What Menthol Smokers Report They Would Do If Menthol Cigarettes Were No Longer Sold

> FDA Tobacco Products Scientific Advisory Committee Meeting January 10-11, 2011

Anne M. Hartman, M.S., M.A.

Biostatistician, Risk Factors Monitoring and Methods Branch Applied Research Program Division of Cancer Control and Population Sciences

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Purpose

- Provide new nationally representative data on the intentions of menthol smokers if menthol cigarettes were no longer sold
 - First time question asked in large national survey
- Report most recent data on menthol smoking among current smokers

Data Source

- May 2010 Tobacco Use Supplement (TUS) to the Current Population Survey (CPS)
 - CPS is conducted by U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics; NCI sponsors TUS
 - Provides a large national probability address-based sample of 59,000 households each month
 - Initial TUS weighted data from 1st of 3 months
 - Present subpopulation data with reasonable sample sizes (no confidence intervals yet)

http://riskfactor.cancer.gov/studies/tus-cps/

"Do you usually smoke menthol or nonmenthol cigarettes?" TUS-CPS, May 2010

	% Smoke menthol cigarettes	% Smoke non-menthol cigarettes	% Smoke no usual type	% Don't Know / Refused
Overall (n = 10,441)	30.2	65.7	2.8	1.4
NH-White (n = 8,058)	23.0	73.4	2.4	1.3
NH-Black (n = 1,013)	75.8	20.1	2.5	1.6
Males (n = 5,156)	25.8	69.2	3.3	1.8
Females (n = 5,285)	35.4	61.6	2.1	0.9
18-24 yrs (n = 976)	41.8	52.9	4.1	1.1
25-34 yrs (n = 2,155)	32.7	63.7	2.4	1.3
35+ yrs (n =7,310)	26.7	69.2	2.6	1.5

"If menthol cigarettes were no longer sold, which of the following would you most likely do?" TUS-CPS, May 2010

	% Switch to non-menthol cigarettes	% Switch to some other tobacco product	% Quit smoking and not use any other product	% None of the above	% Don't Know / Refused
Overall (n= 2,887)	36.2	7.7	39.0	9.4	7.7
NH-White (n = 1,704)	42.2	7.9	34.2	7.4	8.3
NH-Black (n = 763)	25.7	7.6	46.8	12.2	7.8
Males (n = 1,170)	38.7	9.9	35.6	8.2	7.6
Females (n = 1,717)	34.1	5.9	41.8	10.4	7.8
18-44 yrs (n = 1,484)	36.5	8.1	40.6	8.3	6.5
45+ yrs (n = 1,403)	35.8	7.3	36.7	10.8	9.5

Summary

- TUS-CPS May 2010 menthol smoking data are consistent with other national survey data
 - 30% overall among smokers
 - 76% of Non-Hispanic Black smokers
 - 42% of 18-24 year old smokers
 - 35% of female smokers
- 39% of menthol smokers say they would quit all tobacco use if menthol cigarettes were no longer sold
 - 47% of Non-Hispanic Black (34% of Non-Hispanic White) menthol smokers
 - 41% of 18-44 year old (37% of 45+ year old) menthol smokers
 - 42% of female (36% of male) menthol smokers

Conclusions

- Behavioral intention is associated with actual behavior therefore, results suggest a potential substantial reduction in tobacco use if menthol cigarettes were no longer sold
 - Non-Hispanic Blacks disproportionately smoke menthol cigarettes and suffer from tobacco related cancers – may yield large effect on this population group
 - The earlier in life adults quit smoking, the greater the impact on public health

Additional Information on TUS-CPS

- NCI Supplement to CPS conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics
 - CPS uses panel design for efficiency of sampling
 - Detailed stats on demography, labor force, unemployment, and linkages to other data (e.g., insurance, food security, time use, internet use, National Longitudinal Mortality Study)
- TUS-CPS is a key source of national/state/sub-state level tobacco use related practices, attitudes, and policy
- TUS is a cross-sectional survey fielded every three years since 1992 (occasionally longitudinal cohort component)
 - 240,000 (180-190,000 self-respondents) civilian noninstitutionalized individuals aged 15+ (now 18+)
 - Interviews 65-70% by phone, 30-35% in-person

http://riskfactor.cancer.gov/studies/tus-cps/