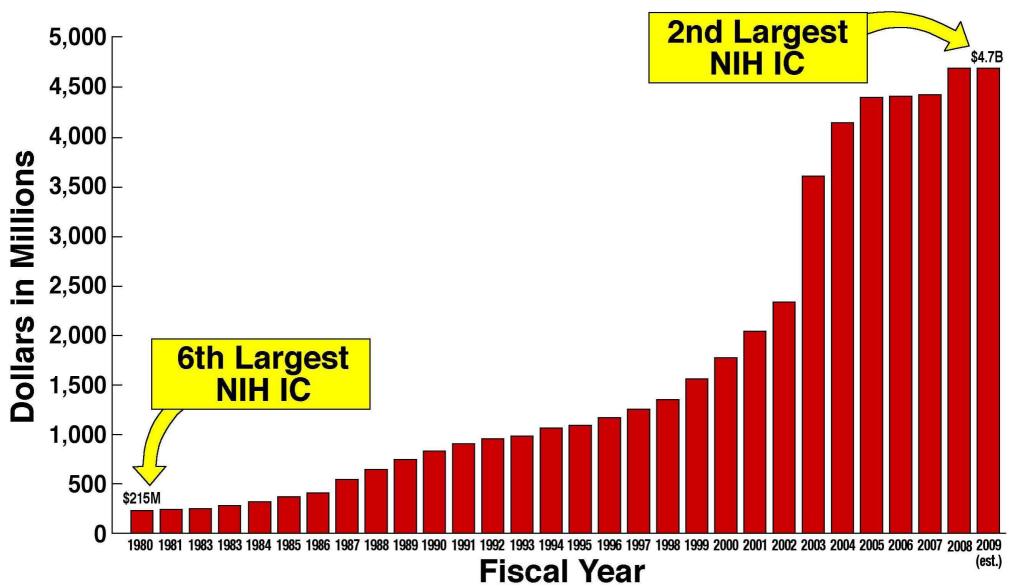
Examples of Technologies and Disciplines that Have Transformed Infectious and Immunological Disease Research

- Genomics and other "omics"
- Array technologies
- Nanotechnology
- Synthetic chemistry
- Robotics
- Computer modeling
- Imaging
- Molecular and genetic epidemiology
- Monoclonal antibodies/fusion proteins/recombinant cytokines
- MHC tetramers
- **FACS analysis/cell surface markers/CD antigens**
- Systems biology
- Bioinformatics

Evolution of the NIAID Budget



NIAID Funding History, 1980-2009 (est.)



Note: FY 2008 includes \$22M Emergency Supplement for NIAID.

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL

MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT

June 5, 1981

Pneumocystis Pneumonia – Los Angeles

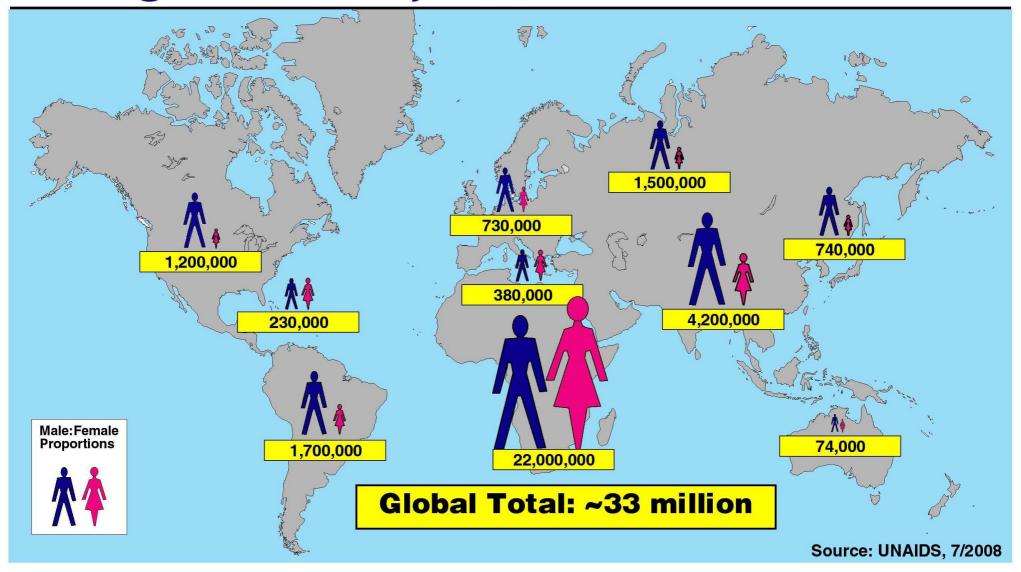
In the period October 1980 - May 1981, 5 young men, all active homosexuals, were treated for biopsy-confirmed *Pneumocystis carinii* pneumonia at 3 different hospitals in Los Angeles, California. Two of the patients died. All 5 patients had laboratory-confirmed previous or current cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection and candidal mucosal infection. Case reports of these patients follow.

July 4, 1981

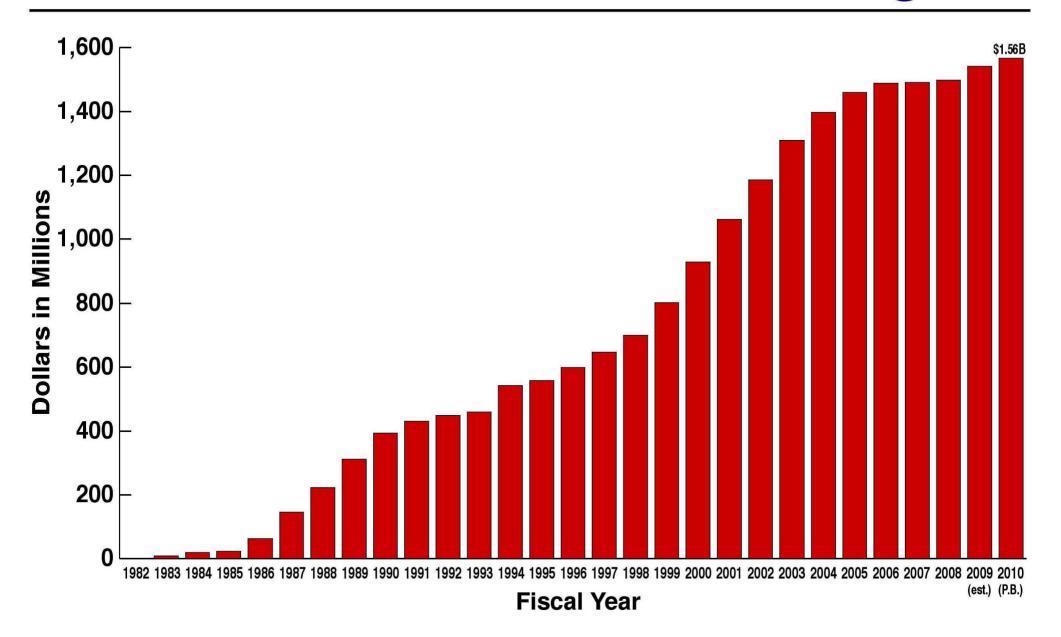
Kaposi's Sarcoma and Pneumocystis Pneumonia Among Homosexual Men – New York City and California

During the past 30 months, Kaposi's sarcoma (KS), an uncommonly reported malignancy in the United States, has been diagnosed in 26 homosexual men (20 in New York City (NYC), 6 in California). The 26 patients range in age from 26-51 years (mean 39 years). Eight of these patients died (7 in NYC, 1 in California) - all 8 within 24 months after KS was diagnosed.

Adults and Children Estimated to be Living with HIV, 2007

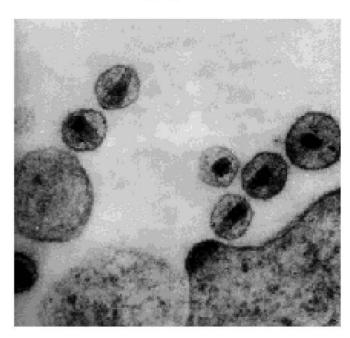


NIAID HIV/AIDS Research Funding



Advances in AIDS Research, 1981-2009

- Etiology
- Diagnosis
- Molecular Virology and Epidemiology
- Pathogenesis
- Natural History
- Treatment
- Prevention
- Vaccine Development



FDA-Approved Antiretroviral Drugs

NRTI

- Zidovudine
- Didanosine
- Zalcitabine
- Stavudine
- Lamivudine
- Abacavir
- Tenofovir
- Emtricitabine

NNRTI

- Nevirapine
- Delavirdine
- Efavirenz
- Etravirine

PI

- Saquinavir
- Ritonavir
- Indinavir
- Nelfinavir
- Amprenavir
- Lopinavir
- Atazanavir
- Fosamprenavir
- Tipranavir
- Darunavir

Fusion Inhibitor

■ Enfuvirtide (T-20)

Entry Inhibitor

Maraviroc

Integrase Inhibitor

Raltegravir

Combinations

6 available, combining 2 or 3 drugs



Antiretroviral Therapy Dramatically Increases Life Expectancy for HIV-Infected Individuals



Life Expectancy of Individuals on Combination Antiretroviral Therapy in High-Income Countries: a Collaborative Analysis of 14 Cohort Studies

Antiretroviral Therapy Cohort Collaboration

An HIV-infected 20-year-old appropriately treated with ART can expect to live to >69 years in high-income countries

Number of Antiviral Drugs Approved by FDA

1960s	3
1970s	1
1980s	5
1990s	30
2000s	24
Total	63





The AIDS Research Model Implications for Other Infectious Diseases of Global Health Importance

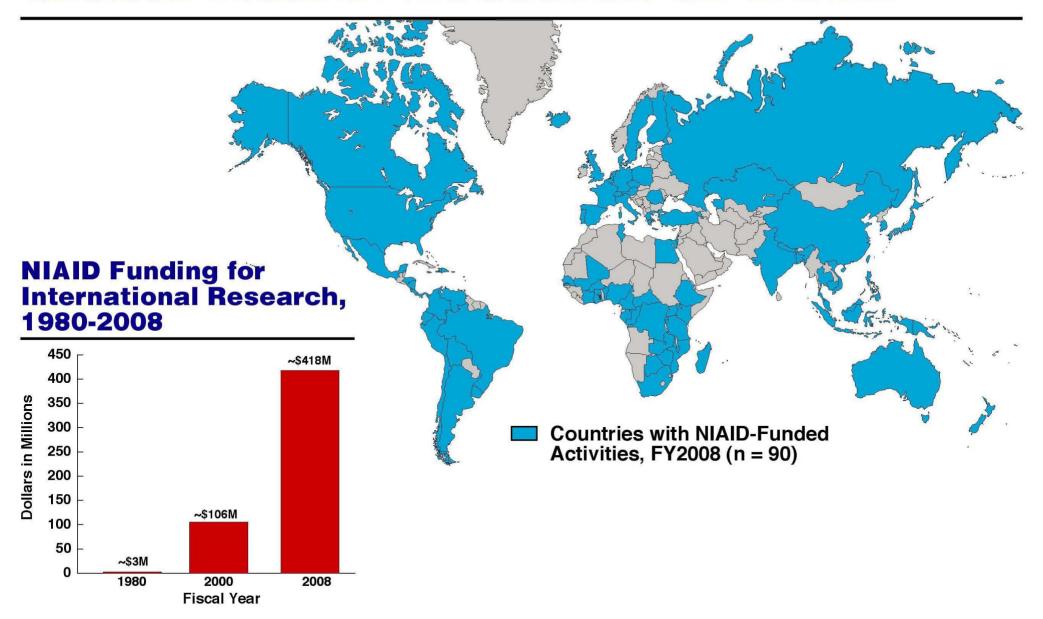
Gregory K. Folkers, MS, MPH and Anthony S. Fauci, MD

Selected Infectious Diseases of Global Public Health Importance

	Estimated Annual Deaths
Respiratory Infections	4.3 million
Diarrheal Diseases	2.2 million
HIV/AIDS	2.0 million
Tuberculosis	1.7 million
Malaria	881,000
Vaccine Preventable Childhood Diseases (measles, pertussis, tetanus, etc.)	847,000
"Neglected" Tropical Diseases (schistosomiasis, hookworm infection, leishmaniasis, trypanosomiasis, etc.)	530,000

Sources: WHO, 2008; NEJM 357:1018, 2007.

Global Health Research at NIAID



The Global Community is Faced with Numerous Health Challenges

Infectious Diseases
Heart Disease
Obesity
Mental Health
Accidents/Injuries

Total annual deaths
Total annual DALYs

Cancer
Diabetes
Aging
Child Health
Many Others

>57 million

>1.4 billion



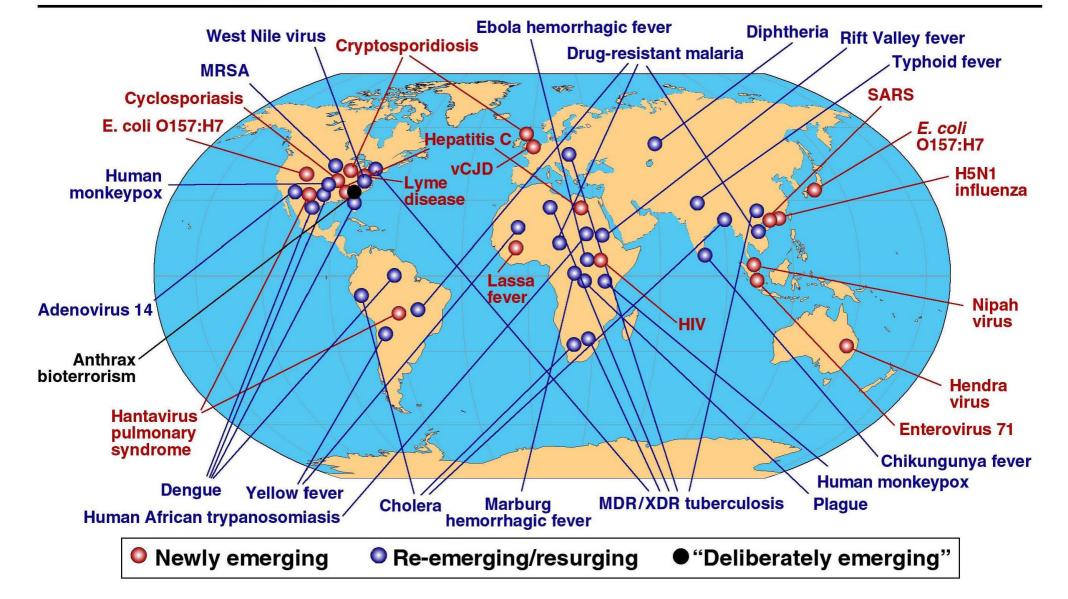
Emerging Infections: A Perpetual Challenge

DM Morens, GK Folkers & AS Fauci

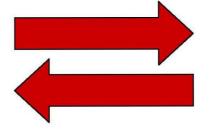


"For centuries a fundamental challenge to the existence and wellbeing of societies -- as reflected by scientific attention, as well as in art, religion, and culture -emerging infections remain among the principal challenges to human survival."

Global Examples of Emerging and Re-Emerging Infectious Diseases



Naturally Occurring Infectious Disease Threats

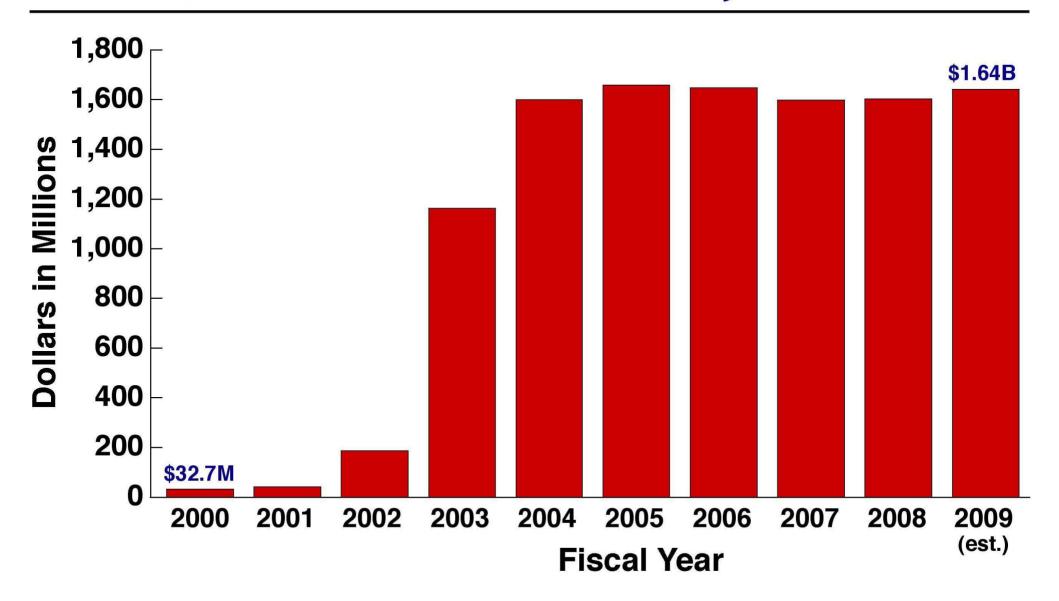


Bioterror Threats





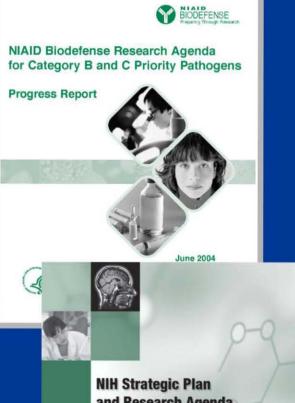
NIAID Funding for Biodefense and Emerging Infectious Diseases Research, 2000-2009

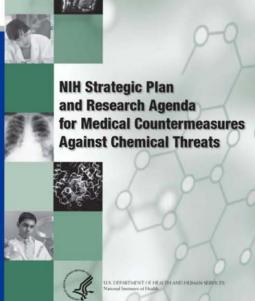


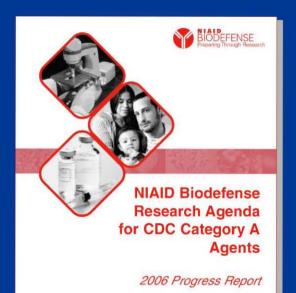


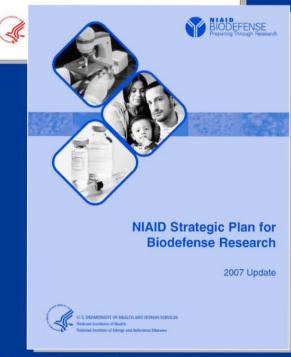
NIH Strategic Plan and Research Agenda for Medical Countermeasures Against Radiological and Nuclear Threats







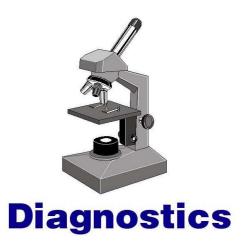




http://www.niaid.nih.gov/biodefense



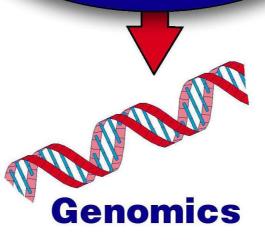




Biodefense and Emerging Infectious Diseases (EID) Research Priorities



Basic Research





Expansion of Research Capacity

NIAID Regional Centers of Excellence for **Biodefense and Emerging Infectious Diseases**









PI - Dr. Dennis Kasper

PI - Dr. Samuel Miller **University of Washington** Seattle, WA

PI - Dr. John Belisle **Colorado State University** Fort Collins, CO

PI - Dr. Olaf Schneewind **University of Chicago** Chicago, IL

Harvard Medical School Boston, MA

PI - Dr. W. lan Lipkin **Columbia University** New York, NY



PI - Dr. Jay A. Nelson Oregon Health & Science University Portland, Oregon



PI - Dr. David Walker **University of Texas Medical Branch** Galveston, TX





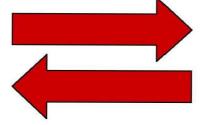
PI - Dr. Samuel Stanley **Washington University** St. Louis, MO



PI - Dr. Fred Sparling University of North Carolina Chapel Hill, NC

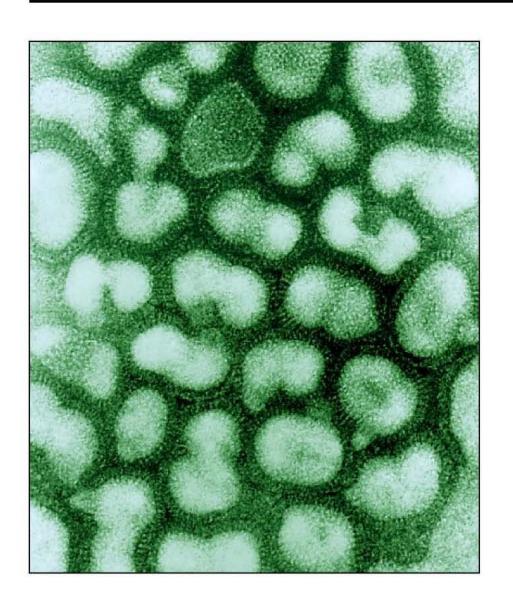
University of California Irvine, CA

Bioterror Threats



Naturally Occurring Infectious Disease Threats

Influenza

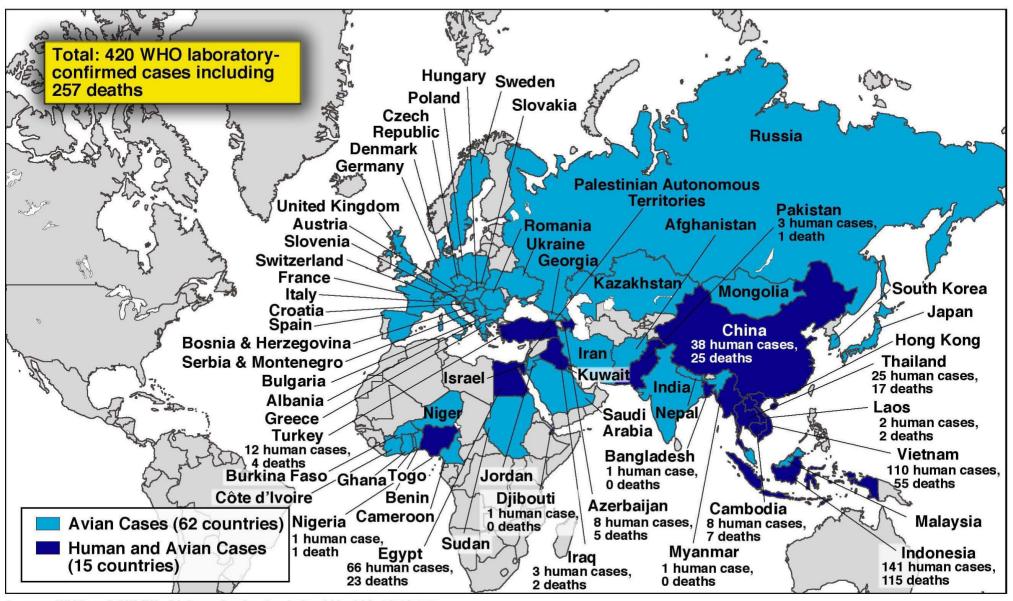


- Re-emerging disease (seasonal flu)
 - Newly emerging disease (potential pandemic flu)

The Burden of Seasonal Influenza

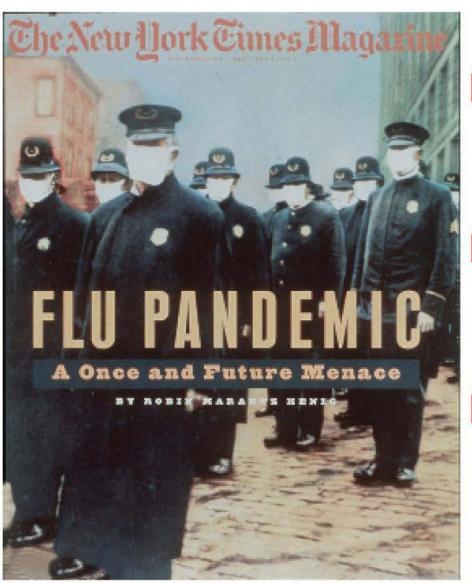
- 250,000 to 500,000 deaths globally/yr
- 36,000 deaths and >200,000 hospitalizations/yr in U.S.
- \$37.5 billion in economic costs/yr in U.S. related to influenza and pneumonia

H5N1 Influenza Cases, 2003-2009



Source: WHO and OIE (World Organization for Animal Health), 4/21/2009

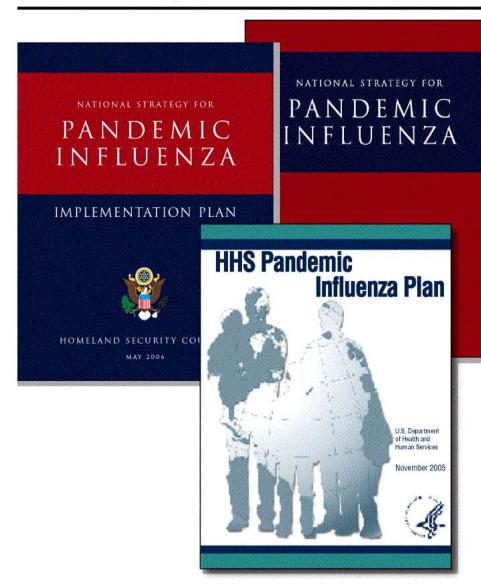
The Influenza Pandemic of 1918-1919



- 25-30% of world's population (~500 million people) fell ill
- >50 million deaths worldwide; ~60 percent in people ages 20-45
- >500,000 deaths in United States; 196,000 in October, 1918 alone

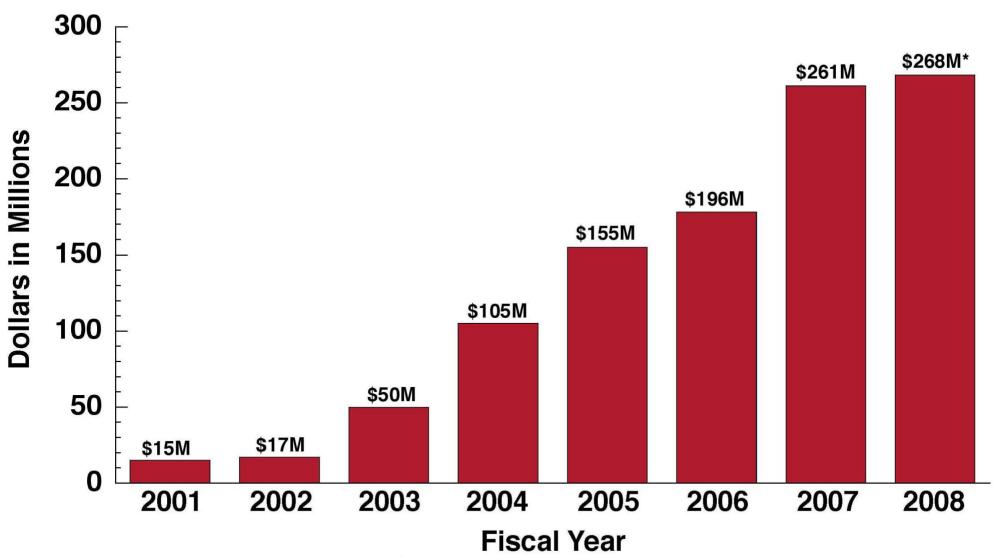
Source: WHO, 1/2005

Pandemic Influenza Preparedness Strategy and Implementation

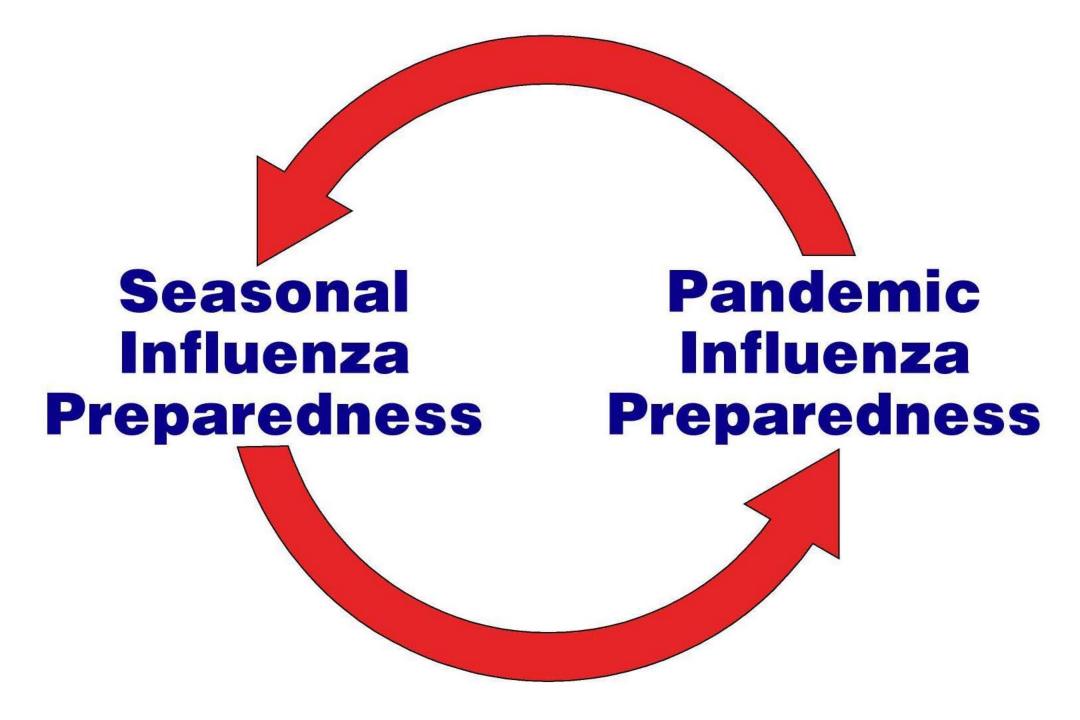


- International Surveillance
- Domestic Surveillance
- Vaccines
- Antivirals
- Communications
- State and Local Preparedness

NIAID Influenza Research Funding

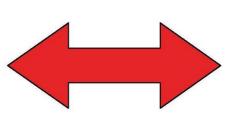


^{*}Estimate; figure using new RCDC methodology is \$186M.



NIAID Research: A Dual Mandate

Maintain and "grow" a robust basic and applied research portfolio in microbiology, infectious diseases, immunology and immune-mediated diseases

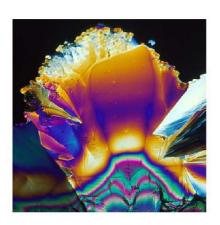


Respond rapidly to new and emerging disease threats

New/Improved Interventions









Transforming medicine and health through discovery



