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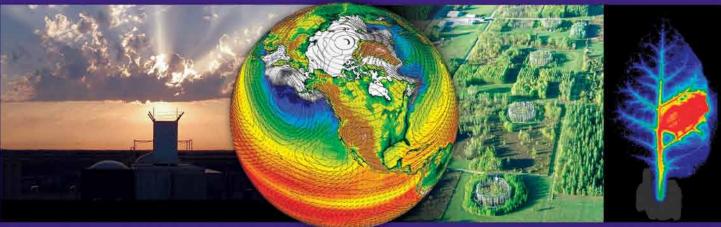
Image credits. Green leaf and DNA researcher images courtesy of DOE Joint Genome Institute. Plant cell wall image on cover courtesy of Advanced Cell Wall Characterization Team, National Renewable Energy Laboratory and DOE BioEnergy Science Center. Microbial community cover image copyright Dennis Kunkel Microscopy, Inc. (Color by E. Latypova). Atmospheric instruments image on cover and image of scanning cloud radar courtesy of U.S. Department of Energy's Atmospheric Radiation Measurement Climate Research Facility. Globe image on cover courtesy of Gary Strand, Nationa Center for Atmospheric Research. Aerial landscape image courtesy of David F. Karnosky, Michigan Technological University. Leaf autoradiograph image courtesy of Richard Ferrieri, Brookhaven National Laboratory. Subsurface sampling image on cover and climate science image courtesy of Oak Ridge National Laboratory. Molecules cover image and EMSL facility image courtesy of Pacific Northwest National Laboratory. Protein cover image courtesy of Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Sustainable biofuels image courtesy of U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Subsurface biogeochemistry image from Reardon, C. L., et al. 2010. "Role of Outer-Membrane Cytochromes MtrC and OmcA in the Biomineralization of Ferrihydrite by Shewanella oneidensis MR-1, Geobiology 8(1), 56-68.

# **Biological and Environmental Research**

## Understand Complex Biological and Environmental Systems by...

## **EXPLORING** the frontiers of genome-enabled biology

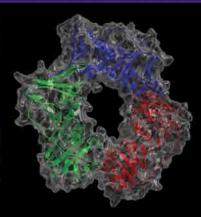




## **SEEKING** the biological, geochemical, and hydrological determinants of environmental sustainability and stewardship



**DISCOVERING** the physical, chemical, and biological drivers of climate change





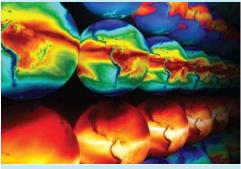
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# **DOE Mission-Inspired Science**

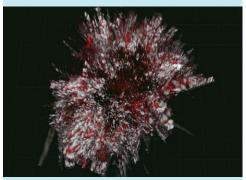
Addressing critical national needs



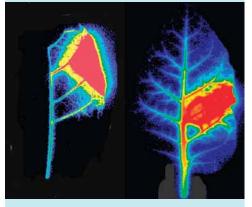
Insights from genomics are advancing the development of grasses and fastgrowing trees for biofuel production.



*Model simulations project future* climate.



*Microbes can transform minerals in the* subsurface environment.



Movement of plant compounds is tracked using radiochemistry tools developed for human medicine.

## Sustainable Biofuels

To support the development of biofuels as major sustainable national energy resources, the DOE Biological and Environmental Research (BER) program is using the power of genomics and systems biology to study microbes, fungi, and plants important to solving energy challenges.

## **Climate Science**

To inform decision making about energy use and climate change, BER is seeking to resolve the greatest uncertainties in climate science. Research activities include studying the effects of greenhouse gas emissions on Earth's climate and biosphere, improving the world's most powerful climate models, and working to understand carbon cycling in terrestrial ecosystems.

## Subsurface **Biogeochemistry**

To advance understanding and predictions of contaminant mobility in the subsurface, BER is developing predictive models that integrate hydrological, microbiological, and geochemical knowledge over a range of scales. These models also will aid assessments of potential approaches to carbon sequestration and waste isolation.

## **Biology-Physics** Interface

To develop technologies that are transferable to diverse applications, BER is exploring research at the interface of biological and physical sciences.

# **Biological and Environmental Research**

## **Mission**

Advance world-class biological and environmental research and provide scientific user facilities to support Department of Energy missions in scientific discovery and innovation, energy security, and environmental responsibility.

# Approach

- Understand complex biological and environmental systems across many spatial and temporal scales.
- Leverage diverse scientific insights by coupling theory, observations, experiments, models, and simulations.
- Support interdisciplinary research that engages scientists from national laboratories, academia, and industry.

## Divisions

## **Biological Systems** Science Division (BSSD)

BSSD aims to achieve a predictive understanding of complex biological systems with potential use in bioenergy, carbon cycling, and biogeochemistry.

## **DOE Bioenergy Research Centers**

Bringing together top scientists from multiple disciplines, DOE BER established three Bioenergy Research Centers in 2007 to deliver high-risk, high-return breakthroughs in cellulosic biofuel production. DOE's Oak Ridge National Laboratory leads the BioEnergy Science Center in Tennessee. The University of Wisconsin-Madison leads the Great Lakes Bioenergy Research Center. DOE's Lawrence Berkeley BSSD research activities include

- Using genomics and systems biology to understand plants and microbes.
- Supporting DOE Bioenergy Research Centers to provide transformational breakthroughs in cellulosic biofuels.
- Developing real-time, high-resolution technologies for analyzing dynamic biological processes.

## **Climate and Environmental Sciences Division (CESD)**

CESD aims to achieve a predictive understanding of climate change, ecosystem response to climate change, and contaminant fate and transport in the subsurface.

CESD research activities include

- Resolving the greatest uncertainties in climate change.
- Improving the world's most powerful climate models.
- Providing the science to inform environmental remediation strategies.

National Laboratory leads the Joint BioEn-

ergy Institute in California. Each center is

using genomics and advanced analytical

make grasses, wood, and other cellulosic

materials easier to break down into sugars,

(2) which enzymes degrade biomass most

microbial production of ethanol and other

efficiently, and (3) how to advance the

gasoline-replaceable fuels from sugars.

technologies to understand (1) how to

• Working to understand carbon cycling in terrestrial systems.

## **DOE Atmospheric Radiation Measurement (ARM) Climate Research Facility**

The ARM Climate Research Facility provides highly instrumented ground stations at various locations, mobile resources, and aerial vehicles to continuously measure cloud and aerosol properties. ARM Facility measurements have set the standard for long-term climate research observations and provide an unparalleled resource for examining atmospheric processes and evaluating climate model performance.

# **User Facilities**

## **DOE Joint Genome Institute (JGI)**

Sequencing more than one trillion DNA base pairs per year, JGI in Walnut Creek, California, provides state-of-the-science capabilities for genome sequencing and analysis. With more than 1800 worldwide collaborators on active projects, JGI is the preeminent facility for sequencing plants, microbes, and microbial communities that are foundational to energy and environmental research.

By integrating experimentation with supercomputing, EMSL in Richland, Washington, enables the study of environmental challenges at the molecular level. EMSL has helped thousands of researchers use a multidisciplinary, collaborative approach to solve important challenges in biological interactions and dynamics, subsurface science, and interactions at the interfaces of natural and engineered materials.

## Empowering an international community of scientists with the most advanced technologies



As one of the largest dedicated DNA sequencing facilities in the world, JGI *expertise and technologies enable analysis* of complex genomes.

## DOE Environmental Molecular Sciences Laboratory (EMSL)



*The electron spectrometer at EMSL is* used to study the chemical properties of materials at nanoscale resolution.



Observations from the ARM Facility's scanning cloud radars reduce uncertainties in cloud parameterizations used in climate models.