WHAT IS E-VERIFY?

Federal Law requires that all employers the identity and employment eligibility c employees (including U.S. citizens) with of hire.

Employers are required to complete a F employees must provide employers with establishing both identity and eligibility United States.

The Department of Homeland Security the Social Security Administration (SSA) established an electronic system called assist employers further in verifying the eligibility of all newly-hired employees.

Through E-Verify, employers send inform the Form I-9 about you to SSA and DHS non-citizens) to ensure that you are aut to work in the Unites States and that yo Social Security number, and date of birl government records.

If your employer uses E-Verify, you as ar have certain rights and responsibilities.



www.dhs.gov/E-Verify

fast • free • simple • secure (888) 464-4218





YOUR RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES WHEN YOUR EMPLOYER CHECKS YOUR INFORMATION IN E-VERIFY

- After you have been hired, and within three days
 after starting your new job and completing Section
 1 of the Form I-9, you must show your employer
 valid documentation (as listed on the Form I-9) that
 establishes your identity and employment eligibility.
- It is your right to choose which documents to produce regardless of the fact that your employer participates in E-Verify, with one exception. If you present a List B document to an employer that participates in E-Verify, that document must include a photograph.

WHAT HAPPENS WHEN YOUR INFORMATION DOES NOT MATCH WITH SSA'S OR DHS' DATABASES?

- If your employer runs your information through
 E-Verify and receives a mismatch, which is known as
 a Tentative Nonconfirmation (TNC), your employer
 must promptly give you written notification of the
 TNC and ask you whether you want to contest the
 TNC.
- If you decide to challenge the TNC, your employer
 will give you a referral letter providing you with
 details on how to contact the SSA or DHS to resolve
 your case. You and your employer must both sign
 the TNC and the referral letter.

YOUR RIGHT TO WORK IF YOU TIMELY CONTEST A TENTATIVE NONCONFIRMATION (TNC)

- Employers may not take any adverse action against an employee because he/she contests a TNC. This includes firing, suspending, withholding pay or training, or otherwise infringing upon his/ her employment.
- The employee must be given eight federal government work days to contact the appropriate federal agency to contest the TNC.
- Employers may not take any adverse action against any employee based upon the TNC for the duration of the TNC (even if it extends beyond ten federal government work days) as long as the employee contacted the appropriate federal agency within eight federal government work days.

WHAT DO I DO IF I THINK I HAVE BEEN SUBJECTED TO DISCRIMINATION?

Employees who believe that they have been subjected to discrimination based upon their national origin or citizenship or immigration status with respect to hiring, firing, recruitment or referral for a fee, through an employer's use of E-Verify, or when completing the Form I-9 should call the Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, Office of Special Counsel for Immigration Related Unfair Employment Practices at 1-800-255-7688 (TDD: 1-800-237-2515) for assistance.

YOUR EMPLOYER'S ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES WHILE THEY ARE PARTICIPATING IN E-VERIFY

- Employers must post a notice informing employees of their use of E-Verify as well as antidiscrimination posters.
- E-Verify must be used for new hires only. It cannot be used to verify the employment eligibility of current employees.
- E-Verify must be used for all new hires regardless of national origin or citizenship status.
- E-Verify must be used only after hire and after completion of the Form I-9.
- Employers may not pre-screen applicants through E-Verify.

