Priority Issues Identified by the SACGHS *Ex Officios*



NIH Office of Science Policy

Survey Process

- In Spring 2003, SACGHS Ex Officios were asked to identify priority issues
- Ex Officios were provided a list of possible issues organized in seven arenas
- Use of this background material was optional and identification of other issues was encouraged

Seven SACGHS Functions

- 1. Assessing the integration of genetic technologies into health care and public health
- 2. Studying the clinical, ethical, legal and societal implications of new medical applications and emerging technological approaches to clinical testing
- 3. Identifying opportunities and gaps in research and data collection efforts
- 4. Exploring the use of genetics in bioterrorism

Seven SACGHS Functions (cont)

- 5. Analyzing uses of genetic information in education, employment, insurance, including health, disability, long-term care, and life, and law, including family, immigration, and forensics
- 6. Serving as a public forum for the discussion of emerging scientific, ethical, legal and social issues raised by genetic technologies
- 7. Examining the impact of patent policy and licensing practices on access to genetic technologies

List of Other Considerations

- Will the Committee's policy advice on the issue significantly benefit society?
- Will failure to address the issue prolong any negative impact that it is having on society?
- Is Federal guidance or regulation warranted?
- Is there a Governmental interest in receiving policy advice from the Committee in that area?
- Is the Government poised to act upon policy advice from the Committee in that area?

List of Other Considerations (cont)

- Is there media attention to or public concern about the issue?
- Is there a need for public discussion and understanding of the issue?
- Do sufficient data exist about the issue for the Committee to develop informed policy advice?
- Is another body addressing the issue?
- Is another body better equipped to address the issue?
- Does the Committee possess the expertise necessary and is otherwise equipped to advance the issue?

Survey Responses

- Commerce
- Defense
- Energy
- •HHS/ACF
- •HHS/AHRQ
- •HHS/CDC
- •HHS/CMS
- •HHS/FDA

- •HHS/HRSA
- •HHS/NIH
- •HHS/OCR
- •HHS/OHRP
- Justice
- Labor
- •EEQC

Number of Specific Issues Identified Within Seven Functional Categories

- Integration into health care and public health -- 23
- Social use and misuse -- 19
- Research and data collection -- 17
- Emerging issues -- 11
- ELSI issues raised by new health applications and emerging technologies -- 5
- Use of genetics in bioterrorism -- 4
- Impact of patents and licensing practices -- 3

Top Ten Specific Issues Identified

- 1. Use and misuse of genetic information in insurance, employment, education and law (8)
- 2. Ethical, legal, and social implications associated with the use of genetic technologies to screen or select for "desirable" or "undesirable" traits (6)
- 3. Standards for assessing when genetic technologies are ready to be used in clinical practice (5)
- 4. Ethical, legal, social implications associated with new health related applications of genetic technologies (5)
- 5. Guidance for gene banking for research and forensic use (5)

Top Ten Specific Issues Identified (cont)

- 6. Use of genetic technologies for bioterrorism (5)
- 7. Impact of patenting and licensing practices on the availability, accessibility, and affordability of genetic technologies (5)
- 8. Genetic literacy of the public about the scientific, ethical, legal, social issues raised by genetic technologies (5)
- 9. Need for additional measures to strengthen current oversight of genetic tests (4)
- 10. Impact of the Privacy Rule on genetic data collection (4)